
10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY Call for Interest

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Working Group

CFI Panel Members

Chair and Presenter:

Supporters and experts for the Question and Answer session

Supporters - Page 1

Ludwig Winkel, Siemens AG (Industrial Automation)

Klaus Wächter, Siemens AG (Building automation)

Chris DiMinico, (Cable)

Mick McCarthy, Analog Devices (Semiconductor supplier)

Matthias Fritsche, HARTING Electronics (Industrial Automation)

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Supporters - Page 2

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Supporters - Page 3

Rubén Pérez de Aranda, KDPOF (PHY vendor)

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Mr. Harald Mueller, Endress+Hauser (Industrial Automation)

Robert Hall, Johnson Controls (Building Automation)

Steve Carlson, High Speed Design

George Zimmerman, CME Consulting

CFI Objective

- To gauge the interest in starting a Study Group for:

10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY

- This meeting will NOT:
 - Fully explore the problem
 - Debate strengths and weaknesses of solutions
 - Choose a solution
 - Create a PAR or 5 Criteria **[CSD?]**
 - Create a standard or specification

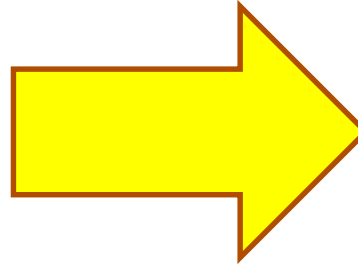
Agenda

- **Industrial Networking Market Need**
- **Solution Requirements**
- **Target Markets**
- **Market Potential**
- **Technical Feasibility**
- **CFI Proposal**
- **Q&A**
- **Straw Polls**

Industrial Networking Market Need

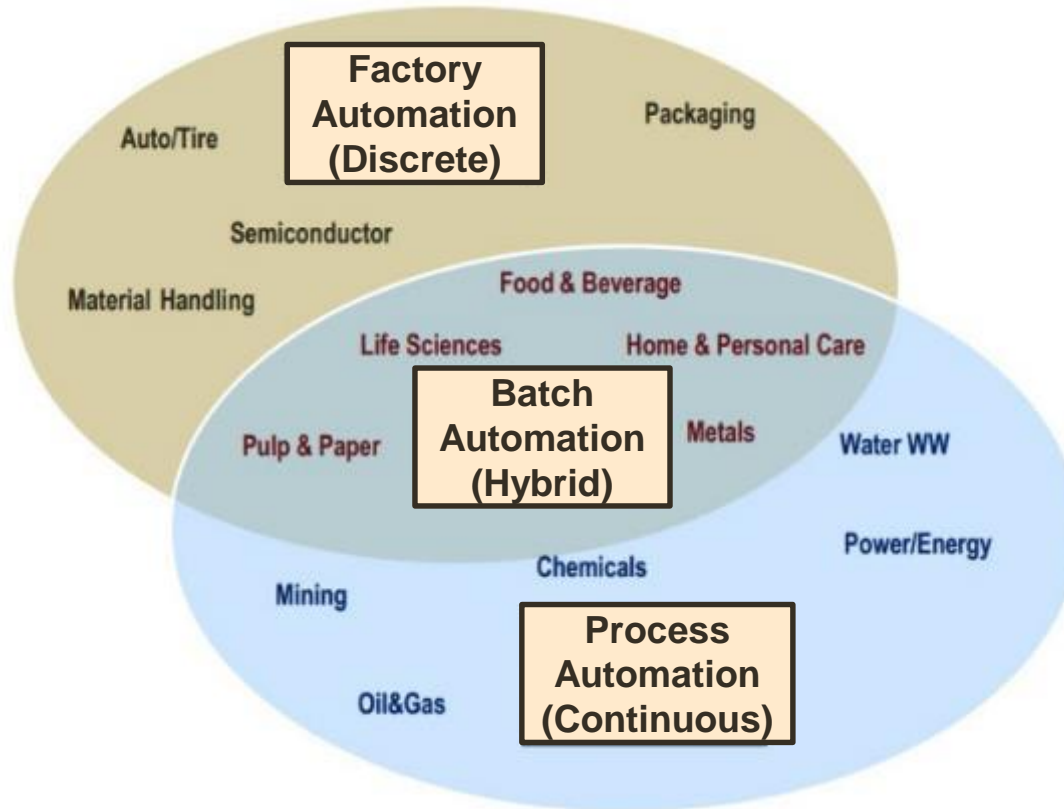
Vision

- Multi-drop
 - RS-485
 - HART modem
 - CAN
 - Proprietary/custom
- Point-point
 - 4-20mA
 - HART modem
 - RS-232
 - Proprietary/custom
- New applications
 - Enabled through this proposed PHY development



