System Vendors View on 100 Gb/s Backplane and Copper Study Group Issues

100 Gb/s Backplane and Cable Study Group IEEE 802.3 Singapore March 2011

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Twinax Interface Desired Properties

- We believe that 5m should be used as our initial minimum target length for a passive cable specification
- Possible objective (from dambrosia_01_0311):

Define a 4-lane 100 Gb/s PHY for operation over copper twin-axial cables for links consistent with lengths up to at least 5m

- Improved FR4 PCB material + 4" per side is a good starting point for the host channel
- A cable with a reasonable diameter and bend radius should be considered for the channel, for example, a twinax cable gauge of AWG24 might fulfill this requirement

BER

- For many applications, a BER of 10⁻¹² is sufficient
- Some applications though, will require a better BER; a BER of 10⁻¹⁵ is reasonable for more demanding applications
 - For example some backplane applications will require a BER better than 10⁻¹²
- For those applications that require it, we are requesting an optional feature to reach a BER of 10⁻¹⁵
 - This is in addition to supporting a baseline BER of 10⁻¹²

Data Delay

- If FEC is used, it is preferable that the added latency is kept as low as possible, and it must not add more than (x) ns to the data delay
 - The value of x is still under discussion!

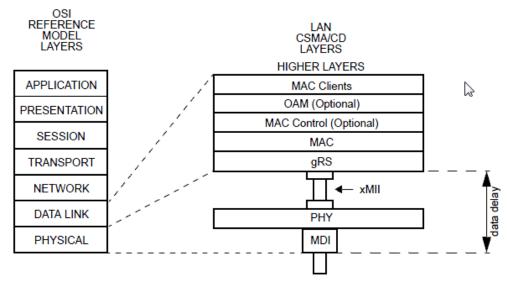


Figure 90-3-Data delay measurement

Thanks!