



Bell Canada RPR Requirements

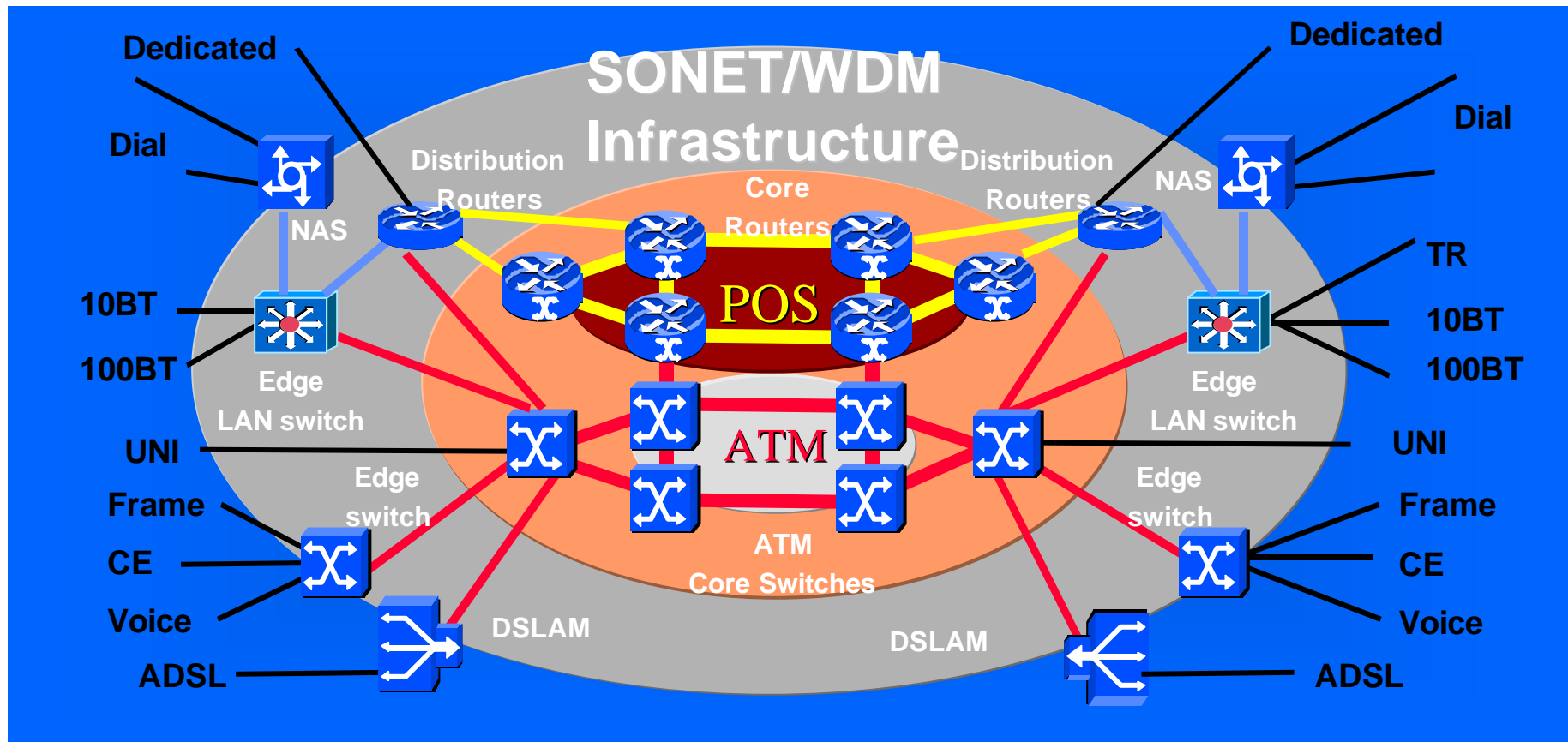
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Outline

