Recommendation Using Dedicated Subframe Control Channel in IEEE 802.16m

IEEE 802.16 Presentation Submission Template (Rev. 9)

Document Number:

IEEE S802.16m-08/125,

[If this slide set is intended to illustrate the content of a base (".doc") contribution, use the serial number of the base contribution, with "S" replacing "C". If there is no base contribution, then use "C" instead of "S" on the slide set.]

E-mail: fanw@motorola.com

Date Submitted:

2007-03-10

Source:

Fan Wang, Bishwarup Mondal, Amitava Ghosh,

Mark Cudak, Fred Vook, Tim Thomas, Anup Talukdar

Motorola

[Address Line 1 (optional)]

[Address Line 2 (optional)]

Venue:

TGm Call for comments on SDD, IEEE 802.16m-08/005, in the area of "Downlink Control Structures"

Base Contribution:

[If this presentation accompanies a base 802.16 contribution, cite its contribution number (e.g., IEEE C802.16x-07/NNN).]

Purpose:

Description of what specific action is requested of the 802.16 Working Group or subgroup.]

Notice:

This document does not represent the agreed views of the IEEE 802.16 Working Group or any of its subgroups. It represents only the views of the participants listed in the "Source(s)" field above. It is offered as a basis for discussion. It is not binding on the contributor(s), who reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.

Release:

The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.16.

Patent Policy:

The contributor is familiar with the IEEE-SA Patent Policy and Procedures:

http://standards.ieee.org/guides/opman/sect6.html#6.3.

Further information is located at http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat/pat-material.html and http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat/pat-material.html and http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat/pat-material.html > .

^{*&}lt;http://standards.ieee.org/faqs/affiliationFAQ.html>

DL Control Channel Design Considerations

- DL control channel functions
 - Delivers important PHY and MAC control information
 - → Requires more reliable transmission than data traffic, and should not rely on re-transmissions (HARQ)
- DL control channel design should focus on
 - Overhead
 - **→** Performance
 - **→** Complexity
 - **→** Flexibility
 - → Scalability

DL Control Channel Design Options: Common / Dedicated

- →Broadcast common control channel
 - Jointly coded
 - → Broadcast control channel requires robust coding/modulation
 - **→**Limited by worst user
 - → Large overhead
 - **→ Current 802.16e DL control channels**
 - → DCD/UCD, DL/UL MAP, FCH, Preamble
 - → DL cell radius is limited by the DL control channel
 - **⇒**802.16m design should minimize control channel overhead, and improve coverage and reliability
 - ▶ Broadcast common control is not suitable for subframe control channel
 » Every 6 OFDM symbols
- → Per user dedicated control channel
 - **⇒** Separately coded
 - **→** Control Mini Tiles (CMT) distributed over the whole bandwidth for frequency diversity
 - → Per user power control
 - → Per user control channel enables beamforming for control channel
 - →Increase in overall coverage and capacity
 - → Reduced control channel overhead
 - Subframe control channel should be based on per-user dedicated control
 - → See contribution C80216m-08_181 for detailed design

Proposed Text to 16m SDD

Insert the following text in Chapter 11 (Physical layer)

11.x Downlink subframe control channel

The downlink subframe control channel containing user specific information is carried over one or multiple of downlink control channels. Each downlink subframe control channel is dedicated to one user, or one group of users.