# Augmentation Impact on Configuration

YANGsters Discussion (2021-11-30)

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#### Introduction

- Augmentation is an excellent way to add capabilities to a YANG module.
- For example ieee802-dot1q-bridge.yang augments the IETF's interface capability.
- However there is a potential issue that is driving this discussion in YANGsters
- The work on ieee802-dot1q-sched.yang has introduced an augment that adds constraints that causes configuration errors even when you don't want to use the scheduled-traffic feature.

## A small example to demonstrate the issue

- Two yang modules
- main.yang has a list that has two leafs
- aug1.yang augments main-list with a container that includes a list that has a must constraint

### YANG files

```
container main-container {
   description "main container";
   list main-list {
      key "leaf1";
      leaf leaf1 {
         type string;
      leaf leaf2 {
         type string;
```

```
augment "/m:main-container/m:main-list" {
   container admin-control-list {
      list gate-control-entry {
         key "index";
         leaf index {
            type uint32;
         leaf gce-leaf1 {
            type string;
      leaf augleaf1 {
         type string;
      must "(count(./gate-control-entry) > 0)" {
         error-message "admin-control-list empty.";
```

This will be troublesome....

Because, if you include the augment in a solution, then any instances of main-list will have to have an admin-controllist whether they want it or not.

## Example Instances...

running with just main.yang

running with both main.yang and aug1.yang

```
> load main
 data -t config -f json main.xml
  "main:main-container": {
    "main-list": [
        "leaf1": "foo",
        "leaf2": "foo"
        "leaf1": "bar",
        "leaf2": "bar"
```

```
> data -t config -f json main-on.xml
libyang[0]: admin-control-list empty. (path: Schema location /main:main-containe
r/main-list/aug1:admin-control-list, data location /main:main-container/main-lis
t[leaf1='foo']/aug1:admin-control-list.)
YANGLINT[E]: Failed to parse input data file "main-on.xml".
> quit
```

#### Potential Solution

 Create a leaf that will toggle when you want to support the functionality needed by the container, then use a when statement in the container.

```
augment "/m:main-container/m:main-list" {
   leaf tsn-type {
      type string;
      default "tsn-off";
   container admin-control-list
      when "../al:tsn-type = 'tsn-on'";
      list gate-control-entry {
         key "index";
         leaf index {
            type uint32;
         leaf gce-leaf1 {
            type string;
      leaf augleaf1 {
         type string;
      must "(count(./qate-control-entry) > 0)" {
         error-message "admin-control-list empty.";
```

## Example Results

 There is one list that doesn't have the admin-control-list and one that does...

```
load main
load aug1
data -t config -f json main-on-w.xml
"main:main-container": {
  "main-list": [
      "leaf1": "foo",
      "leaf2": "foo"
      "leaf1": "bar",
      "leaf2": "bar",
      "aug1:tsn-type": "tsn-on",
      "aug1:admin-control-list": {
        "gate-control-entry": [
            "index": 42,
            "gce-leaf1": "Pizza"
```

#### Discussion

- This example was created because if you have a configuration that doesn't use scheduled-traffic and then you include the yang files for scheduled-traffic your configuration will break.
  - The "feature" statement doesn't help because there are times when you only need some of your bridge-ports to support the feature. When the feature is on, all the YANG in the feature appears in the tree.

- Where else are there must statements that could cause this type of problem with configuration?
- Are there other solutions that work?