- ◆ Background
 - ◆ Bell Canada Transparent LAN Service
 - ◆ Evolution Requirements
- ◆ Network Architecture with RPR
- ◆ RPR Requirements
- ◆ Summary

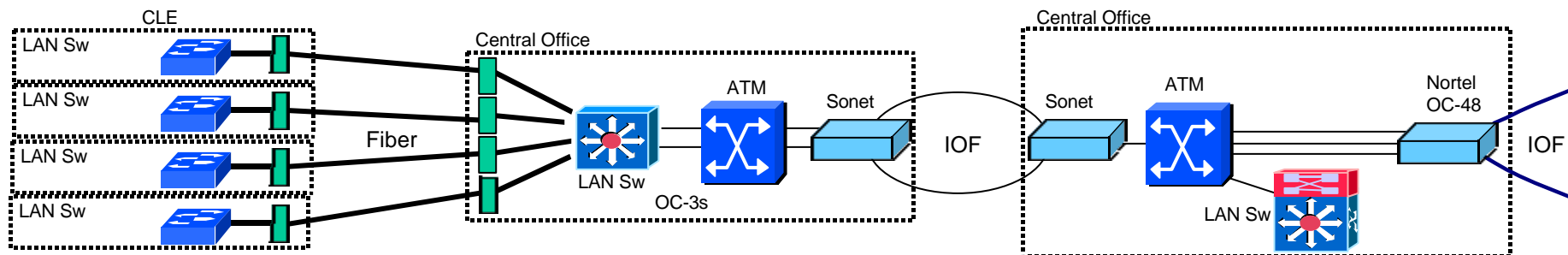
Network Today for Broadband & IP Services



