

# An AC Method For Load Disconnect Detection “Current Pulse”

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*AC Load Disconnect Detection*

**OUTLINE:**

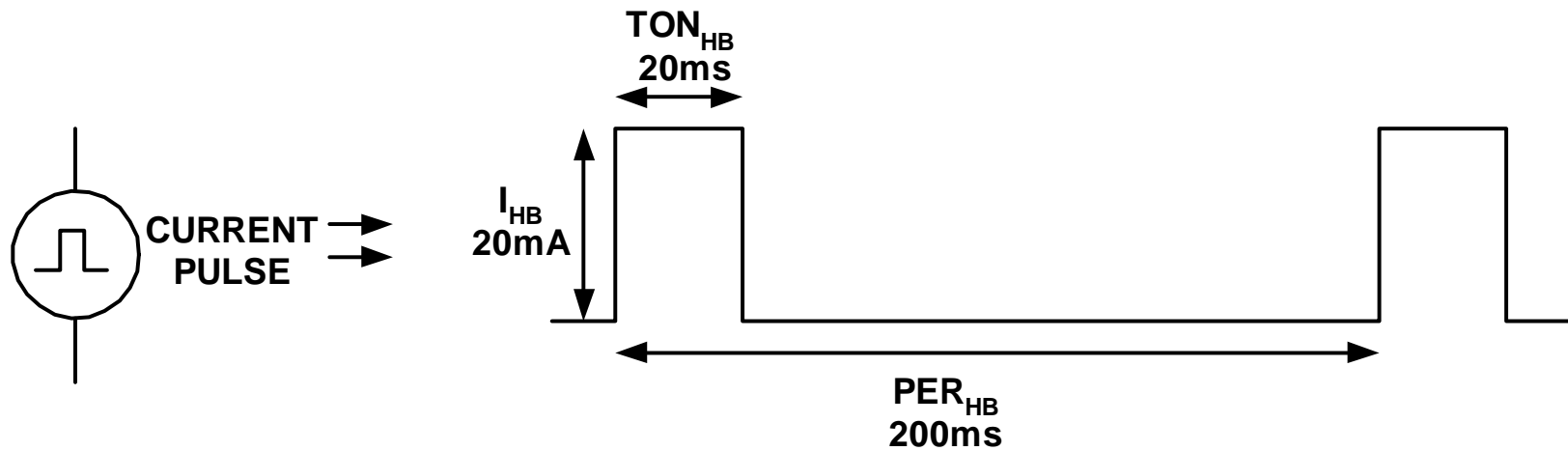
- The Purpose
- The Concept
- System Considerations
- Current Pulse Worst Case Simulations
- Solving Input Step Problem
- Discrete Detection Implementation Examples
- Next Steps
- Summary

## **THE PURPOSE:**

- To Reliably Detect A PD Disconnection From A Powered Port Using A Method That Is Different Than The Patented DC Detection Scheme.

## **THE CONCEPT:**

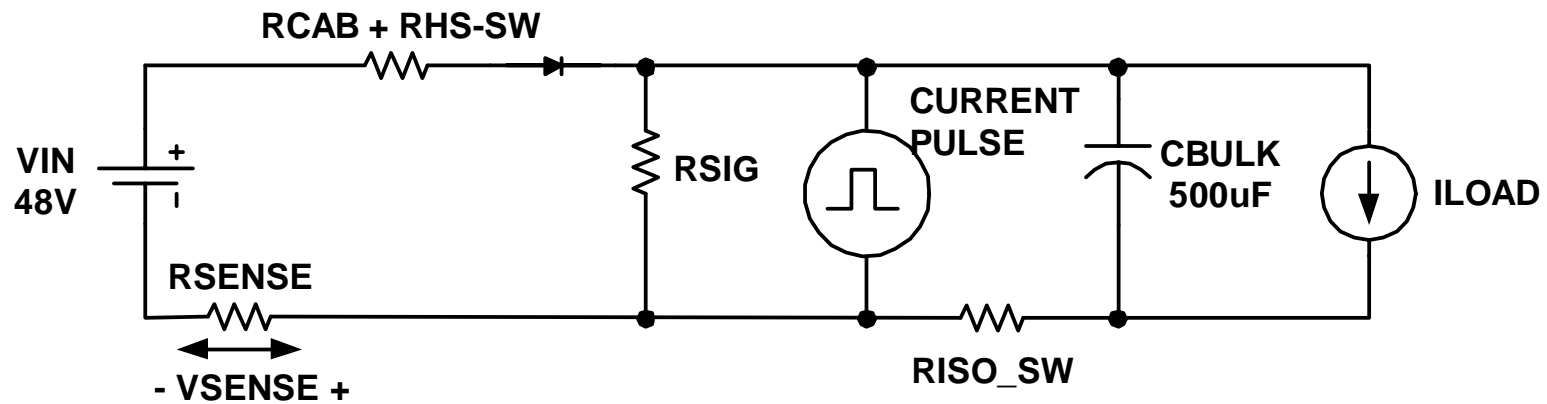
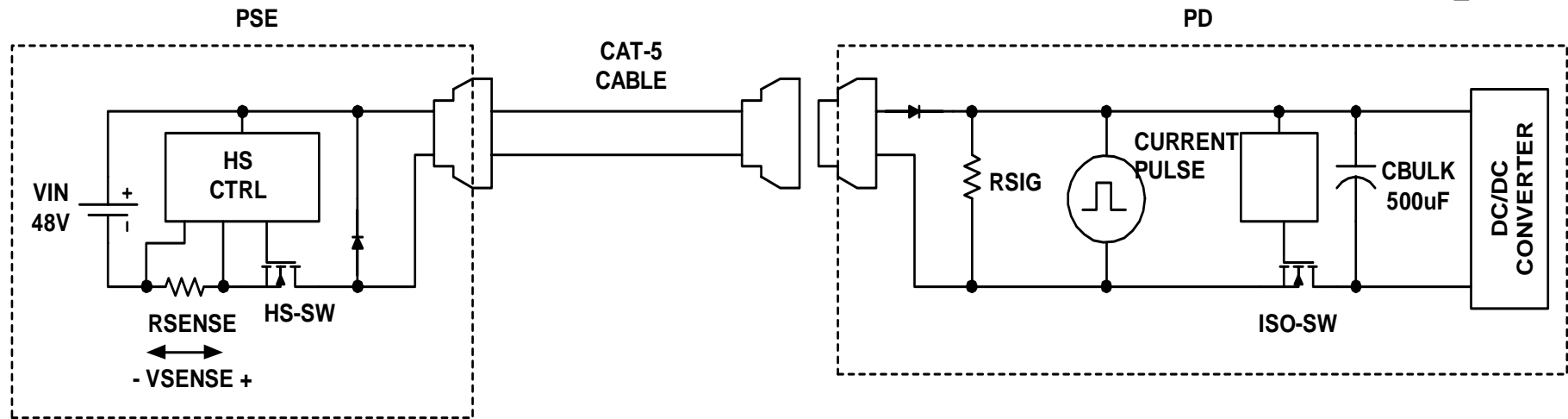
- Introducing A Pulse Current (Current Pulse) At The PD Side During Normal Power Phase
- Pulse Current Is Detected At The PSE Side, Indicating That The PD Is Connected To The Port
- Pulse Current Not Detected Indicates PD Is No Longer Connected To The Port.



$$P_{HB} = I_{HB} \cdot V_{IN} \cdot \frac{T_{ON}}{PER_{HB}} = 20mA \cdot 48V \cdot \frac{20ms}{200ms} = 96mW$$

# Current Pulse

## The Concept



**SYSTEM CONSIDERATION:**

- Detection Robustness:
  - Reliably Detecting The Current Pulse
  - Detecting Under Worst Case Condition
  - Detecting During An Input Voltage Step From 57V to 44V and Vice Versa.
  - Detecting During An Output Load Step From 350mA 0mA and Vice Versa. Detecting At Zero Load Current.
  - Immunity To System Noise (50/60Hz Power Line, Dc-Dc Converter Switching Frequency Noise, EMI, etc.)

## **SYSTEM CONSIDERATION (Cont.):**

- Power Dissipation: 96mW at 48V
- Cost: Only A Small Fraction Of The PD Front End Cost (<5%).
- Ease Of Implementation: For Both Integrated and Discrete Solutions



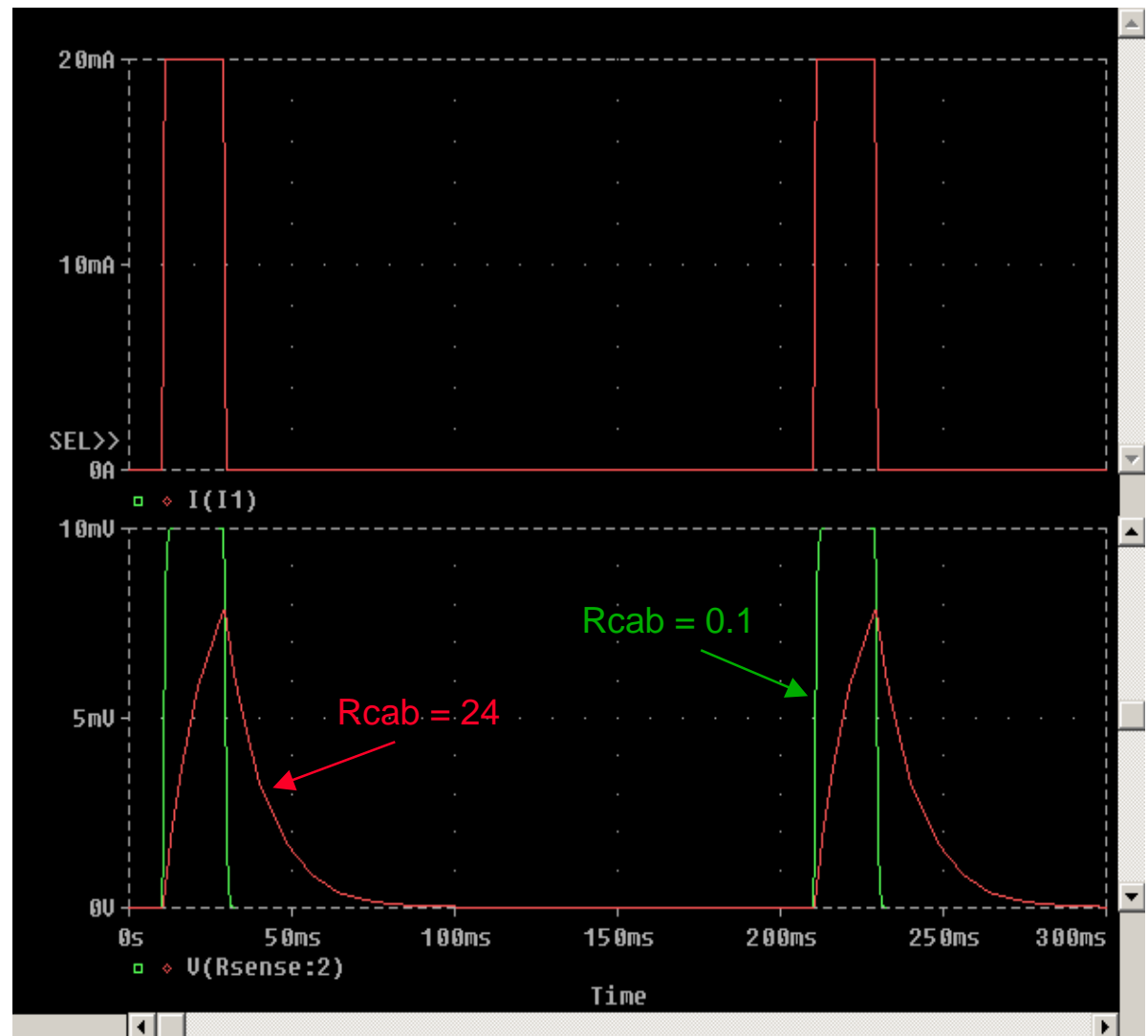
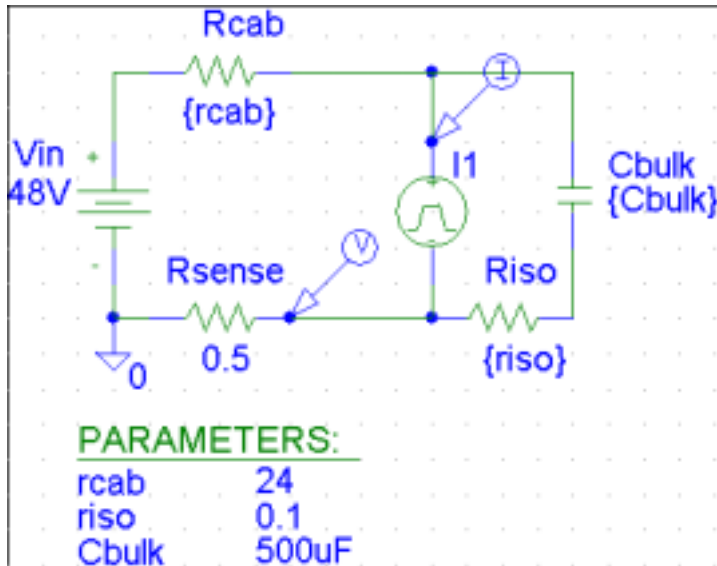
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*Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation*

