60802 Time Sync – RR & NRR Drift Tracking and Compensation – Implications

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Version 2

References

- 1 David McCall "60802 Time Sync Normative Requirements & Testing", 60802 contribution, 28 April 2023
- 2 David McCall "60802 Time Sync Monte Carlo and Time Series Simulation Configuration Including NRR and RR Drift Tracking & Error Compensation", 60802 contribution, 19 May 2023

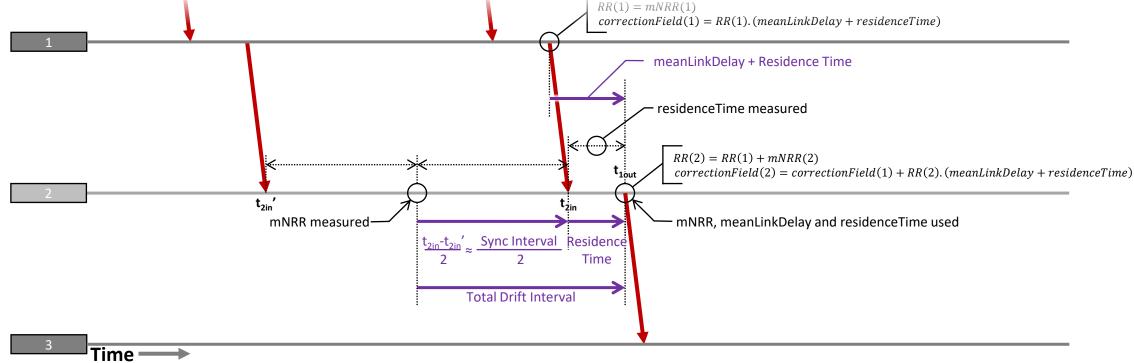
Contents

- "Old" error model vs. "New" error model.
 - Implications for NRR, RR, Drift Rate and Correction Field calculations
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"Old" Error Model vs. "New" Error Model

Clock Drift Error – Relevant Intervals 4 Hops – 2nd Hop – NRR from Sync



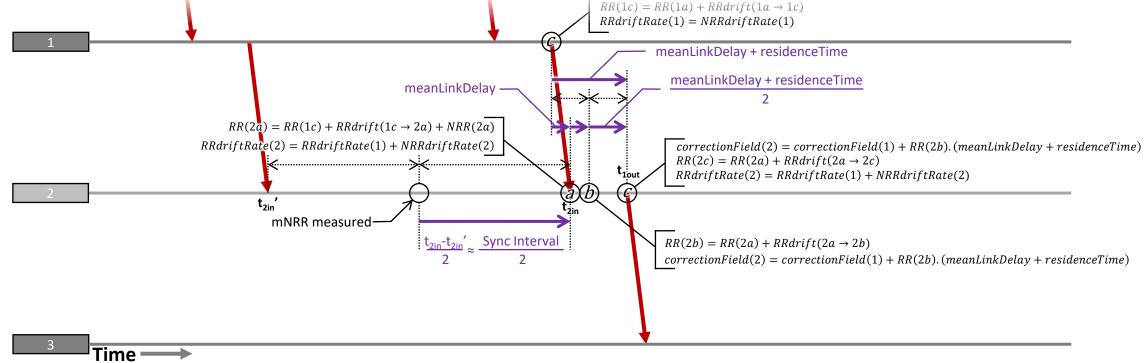


- Same errors in mNRR as 1st Hop.
 - Error due to drift during NRR measurement. (Node 2 to Node 1)
 - Error due to drift between measuring and using NRR. (Node 2 to Node 1)
 - Error due to drift during Residence Time measurement. (Node 2 to GM)
- Additional error from drift between RR(1) calculation, at Node 1, and use in calculating RR(2). (Node 1 to GM)
 - In the model the contribution from meanLinkDelay is ignored; only Residence Time is used.