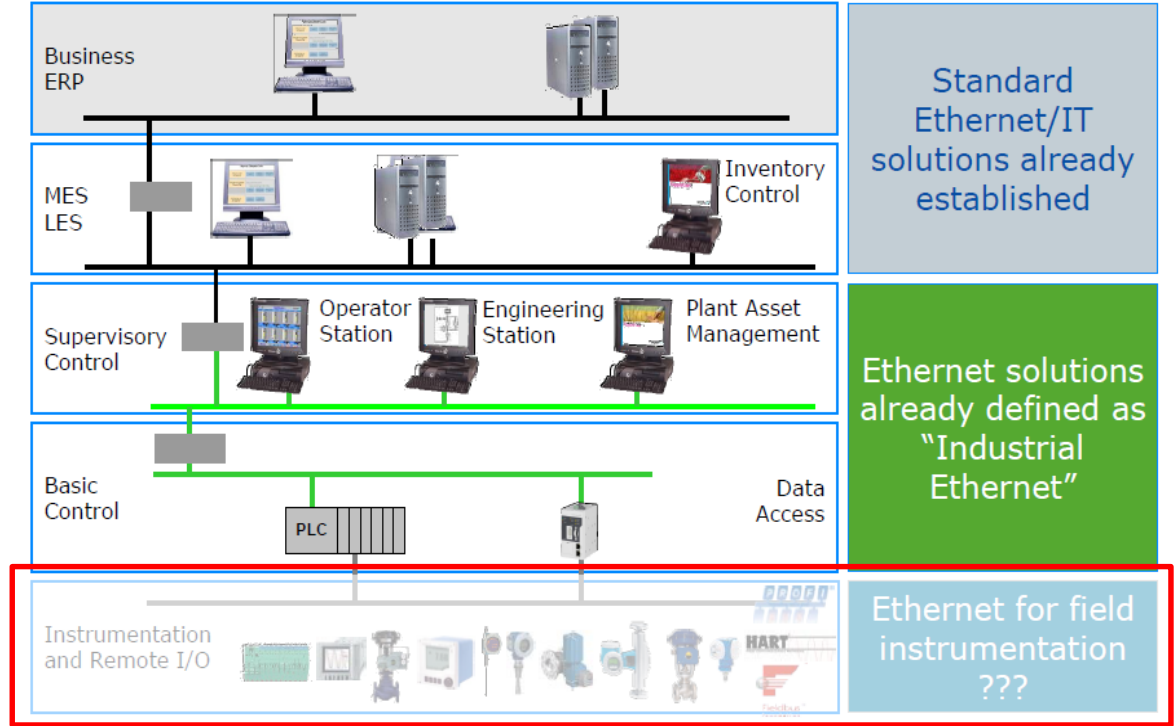
New
IEEE 802.3
Standard

Industrial Automation Landscape



Ethernet Gap in Industrial Networking

- Desire to converge on **one** network type
- Ethernet adoption is happening where technically possible
- Non-Ethernet *fieldbuses* still required to complete communications to the edge
 - Challenges: Combined reach & rate, special environments, cost



Ethernet Gap at the 'Edge'

Credit: Dr. Raimund Sommer, Endress + Hauser, ODVA Industry Conference, Oct. 2014.

Existing Market Fragmentation

Too Many Fieldbus Variants

- Big challenges for end users
 - Sourcing appropriately qualified labor
 - Installation complexity
 - Maintenance complexity
 - Interoperability issues

Ethernet Variant
EtherNet/IP
PROFINET
FF HSE
Modbus TCP
HART-IP

Net. Interface 1



Net. Interface 2

Fragmentation forces use of
Application-specific
Gateways



Fieldbus Variant

Partial list...