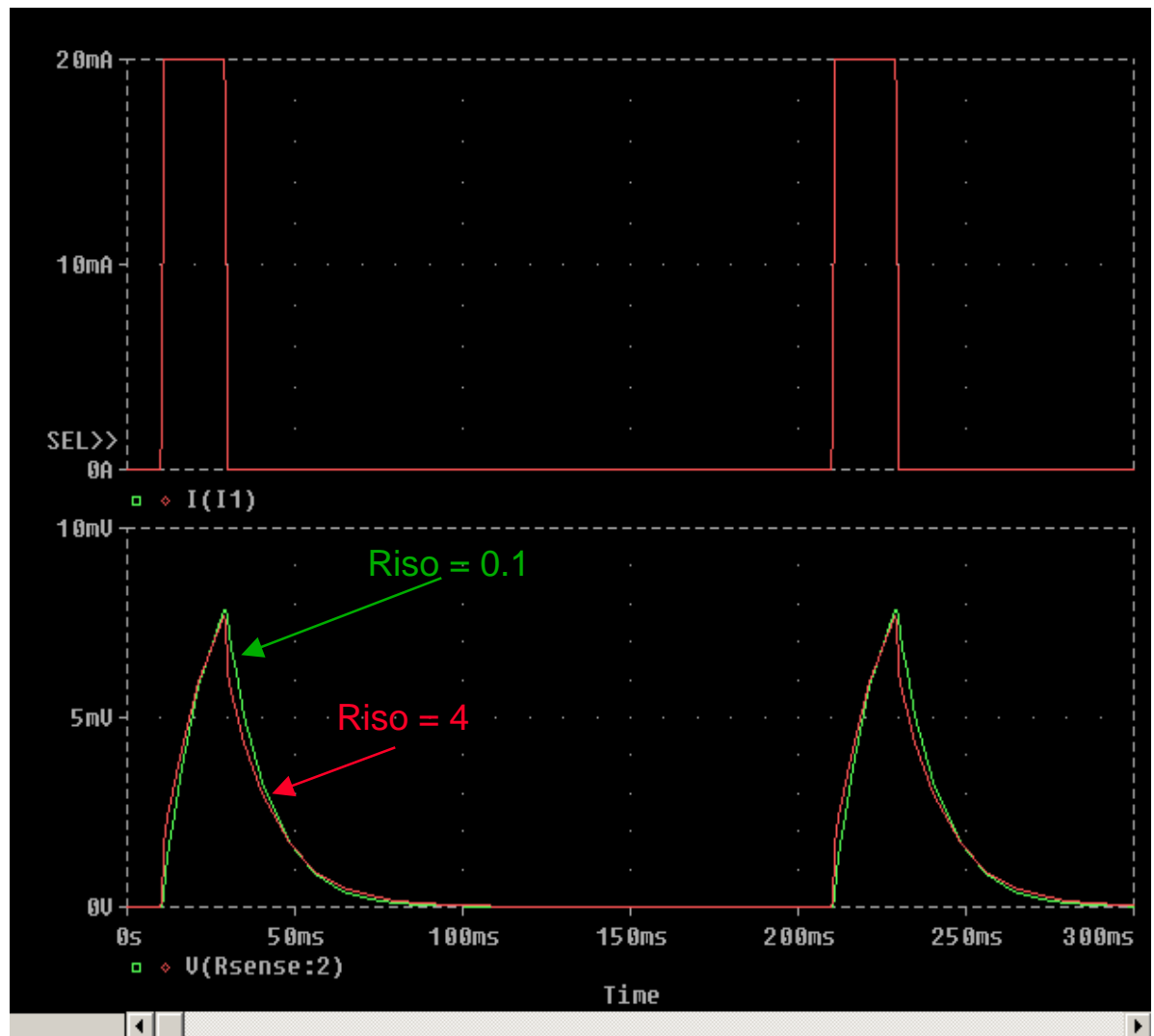
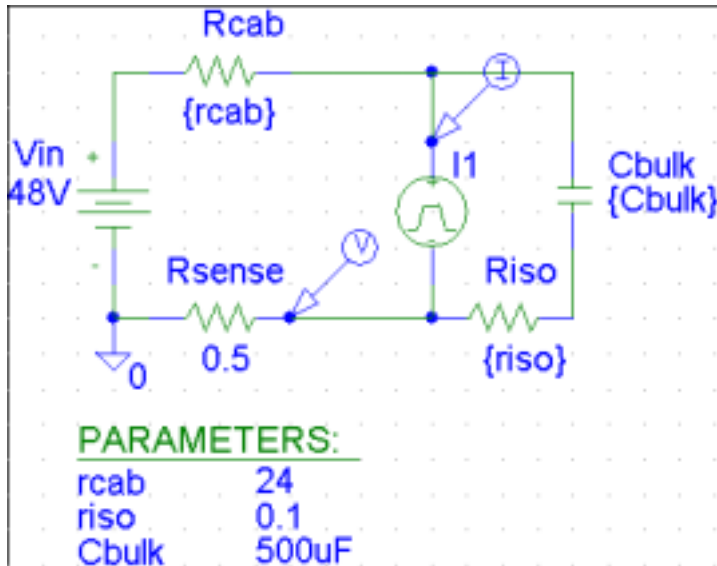
**Current Pulse WORST CASE SIMULATION:**

- Bulk Capacitor At 500uF And 0 Ohm ESR
- CAT-5 Cable Resistance At 20 Ohm
- ISO-SW At Minimum Resistance (100m Ohm)
- HS-SW At Maximum Resistance (4 Ohm)

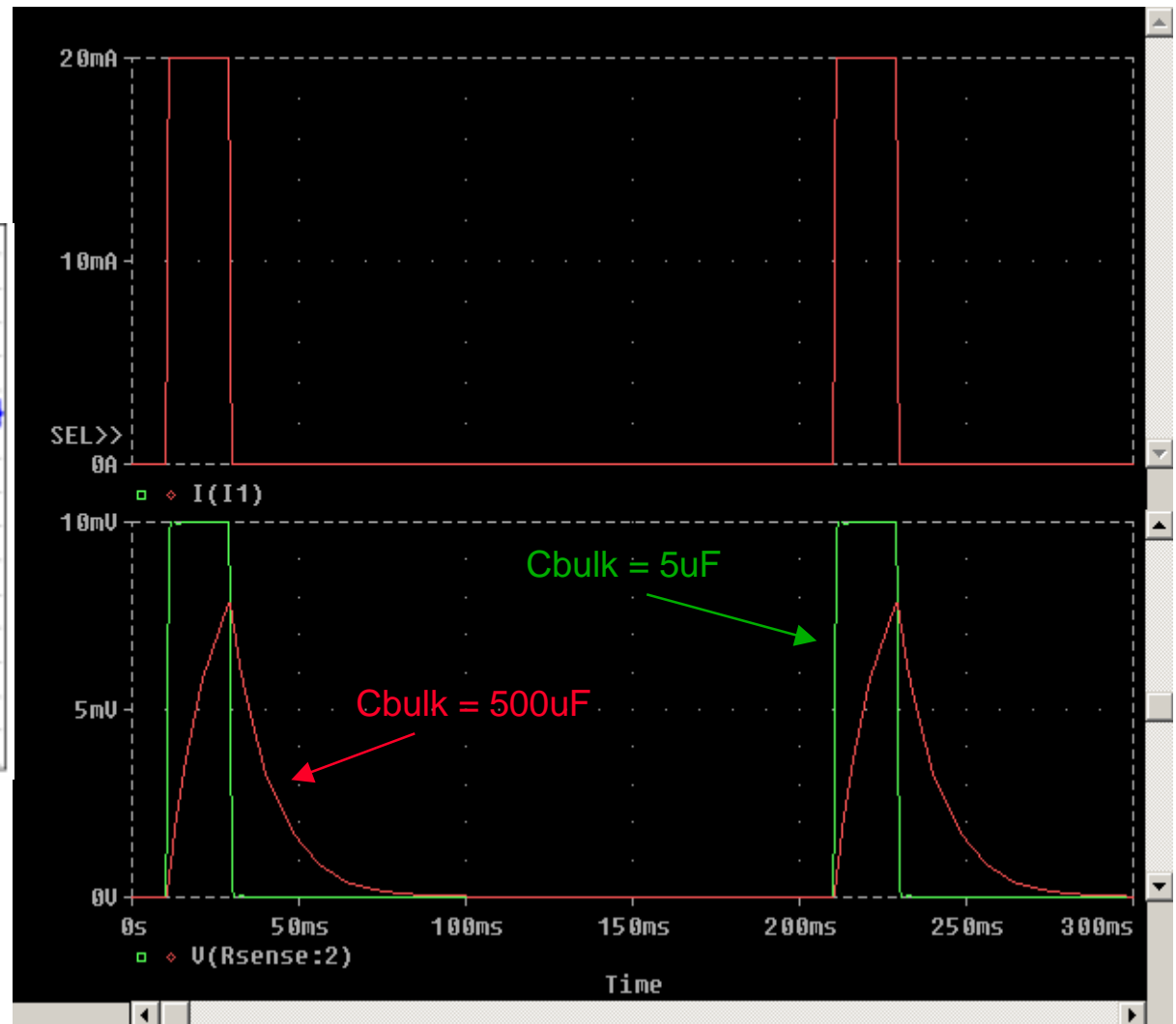
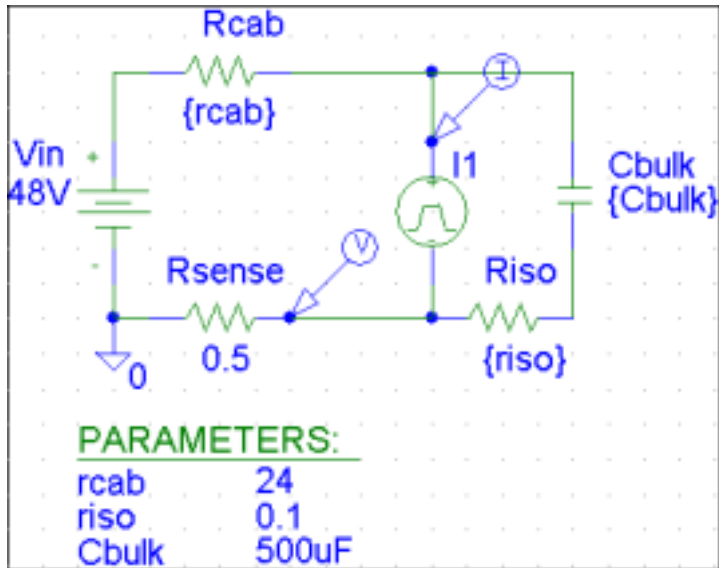
## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation



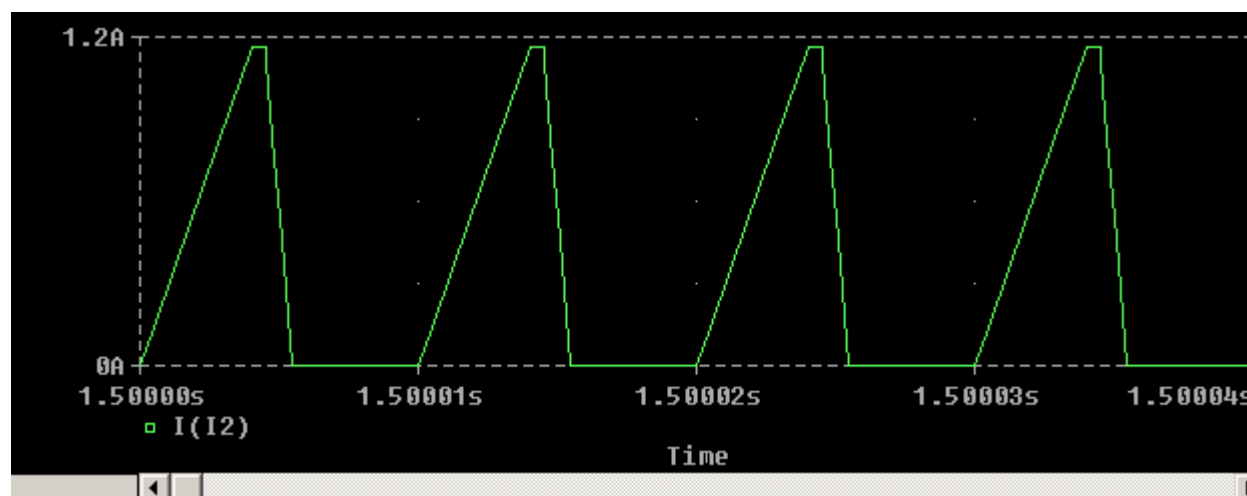
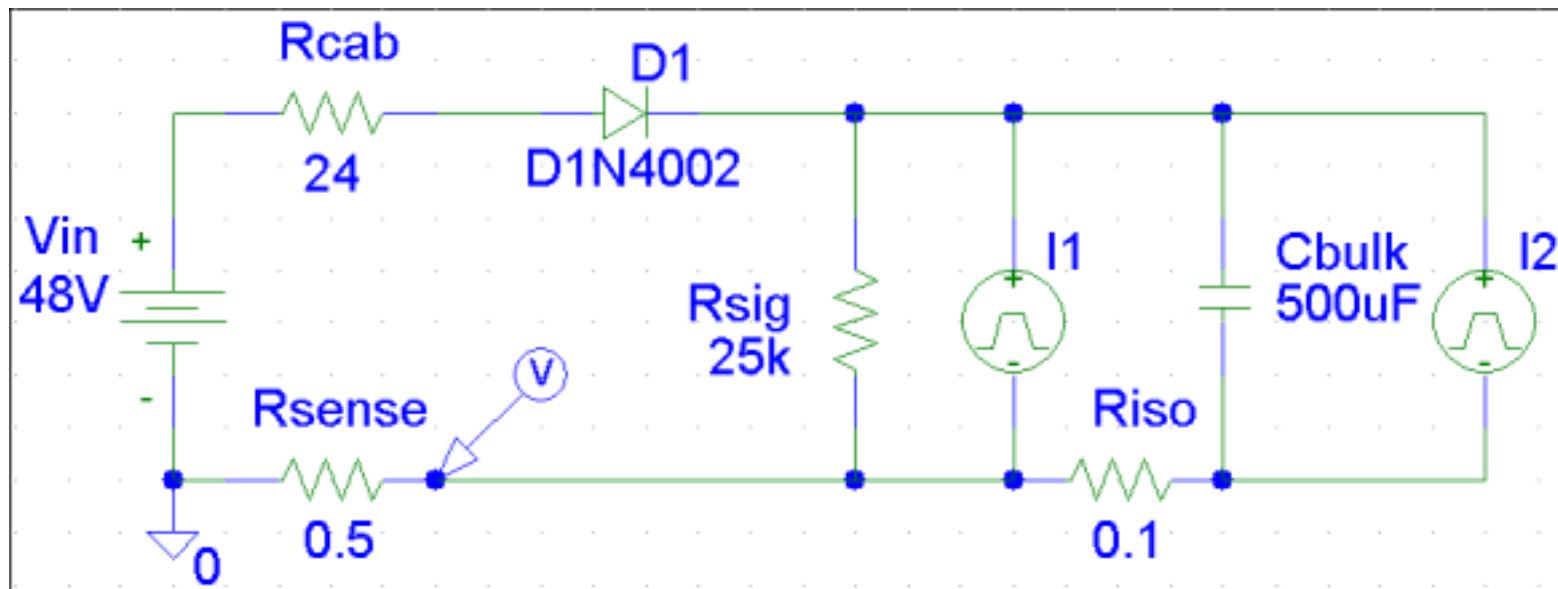
## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation



