



Gaussian noise loading for TP3 comprehensive Rx test

Comment #399

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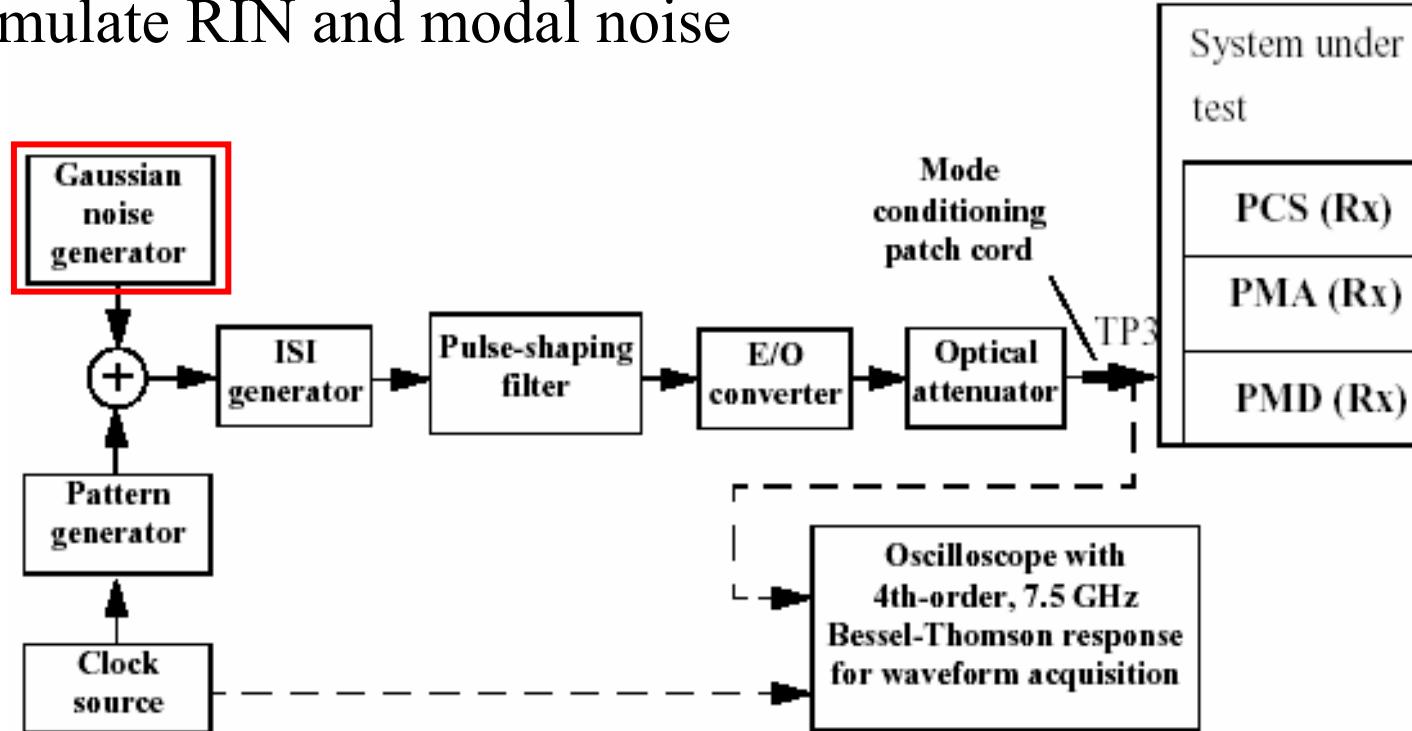
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Purpose

- Current noise loading ($Q_{sq} = 11.5$) in TP3 comprehensive stress test is excessive and does not correctly represent the noise magnitude for RIN and modal noise expected in compliant applications.
- The correct amount of noise must be determined.

