January 2004



Planar Lightwave Circuit Technology for Flexible and Precision Control over Fiber Launch Conditions

Hank Blauvelt CTO hblauvelt@xponentinc.com Outline



2

## Motivation for Controlling Fiber Launch Conditions

## >> Overview of Planar Lightwave Circuit (PLC) based designs for controlling fiber launch

- TOSA with integrated mode conditioner
- Stand alone mode conditioner

## Fiber launch capabilities of PLC based TOSAs

- Control of launch location
- Control of spot size
- Elliptical spot size launch
- Off-normal angular launch
- Two launch spots

- Spatial modes of multimode fiber have varying propagation speeds which can result in pulse spreading
- Spatial modes are mixed at fiber discontinuities, such as splices and connectors
- >> Fiber bandwidth can be enhanced by controlling the excitation of spatial modes via control of the fiber launch conditions
- >> Most reports of bandwidth enhancement involve launching at a point radially offset from the center of the core
- >> PLC technology can easily achieve controlled radially offset launch condition at no cost premium to a centered launch as well as many other launch conditions not readily attainable with alternate approaches
  - By combining radial offset with angular offset, rays that propagate along nearly circular helical paths can be launched. This is expected to be particularly promising for bandwidth optimization

#### » Low loss optical waveguides

>> Optical and electrical interface between laser and PD chips and optical waveguides

#### >> Spot size conversion by tapering of waveguide core dimensions:

- Max size approx equal to SMF,
- Min size about 2x2 μm,
- Circular or elliptical profiles

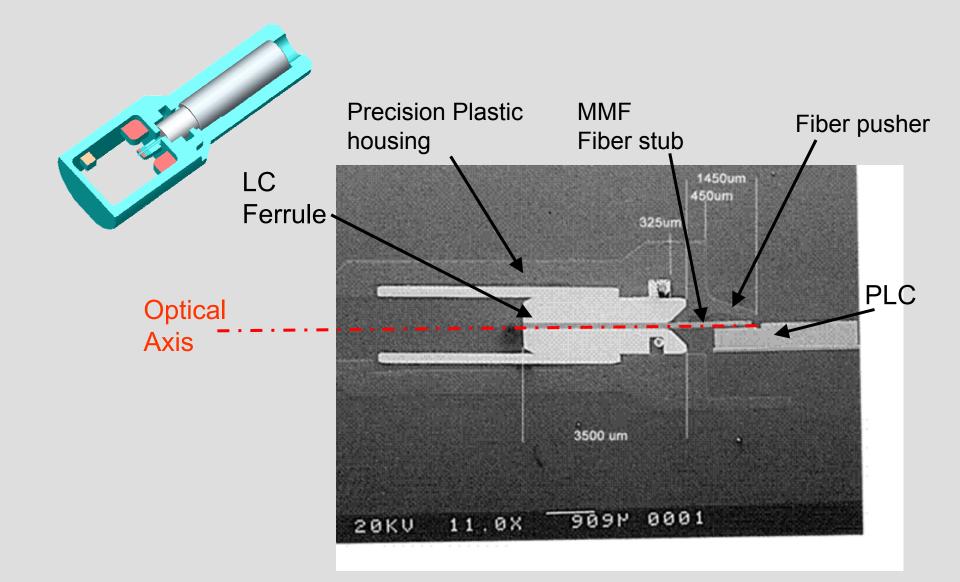
#### >> Low loss optical splitters and taps

>> Alignment of waveguides to precision etched V-grooves:

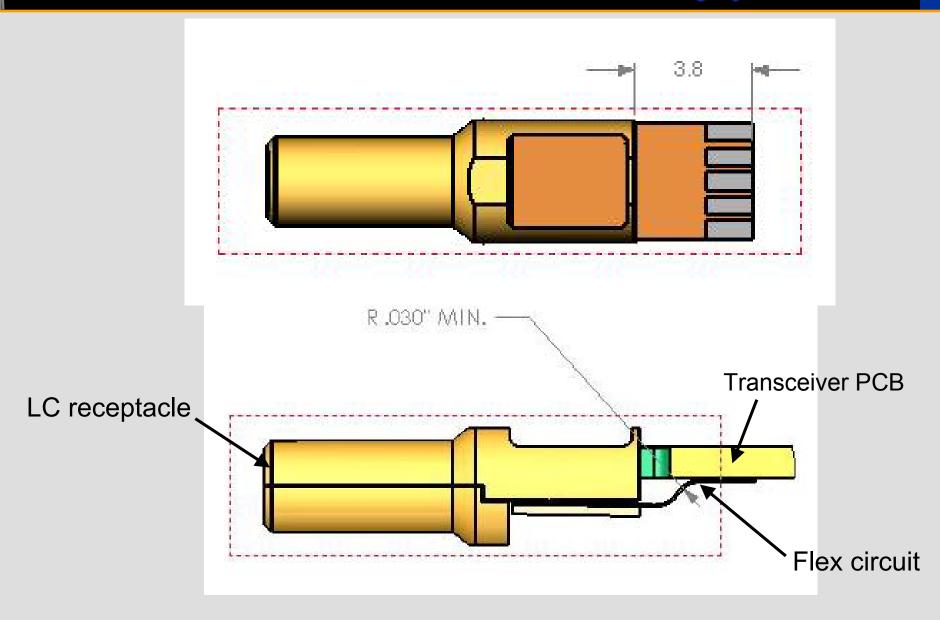
- approx 1 μm positional alignment accuracy,
- approx 0.02° angular alignment

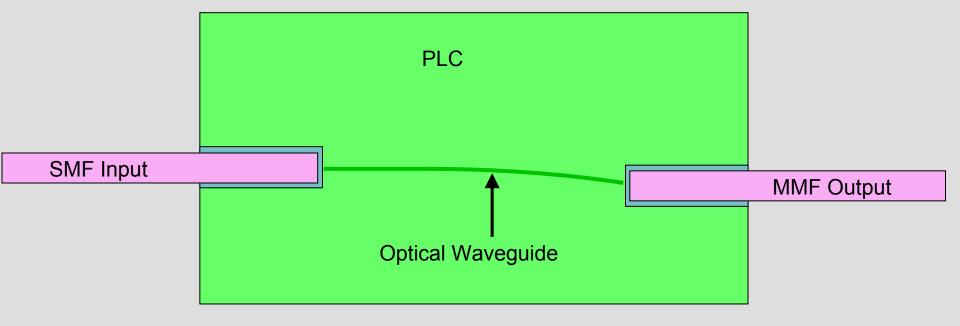
# 1310 nm Fabry-Perot Laser Fiber PONENT **Ready Optical Assembly** 5 **Optical Waveguide** Laser Fiber Groove NEN Front **Monitor Tap** Front **Monitor** PD

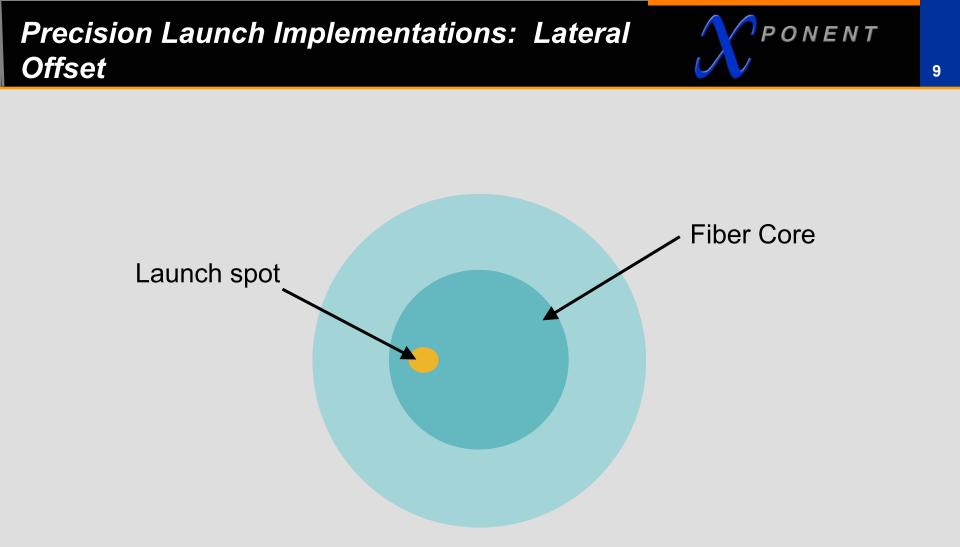
### PLC Based TOSA Package Cross Section