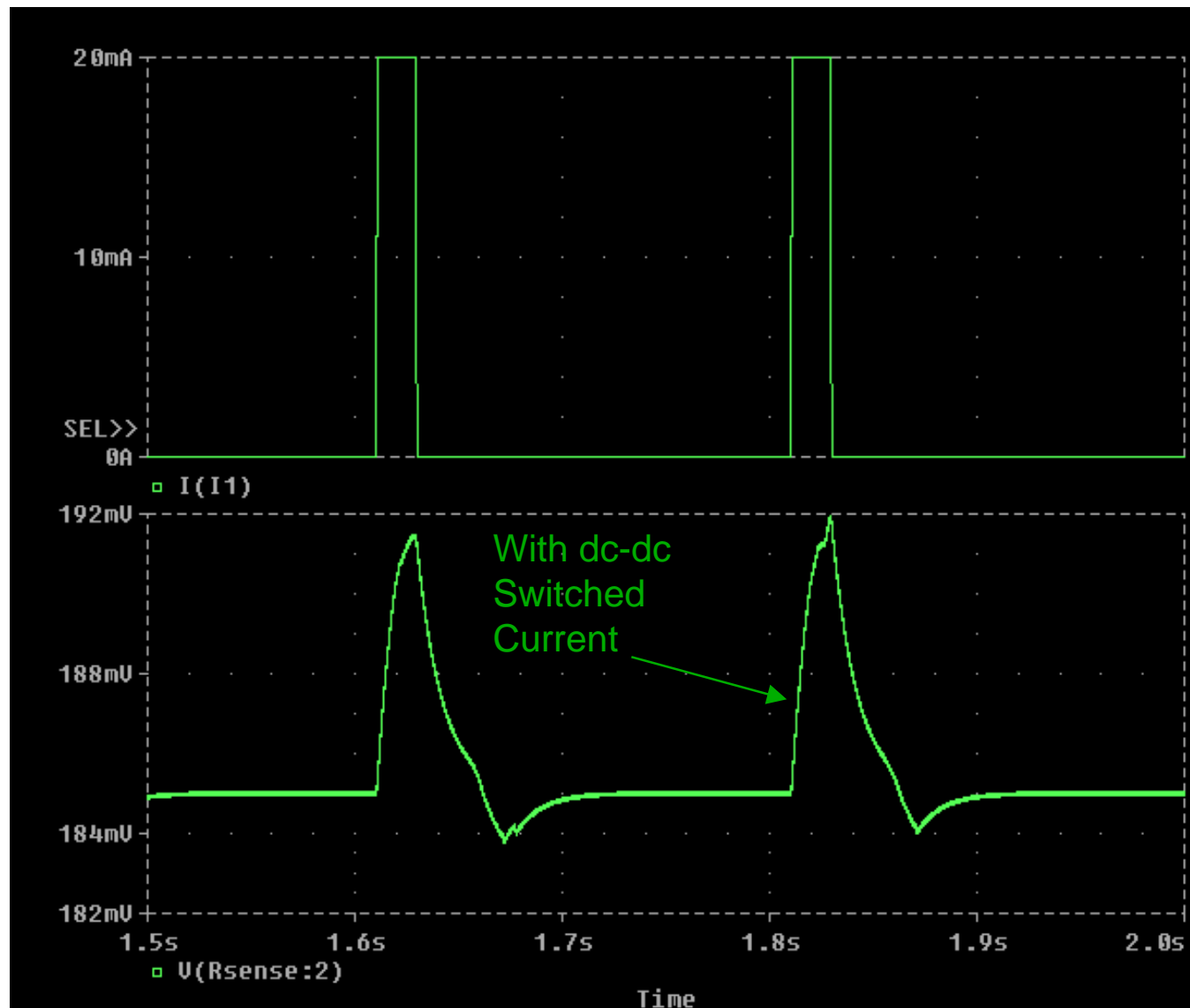
## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation



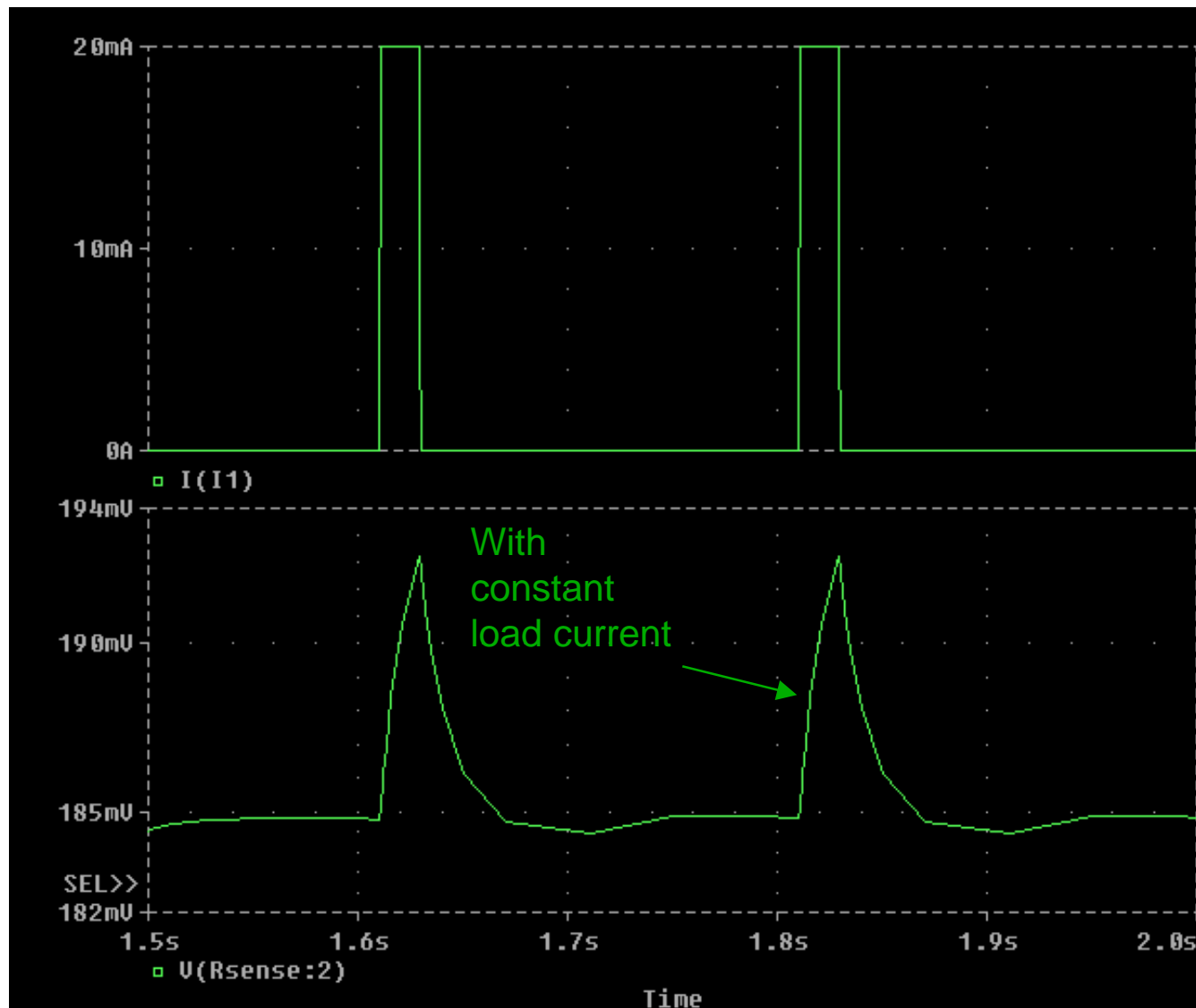
# Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation



## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation

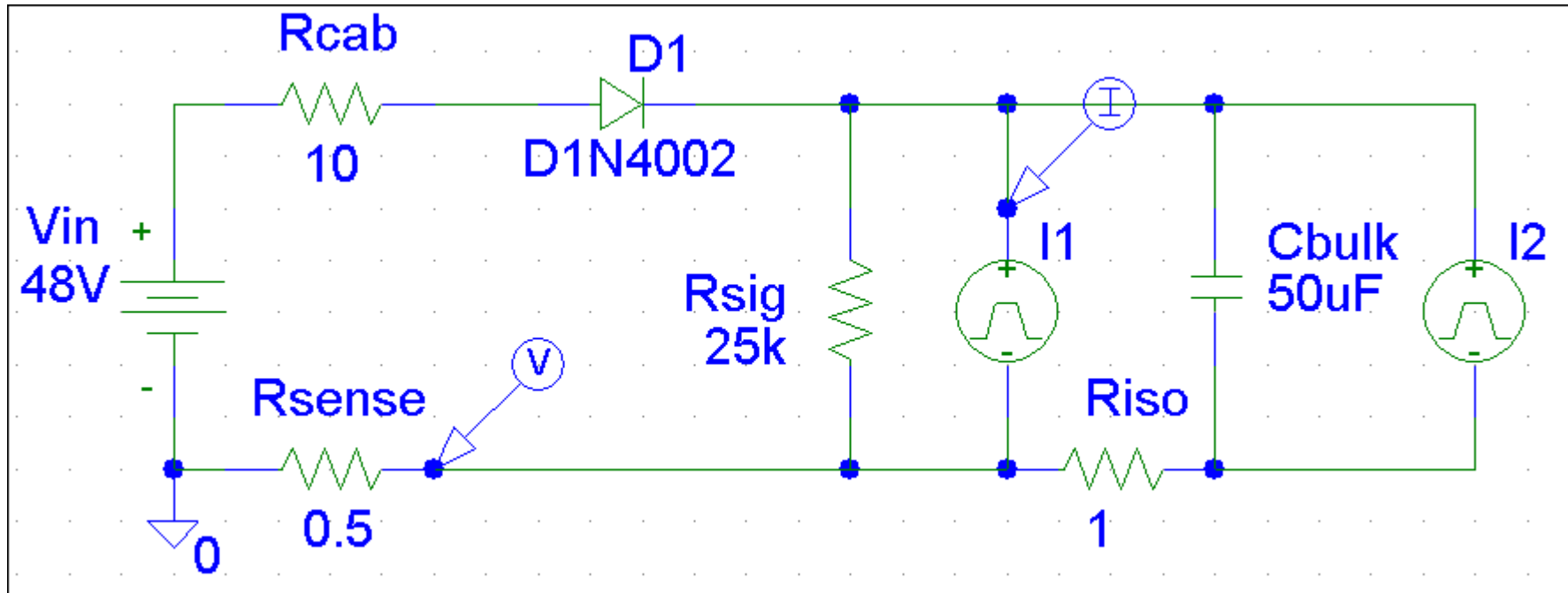


## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation



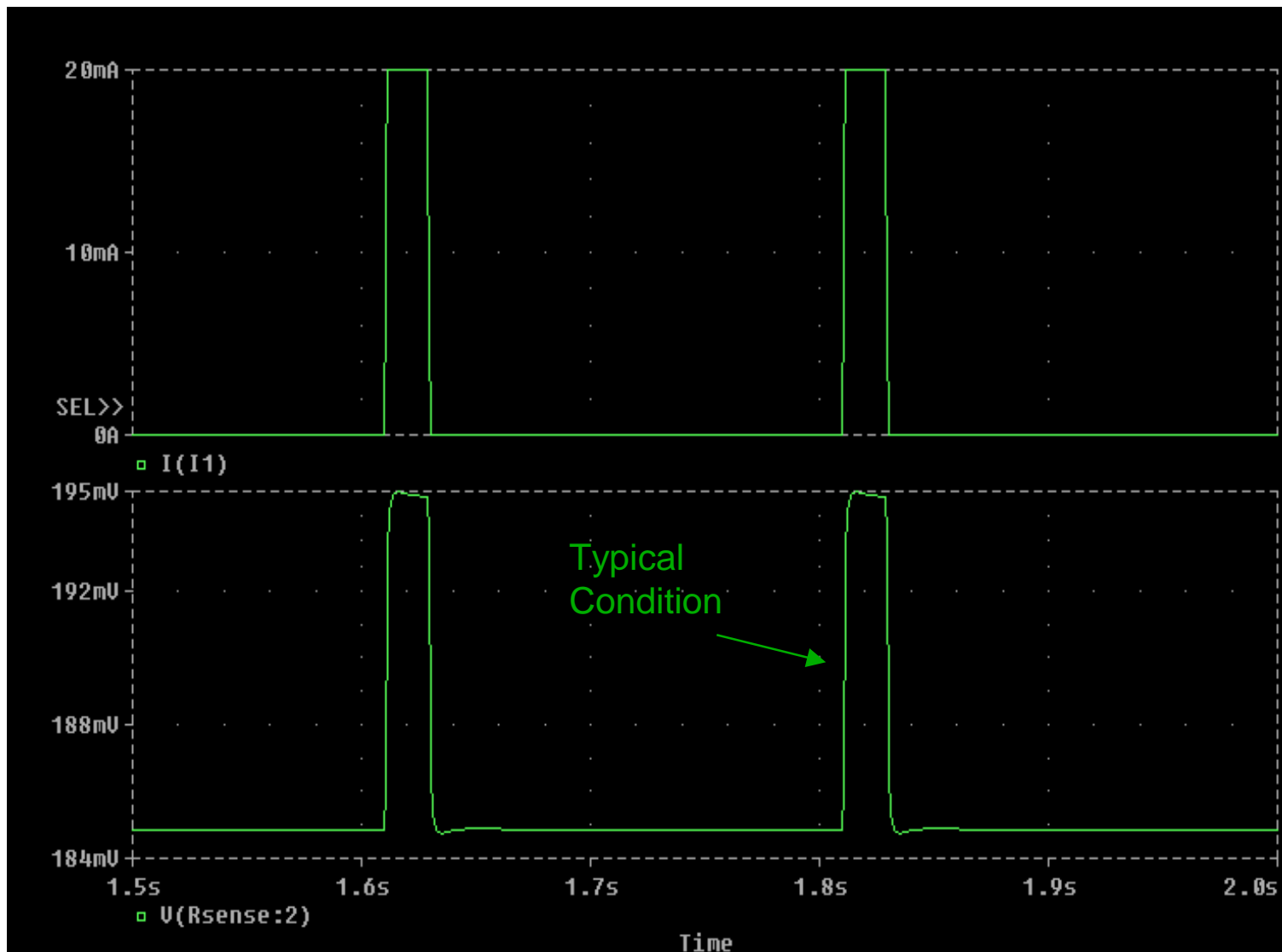
## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation

### Typical Condition





## Current Pulse Worst Case Simulation

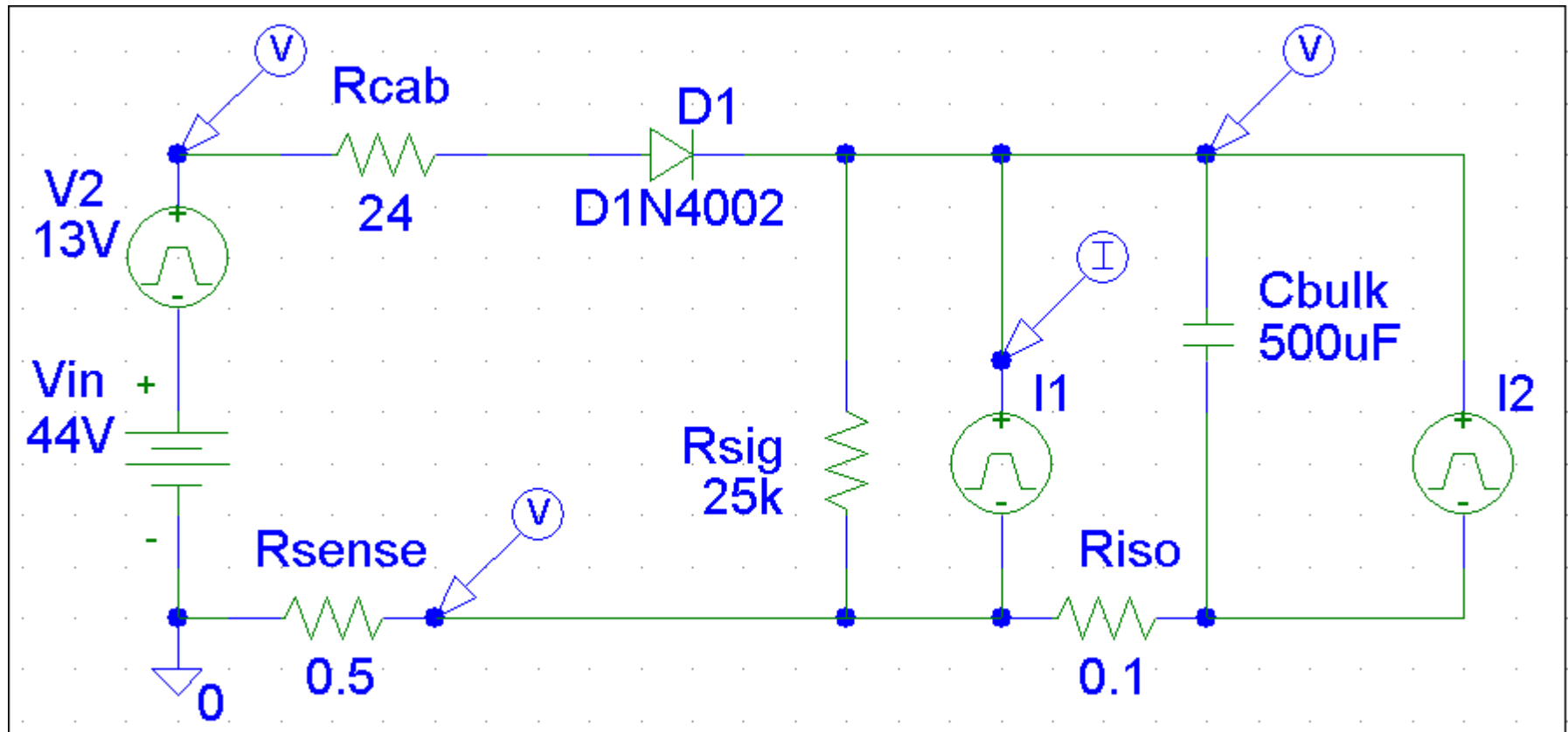


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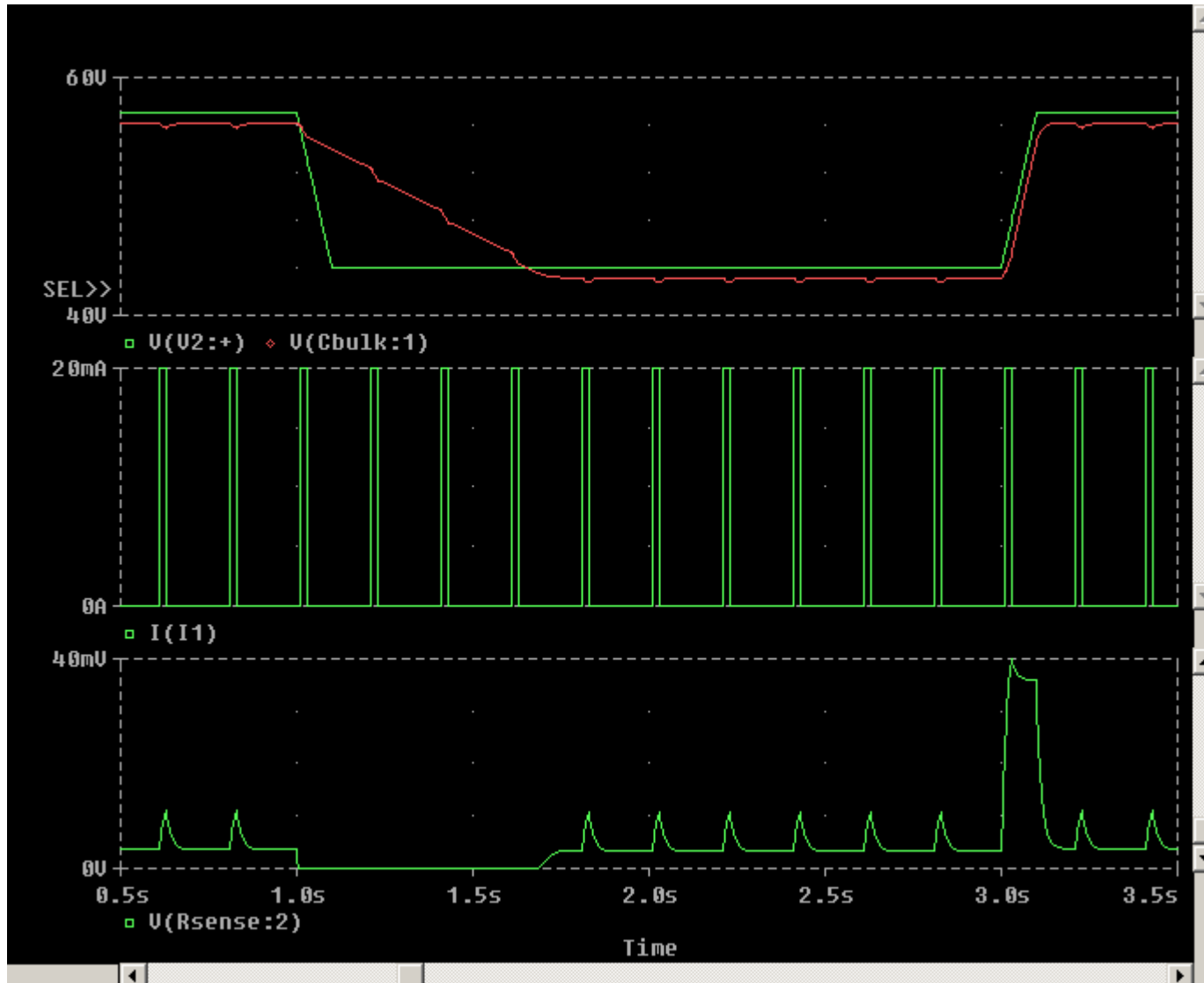
*Solving Input Voltage Step Problem***SOLVING INPUT VOLTAGE STEP PROBLEM**

- When The Input Voltage,  $V_{in}$ , Steps From 57V To 44V, The Reverse Protection Diode On The PD Blocks Any Current Information (Including The Current Pulse) From The PD To The PSE Until The CBULK Voltage Discharges Down To  $V_{in} - V_{diode}$ . The Problem Is Worst At Light Load.