Clock Drift Error – Relevant Intervals 4 Hops – 2nd Hop – NRR from Sync





- 1. Error due to drift during NRR measurement. (Node 2 to Node 1)
- 2. Error due to drift between measuring and using NRR. (Node 2 to Node 1)
- 3. Error due to drift during Residence Time measurement. (Node 2 to GM)
- 4. Error due to drift between RR(1) calculation, at Node 1, and use in calculating RR(2). (Node 1 to GM)
 - In the model the contribution from meanLinkDelay is ignored; only Residence Time is used.



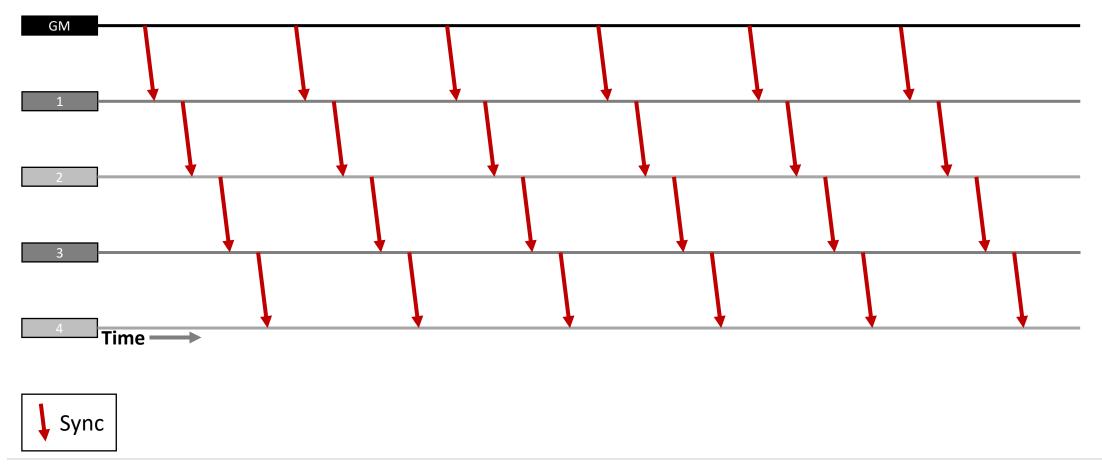
Implications

- Calculate RR and RRdriftRate on arrival of Sync message
 - Account for incoming RRdrift during meanLinkDelay
- Calculate correctionField based on RR half way between Sync TX at previous node and Sync TX at current node
 - Account for RRdrift from Sync RX
- Calculate RR for Sync TX accounting for RRdrift from Sync RX
- Update description of potential implementation to match
 - Old version [1]
 - New version: David McCall, "60802 Time Sync Monte Carlo and Time Series Simulation Configuration Including NRR and RR Drift Tracking & Error Compensation", 60802 contribution, 27 June 2023

Potential for Decreased Sync Interval

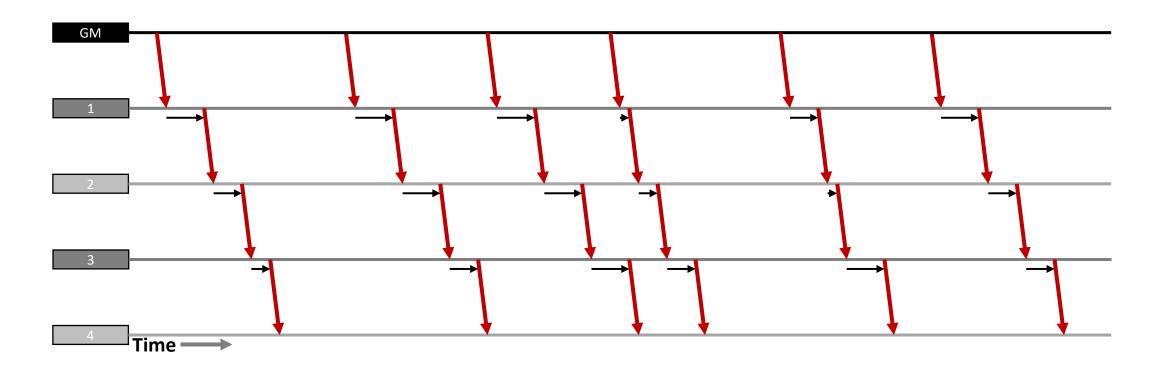
Sync Message Intervals – Idealised*

Consistent Sync Interval at GM; same Residence Time, every time (but...*Not to Scale)