Emerging services: Gigabit Ethernet, IP-VPN

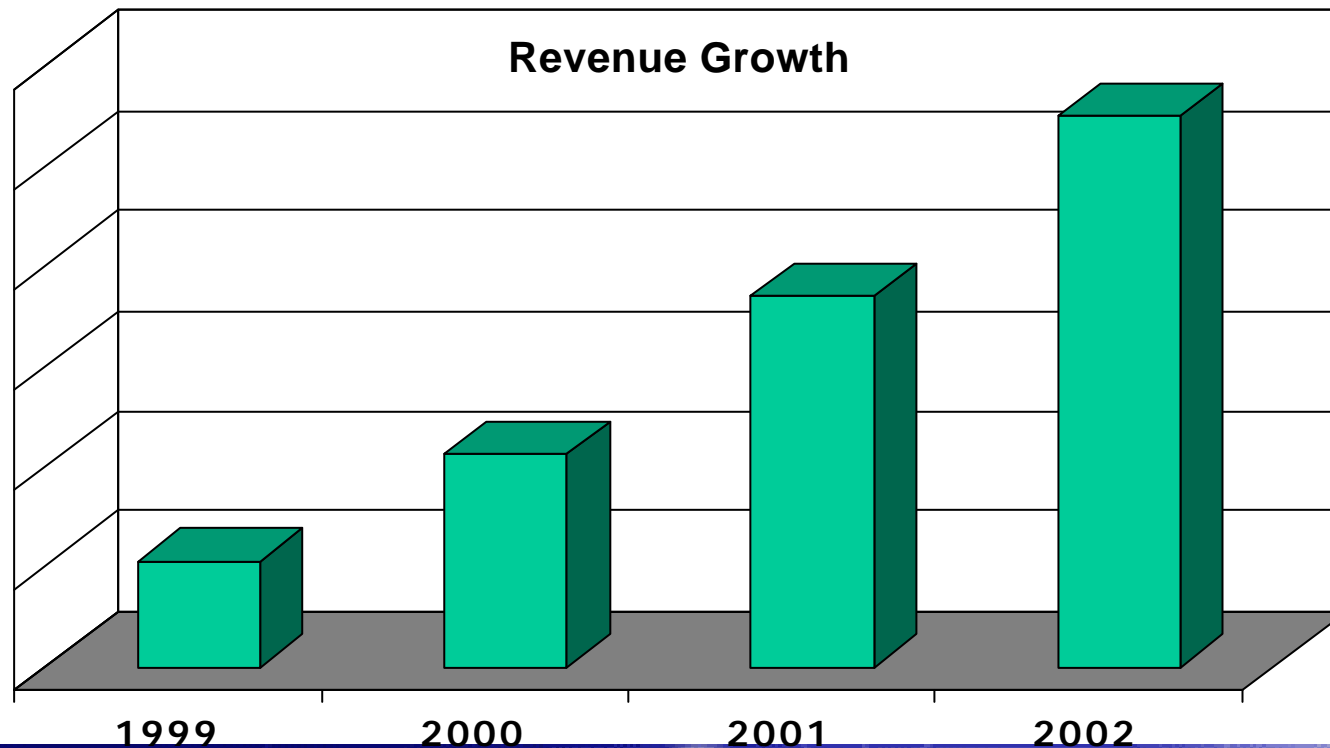
TLS - Today's Service Attributes

- ◆ 10/100 Mbps customer access to Bell Nexxia's network
 - ◆ Fiber extensions for 10/100 Mbps
 - ◆ T1 and DSL for 10 Mbps
- ◆ Point to point (or Multipoint) Ethernet interconnection between customer sites
- ◆ Security/Customer Separation
 - ◆ True VLAN 802.1q service between customer sites
 - ◆ Interworking with customer's VLAN and/or IP address space
- ◆ Quality of Service
 - ◆ UBR+ : Native LAN - Best effort with MIR
 - ◆ VBR : Shaped LAN - Peak & Sustained Cell Rates