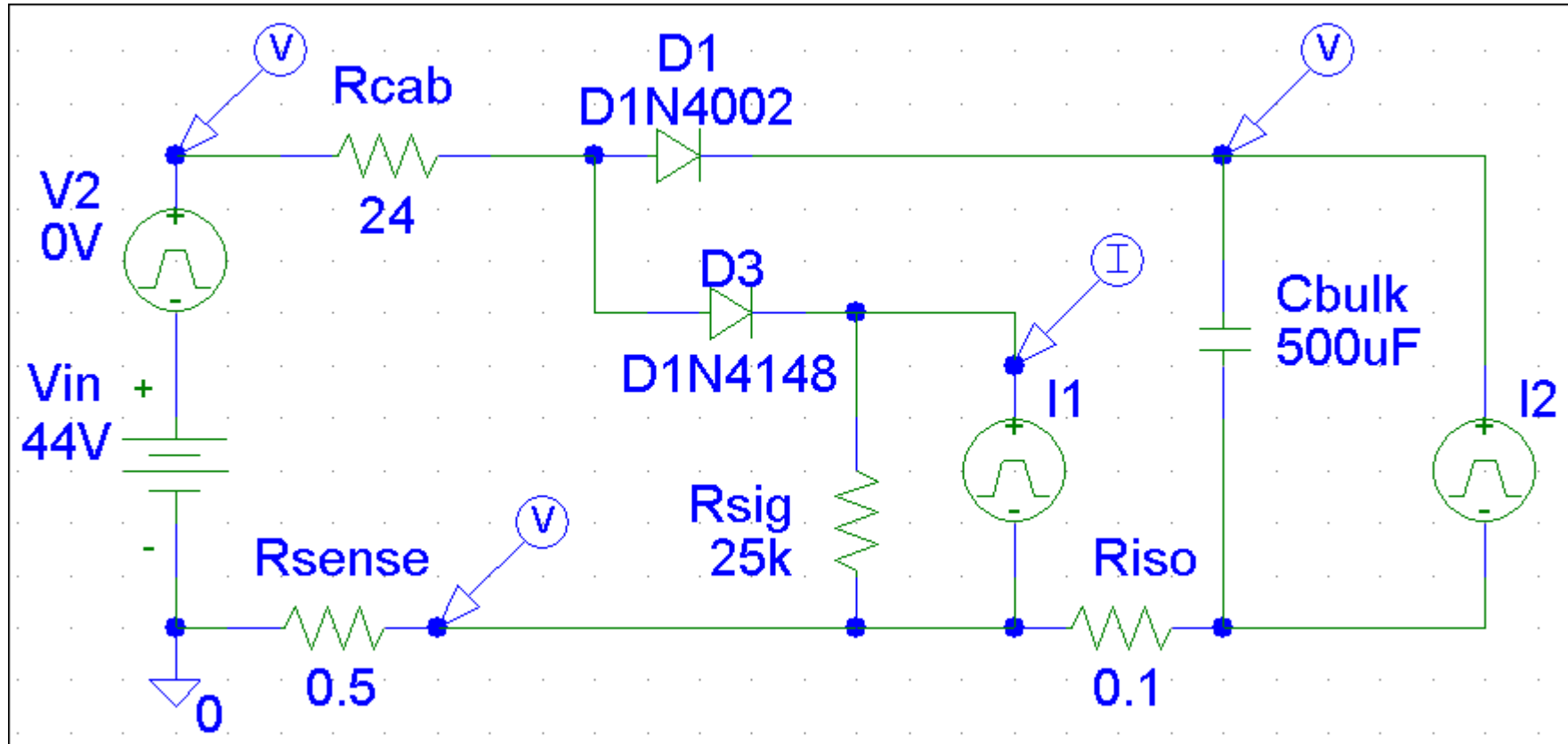
## Solving Input Voltage Step Problem



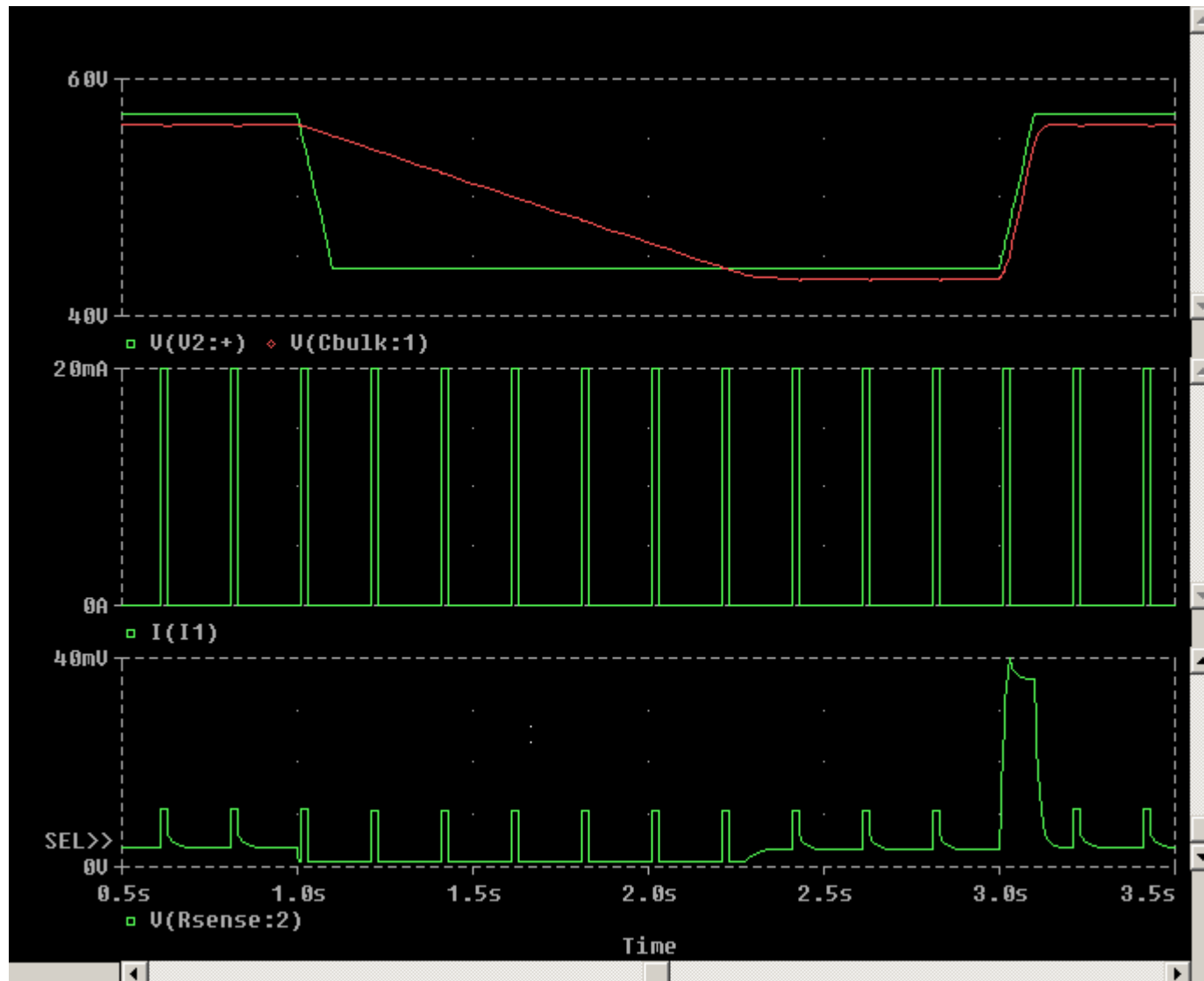
## Solving Input Voltage Step Problem



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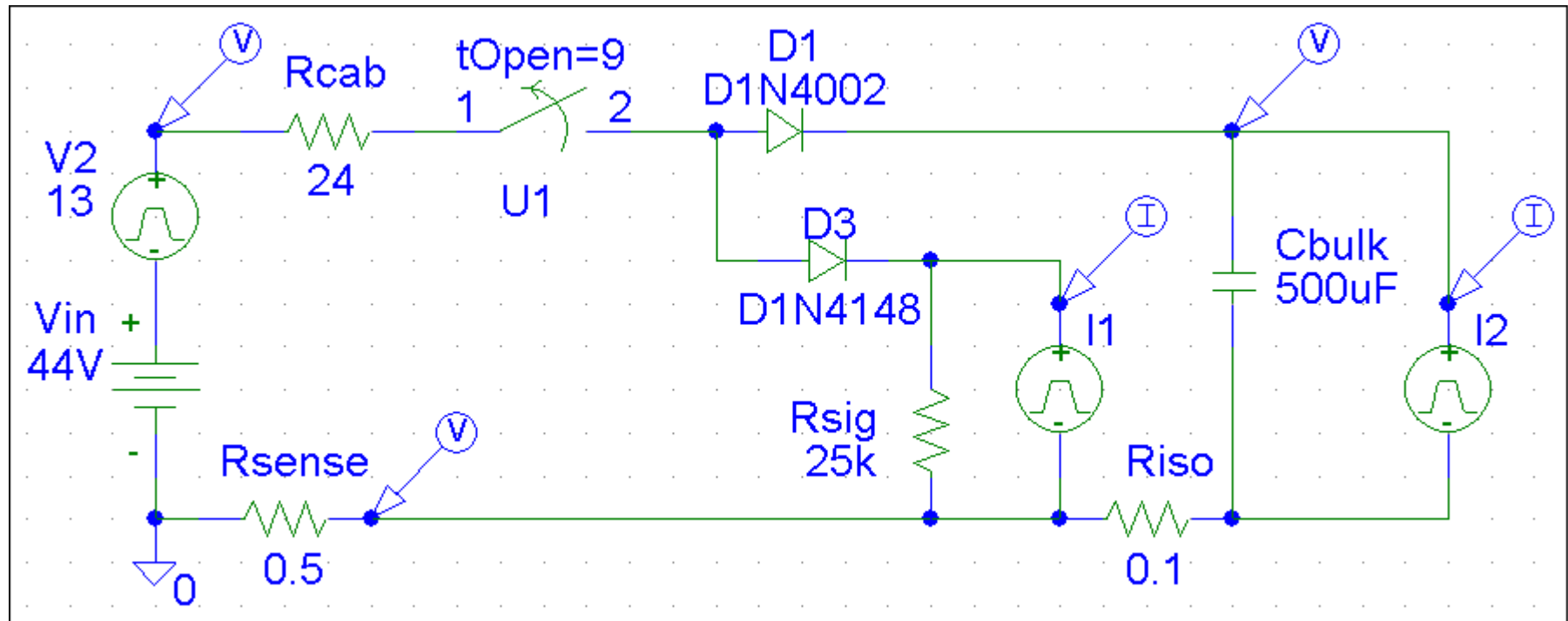


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*Discrete Detection Examples***Discrete Detection Implementation Examples:**

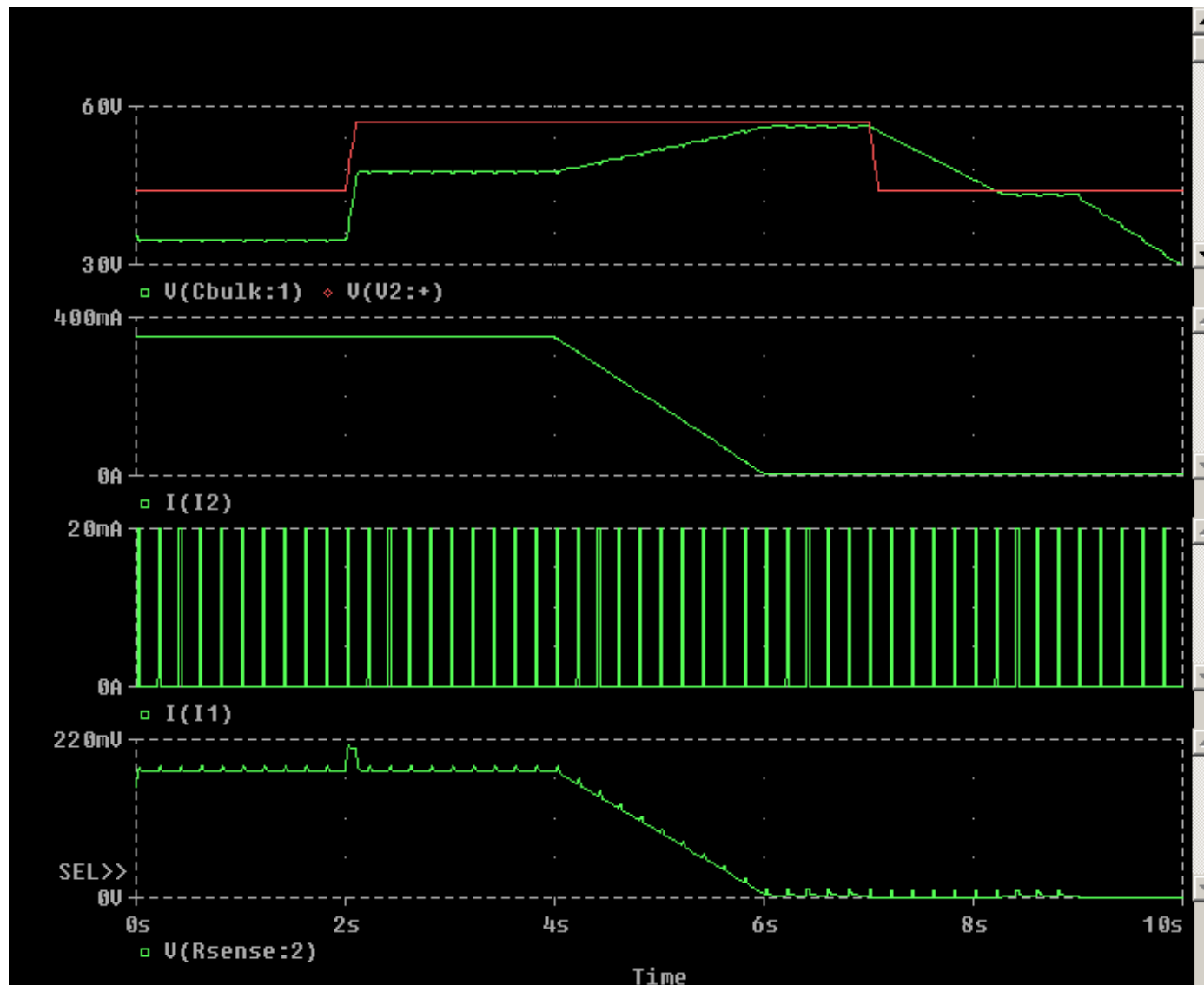
- Example 1: Use Band Pass Filter To Re-Condition  $V_{rsense}$ . Then Compare It With A Fixed DC Voltage Reference
- Example 2: Compare  $V_{rsense}$  With A Reference That Tracks  $V_{rsense}$  DC Offset

