

Industrial Automation and Emerging Single-pair Ethernet

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Purpose

- Present an overview of a range of Industrial Automation applications
- Update the prior presentation from 802.24
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What is Industrial Automation?

- An Industrial Automation Definition:
 - “Application of *technology* to transform *raw materials* into *finished goods*”
 - Moving materials
 - Manipulating materials
- Some technology evolutions
 - Automation degree: Manual (tools) -> Semi-automatic -> Automatic
 - Power source: Human -> animal -> water -> fuel -> electricity
 - Technology: Mechanics -> fluidics -> relays -> electronics

Interconnection of components

- Industrial Automation components
 - Sensors, Actuators, Controllers, Human Interfaces, Information Interfaces
- Generic components are *interconnected* into application systems
 - Power connection
 - Control and information connection
 - Hardwired -> Networks
- Some interconnection goals:
 - Reliable, integrated, simple to apply, economical

Potentially applicable standards

- A wide range of IEEE standards apply to Industrial Automation
 - Power and energy
 - Communication
 - Information
- IEEE Scope for this presentation is 1-Pair Ethernet:
 - IEEE P802.3bp, Multi-Gig CFI
 - 10SPE
 - Long reach
 - Low cost
 - IEEE P802.3bu 1-Pair Power over Data Lines (PoDL)

Huge estimates of potential

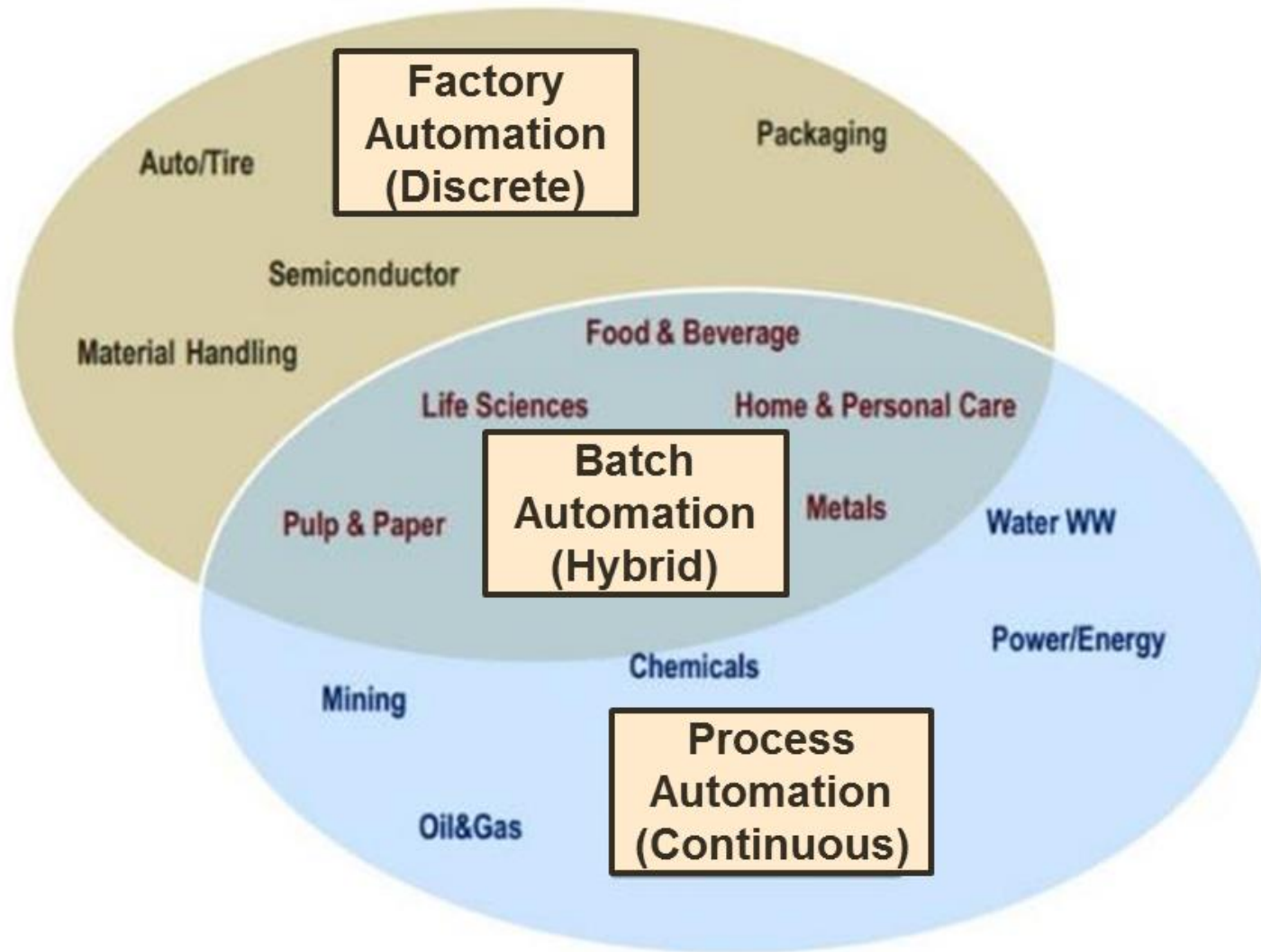
- In their report “Industrial Internet of Things – 2014”, industry market analysis firm IHS Technology forecasts that there will be (2015):
 - 50B node installed base at 13% connected (sensors, actuators, controllers, interface modules, operator interfaces, IT infrastructure, instrumentation, servers, etc.)
 - 6B new node shipments at 31% connected
 - 1.8B new wired nodes with 11.7% CAGR