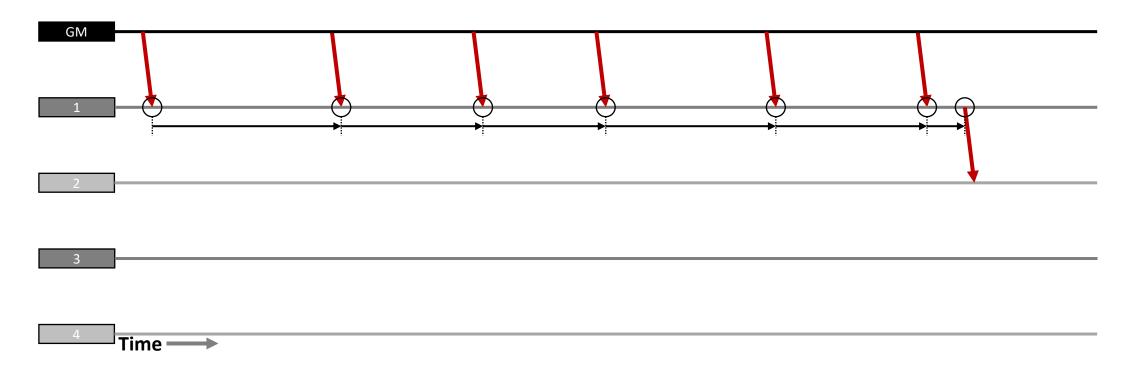
Sync Message Intervals – "Realistic"*

Variable Sync Interval at GM; variable Residence Times (but still...*Not to Scale)





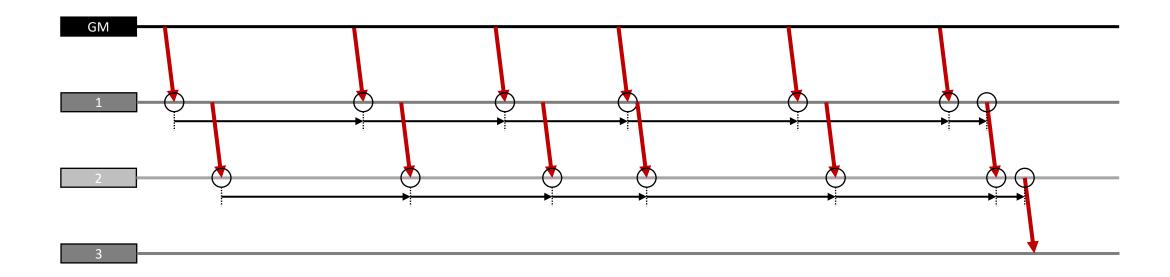
We'll come back to the face that some of the intervals between Sync messages are getting rather small.



Sync

Drift error calculations at Hop 1 are based on

- The Sync Intervals at Hop 1; most recent Residence Time.
- NRR Drift: Node 1 to GM. (Same as RR Drift: Node 1 to GM.)

