

End of Burst Position

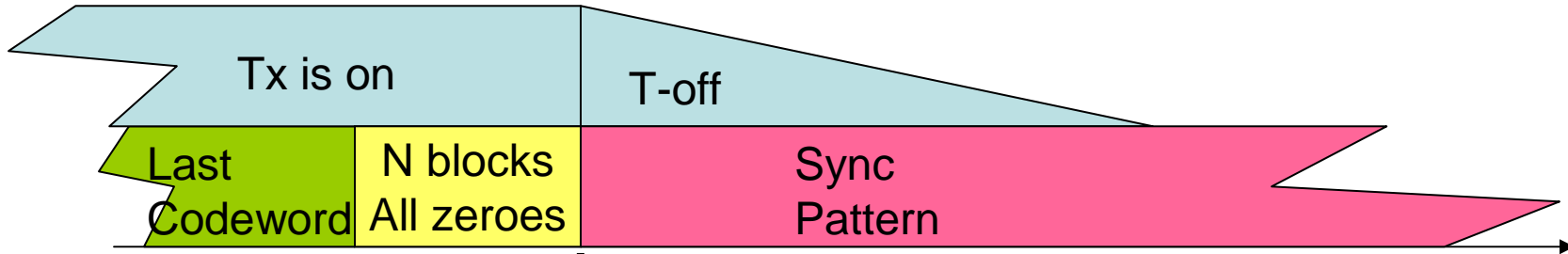
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Consensus position

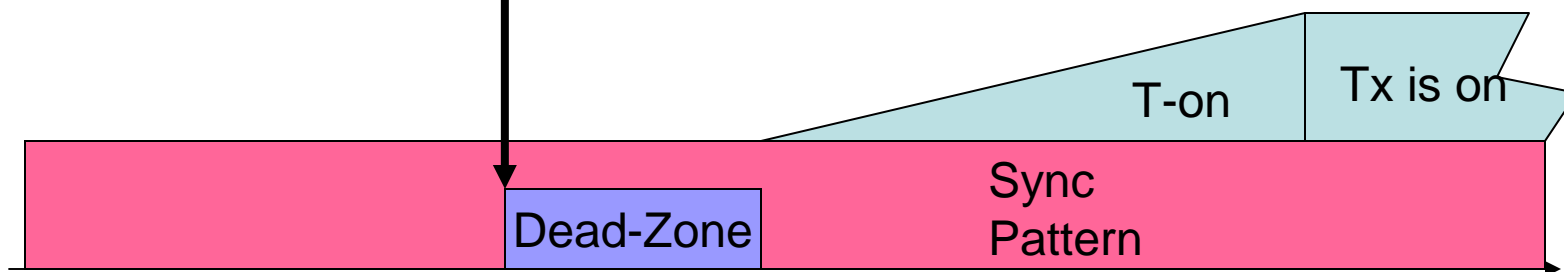
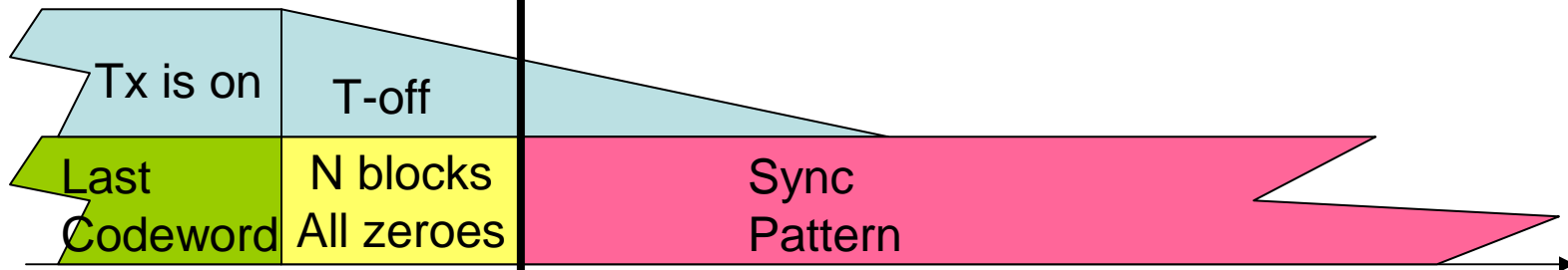
- We will use an EOB pattern to detect the end of the burst
- That pattern will be all zeroes
- That pattern will be generated at the PCS

The options

Option A: EOB is part of burst



Option B: EOB is transmitted during T-off



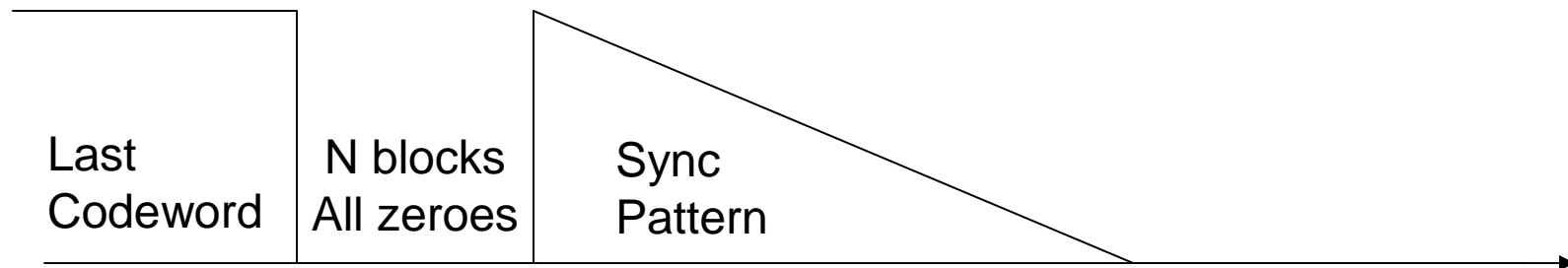
Timing relationships

- Option A leaves the current burst timing relationships unchanged
 - Start of next T-receiver settling = $\max(T_{on} + \text{deadtime}, T_{off}) + \text{end of last burst}$
 - Keep in mind that end of last burst is later here
- Option B changes this somewhat
 - Start of next T-receiver settling = $\max(T_{on} + \text{deadtime} + N_{\text{zeroes}}, T_{off}) + \text{end of last burst}$
- In most cases, there is no difference in overhead
 - If T_{off} is longer than T_{on} , then option b is more efficient, but this is usually not the case

Shut down output

- Option B results in faster and cleaner Tx shut-down

Option A: EOB is part of burst



Option B: EOB is transmitted during T-off