Architecture

- Gaussian noise generator at source end is intended to emulate RIN and modal noise



- Output of E/O corresponds to TP2 if ISI generator is removed

- RIN is a TP2 property and is measured at TP2
 - Without fiber
- Since the TP3 tester will emulate RIN essentially the way it occurs in practice, its measurement and specs should be the same as for TP2
 - Without ISI generator(s)
- Measure with power meter or scope methods
 - BT4 filter, NBW = 7.85 GHz
- -128 dB/Hz
 - SNR form, $Q_{sq} = 28.3$ (per Eq 68-4)

Modal noise (MN)

- MN penalty studied in pepeljugoski_1_1104
 - Shows ~0.5 dB max
- TP3 tester will use white noise source (before ISI generators) to emulate MN (common HW & approach as for RIN)
 - Increase penalty by 0.5 dB
- Question – what white noise density or Qsq at source will create 0.5 dB additional penalty?

Spreadsheet tool

- Paul Voois & Norm Swenson developed a tool that predicts penalty due to white noise at TP2
 - Theory in voois_1_0504.pdf
 - Spreadsheet tool in voois_2_0504.xls
- Developed for RIN, but can apply generally to any white noise source including MN emulation
 - Shows RIN penalty = 0.3 dB
 - Combined penalty with MN should be 0.8 dB

Theory of tool

- Spreadsheet extended from 10GBASE-LR
 - Includes interaction of source noise with ISI
 - All-Gaussian impulse response (Tx, fiber)
- Adds ZFE-DFE
 - For LRM, predicted penalty \sim 0.1 dB higher than MMSE-DFE

Use of tool for noise

- Adjust MBW to 865 MHz-km to achieve 4.6 dB Pisi (ZFE_PIE-D) at 300 meters
 - To match Ewen work (300 meters, dual launch, 2 connectors at source, etc.)
 - 4.6 dB includes 0.1 dB for ZFE approximation
 - 865 MHz-km indicates equivalent BW improvement due to selective launch
- Adjust density to -124.2 dB/Hz to achieve 0.8 dB combined penalty
 - SNR form, $Q_{sq} = 18.3$ (per Eq 68-4)

Spreadsheet view

Spreadsheet by Del Hanson, David Cunningham, Piers Dawe, David Dolfi Agilent Technologies
 Modified for 10G FDDI MMF by Paul Voois ClariPhy Communications

Basics	Input= Bold	Ts(20-80) 47.1 ps	Case: 1310nm serial MMF
Q=	7.04	Ts(10-90) 71 ps	Target Target reach 0.30 km
Base Rate=	10312.5 MBd	RIN(OMA) -124.2 dB/Hz	and L_start= 0.1 km
Transmitter		RIN at MinER -131.5 dB/Hz	graph L_inc= 0.02 km
Wavelength Uc	1260 nm	RIN_Coef= 0.70	Power Budget P= 9.45 dB
Uw (see notes)	2.40 nm	Det.Jitter 6.0 ps inc. DCD	Connections C 1.5 dB
Tx pwr OMA=	-4.50 dBm	DCD_DJ= 6 ps TP3	Pwr.Bud.-Conn.Loss 7.946 dB
Min. Ext Ratio=	4.00 dB	Effect. DJ= 0.00 (UI) ex DCD	C1= 480 ns.MHz
"Worst"ave.TxPwr	-3.85 dBm	MPN k(OMA) 0	Reflection Noise factor 0.6 no units
Ext. ratio penalty	3.66 dBo	Tx eye height 49.9%	Effective Rate 10993 MBd
Tx mask X1=	0.3 UI	Refl Tx -12 dB	Tb_eff= 91 ps
X2=	0.4 UI	ModalNoisePen 0 dB	Effective Rec Eye 0.21 UI
Y1=	0.25	Tx mask top 0.2 UI	Pisi Constant A1 0.396 no units
Num Tx Levels	2	RIN Const A0 0.9393 no units	Pisi Constant A2 1.029 no units
Multilevel Pen	0.00 dB	RIN Const Exp -1.3656 no units	
ultilevel RIN Pen	0.00 dB	RIN Const A1 -0.5044 no units	
Sym Period Tb	97.0 ps	RIN Const A2 0.5360 no units	