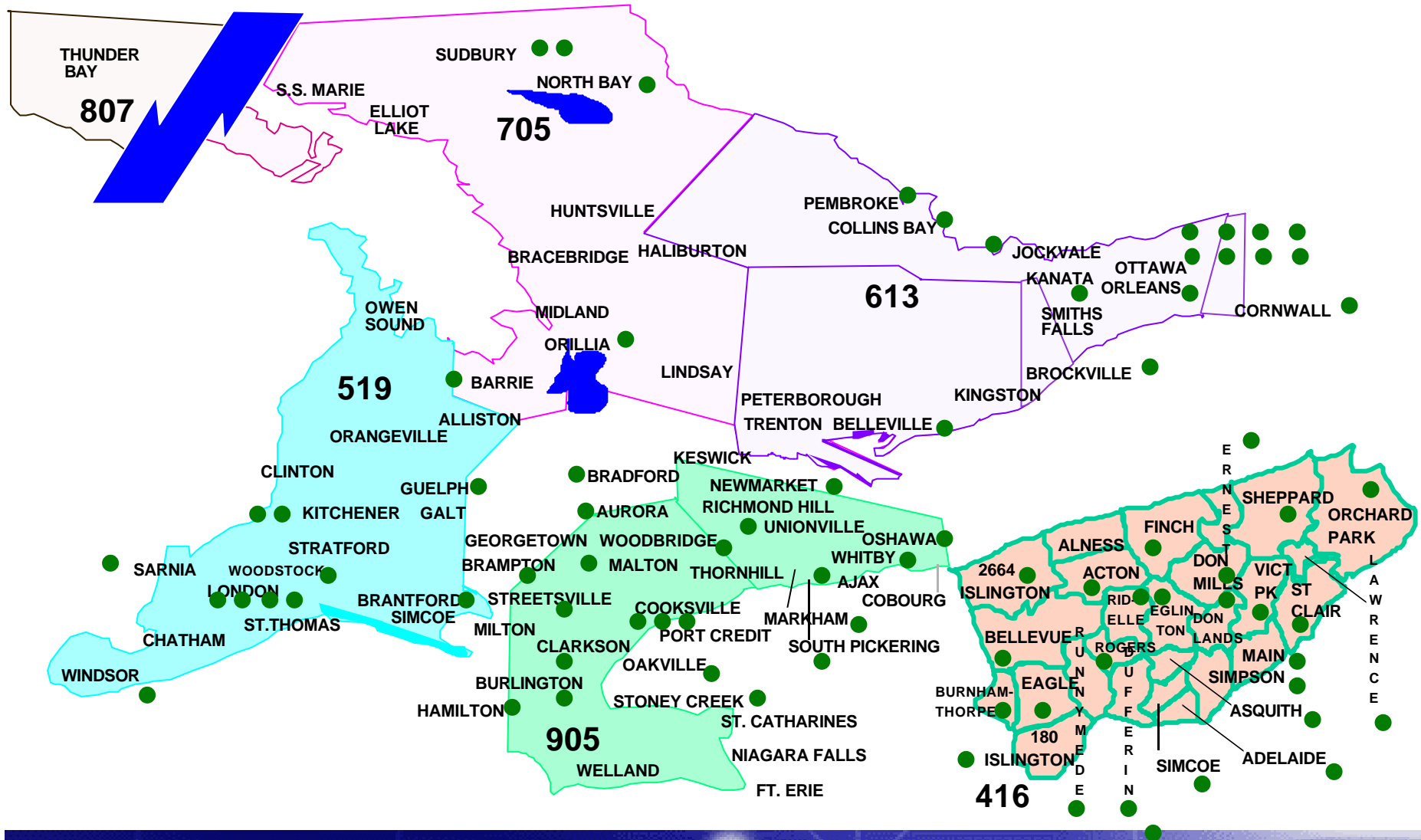


A Successful Service

- ◆ More than 200 customers, from large enterprises to schools, many with multiple sites
- ◆ More than 3500 fiber accesses for 10/100 Mbps service