There are a very wide range of estimates.

Barrier exist to much of the Ethernet adoption.

Basic Automation Domains



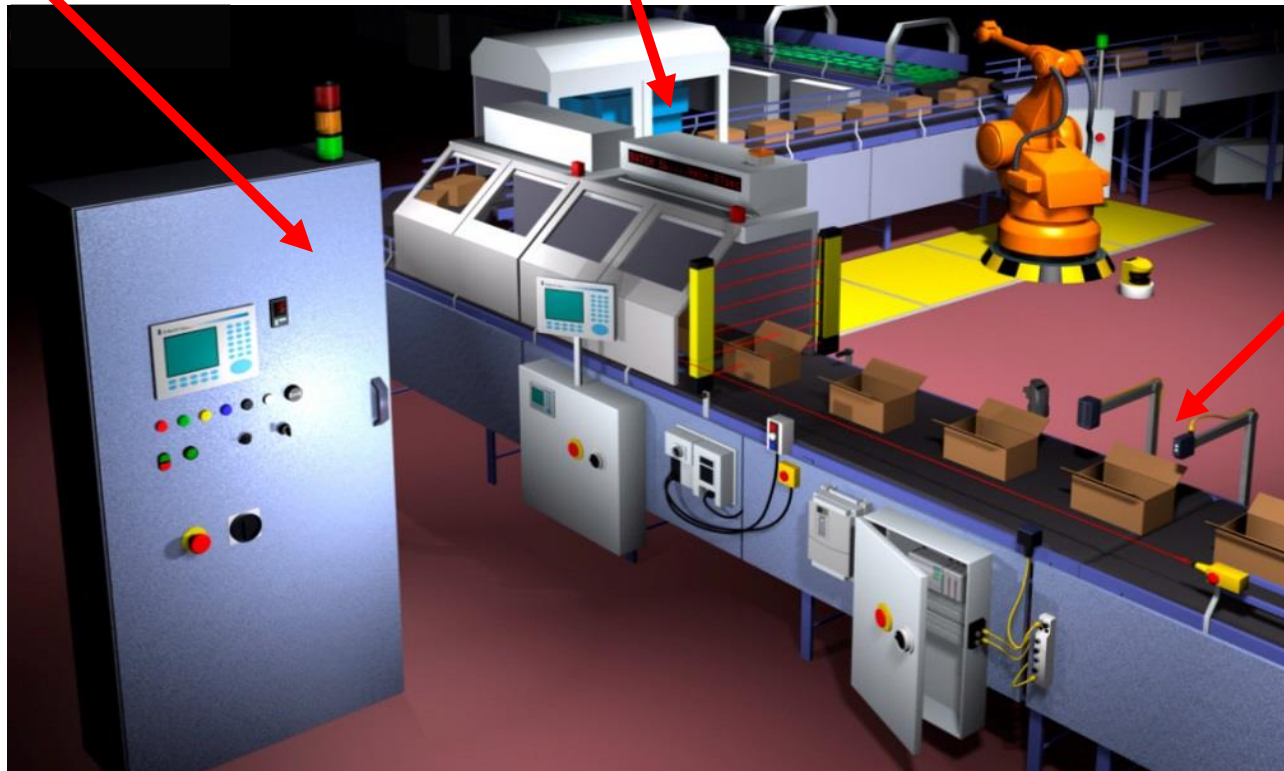
Networking breakdown

- CFI: Existing Ethernet (~1/3 of networked devices)
 - Relatively short distance (most <40 m)
 - High performance (100 Mb/s -> 1 Gb/s)
- CFI: General-purpose Fieldbuses (~2/3 of networked devices)
 - Long reach (1000 m)
 - Low rates (10 Mb/s)
 - Some Intrinsically Safe
- Other: Component links and discrete wires
 - Very cost sensitive
 - Relatively short distance
 - Low rates (10 Mb/s)

