

# Decision method of relayed MS in MMR-enabled networking

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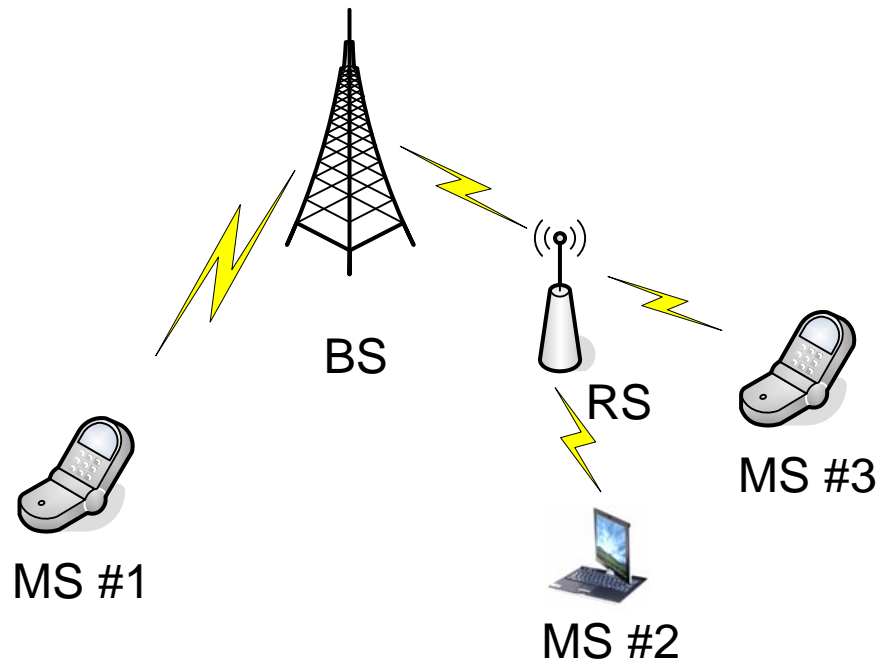
# Decision method of relayed MS in MMR-enabled networking

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# Current discussed RS

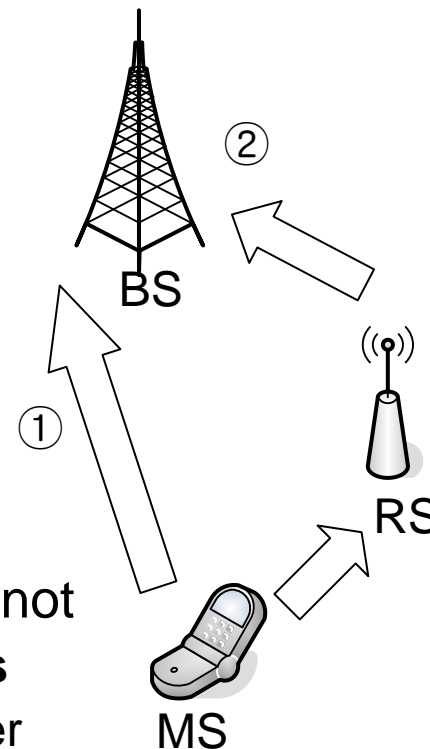
- ❑ There is no indication to determine relayed MS
  - Which MS communicates directly with BS or indirectly with BS via RS



# Proposed scheme

## ❑ To determine relayed MS

- All relaying transmissions are indicated by the BS
- The conditions of determination relayed MS
  - ▶ For enhanced throughput
  - ▶ and extended cell coverage by using RS
  - ▶ When UL signal quality of the MS is changed
- BS uses UL signal qualities of the MS
  - ▶ Directly: Between BS and MS
  - ▶ Indirectly: Between BS and MS via RS
    - RS detects UL signal quality of the MS
    - and after reports it to the BS
- Determines whether the MS will be relayed or not
  - ▶ BS compares UL signal qualities of two paths
    - Selected value of the two path values is better than the other and a certain value



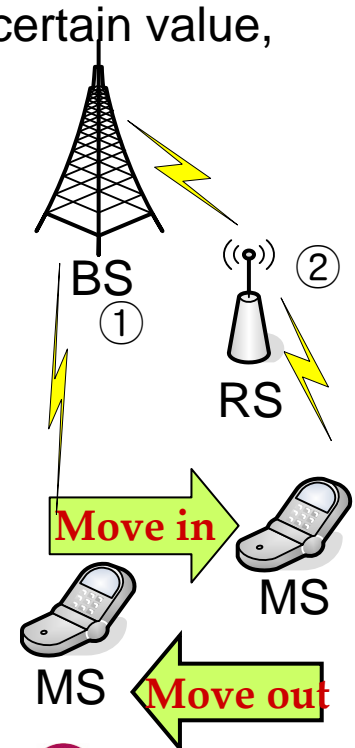
# Reporting method

- ❑ The reporting method of MS UL signal quality
  - Consider backward compatibility with 802.16 TGe PMP mode
    - ▶ **CQICH (Channel Quality Information Channel)**
    - ▶ **MAC management message**

# For example(1/2)

## □ When BS tries to connect relaying transmission

- MS is located in BS coverage
- MS communicates directly with the BS,
  - ▶ **BS receives UL signal quality of MS, directly**
  - ▶ **When the MS moves in RS service region,**
    - The values go from bad to worse and worse than a certain value, gradually.
  - ▶ **When BS wants to change modulation to provide higher throughput to the MS,**
- BS receives UL signal quality of the MS via RS
  - ▶ **RS detects UL signal quality of the MS and reports it to the BS**
  - ▶ **BS compares UL signal qualities of two paths**
    - If indirect path UL signal quality is better than direct path UL signal quality of MS, BS tries to connect relaying transmission to the MS
- MS communicates with BS via RS, indirectly.



# For example(2/2)

## ❑ When BS tries to disconnect relaying transmission

- MS is located out of BS coverage
- MS communicates indirectly with BS via RS
  - ▶ **BS receives UL signal quality of MS, indirectly**
  - ▶ **When the MS moves out RS service region,**
    - The values go from bad to worse, gradually and worse than a certain value
  - ▶ **When BS wants to disconnect relaying transmission to the MS**
- BS requests UL signal quality to the MS, directly
  - ▶ **BS compares UL signal qualities of two paths**
    - If direct path UL signal quality is better than indirect path UL signal quality of the MS and a certain value,
  - ▶ **BS tries to disconnect relaying transmission to the MS**
- MS communicates with BS, directly.

# Summary

## ❑ To determine relayed MS

- The conditions of determination relayed MS
  - ▶ **For enhanced throughput**
  - ▶ **and cell coverage by using RS**
  - ▶ **When UL signal quality of MS is changed**
- BS uses UL signal qualities of MS
  - ▶ **Directly**
  - ▶ **Indirectly**
- BS compares UL signal quality of two paths
- BS decides whether the MS will be relayed or not
- The reporting method for UL signal quality of MS
  - ▶ **CQICH**
  - ▶ **MAC management message**