- ◆ 300 LAN switches deployed in Central Offices throughout Canada



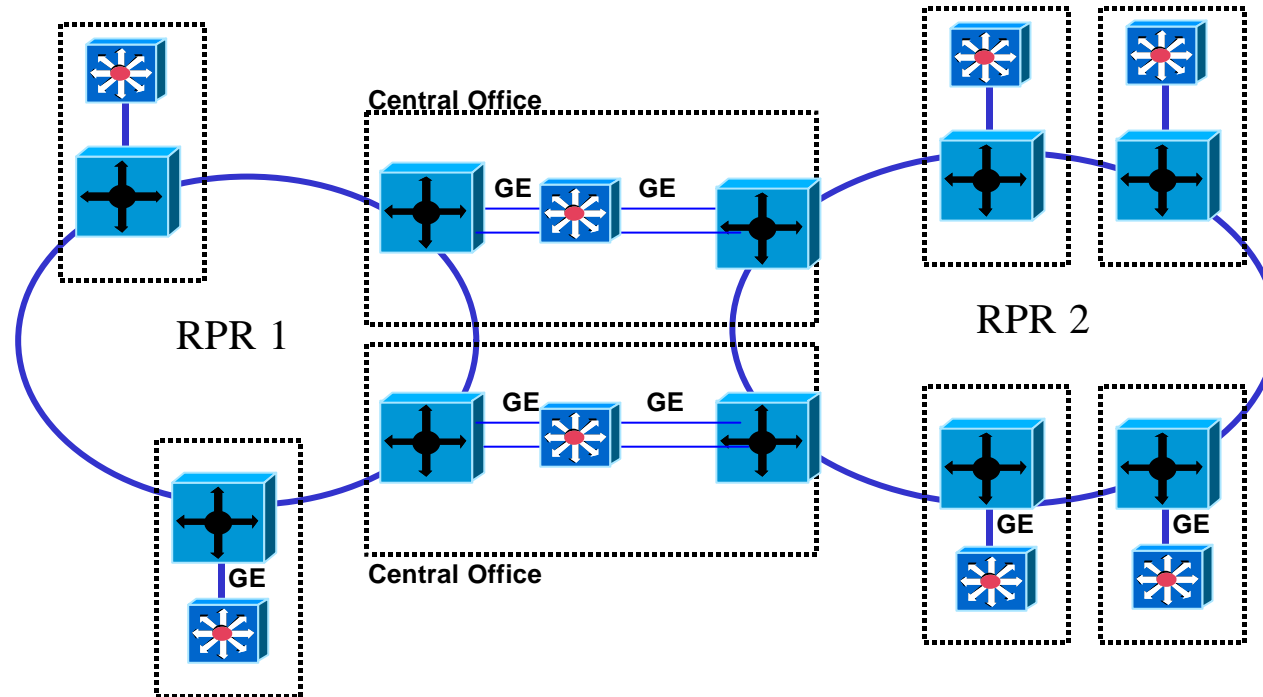
Extent of Coverage Example - LAN Switch Locations in Ontario