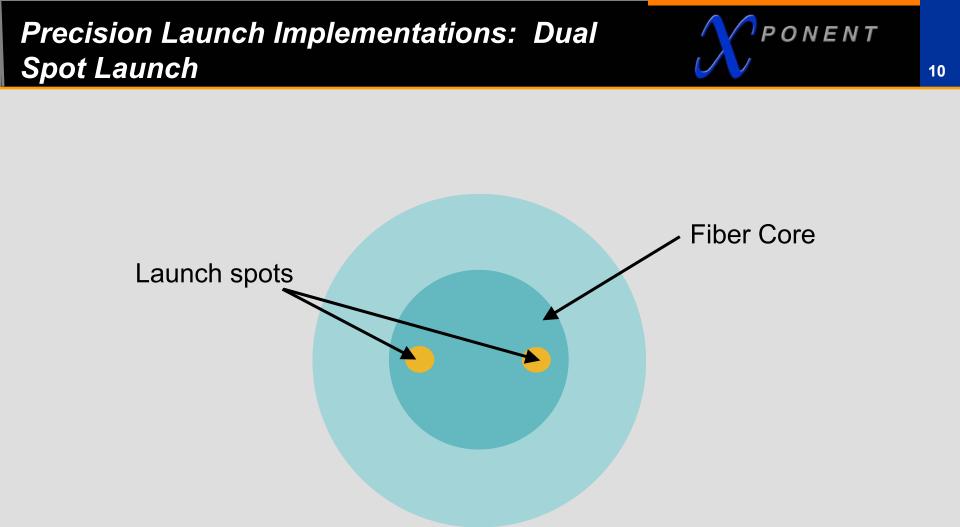
### TOSA with Flex Circuit Input



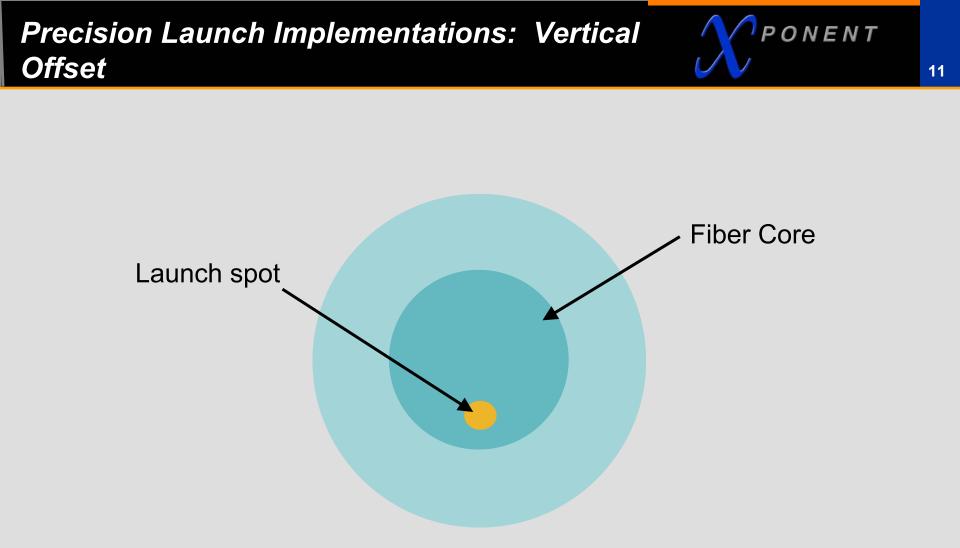




Implemented by offsetting waveguide with respect to V-groove, Spot size and angle of incidence can also be independently adjusted



Implemented by waveguide optical splitter and offsetting waveguides with respect to V-groove, Spot size and angle of incidence can also be independently adjusted



Implemented by over-sizing or under-sizing V groove width, spot size and angle of incidence can also be independently adjusted This configuration with off-normal angle of incidence can produce circular helical propagation

- Planar Lightwave Circuit technology allows for extremely precise control of fiber launch conditions
- Spot size, launch position, launch angle can be independently controlled
- >> Two (or more) launch spots can be implemented
- Circular helical propagation can be launched
- >>Flexibility and control of launch conditions enables optimization of fiber bandwidth
- Can be used as stand alone mode conditioner or integrated into TOSA