455

428

C/ 00 SC P # 475 C/ 00 SC Ρ L Dudek, Mike JDSU DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X It would be good to label Table 86-6 with "at TP1a" at the end of the title. Define total power sum crosstalk to be used in the ICR calculation. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Add subclause line 45 page 190 85.9.x Cable assembly power sum differential crosstalk Proposed Response Response Status O Add text below new subclause: The combined multi-disturber FEXT and multi-disturber NEXT, specified as the power sum of MDFEXT and MDNEXT, is determined using Equation (85-XX). Р C/ 00 SC # 548 Add power sum equation (85-XX) for total power sum crosstalk calculated from MDFEXT Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics and MDNEXT. Comment Type T Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O Add Figures 85-14 and 85-15 SuggestedRemedy C/ 00 SC 0 P 1 L 2 Add mating face views from the SFF-8632 (referenced by 8092) Figure 6.2 (Plug) and 6.3 (Receptacle) Ganga, Ilango Intel Proposed Response Response Status 0 Comment Type Comment Status X Page1, Line 2, 30: Typo, change "Amendement" to "Amendment" Page3, Line 8. Typo, change "conciously" to "consciously" SC P C/ 00 # 448 page 3. line 10: typo, change consecutively to consecutively page 3, line 37, typo, change to "superseded" DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications page 3, line 52, two periods, remove one period at end of sentence Comment Type TR Comment Status X Provide TBD values for 85.10 Transmitter and receiver differential printed circuit board trace loss equation (85-10). Add TBD to equation as contributions from IL and power sum SuggestedRemedy crosstalk to ICR under consideration. As per comment SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

20*((f*10^6)^2+-1.2E-30*(f*10^6)^3)] TBD dB for all frequencies from 100 MHz to 6000 MHz.

differential controlled

Insertion Loss(f) represents 8 inches (0.2032 m) of the maximum fitted attenuation (Amax) due to trace skin effect and dielectric properties as defined in Annex 69B.4.2.

Insertion Loss(f)</=(0.2032)*[20*log(e)*(2.00E-05*sart(f*10^6)+1.1E-10*(f*10^6)+3.2E-

The maximum insertion loss (in dB with f in MHz) for the transmitter and receiver

impedance printed circuit boards for each differential lane shall be:

Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

CI 00 SC 0

Response Status O

C/ 00 SC 0 P 4 L 29 # 417 C/ 01 SC 1.3 P 22 L 41 # 248 Ganga, Ilango Intel Trowbridge, Stephen Alcatel-Lucent Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X IEEE 802.3az: Replace Clause xx with appropriate clause/annex number used by EEE. Add reference to ITU-T Recommendation G.694.2 (CWDM grid) as this is now necessary for the 40GBASE-LR4 interface SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Replace with "This amendment includes changes to IEEE Std 802.3-2008 and adds Add: Clause 78." ITU-T Recommendation G.694.2, 2003, Spectral grids for WDM applications: CWDM Proposed Response Response Status O wavelength grid after reference to G.694.1 C/ 01 SC 1.1.3.2 P 22 L 22 # 429 Proposed Response Response Status O Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Status X Comment Type Ε C/ 01 SC 1.3 P 22 L 45 # 352 "CGMII is is": delete one "is" Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies SuggestedRemedy Comment Type T Comment Status X As per comment Another reference for the list (not sure if it's a normative or informative reference) Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Add G.709 C/ 01 SC 1.1.3.2 P 22 / 30 # 147 Proposed Response Response Status O D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type T Comment Status X C/ 01 SC 1.3 P 22 L 52 # 351 add "PPI" as a compatibility interface Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies SuggestedRemedy Comment Type T Comment Status X add the following As we are not doing the maintenance work to remove all references to ANSI/EIA/TIA-455-Parallel Physical Interface (PPI). The PPI is provided as a physical instantation of the PMD service interface for 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 PHYs. While 127-1991, we can't do this by a 'change' conformance with implementation of this interface is not strictly necessary to ensure SuggestedRemedy communication, it is recommended, since it allows maximum flexibility in intermixing PHYs In the draft replace and DTEs. THe PPI is optional 'Change the following reference... Laser Diodes.' Proposed Response Response Status 0 with another entry for the 'insert' list. TIA-455-127-A-2006, FOTP-127-A—Basic Spectral Characterization of Laser Diodes. Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 01 SC 1.4 P23 L1 # 11 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The definition of 40GBASE-LR4 is missing