Drivers & Requirements for a Gigabit Ethernet MAN

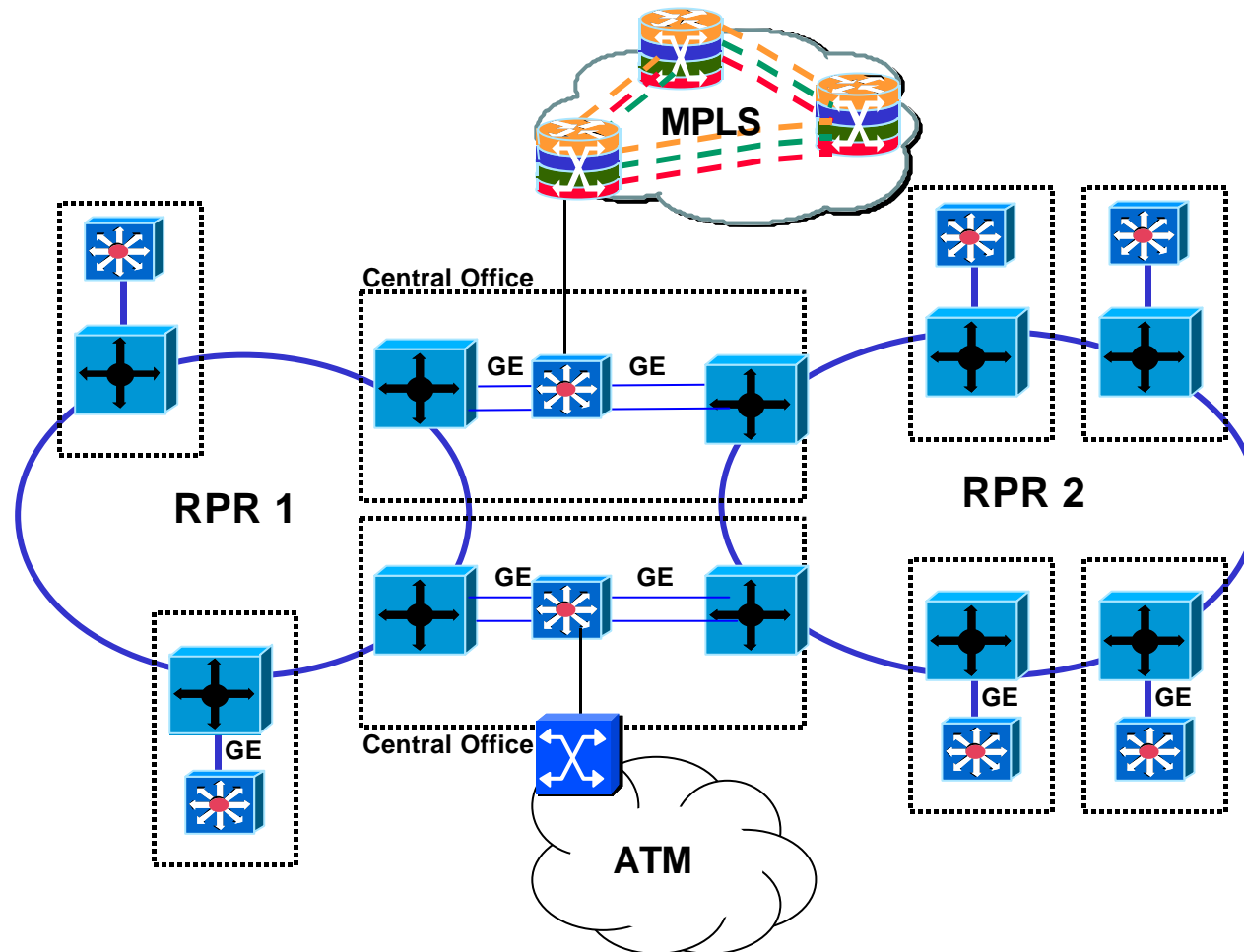
- ◆ Drivers
 - ◆ Increased demand for LAN services in metro areas
 - ◆ Expecting Gigabit Ethernet to several customer sites
 - ◆ Need to introduce a new hierarchy for higher-level aggregation
 - ◆ Insufficient capacity of ATM network & technologies
 - ◆ Ethernet frames becoming the standard carriage vehicle for IP: GE MAN used as access & metro to IP Core
- ◆ Requirements
 - ◆ Maintain transparency to layer 3 protocols
 - ◆ Installed base of LAN switches is easily integrated
 - ◆ Standards-based: 802.3z/x, 802.1d/p/q
 - ◆ Ability to provide Gigabit Ethernet in the access
 - ◆ Scale the Metro & Core to gigabit speeds
 - ◆ More robust access & metro networks for TLS and IP services
 - ◆ Develop interfaces to MPLS

