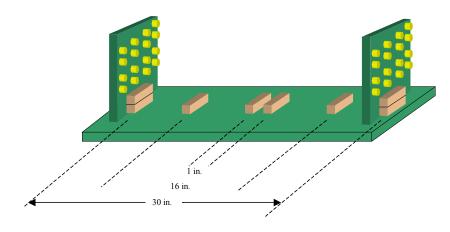
# Channel Comparisons to Proposed Channel Model

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## Tyco Electronics -HM-Zd QuadRoute Test Platform



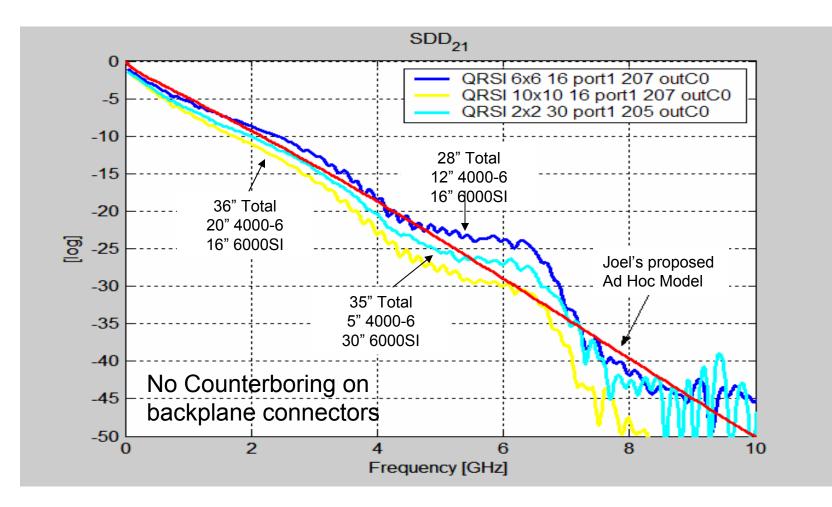
- SMA Line Cards
  - Nelco 4000-6
  - 2.5", 6", and 10" trace
  - 6 mil trace width, 100  $\Omega$  Differential
  - 0.092" thickness
  - 4 Signal layers throughout board

- Platform #1 HM-Zd QuadRoute Backplane
  - Nelco 6000SI (highest performance material backplane tested with variable length line cards
  - 2", 16", and 30" traces
  - 4.75 mil trace width
  - 0.125" thickness, 100  $\Omega$  Differential
  - 8 Signal layers throughout board
    - Same routing capacity as 16 signal layers

- No design optimization.
- No counterboring at any of Z-PACK HM-Zd connector holes



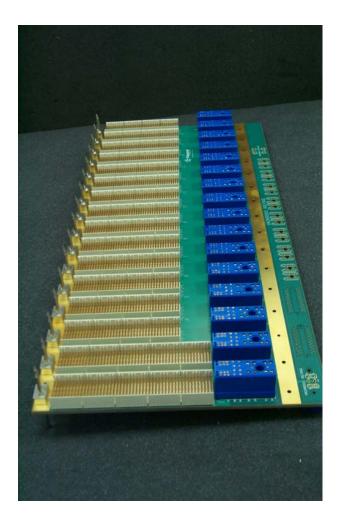
### Model Comparison



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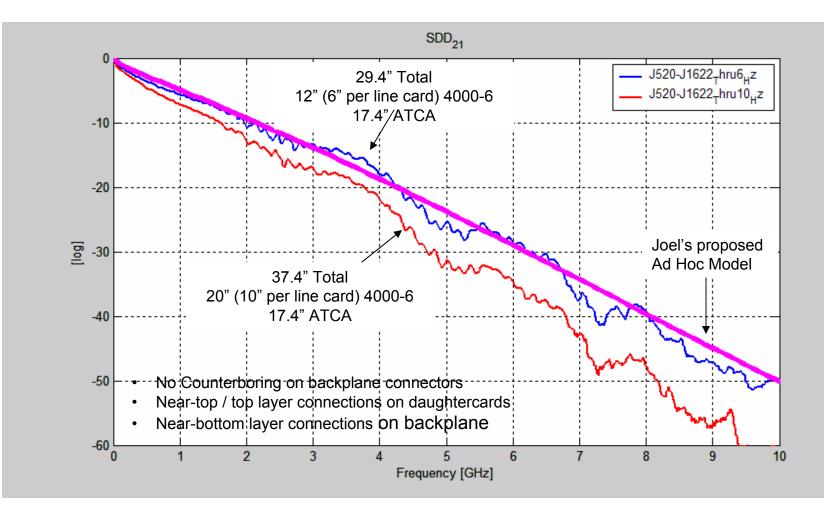
### Relative Cost Related to Implementation

- Tyco Electronics HM-Zd QuadRoute Implementation
  - 4.75 mil wide traces
  - Routes 2 pair in-between signal columns
  - 20 layers board with 8 signal layers, 3.175mm
  - Same routing density as 36 layer design
  - Reduces stub effect
  - Approximate 5:1 aspect ratio
- Cost Comparison
  - □ 4000-13 Material 2x over 4000-6
  - Board Cost Estimate 30% cost savings over 36 layer 4000-6 design
    - Typical panel size
    - Typical production quantity
- Kaparel
  - Full Mesh ATCA backplane using QuadRoute technique
  - 18 layers (4000-13SI)
  - No counterboring





## Model Comparison



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### Conclusions

#### Proposed Ad Hoc Model seems reasonable

- QuadRoute Backplane
  - "Learning" platform for understanding channel behavior
  - Not optimized for length
  - No Counterboring
- Lower frequency difference
  - Due to skin effect losses of thin traces
  - Anticipate at 1m that wider traces than 4.75 mils on backplane would be considered to be used
- Length distribution of system on daughtercards makes material selection on daughtercards critical
  - ATCA 30" channel has approximately 1/3 length on line cards