Fieldbus Variants	
FOUNDATION Fieldbus H1	PROFIBUS DP
PROFIBUS PA	DeviceNet
HART	CANOpen
IO-Link	Modbus
CompoNet	CC-Link
AS-Interface	INTERBUS

New Requirement: Higher Rates at the Edge

- **IIoT, Big Data, and Analytics**

- **High-speed data logging**
 - Production details, equipment conditions, environment state, energy consumption,...
- **Optimization, maintenance, safety, compliance,...**

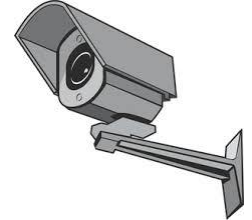
- **Embedded web servers**

- **Installation and maintenance**



- **Video**

- **Reduced footsteps**
- **Safety**
- **Product quality sensor**
- **Security**



Solution Requirements:

Why 10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY?

Why Ethernet to the Edge?

- **Single network paradigm**
 - **Transparent connectivity**
 - Reduces complex gateways
 - **Leverages of economy of scale**
 - **More rapid commissioning**
 - **More rapid fault diagnosis and repair**
- **Well-known installation, maintenance and management processes**
- **Ethernet Ecosystem**
 - **Protocols**
 - **Security**
 - **Existing switching technology**
 - ...



Why 10Mb/s and Extended Reach?

- **Single solution required to simultaneously match both reach and rate**
- **Existing solutions have varied capabilities. Study group will not cover all extremes/outliers**
 - **Common fieldbuses reach 400-5000m**
 - 1200m addresses most fieldbus applications
 - **Common fieldbuses have rates up to 12Mb/s**
 - 10Mb/s addresses most fieldbus applications
 - Enables a standard MAC

Fieldbus	Longest Reach	Highest Rate
PROFIBUS DP	9.6kb/s @ 1200m	12Mb/s @ 100m
CANopen	10kb/s @ 5000m	1Mb/s @ 20m
Modbus RTU	100kb/s @ 1200m	2Mb/s @ 50m
CC-Link	156kb/s @ 1200m	10Mb/s @ 100m
HART	1200 baud @ 1524m (24AWG) 1200 baud @ 3048m (20AWG)	No enhanced rate
DeviceNet	125kb/s @ 500m	500kb/s @ 100m
ControlNet	5Mb/s @ 1000m	No enhanced rate
INTERBUS	500kb/s @ 400m	No enhanced rate
FOUNDATION H1	31.25kb/s @ 1900m	No enhanced rate
PROFIBUS PA	31.25kb/s @ 1900m	No enhanced rate

Why Single Twisted Pair?

- **Installed base**
 - **Single Twisted Pair is most common – usually shielded**
 - **Certain cables are certified**
- **Maximize cable reuse**
 - **Lengthy fieldbus cables are expensive to run (often in conduit)**
 - **End nodes are easier to replace**
 - **Similar efforts within 2.5G/5GBASE-T Task Force**

High Cable Reuse Value

Fieldbus	Cable Type	Cable Power
FOUNDATION H1	FF-844 specified	Yes
HART	Various	Yes
PROFIBUS PA	IEC 61158 Type A	Yes
4-20mA	SP-50 instrumentation cable	Yes
CANopen	EIA-485	Yes
Modbus RTU	EIA-485	No
CC-Link	CC-Link, Ver.1.10 specified Shielded, 3- & 5-core	No
DeviceNet	ODVA DeviceNet specified (5-core, various classes)	Yes
ControlNet	RG-6/U Coaxial	No
INTERBUS	3 / 6 no. twisted pairs, various	Yes
PROFIBUS DP	IEC 61158 Type A (22AWG?)	No

Why Single Twisted Pair?

- **Enables simple and cost-sensitive edge factory automation elements to migrate to Ethernet**
 - Large volumes
 - Low-end fieldbus devices
 - Previously hard-wired discrete devices
- **Expected benefits:**
 - Less complex to install
 - Lower cost
 - Smaller size, lower weight, more flexible, tighter bend radius, ...

Common size 22.5mm
Similar to Euro coin

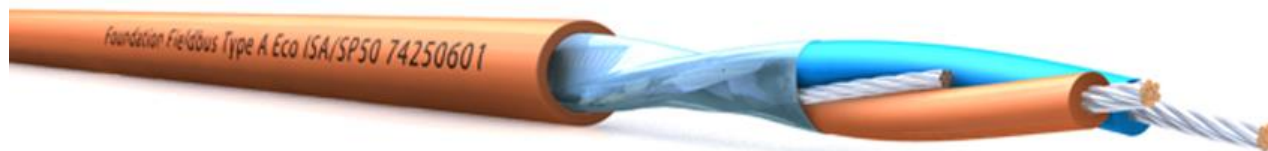


Examples



What about Power?

