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Re:	IEEE 802.16e D5 Draft
Abstract	Proposes an enhancement to rate 2, 4-transmit antenna space time code
Purpose	To incorporate the changes proposed here into the 802.16e D5 Draft.
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Enhancement for rate 2, 4 transmit antenna STC

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Nokia

1. Background

The current 802.16e standard defines a rate 2, 4-antenna space-time-frequency code matrix

$$
\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \end{bmatrix},
$$

Where the consecutive columns of the code span two OFDMA symbols and two sub-carriers respectively. In this proposal we propose a modification to the 4-antenna matrix $\mathbf{B}$, which increases the coding gain up to 1.0 dB. The proposed enhancement requires few changes to the transceiver specification and does not require knowledge of channel state information at the transmitter.

2. Antenna Circulation Method for rate 2, 4-antenna STC

We propose that we switch the assignment of rows of matrix $\mathbf{A}$ in a predetermined pattern. We propose the following antenna assignment be performed periodically every N sub carriers, where N is design parameter.

$$
\mathbf{B}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad
\mathbf{B}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad
\mathbf{B}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \end{bmatrix},
$$

$$
\mathbf{B}_4 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad
\mathbf{B}_5 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad
\mathbf{B}_6 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \end{bmatrix}
$$

3. Performance

In Figure 1, we compared the FER performance of the circulated code to Matrix A for 4 Tx and 2 Rx case in for Ped A channel, rate 1/2 convolutional code, QPSK modulation using LMMSE receiver. We notice an increase in coding gain up to 1.0 dB. Similar gains are expected for other modulation and coding modes.
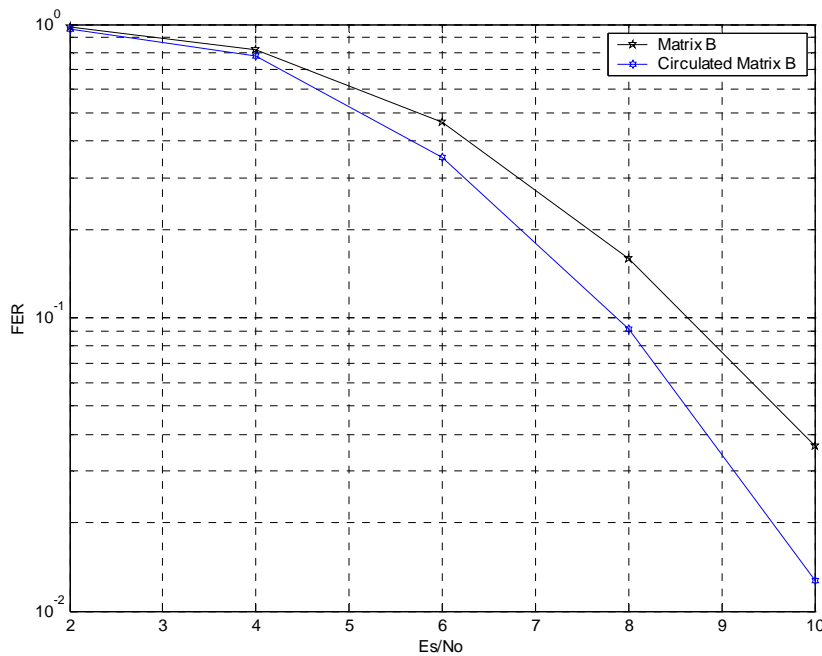

Figure1: FER performance of circulated matrix B

4. Proposed Text Change

8.4.8.3.5 Transmission schemes for 4-antenna BS
The proposed Space-Time-Frequency code (over two OFDMA symbols and two sub-carriers) for 4Tx-Rate 2 configuration is given in six permuted versions:

$$B_1 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad B_2 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad B_3 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \end{bmatrix},$$

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$$B_4 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad B_5 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \end{bmatrix}, \quad B_6 = \begin{bmatrix} S_1 & -S_2^* & S_5 & -S_7^* \\ S_4 & S_3^* & S_8 & S_6^* \\ S_3 & -S_4^* & S_7 & S_5^* \\ S_2 & S_1^* & S_6 & -S_8^* \end{bmatrix}$$

Let Nc =8 denote the number of subcarriers in a group. The choice of subscript k to determine the matrix B_k is given by the following formula: k =mod(floor(logical_data_sub_carrier_number_for_first_tone_of_code/Nc),6)+1. where logical_data_sub_carrier_number_for_first_tone_of_code = 1,2,3,…,Total # of data sub-carriers.

5. References

[1] IEEE P802.16-REVd/D5-2004 Draft standards for local and metropolitan area networks part 16: Air interface for fixed broadband wireless access systems.