IEEE 802.17 Alternative Frame Format

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The Motivation

- Reduce the cost structure of RPR based MAC to facilitate wide market adoption for RPR
- Allow the RPR implementation to be based on off-the-shelf Ethernet MAC/Bridge devices
- Maintain the high-quality packet ring feature set and functionality

Objectives

- Ethernet-like framing
- Add RPR specific headers over Ethernet frame structure
- Maintain all RPR "goodies" :
 - Topology auto-discovery
 - Spatial reuse
 - RPR protection (steer, wrap optional) sub 50mSec
 - Classes of service (A, B, C)
 - Span/Client performance monitoring counters (per SC per CIR/EIR)
 - Optional HEC and stomping treatment
 - Optional Fairness
 - Transit queuing
 - PTQ & STQ (in case fairness is used) or
 - Per service class queuing with WRED

Suggestion for Alternative Frame Format

- Ethernet "friendly" frame structure :
 - DA
 - -SA
 - Ethertype (indicates that RPR control field follows)
 - RPR control field
 - payload
 - FCS
- RPR control field consists of : TTL, RI, SC, FE, etc.