- **Low power operation is required**
- **Many devices require power delivery over the same pair**
 - **Enhancement of PoDL for extended reach to be considered**
- **Existing sensor solutions are often ‘loop powered’**
 - **Powered from analog current loop/fieldbus cable, e.g. ISA/SP50 Type A**
 - **Multiple gauges available: 18 AWG sample cable → 43.6 Ohms/km max loop resistance**
 - **Limited power availability today (~3.2mA @ 18Vdc = ~58mW)**
 - **Complex Process devices expected to not exceed 500mW total power budget**



Power Considerations – Intrinsic Safety

- Industrial Automation has stringent safety standards applied
- Required where some safety and mission critical systems involved
- Specific needs for explosion proof systems – Intrinsic Safety
 - Out of IEEE 802 scope
 - Certification is of the networked equipment – not of the IEEE PHY
 - The PHY should not preclude the design of IS networked equipment
 - Usually involves limitation of current, voltage and energy storage capabilities
 - Energy stored in 10/100 transformer exceeds limits

Why Limit this CFI to 10Mb/s?

- Preference for this CFI is to include one PHY development
 - Satisfies immediate pull from market addressing 'sweet spot'
 - Reduces complexity & minimises time to completion
- Establishes credibility in Ethernet as true consolidated fieldbus replacement
- Future CFI(s) can consider efforts at different rates
 - Address certain applications that would benefit from higher rate (>10Mb/s), extended reach, single pair solutions
 - Distance of existing single pair standards not long enough for some use cases
 - NAMUR and Industry vendors body (APL) agree on future (> 5 years) need for 100Mb/s