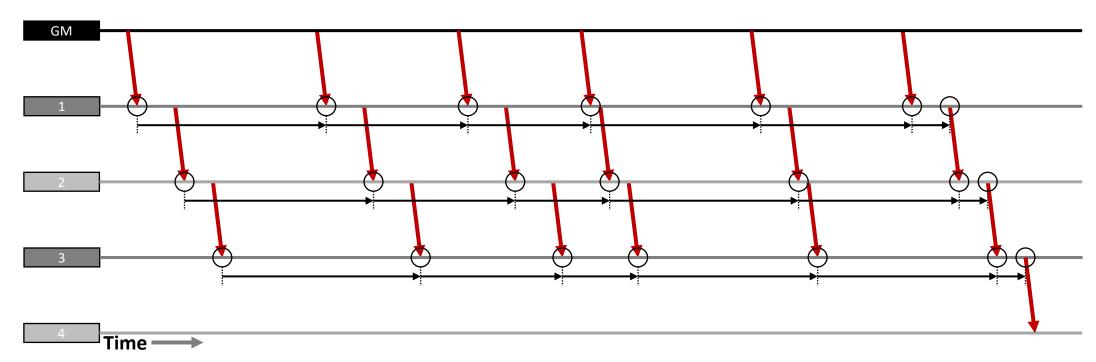




Drift error calculations at Hop 2 are based on



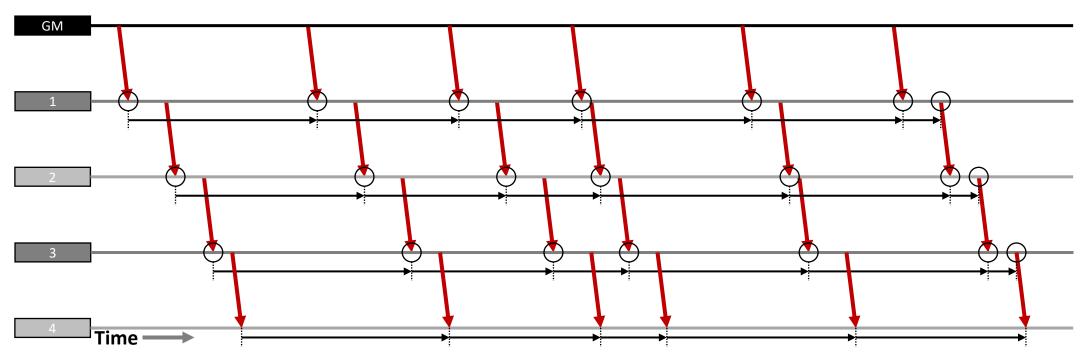
- The Sync Intervals at Hop 2 (not the same as Hop 1; add relevant Residence times); most recent Residence Time.
- NRR Drift: Node 2 to 1.
- RR Drift: Node 2 to GM. (Plus a bit of Node 1 to GM.)



Drift error calculations at Hop 3 are based on

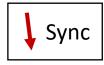
- The Sync Intervals at Hop 3 (not the same as Hop 2; add relevant Residence times); most recent Residence Time.
- NRR Drift: Node 3 to 2.
- RR Drift: Node 3 to GM. (Plus a bit of Node 2 to GM.)





Drift error calculations at Hop 4 are based on

- The Sync Intervals at Hop 4 (not the same as Hop 3; add relevant Residence times).
- NRR Drift: Node 4 to 3.
- RR Drift: Node 4 to GM. (Plus a bit of Node 2 to GM.)



Side Note...

- Note that RRdrift is part of every node calculation, so GM drift and consequent error is a part of every node calculation.
- This is another way of thinking about why GM drift is so pernicious.
 - pernicious
 having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way.

Simulations

- Sync Intervals can decrease and then become negative.
- Which also means that Sync Intervals can be zero...at least in the Monte Carlo simulation!
 - This breaks things.
- Time Series may not suffer from this problem.

• Thanks to Geoff Garner for working through some of the implications on this and following slides.

Real World

- Sync Intervals should never decrease beyond a certain point, especially with 2-step.
- State Machine will reset if a new Sync message is received before previous Sync message is fully processed.
- Even if implementation is bad and the state machine doesn't reset, timestamps will mean the next node won't be affected.
- But...

Real World – Small Sync Intervals

- Small Sync Intervals mean increased Timestamp Error
- Better to have a minimum time between Sync messages
- Should this be a normative requirement?

Simulations – Minimum Sync Interval

 Monte Carlo is currently configured to have a minimum of 1ms between Sync messages.

Thank you!