Rev.	NA	This file	NA
Attenuation=	1.5 dB/km	Model/format rev	0.3
Fiber	at 1310 nm	NomSens OMA	-13.00 dBm
C_att=	1.01	Pmfb NRZ	-0.946 dB
Attenuation=	1.57 dB/km	MFB Sens NRZ	-13.95 dBm
at 1260 nm		MFB Sens	-13.95 dBm
Disp. min. Uo=	1365 nm	Receiver Refl Rx	-12 dB
Disp. So=	0.093 ps/nm^2*km	Rec_BW=	7,725 MHz
Disp. D1=	-11.05 ps/(nm.km)	NEB Factor	1.032 no units
(not in use)	10	NEB	7972 MHz
BWm=	865 MHz*km	c_rx	329 ns.MHz
Eff. BWm= 8.7E+02 MHz*km		T_rx(10-90)	42.6 ps
		TP4 Eye	19 ps
		Opening	(=Tx eye)
RMS Baseline wander SD	0.025 fraction of		
P_BLW(no ISI)	0.07 dB		
P_BLW	0.07 dB		

L (km)	Patt (dB)	Ch IL (dB)	D1.L ps/nm	D2.L ps/nm	BWcd (MHz)	effBWm (MHz)	Te (ps)	Tc (ps)	Norm	Pisi	P Eye	P_DJ	P_DJ	Preflection	Beta	SDmpn	Pmpn (dB)	Prin (dB)	Pcross central (dB)	Ptotal central (dB)
									Tc no units	central J=0, dB	corners central corners central	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)						
0.002	0.00	1.50	-0.02	0.00	4E+06	4.3E+05	72	83	0.86	1.10								0.28	1.4	
0.10	0.16	1.66	-1.1	0.02	70,475	8,650	91	100	1.03	1.51								0.30	2.0	
0.12	0.19	1.69	-1.3	0.02	58,729	7,208	98	107	1.10	1.69								0.31	2.2	
0.14	0.22	1.72	-1.5	0.02	50,339	6,179	106	114	1.18	1.90								0.33	2.4	
0.16	0.25	1.75	-1.8	0.02	44,047	5,406	115	122	1.26	2.13								0.35	2.7	
0.18	0.28	1.78	-2.0	0.03	39,153	4,806	123	131	1.35	2.40								0.38	3.1	
0.20	0.31	1.81	-2.2	0.03	35,237	4,325	133	139	1.44	2.70								0.41	3.4	
0.22	0.35	1.85	-2.4	0.03	32,034	3,932	142	149	1.53	3.02								0.45	3.8	
0.24	0.38	1.88	-2.7	0.04	29,365	3,604	152	158	1.63	3.37								0.51	4.3	
0.26	0.41	1.91	-2.9	0.04	27,106	3,327	162	167	1.73	3.76								0.58	4.7	
0.28	0.44	1.94	-3.1	0.04	25,170	3,089	172	177	1.83	4.16								0.67	5.3	
0.30	0.47	1.97	-3.3	0.05	23,492	2,883	182	187	1.93	4.60								0.80	5.9	
0.32	0.50	2.00	-3.5	0.05	22,023	2,703	193	197	2.03	5.07								0.97	6.5	

Informative stress test

- Informative Rx test OMA (-7.5 dBm) currently 1 dB lower than comprehensive test (-6.5 dBm)
 - Accounts for overall noise penalty of 1 dB, since noises are not part of informative test
- This presentation shows that overall link noise penalty = 0.8 dB
 - Adjust informative test OMA value to $-6.5 - 0.8 = -7.3$ dBm

Calculation of white noise BW (NBW) of BT4

$$y(f, f_{Tx}) := \frac{2.114 i \cdot f}{f_{Tx}}$$

$$Tx_{filt}(f, f_{Tx}) := \frac{105}{105 + 105 \cdot y(f, f_{Tx}) + 45 \cdot y(f, f_{Tx})^2 + 10 \cdot y(f, f_{Tx})^3 + y(f, f_{Tx})^4}$$

$$\int_0^\infty \left(|Tx_{filt}(f, 7.5)| \right)^2 df = 7.847 \text{ (GHz)}$$