

75.5.16 Receiver settling timing measurement

75.5.16.1 Definitions

Denote $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ as the time beginning from the time that the optical power in the receiver at **TP7** reaches the conditions specified in 75.7.12 and ending at the time that the electrical signal after the PMD at **TP8**, reaches within 15% of its steady state parameter, (average power, jitter), see [Table 75-6 for 10GBASE-PR-D1, 10GBASE-PR-D2 and 10GBASE-PR-D3](#), and [Table 75-7 for 10/1GBASE-PRX-D1, 10/1GBASE-PRX-D2 and 10/1GBASE-PRX-D3](#). $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ is presented in [Figure 75-9](#). The data transmitted may be any valid **64B/66B** symbols (or a specific power synchronization sequence). The optical signal at **TP7**, at the beginning of the locking, may have any valid **64B/66B** pattern, optical power level, jitter, or frequency shift matching the standard specifications.

75.5.16.2 Test specification

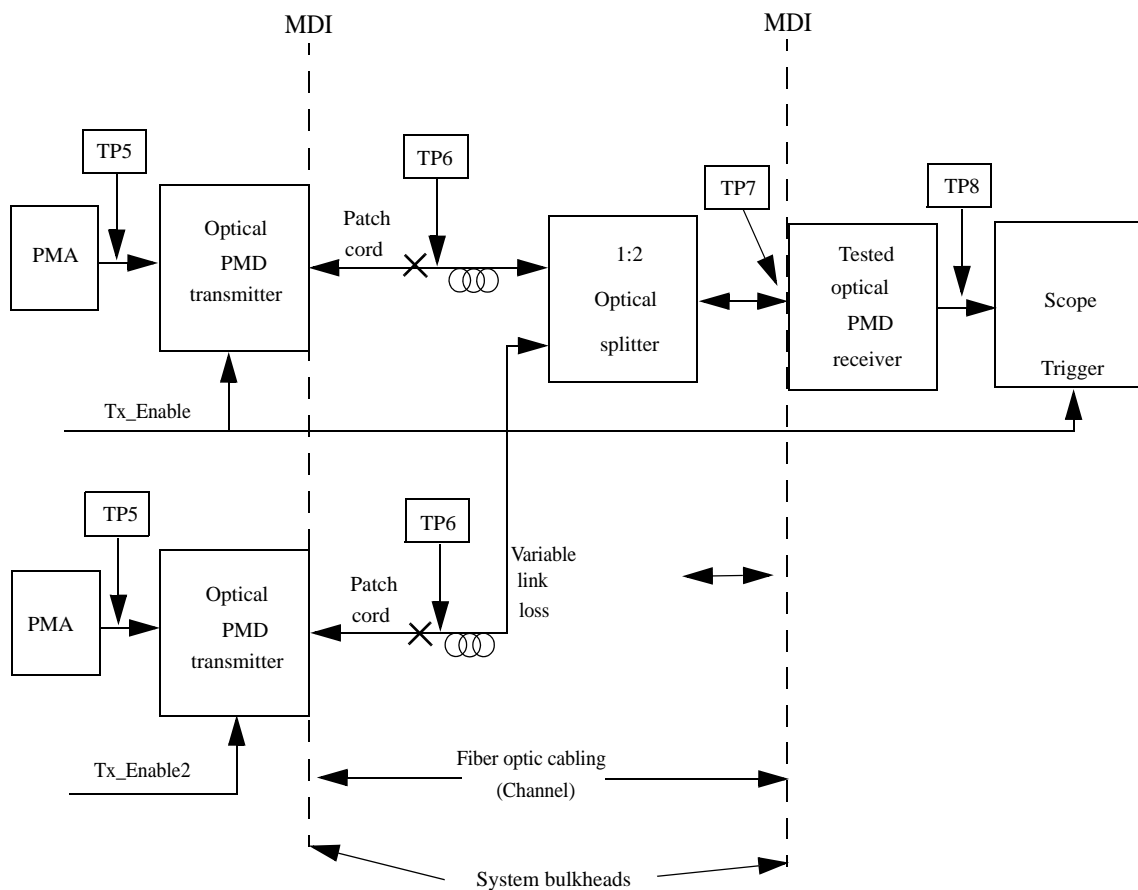


Figure 75-9—Receiver settling time measurement setup

[Figure 75-9](#) illustrates the test setup for the OLT PMD receiver (upstream) $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ time. The optical PMD transmitter has well-known parameters, with a fixed known T_{on} time. After T_{on} time the parameters of the reference transmitter, at **TP6** and therefore at **TP7**, reach within 15% of its steady state values as specified in [Table 75-8 for 10GBASE-PR-U1 and 10GBASE-PR-U3](#) and [Table 75-9 for 10/1GBASE-PRX-U1, 10/1GBASE-PRX-U2 and 10/1GBASE-PRX-U3](#).

Define $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ time as the time from the Tx_Enable assertion, minus the known T_{on} time, to the time the electrical signal at **TP8** reaches within 15% of its steady state conditions.

Conformance should be assured for an optical signal at **TP7** with any level of its specified parameters before the Tx_Enable assertion. Especially the $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ time must be met in the following scenarios:

- Switching from a ‘weak’ (minimal received power at **TP7**) ONU to a ‘strong’ (maximal received power at **TP7**) ONU, with minimal guard band between.
- Switching from a ‘strong’ ONU to a ‘weak’ ONU, with minimal guard band between.
- Switching from noise level, with maximal duration interval, to ‘strong’ ONU power level.

A non-rigorous way to describe this test setup would be (using a transmitter with a known T_{on}).

For a tested PMD receiver with a declared $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ time, measure all PMD receiver electrical parameters at **TP8** after $T_{\text{receiver_settling}}$ from the TX_ENABLE trigger minus the reference transmitter T_{on} , re-assuring conformance to within 15% of its specified steady state values.

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