# Current Pulse Discrete Detection Examples

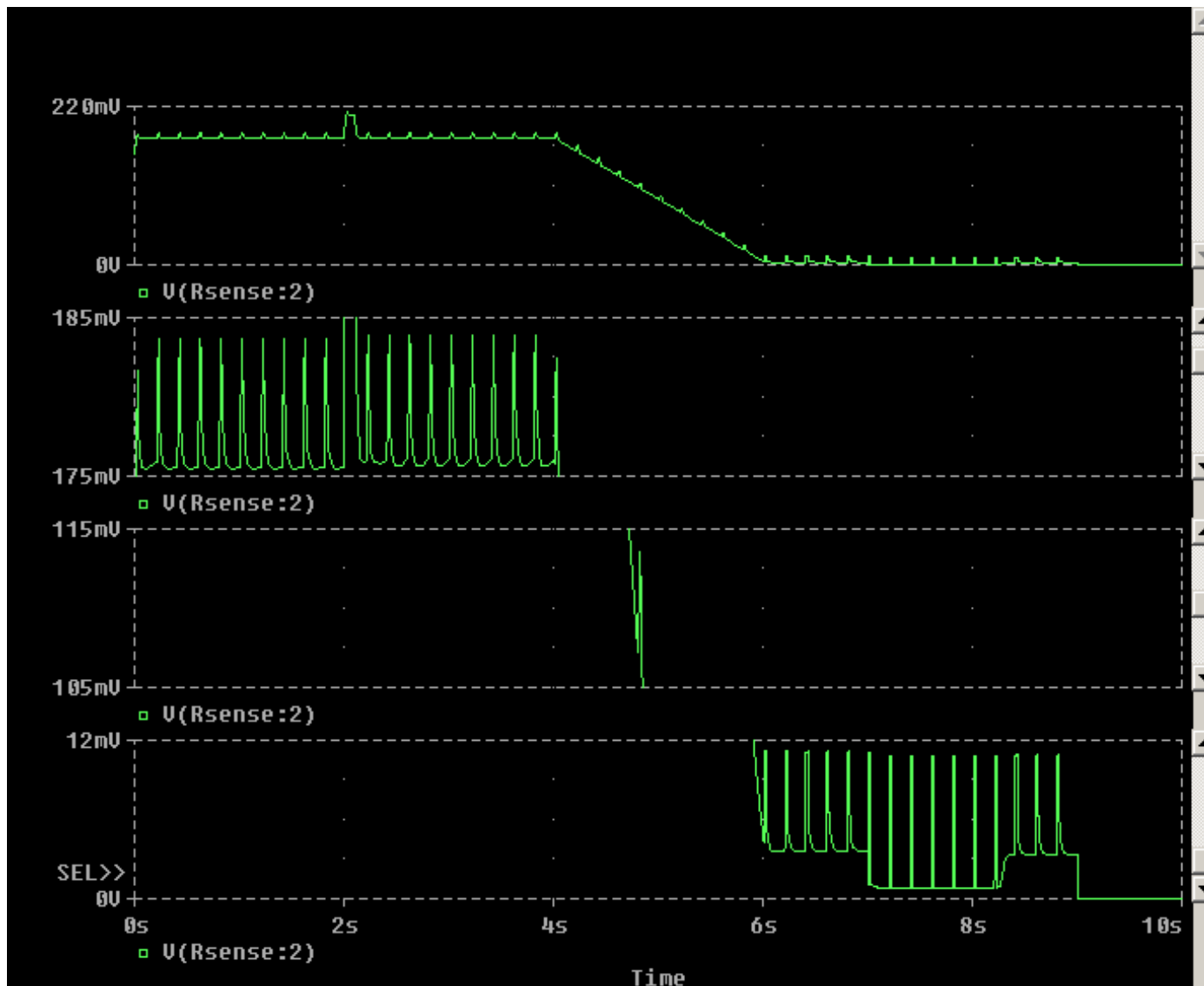




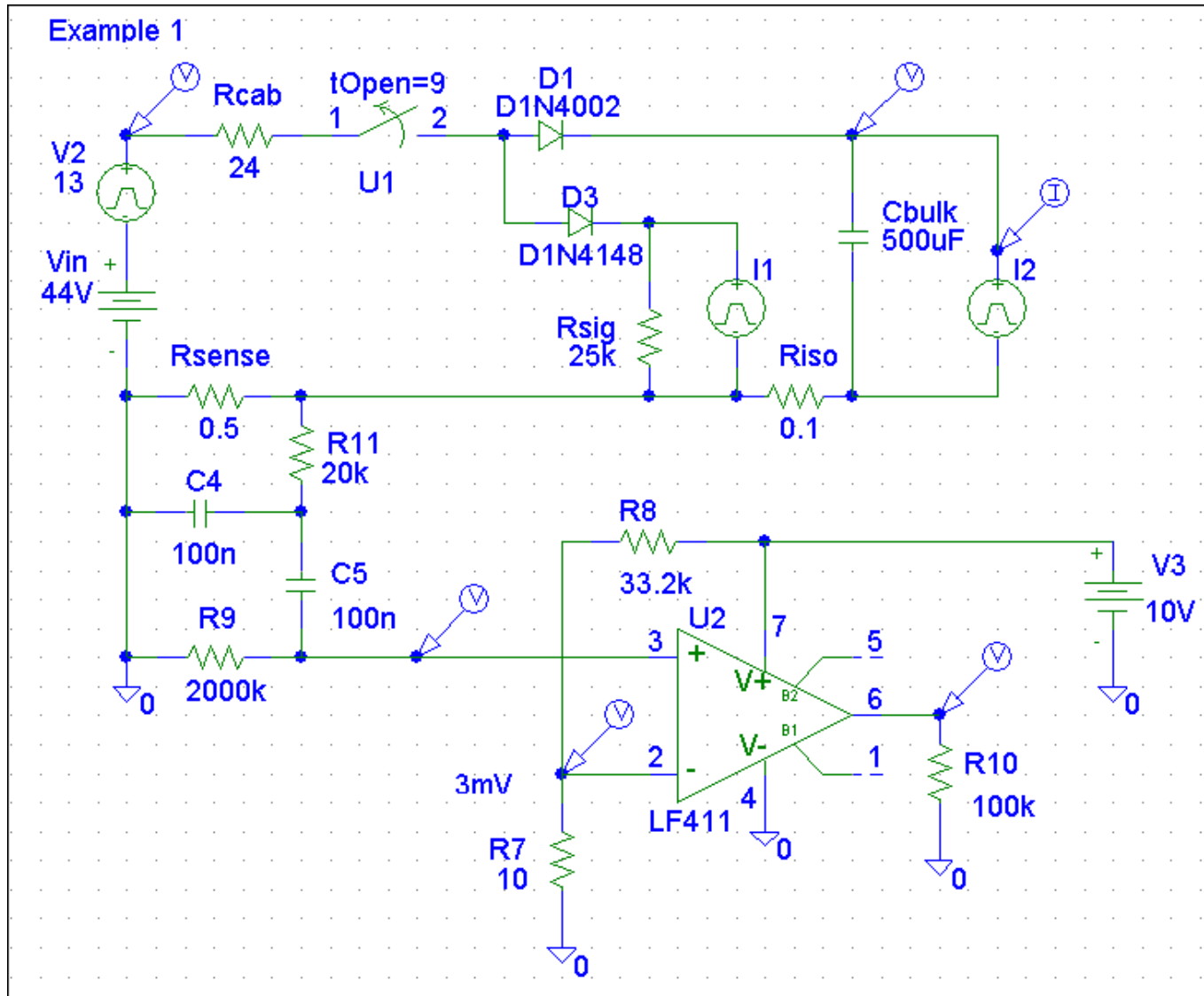
## Discrete Detection Examples



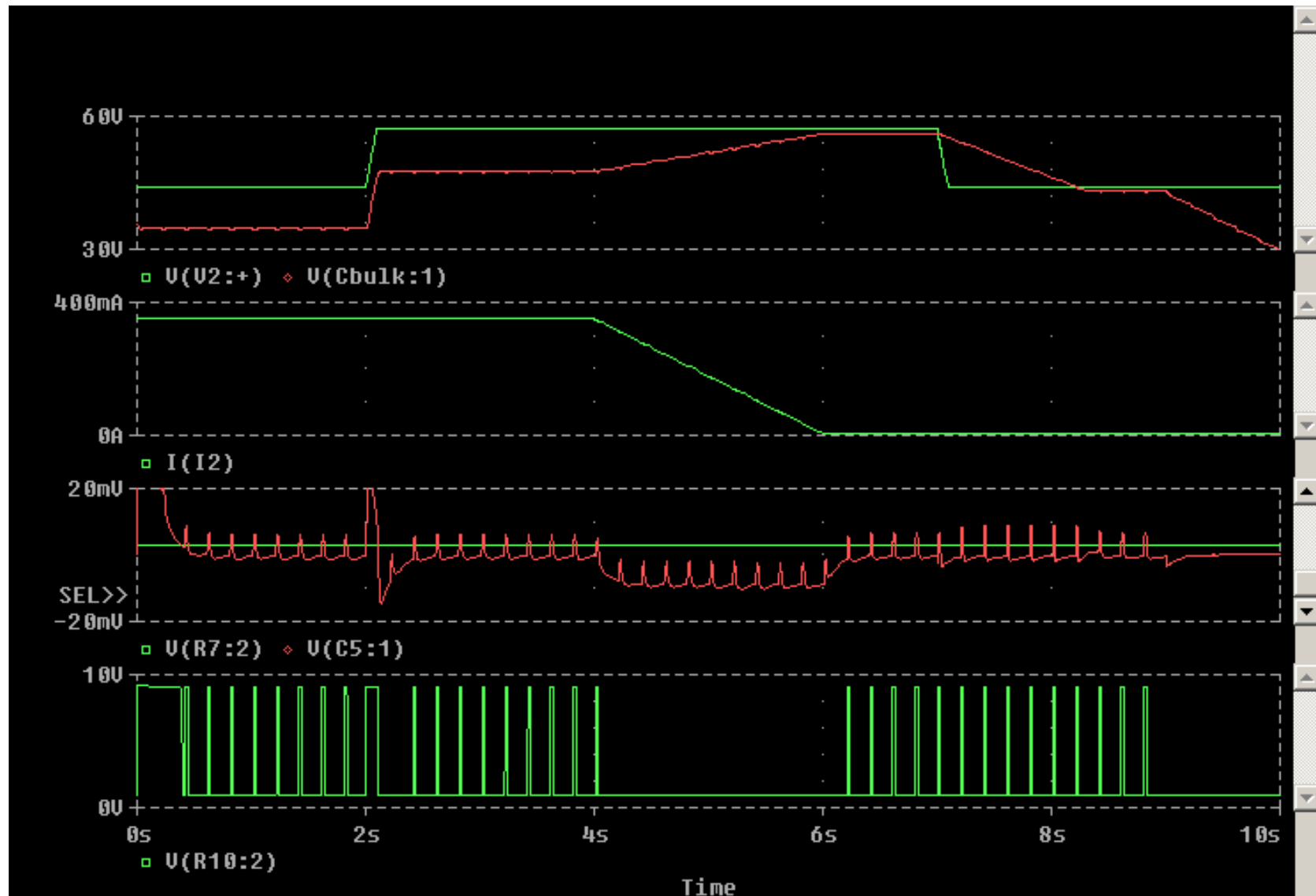
*Discrete Detection Examples*



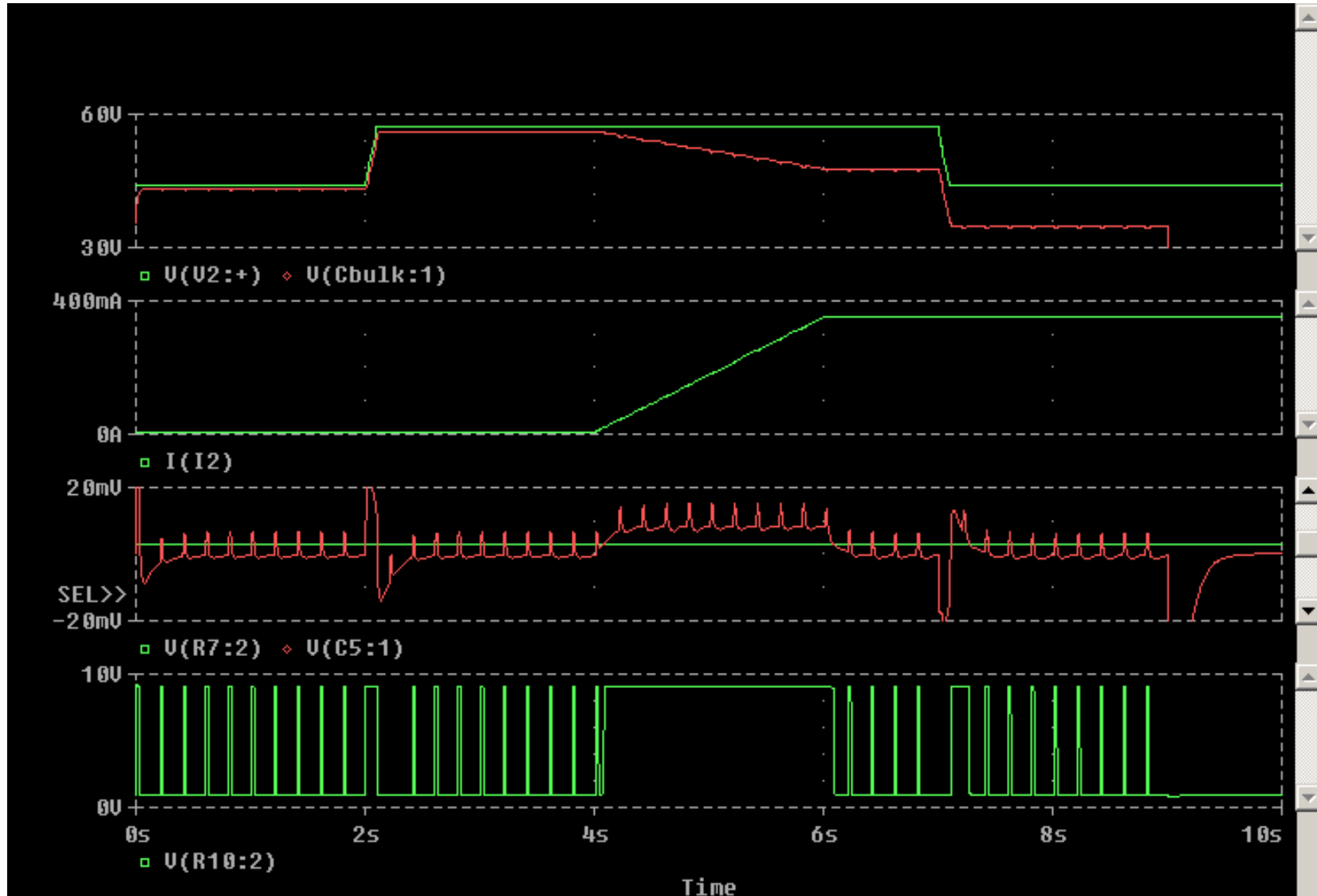
# Discrete Detection Example 1



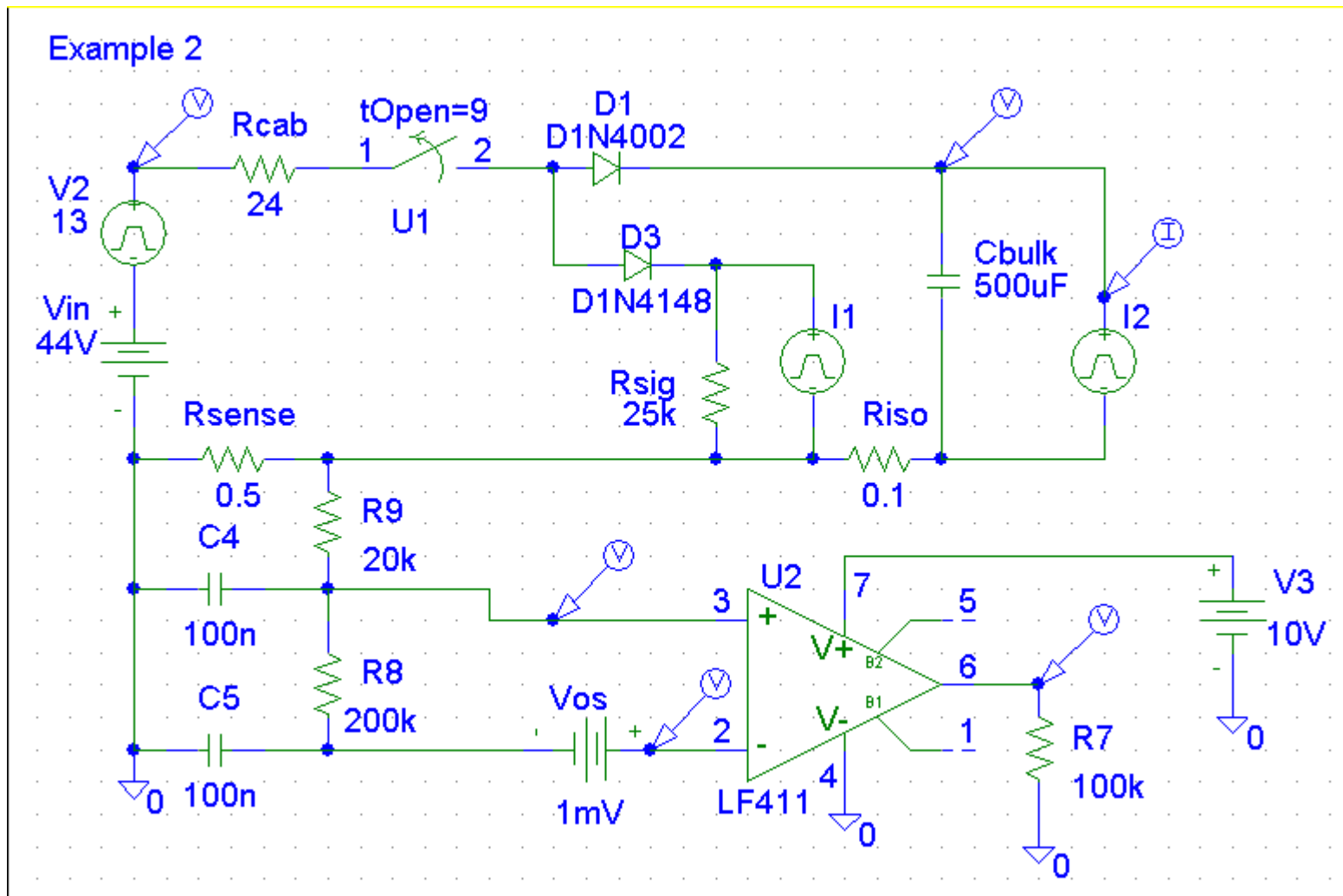
## Discrete Detection Example 1



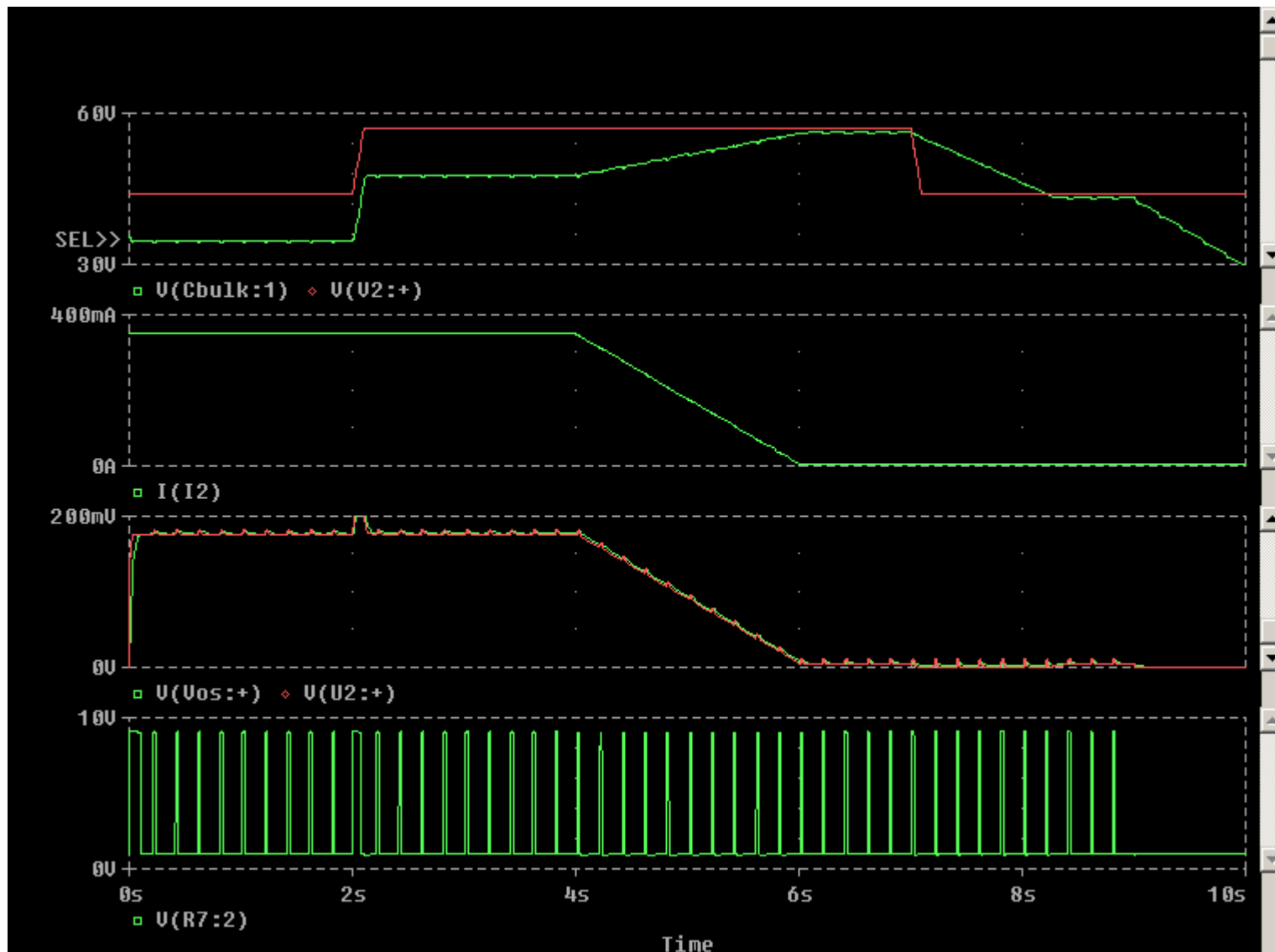
## Discrete Detection Example 1



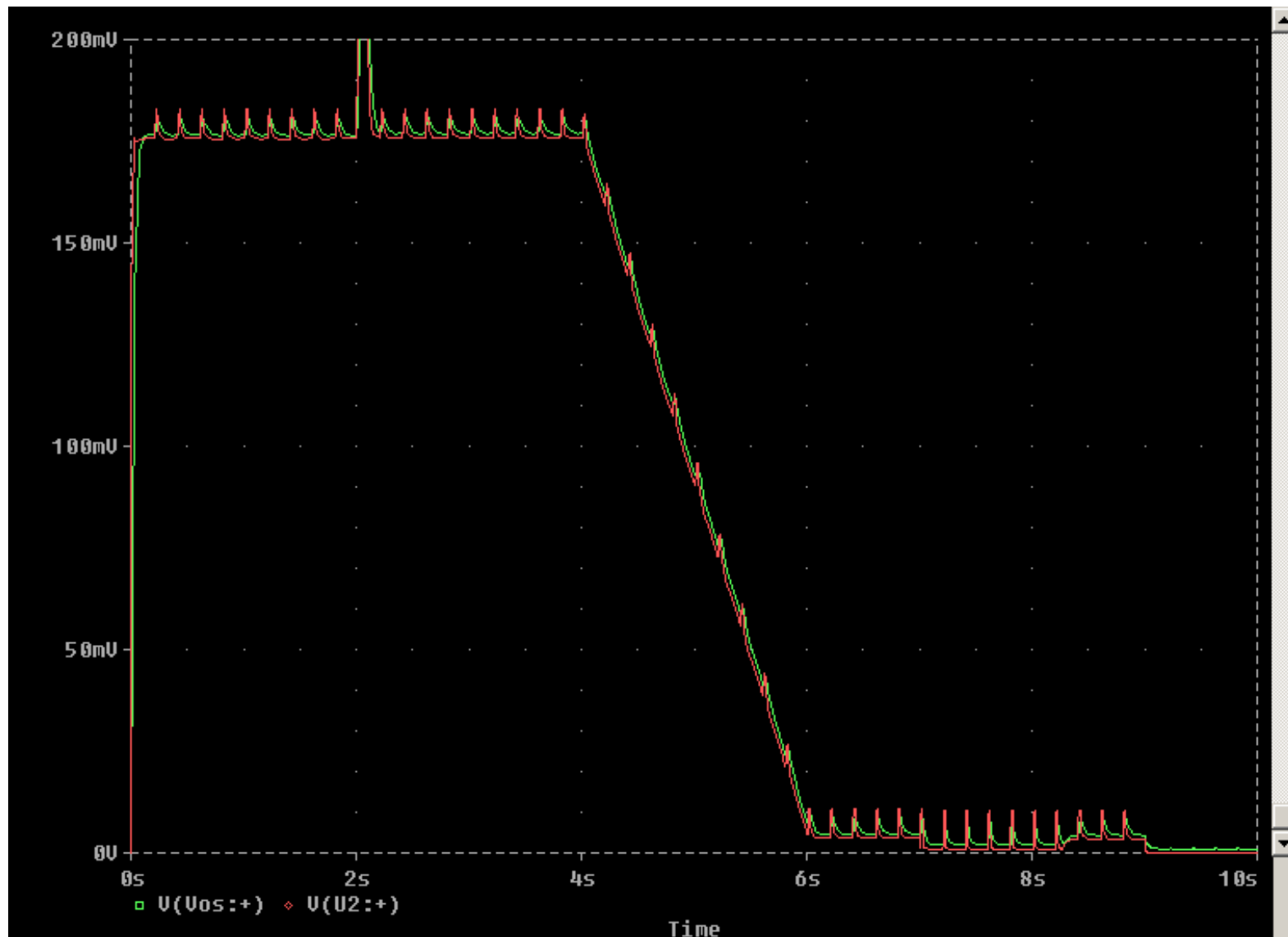
