Project	IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group http://ieee802.org/16 >		
Title	802.16a Errata – Pilot sequences in OFDM		
Date Submitted			
Source(s)	Tal Kaitz Voice: +972-54 225648 mailto: tal.kaitz@alvarion.com		
Re:			
Abstract	The description of pilot modulation in STC mode is not clear. A clarification is proposed		
Purpose			
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist IEEE 802.16. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.		
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.		
Patent Policy and Procedures	The contributor is familiar with the IEEE 802.16 Patent Policy and Procedures http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/policy.html , including the statement "IEEE standards may include the known use of patent(s), including patent applications, provided the IEEE receives assurance from the patent holder or applicant with respect to patents essential for compliance with both mandatory and optional portions of the standard." Early disclosure to the Working Group of patent information that might be relevant to the standard is essential to reduce the possibility for delays in the development process and increase the likelihood that the draft publication will be approved for publication. Please notify the Chair mailto:chair@wirelessman.org as early as possible, in written or electronic form, if patented technology (or technology under patent application) might be incorporated into a draft standard being developed within the IEEE 802.16 Working Group. The Chair will disclose this notification via the IEEE 802.16 web site http://ieee802.org/16/ipr/patents/notices >.		

Pilot Modulation in STC

Tal Kaitz, Alvarion

1. Problem statement and proposed solution.

The description of pilot modulation in OFDM-STC mode (section 8.4.6.2) is ambiguous . The text reads:

"STC is applied independently on each carrier with respect to pilot modulation".

The text implies that pilot symbols are treated the same way as data symbols. However the pilot symbol are modulated in *time* by the sequence w_k , given in 8.4.3.4.2. It is not clear how to apply the w_k sequence on the STC pilots. Should the pilots have the same index 'k' for the two OFDM symbols of the STC block? Should they the same index on the two antennas?

2. Proposed solution

The simplest approach is to 'freeze' the index k for the STC block. Thus if $p=w_k$ is the pilot symbol used for the block then the transmitted pilot sub-carriers are:

	Antenna 0	Antenna 1
1st OFDM symbol	p	p
2 nd OFDM symbol	-p*	p*

3. Proposed text

Add in 8.4.6.2 line 58:

"On a given subcarrier, the same pilot symbol is used for the STC block. If p is the pilot symbol then the pilot modulation is given in table xxx. Note that the pilot symbols are real values so $p^*=p$. The index sequence modulating the pilot symbols in time, w_k , (see 8.4.3.4.2) is advanced every 2^{nd} OFDM symbol"

Table XXX

	Antenna 0	Antenna 1
1 st OFDM symbol	р	р
2 nd OFDM symbol	-p*	p*

Add in 8.4.3.4.2 pg 150 line 9:

2003-03-10 IEEE C802.16d-03/25

"When STC is employed (see 8.4.6.2) the index k in w_k is advanced after every STC block, namely after every two consecutive symbols."