

IEEE P802.11

Wireless LANs

Data Rate Requirement

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Attached is a presentation suggesting the need for the 802.11 standard to support data rates as low as 100 Kbps.

Should the 802.11 standard support 100 Kbps?

- Relation to T1P1 data rates
- Size, cost, and near term market penetration
- Applications requirements
- Traditional 802 rates
- Future markets
- Disadvantages of 100 Kbps

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Relation to T1P1 data rates

- At present data requirements for T1P1 are in the formative stage
- At best they will go up to 64 Kbps
- They will more likely to be in the 10 Kbps range for some time to come

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Data Rate Requirement

Size, cost, and market penetration

- One of 802.11's objectives is to fit in credit size packaging (PCMCIA standard)
- One part of 802.11's cost objectives is to meet very low cost targets
- A significant near term section of the market will be interested in the low cost and/or small size implementation
- If 802.11 does not support this market
 - Another standard will be needed
 - Or, many proprietary implementations will emerge

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Office applications that can be supported by 100 Kbps

- File access/sharing
- File transfer
- ○ Terminal emulation
- ○ Data entry
- ○ Transaction processing
- ○ Database access
- ○ Printer/facsimile sharing
- ○ Electronic mail
- Collaborative computing
- Image manipulation
- ○ Environmental control
- CAD/CAM
- Distributed computation
- Real time voice
- Real time video

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Traditional 802.11 rates

- 1-20 Mbps was historically chosen for wired networks
- Wireless environment has limited bandwidth
- Need smaller data rates to support more simultaneous users in limited bandwidth

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Future markets

- The number of "little" computers of different sizes will increase dramatically
 - Hundreds per room!
- "Specialized elements of hardware and software, connected by wires, radio waves and infrared, will be so ubiquitous that no one will notice their presence." Mark Weiser, Xerox PARC
- These little computers
 - Don't need more than 100 Kbps to perform their functions
 - Can't support more than 100 Kbps because size, power drain, and cost

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Disadvantages of 100 Kbps

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