Factory Automation Modules

Control Cabinets

Work cells



Conveyors

In-cabinet and On-machine cabling

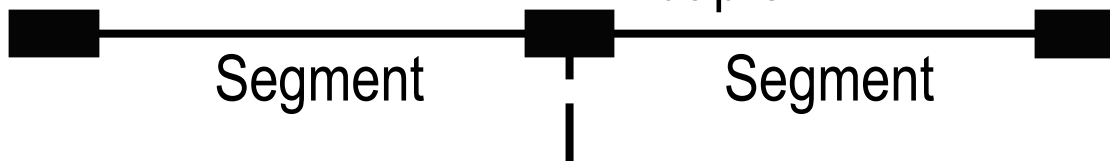
In-cabinet
IP20
RJ45 Ethernet



On-machine
IP67
M12 Ethernet



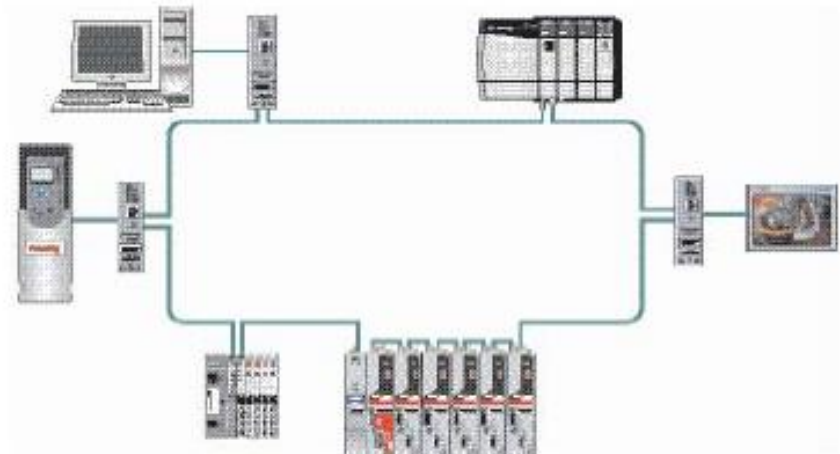
Bulkhead
Adapter



In-cabinet



- Dense node packing
- #1: Some high performance, linear configuration of dual-port nodes
 - Cable lengths rarely $> 15\text{m}$

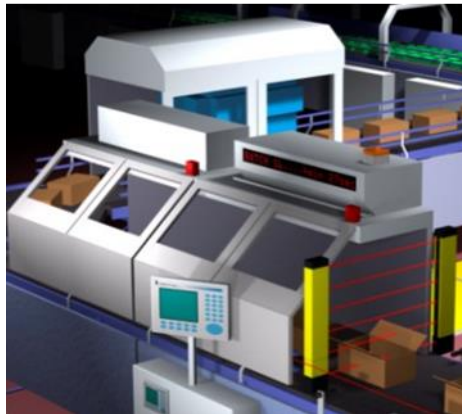


- #2: Many low performance, low cost, bus topology and hardwired
 - Total length $< 50\text{m}$

On-machine

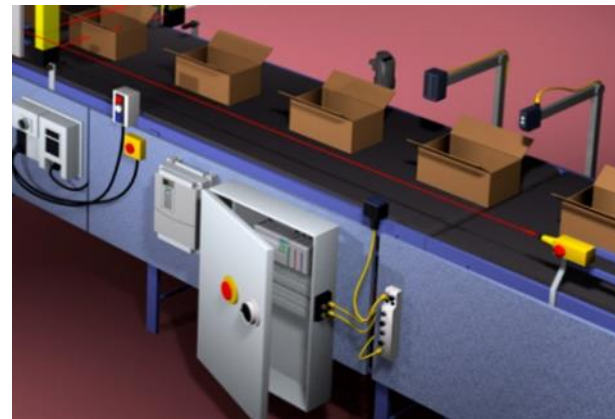
Work Cells

- Nodes spread to best physical position
- Somewhat bigger than the product
 - i.e., an Automobile
- Linear configuration of dual-port nodes
 - Cable lengths rarely $> 40\text{m}$