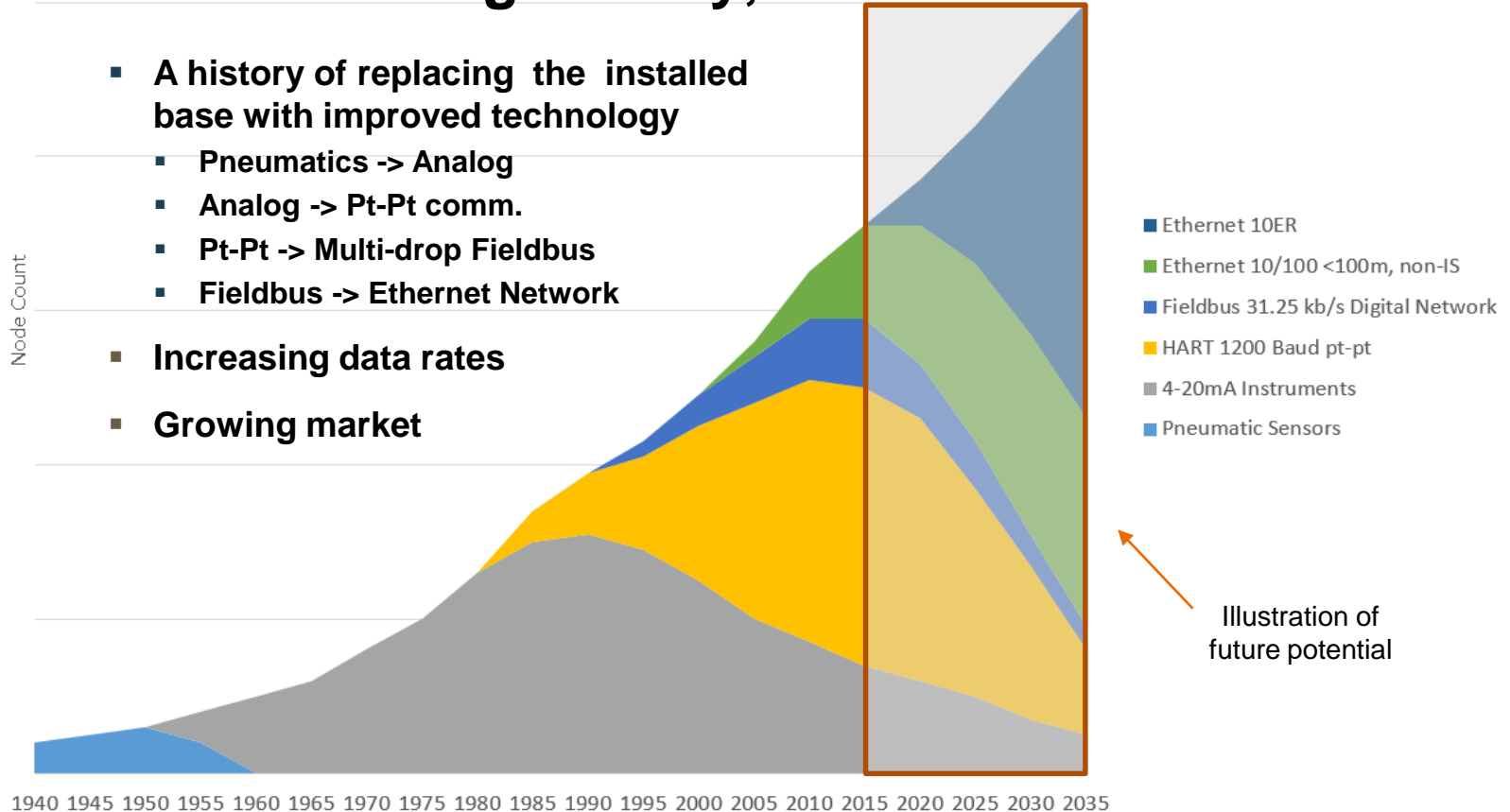
Target Markets

Target Markets

- **Industrial Automation** (The dominant driving market for this CFI)
 - Process Automation
 - Factory Automation
- **Building Automation**¹
 - Lighting Systems
 - HVAC
 - Security
 - Fire
 - Residential
- **New Applications**

¹Further information see: July 2014 IEEE 802 BoF “I Feel the Need... for Low Speed” (Carlson/Kennedy)

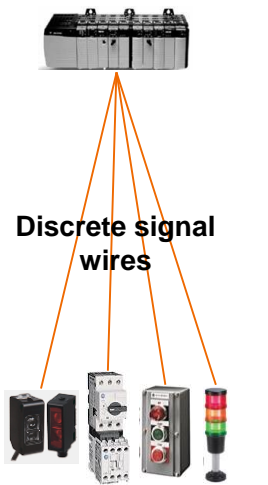
Process Automation Networking History, Trends & Growth



- A history of replacing the installed base with improved technology
 - Pneumatics -> Analog
 - Analog -> Pt-Pt comm.
 - Pt-Pt -> Multi-drop Fieldbus
 - Fieldbus -> Ethernet Network
- Increasing data rates
- Growing market

Illustration of future potential

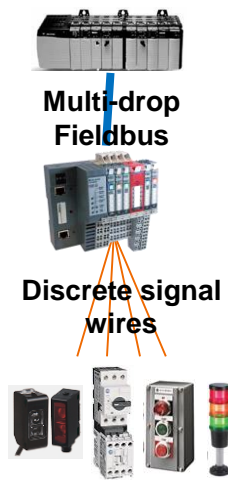
Discrete Automation: Networking History & Trends



Discrete signal wires

Local I/O
discrete wires,
Dumb devices

1980s

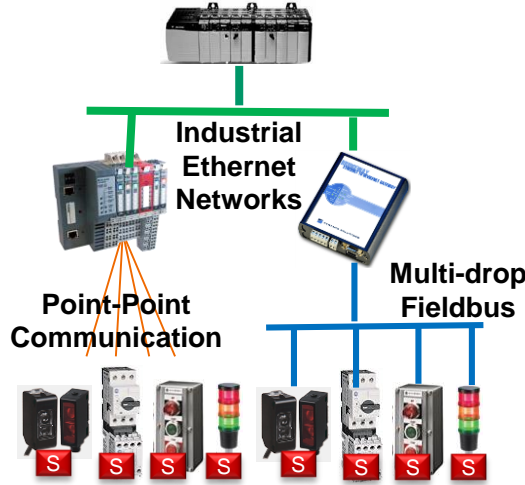


Multi-drop
Fieldbus

Discrete signal wires

Remote I/O
Fieldbus,
Dumb devices

1990s



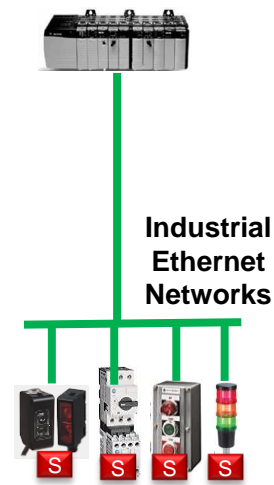
Industrial
Ethernet
Networks

Point-Point
Communication

Multi-drop
Fieldbus

Industrial Ethernet
interconnecting multi-drop
Fieldbus and point-point for
smart devices