Gigabit Ethernet MAN Using RPR



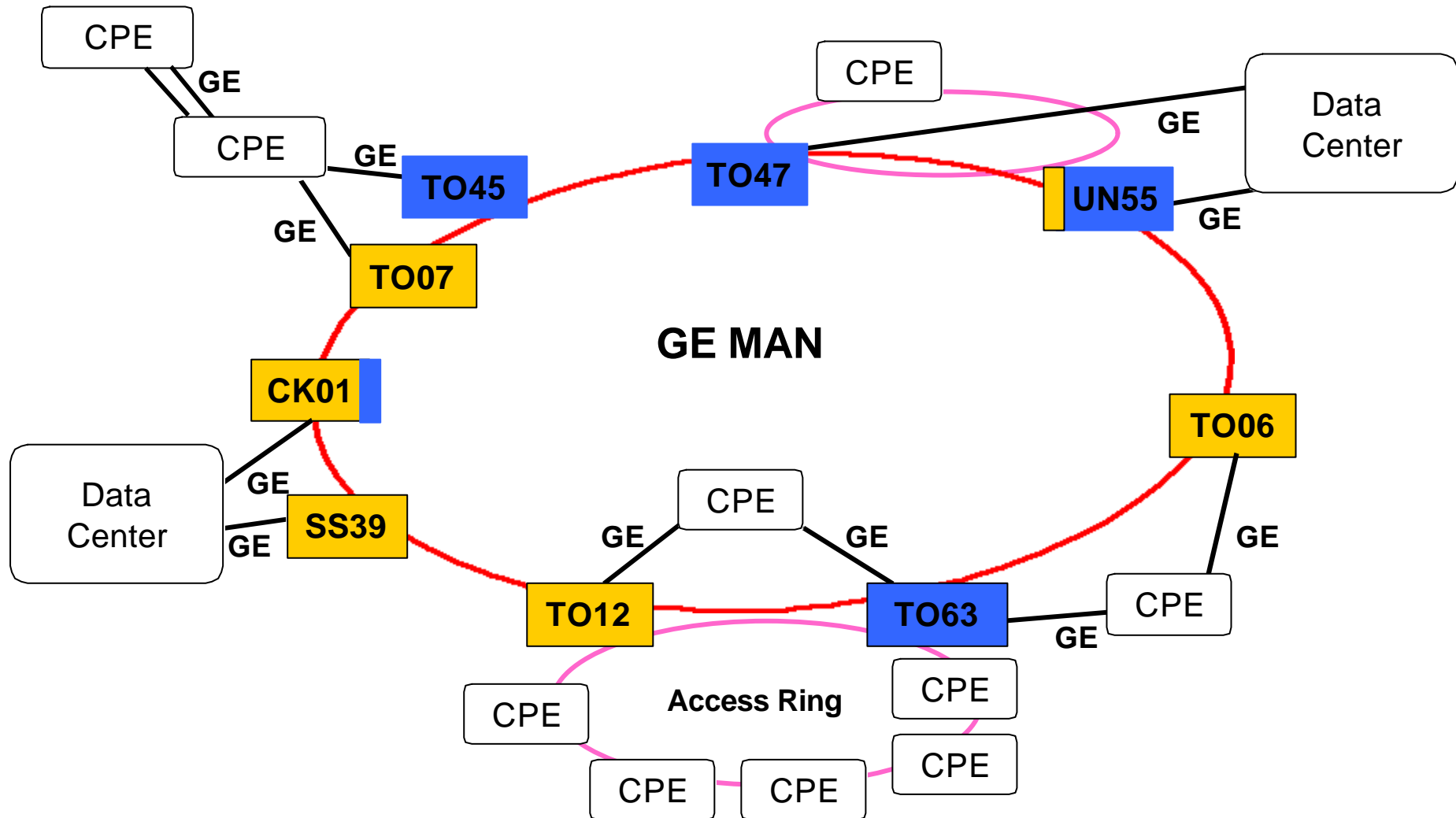
- Gigabit Ethernet service has been launched in Bell Canada based on this architecture
- Multiple rings can be expected in a large metro area

Linkages to Other Networks



Other services will use this infrastructure: IP-VPN, Internet access, Wholesale GE, etc.

First Deployment - CIBC in Toronto



RPR Requirements

- ◆ Support for different service types & their attributes
 - ◆ L2 - TLS
 - ◆ L3 - IP-VPN, Access to internet
- ◆ DWDM optics for multiple systems on the same fiber pair
- ◆ Scalable to multi-gigabit rates
- ◆ Support multiple customers
 - ◆ Maintain customer separation
 - ◆ Scale VPNs beyond VLAN limits
- ◆ Support SLAs
 - ◆ QoS/CoS in tune with edge device capabilities (switches, routers) using different QoS/CoS schemes to support different services, such as TLS, IP-VPN
 - ◆ Control over jitter & latency: must be well controlled since a customer may have sites over multiple rings

RPR Requirements (Cont'd)

- ◆ Multicast-friendly
- ◆ Lossless once traffic gets on the ring (unless there is a fiber cut)
- ◆ Fairness
 - ◆ Within a ring
 - ◆ Across multiple rings
 - ◆ Mechanisms scalable from MAN to WAN applications
- ◆ OAM
 - ◆ Statistics on a per customer (VPN) granularity is required for troubleshooting and reporting perspective
 - ◆ Carrier-grade: in-service software upgrades, reliability
 - ◆ Simplified provisioning, auto-discovery

Summary

- ◆ Carrier Class Gigabit Ethernet networks can be built using RPR
- ◆ Bell Canada has a network operational and just launched a Gigabit Ethernet service
- ◆ Interworking with other networks is key for an attractive solutions for customers
- ◆ Several requirements have been identified



Thank You!