

Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group < http://ieee802.org/16 >	
Title	MR_Code-REP header	
Date	2007-04-25	
Submitted		
Source(s)	Kanchei (Ken) Loa, Yi-Hsueh Tsai, Chih-Chiang Hsieh, Yung-Ting Lee, Hua-Chiang Yin, Shiann-Tsong Sheu, Frank C.D. Tsai, Youn-Tai Lee, Heng-Iang Hsu Institute for Information Industry 8F., No. 218, Sec. 2, Dunhua S. Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan	Voice: +886-2-2739-9616 loa@iii.org.tw
[add other co-author here]		
Re:	IEEE 802.16j-07/013: "Call for Technical Comments Regarding IEEE Project 802.16j"	
Abstract	This contribution proposes a RNG-REP header	
Purpose	Text proposal for 802.16j Baseline Document	
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.	
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html >, including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair < mailto:chair@wirelessman.org > as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site < http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices >.	

MR_Code-REP header

Introduction

In IEEE 802.16j-026r3 section 6.3.6.8. “Upon receiving an RS CMDA ranging code, the MR-BS shall respond by allocating uplink bandwidth to each RS along the relay path from the RS specified by the code for the purpose of forwarding an MR_Code-REP message containing information about the CDMA ranging code received from the SS. The MR-BS shall use the CMDA ranging code and transmit region information in the MR_Code-REP to create a CDMA_allocation_IE that allocates bandwidth on which the SS can forward a BW request header to the MR-BS.”

MS CDMA BR ranging is expected to be used frequently in MR system. However, it takes 17 bytes (= 6-byte GMH + 7-byte MR_Code-REP message + 4-byte CRC) in the relay path to send one MR Code-REP message. We propose 6-byte MR_Code-REP header to replace the 17-byte MR_Code-REP message, and utilizing the same ranging code for forwarding the BW request header and the MR_Code-REP header since the size of both headers is the same (6 bytes).

The benefits of proposed MR_Code-REP header are as follows,

1. to conserve the bandwidth in the relay path,
2. to reduce the number of dedicated BR ranging codes from four to three.

The MR_Code-REP header (see Table 1) provides ranging attributes for MR-BS to generate CDMA Allocation IE (see Table 2).

Table 1 Description of fields in RNG-REP header

Name	Length	Description
HT	1 bit	= 1
EC	1 bit	= 1
Type	1 bit	= 1
Extended Type	3 bits	= 3
Frame Number Index	4 bits	LSBs of relevant frame number
Ranging Code	8 bits	Indicates the CDMA Code sent by the RS/MS.
Ranging Symbol	7 bits	Indicates the OFDMA symbol used by the RS/MS.
Ranging subchannel	7 bits	Identifies the Ranging subchannel used by the RS/MS.
RS CID	8 bits	Reduced basic CID of RS
HCS	8 bits	Header Check Sequence (same usage as HCS entry in Table 5).

Table 2 CDMA_Allocation_IE()

Syntax	Size	Note
CDMA_Allocation_IE () {		
Duration	6 bits	
UIUC	4 bits	UIUC for transmission
Repetition Coding Indication	2 bits	0b00: No repetition coding 0b01: Repetition coding of 2 used 0b10: Repetition coding of 4 used 0b11: Repetition coding of 6 used

Frame Number Index	4 bits	LSBs of relevant frame number
Ranging Code	8 bits	
Ranging Symbol	8 bits	
Ranging subchannel	7 bits	
BW request mandatory	1 bits	1: Yes; 0: No
}		

In order to facilitate the incorporation of this proposal into IEEE 802.16j standard, specific changes to the baseline working document IEEE 802.16j-06/026r3 are listed below.

Text Proposal

6.3.2.1.2.2.2 Extended MAC Signaling Header Type II

[Change the following table in page 6 as indicated]

Table X-1 Extended Type field encodings for Extended MAC signaling header type II

Extended Type field	MAC header Type	Reference figure	Reference table
0	RS BR header	XX	XX
1	RS UL_DCH Request Header		
<u>2</u>	<u>MR_Code-REP Header</u>	<u>Figure xxx</u>	<u>Table xxx</u>
<u>32-7</u>	Reserved		

[Insert the following subclause 6.3.2.1.2.2.2.3:]

6.3.2.1.2.2.2.3 MR_Code-REP Header

MR_Code-REP header is used by RS to notify the MR-BS that it has successfully received CDMA ranging codes. The MR_Code-REP header is illustrated in Figure xxx and Table xxx.

Figure xxx MR_Code-REP Header Format

HT = 1 (1)	EC = 1 (1)	Type = 1 (1)	Extended Type = 2 (3)	Frame Number Index (4)	Ranging Code MSB (6)
Ranging Code LSB (2)	Ranging Subchannel (7)			Ranging Symbol (7)	
RS CID (8)			HCS (8)		

Table xxx Description of fields in MR_Code-REP header

Name	Length	Description
Frame Number Index	4 bits	LSBs of relevant frame number
Ranging Code	8 bits	Indicates the CDMA Code sent by the RS/MS.
Ranging Symbol	7 bits	Indicates the OFDMA symbol used by the RS/MS.
Ranging subchannel	7 bits	Identifies the Ranging subchannel used by the RS/MS.
RS CID	8 bits	Reduced basic CID of RS
HCS	8 bits	Header Check Sequence (same usage as HCS entry in Table 5).

[Delete the following subclaus 6.3.2.3.64 in page24 as indicated]

6.3.2.3.64 MR_Code REP message

6.3.6.8 Bandwidth request and allocation mechanisms for MR

[Change the following text in page 52as indicated]

Upon receiving an RS CMDA ranging code, the MR-BS shall respond by allocating uplink bandwidth to each RS along the relay path from the RS specified by the code for the purpose of forwarding an MR_Code- REP message header containing information about the CDMA ranging code received from the SS. The MR-BS shall use the CMDA ranging code and transmit region information in the MR_Code-REP header to create a CDMA_allocation_IE that allocates bandwidth on which the SS can forward a BW request header to the MR-BS. Please see the figure <XXX>.

6.3.10.3.5 Ranging in relay networks with centralized bandwidth allocation

[Change the following text in page 78 as indicated:]

2) Indicate that the RS needs a BW allocation on the relay uplinks along the path to the MR-BS on which to transmit a BW request message.

42) Indicate that the RS needs BW allocations on the relay uplinks along the path to the MR-BS on which to forward a ~~BW request~~ 6-byte header.

[Delete the following subclaus 11.X in page 122 as indicated]

~~11.X MR Code Report management message encodings~~