2000s-2010s

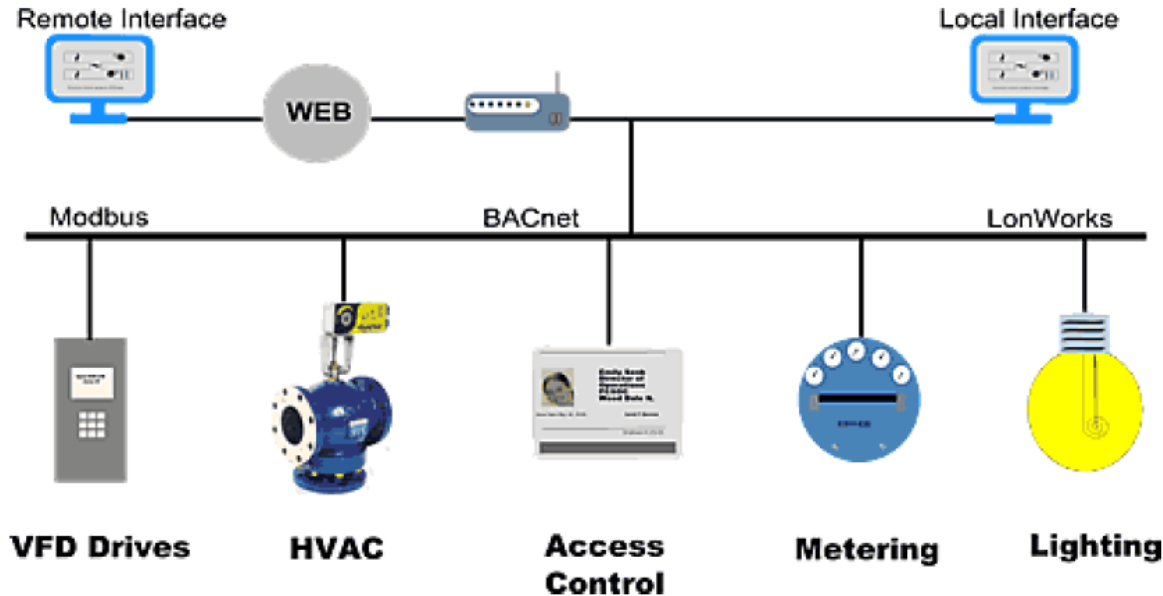


Industrial
Ethernet
Networks

Native Industrial
Ethernet smart devices?

2020s?