Conveyors

- Nodes distributed along length
- Often modular
 - i.e., 3m sections
- Linear configuration of dual-port nodes



Plant-wide applications

Factory Automation

- Large products made with large equipment over large areas
 - Airplanes
 - Cement
 - Aluminum
 - Mining
 - Etc.
- Fieldbuses
 - Long reach (1000 m)
 - Low rate (10 Mb/s)



Plant-wide applications

Process Automation

- Nodes spread over large site
- Star topologies
- Legacy cable runs (1000 m)
- Low update rates (10 Mb/s)
- Intrinsic Safety



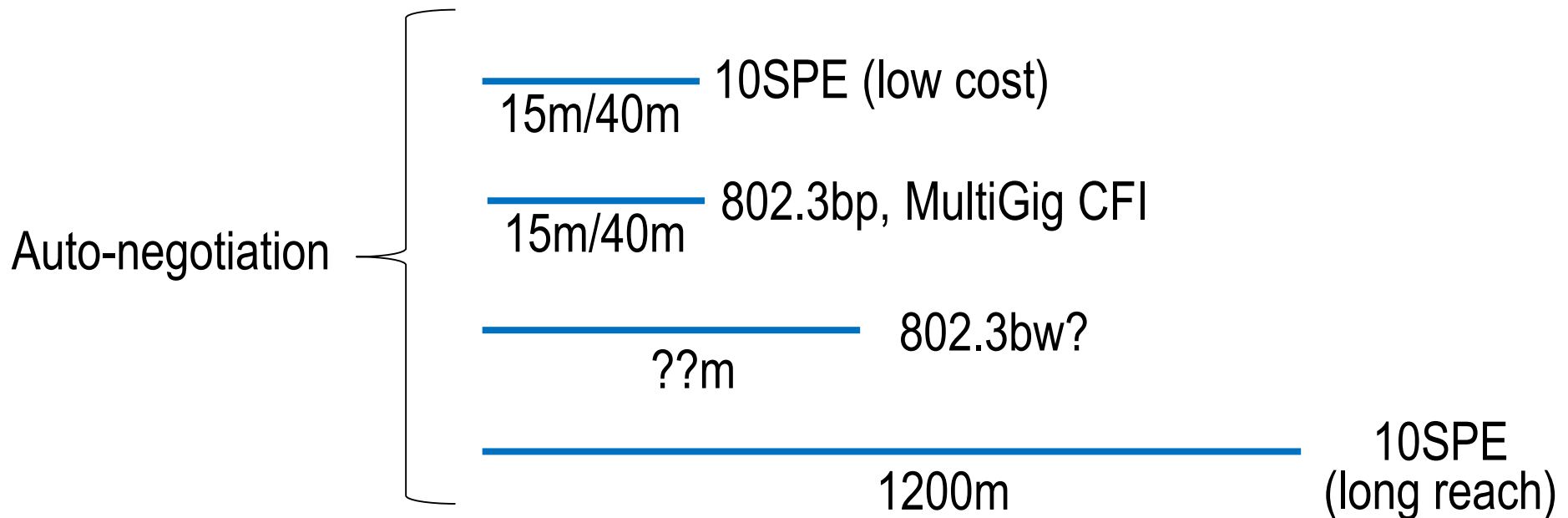
Process Automation “Skids”

- Skids are reasonably small, but:
 - Same devices as Plant-wide (1000 m, 10 Mb/s, IS)



Single pair application coverage

- Multiple single pair standards are required to cover all applications
- Auto-negotiation is beneficial
 - Increased future rate trends
 - Option to extending distance with reduced rate
 - Flexible switch ports minimize conversions



Power

- Industrial Automation nodes require power
- Various applications will benefit from two strategies
 - 1-pair Ethernet within a “harness” that includes power
 - 24VDC is common
 - 1-pair Ethernet + PoDL

Conclusions

- Major segments within Industrial Automation can benefit from the ongoing 1-pair Ethernet developments
 - Factory Automation
 - In-cabinet, On-machine, Plant-wide
 - Process Automation
 - Skids, Plant-wide
- Various requirements are being addressed:
 - High performance: 802.3bp, Multi-Gig CFI
 - Low cost: 10SPE
 - Long reach: 10SPE
- Auto-negotiation extends the benefits of the individual 1-pair standards