# Discrete Detection Example 2



## Discrete Detection Example 2

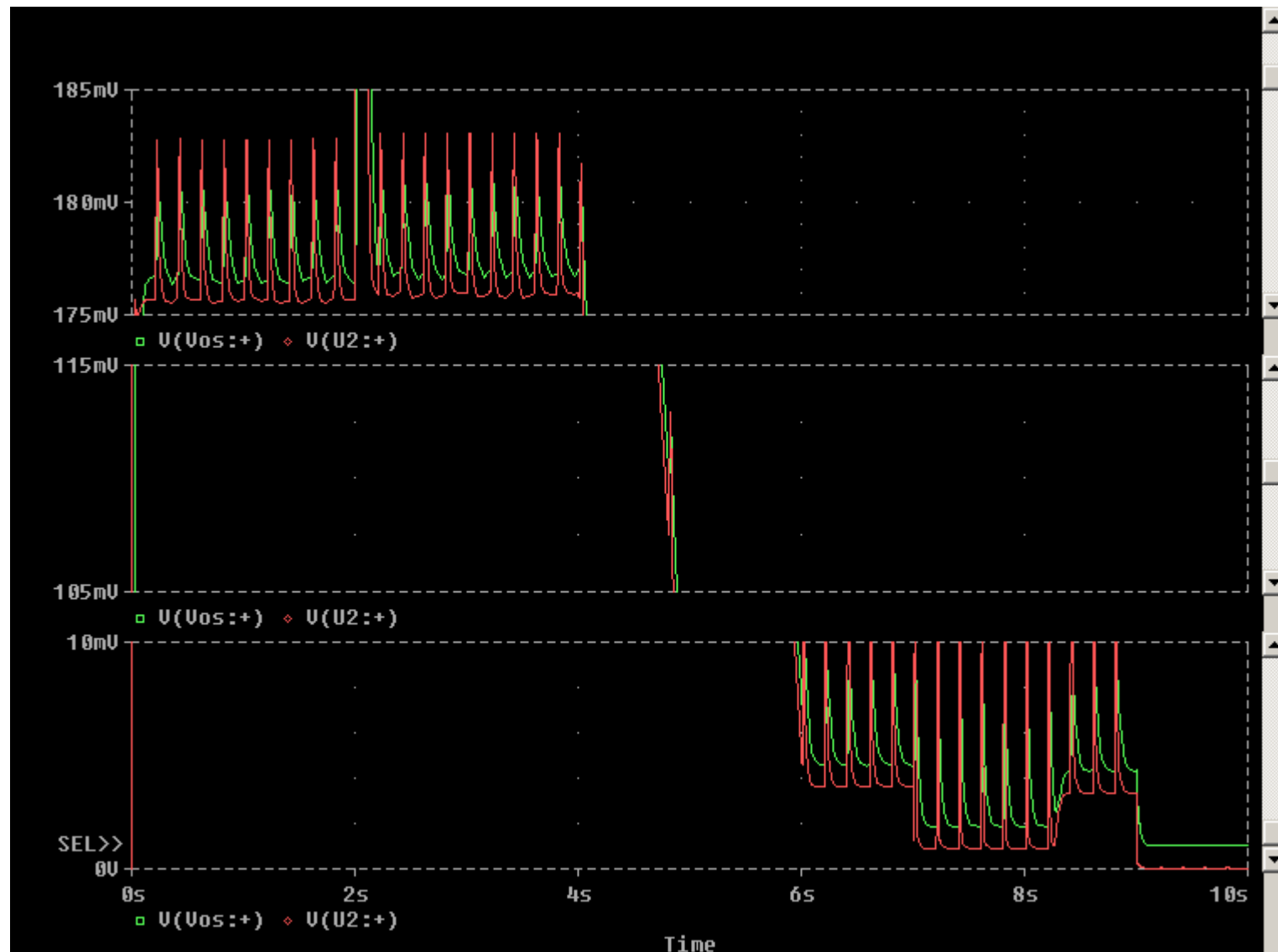


*Discrete Detection Example 2*

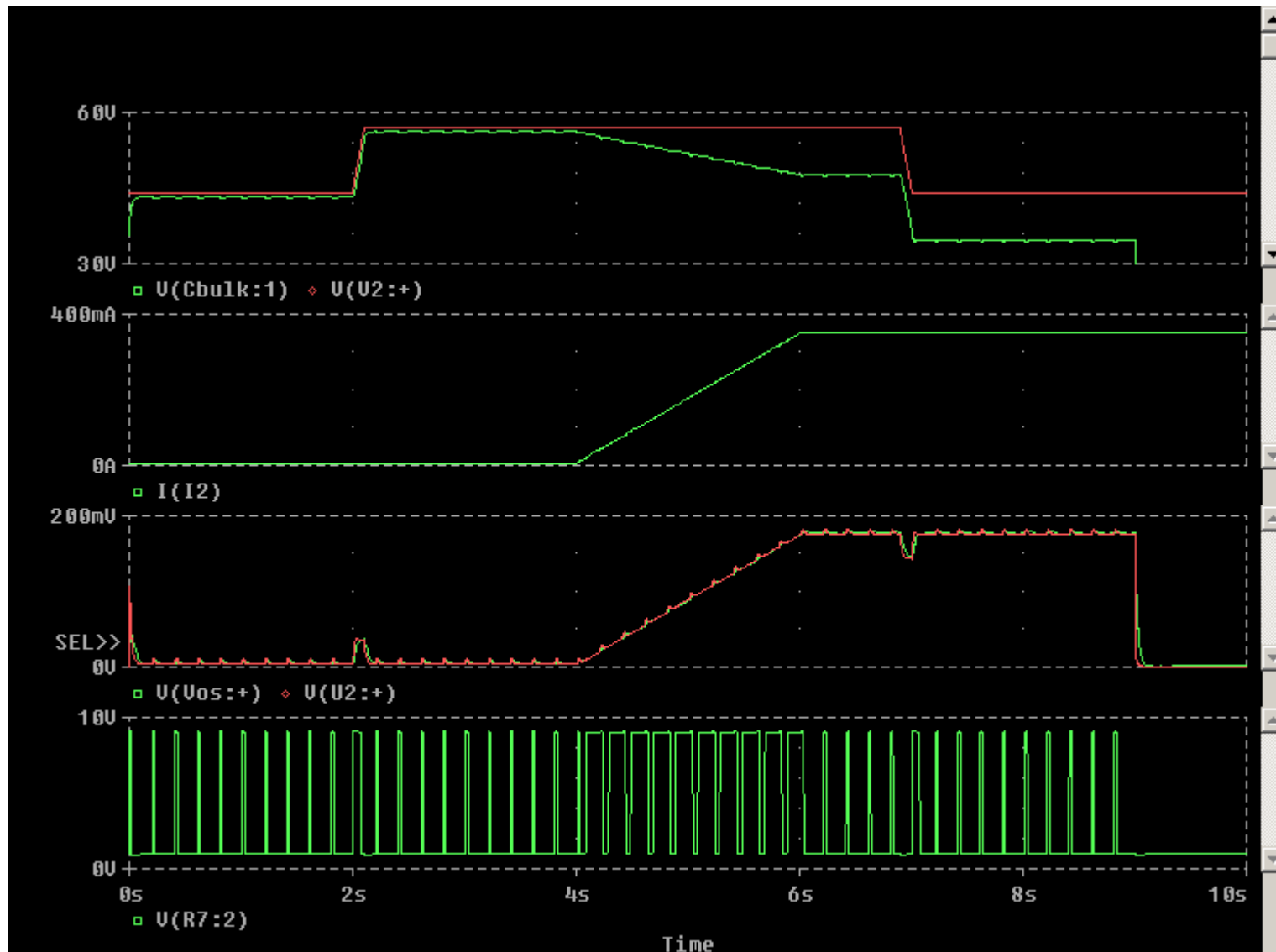




# Discrete Detection Example 2

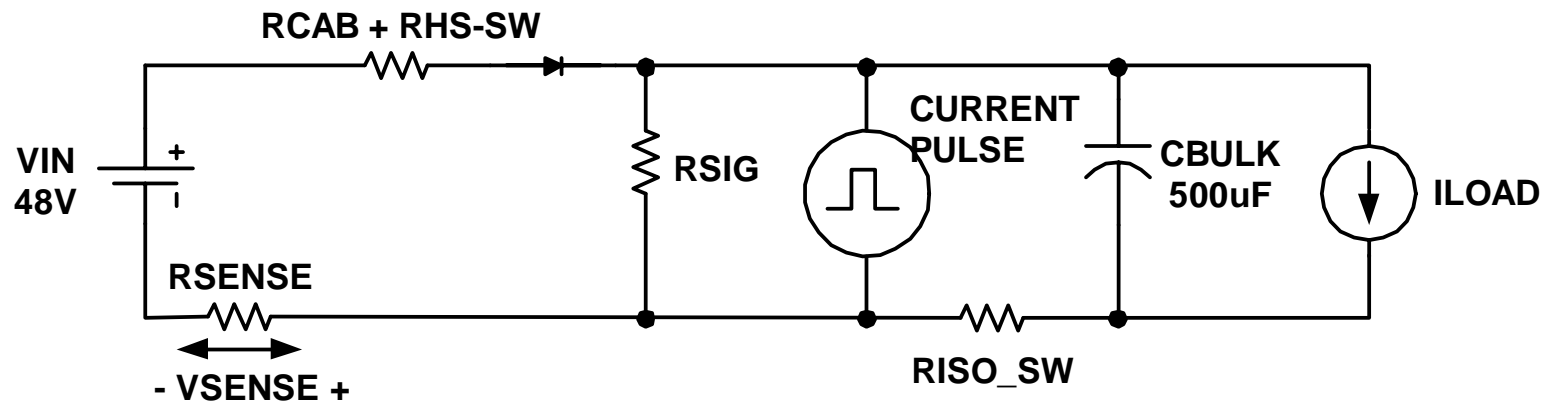
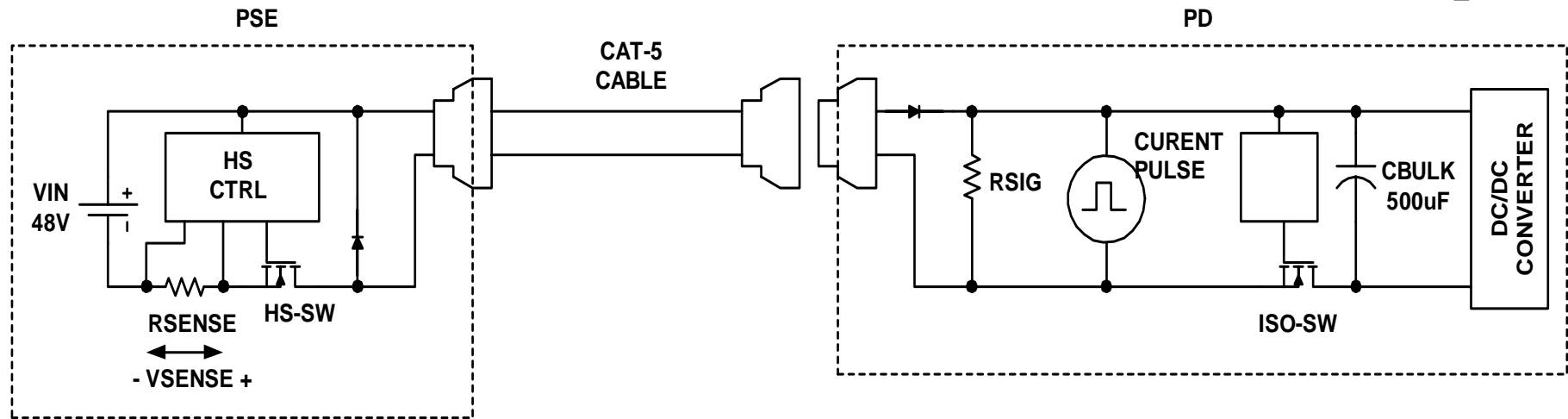


## Discrete Detection Example 2

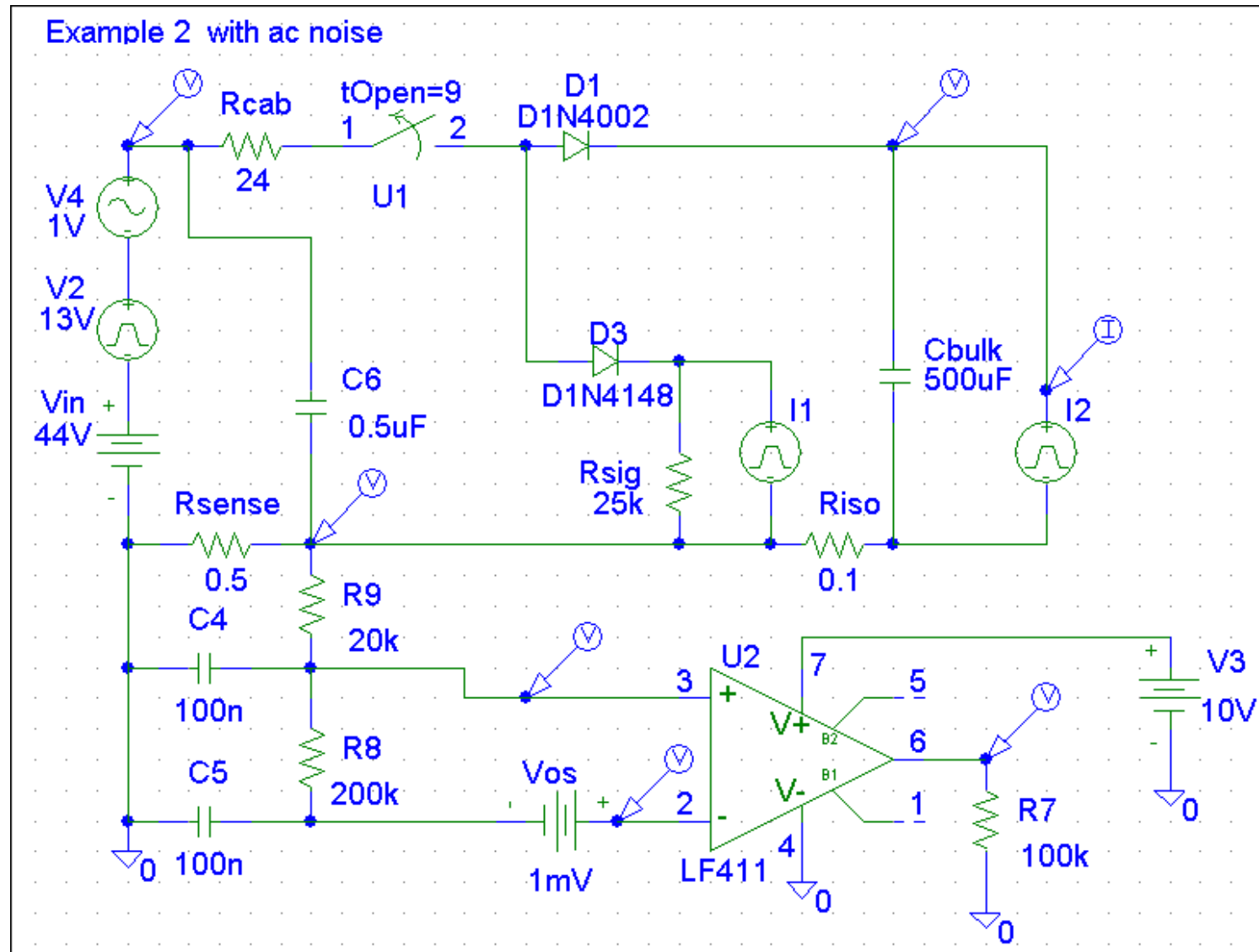


# Current Pulse

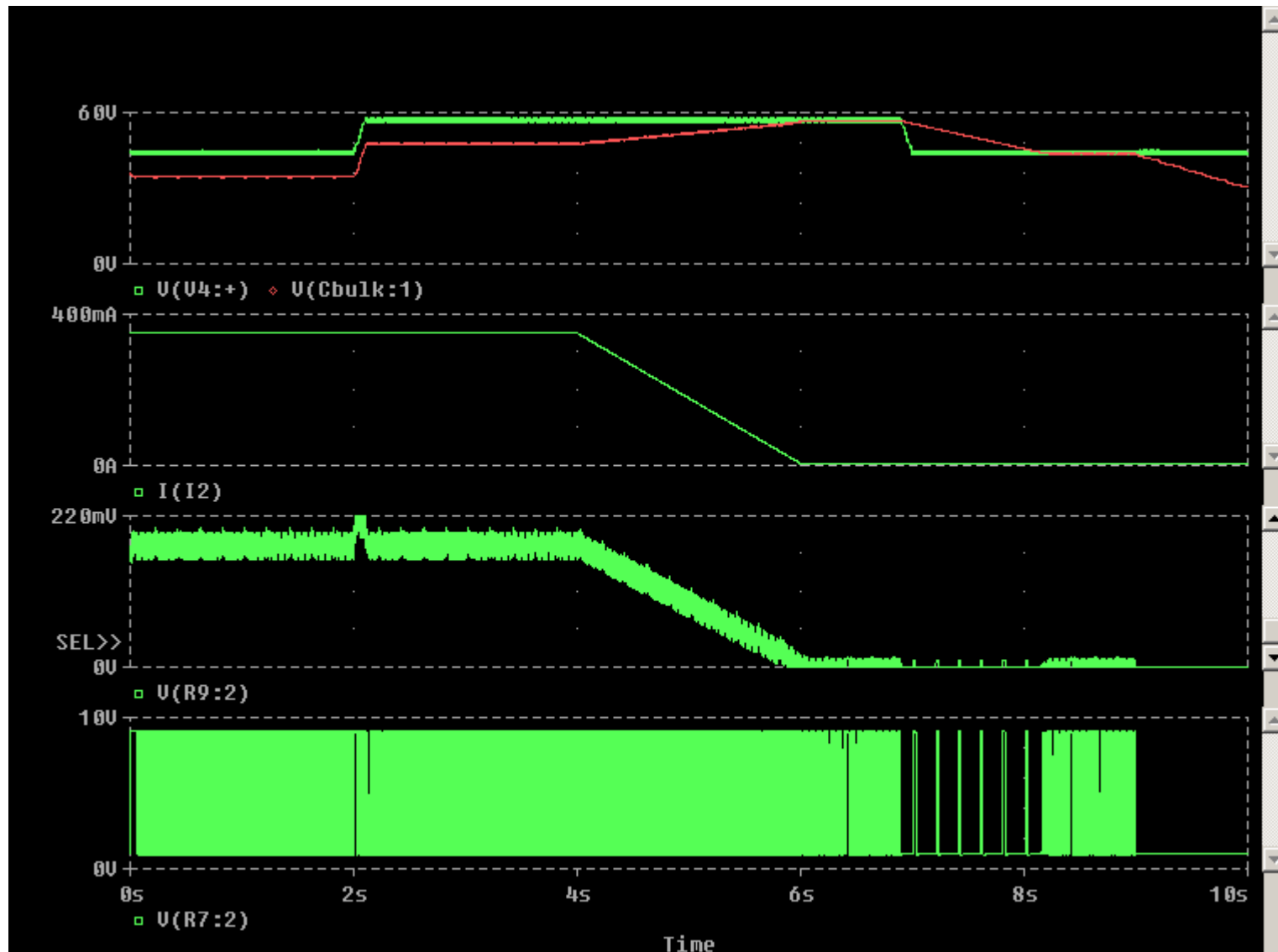
## The Concept



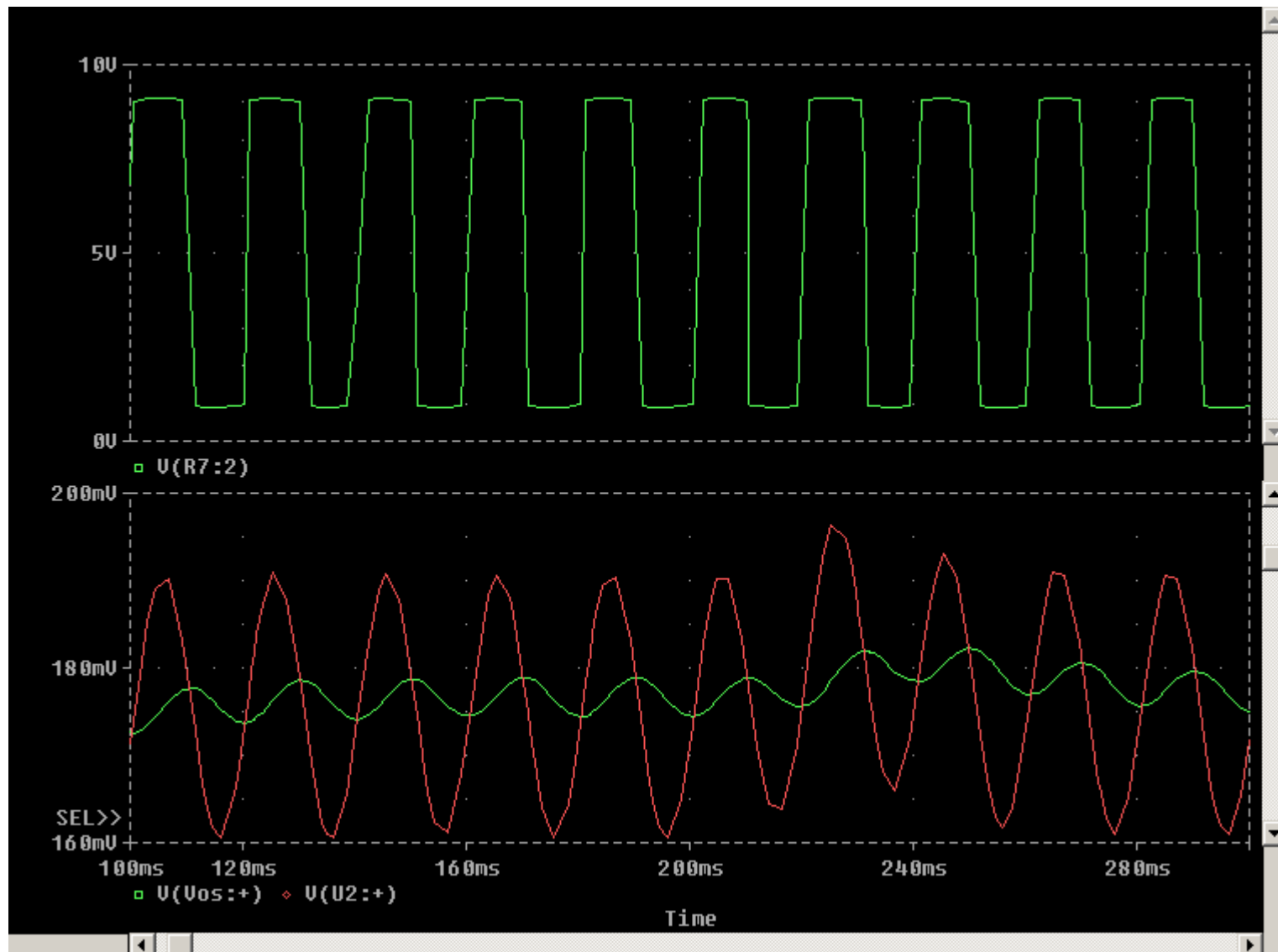
# Discrete Detection Example 2 With 50Hz Noise



## Discrete Detection Example 2 With 50Hz Noise



## Discrete Detection Example 2 With 50Hz Noise



## **NEXT STEPS:**

- Proof Of Concept Bread Board.
- System Test For Noise Immunity, EMI, etc.
- Address Any Other Concern(s).

## **SUMMARY:**

- An AC Method Of Detecting A Load Disconnect Was Presented
  - A Working Discrete Solution Simulation Results Were shown
  - The Solution Also Solves Input Voltage Step Problem
  - The Solution Also Works For Load Down To Zero Ampere, Saving Up To 450mW
  - System Considerations Were Addressed
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