Building Automation Architecture

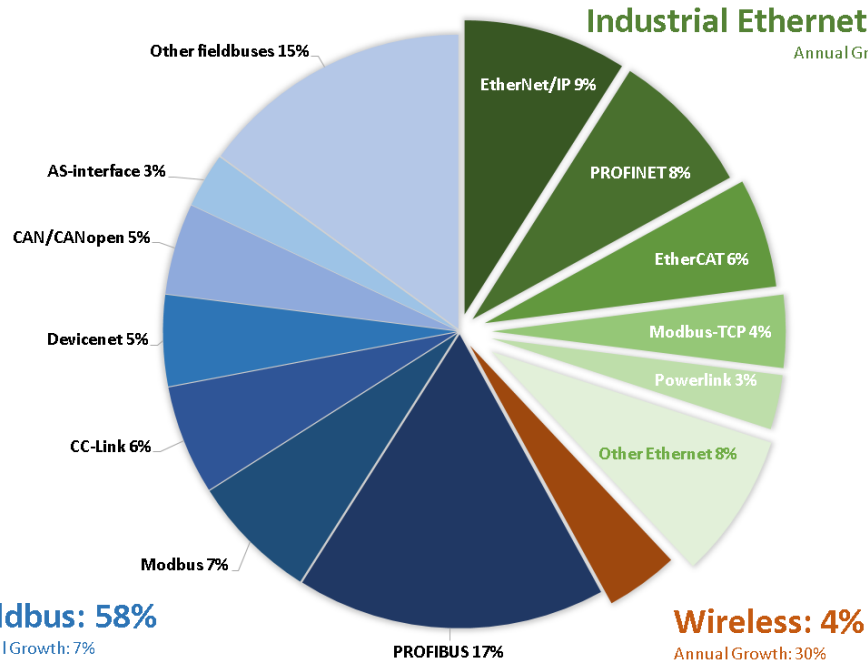


- Fragmentation...
 - Modbus: RS232/485
 - BACnet: RS485
 - LonWorks: Proprietary
- Multiple gateways needed
- Desire to converge on **one** network type

Credit: Steve Carlson/Lynn Kennedy, IEEE 802 BoF, July 2014.

Market Potential

Current Industrial Network Share



Data Source: HMS Networks, March 2016

- Entire market is growing
 - Fieldbus (58%), 7% growth
 - Ethernet (38%), **20% growth**
 - Limited wireless adoption
- Despite greater growth rate today, Ethernet will hit a roadblock
 - Without this CFI, existing Ethernet cannot match key Fieldbus capabilities
- Significant number of protocols
 - Ethernet protocols can share common hardware
 - Fieldbuses have unique hardware

Industrial Networking Market Size

- Converged data is challenging to align
 - Various reporting techniques
 - May or may not include analog only solutions
 - Varying vintage of information
 - May not fully capture recent growth trajectory of Ethernet
 - Potential biases of representative organisations

Source	Vintage	Ports/Year Estimate
IHS	2013	175M
PNO	2015	52M
CLPA	2013	72M
IHS/ARC	2012/2015	136M
	Mean	109M

Building Automation Market Size

- **Placeholder**
 - Placeholder

Target Market Size – Summary

- Based on current port count without projected growth, mid-range estimate could suggest [100M + **BA number**] ports/year.
- Estimate 50-60% can be served by new Ethernet PHY
- Potential market of **50M + xxx** ports/year and growing
- New Ethernet-based technology (CFI subject) can provide greater growth through additional application enablement

Technical Feasibility

Related Implementations

- **Proprietary PHYs**
 - **Pepperl + Fuchs demonstrator**
 - http://www.pepperl-fuchs.com/global/downloads_ENU/PR-2016-23023PA-ENG.pdf
 - **BroadR-Reach ®**
 - <https://community.broadcom.com/docs/DOC-1274>
- **Relevant past generation IEEE PHYs**
 - **10PASS-TS (IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 61 & Clause 62)**
 - 10 Mb/s, 750 meters, single copper pair, variable rate
 - **2BASE-TL (IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 61 & Clause 63)**
 - 2 Mb/s, 2.7 km, full-duplex, voice-grade copper wiring, variable rate
- **ITU-T G.992.2 VDSL2**

CFI Proposal

High Level Summary

- Clear demand for complete Ethernet-based solution throughout facility/factory/plant
 - Multi-drop fieldbuses and point-to-point digital and analog links need an Ethernet replacement
- 10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Pair Ethernet meets the need
 - Consolidate hugely fragmented fieldbus market to unified Ethernet-based solution
 - Enable Industrial IoT applications and new markets – e.g. big data analytics, smart sensors, streaming video
 - Single pair for ease of install and enabling cable reuse
 - Power delivery
- Large market potential for 10Mb/s extended reach single pair Ethernet
 - 50M+ ports/yr for industrial automation
 - **TBD** for building automation
- Technical feasibility demonstrated

Why Now and Why in IEEE 802.3?

- The industry is requesting it
- It's Ethernet – it belongs in IEEE 802.3
 - IEEE 802.3 is recognized as the international standard for Ethernet
 - Responsible for Ethernet physical layers
- The effort should start now to meet the industry adoption timeline
 - Late 2019 for product introduction to market

10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY Q&A

15 Minutes

Straw Polls

Straw Poll

xxx Number of people in the room

__xx_ Individuals who would attend and contribute to a

10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY Study Group

__xx_ Companies that support the formation of a

10Mb/s Extended Reach Single Twisted Pair Ethernet PHY Study Group

Thank you!