SuggestedRemedy

Add the definition as:

"40GBASE-LR4: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 40 Gb/s using 40GBASE-R encoding over four WDM lanes on single mode fiber with long reach. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 87.)"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 01 SC 1.4 P 23 L 20 # 9

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The definition of 40GBASE-SR4 is "IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 40 Gb/s using 40GBASE-R encoding over four lanes of, short reach, multi mode fiber." This implies that the fibre alone determines the reach.

SuggestedRemedy

Re-word as: "40GBASE-SR4: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 40 Gb/s using 40GBASE-R encoding over four lanes of multi mode fiber with short reach. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 86.)"

Similarly re-word 100GBASE-SR10 definition to:

"100GBASE-SR10: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 100 Gb/s using 100GBASE-R encoding over ten lanes of multi mode fiber with short reach. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 86.)"

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 01 SC 1.4 P23 L22 # 607

Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type T Comment Status X
Add 40GBASE-LR4 to the definitions list in 1.4

SuggestedRemedy

Insert the following text at line 22:

1.4.x 40GBASE-LR4: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 40 Gb/s using 40GBASE-R encoding over four WDM lanes, long reach, single mode fiber. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 87.)

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 01 SC 1.4 P23 L35 # 10

Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The definition of 100GBASE-ER4 "IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 100 Gb/s using 100GBASE-R encoding over four WDM lanes, extended long reach, single mode fiber." This implies that the fibre alone determines the reach.

SuggestedRemedy

Re-word as: "100GBASE-ER4: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 100 Gb/s using 100GBASE-R encoding over four WDM lanes on single mode fiber with extended reach. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 88.)"

Similarly re-word 100GBASE-LR4 definition to:

"100GBASE-LR4: IEEE 802.3 Physical Layer specification for 100 Gb/s using 100GBASE-R encoding over four WDM lanes on single mode fiber with long reach. (See IEEE 802.3, Clause 88.)"

Comment Type

SuggestedRemedy

document

Proposed Response

should match the base document

C/ 01 SC 1.4 P 23 L 44 # 12 C/ 01 SC 1.5 P 24 L 11 # 15 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X The definition of virtual lanes is awkwardly worded: The abbreviation OPU3 is expanded as "Optical Payload Unit 3" but OPU is defined in ITU-"Virtual Lane: In 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R, the PCS distributes encoded data to T G.709 as "Optical channel Payload Unit" multiple logical lanes, these logical lanes are called virtual lanes. They are called virtual SuggestedRemedy lanes since one or more of PCS lanes can be multiplexed and carried on a physical lane Change to "Optical channel Payload Unit 3" together at the PMA interface." Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Re-word as: "Virtual Lane: In 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R, the PCS distributes encoded data to multiple logical lanes, these logical lanes are called virtual lanes since one or more of the C/ 01 SC 1.5 P 24 L 5 PCS lanes can be multiplexed and carried on a physical lane together at the PMA Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks interface." Comment Type Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O The abbreviation for CAUI is expanded as "100Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface" but the other abbreviations use "Gigabit" rather than "Gb/s" SuggestedRemedy C/ 01 SC 1.4 P 23 L 44 # 148 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Change to "100 Gigabit Attachment Unit Interface" Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X Parallel Physical Interface (PPI) is not defined. SuggestedRemedy C/ 04 SC 4.4.2 P 25 L 17 # 246 Trowbridge, Stephen Alcatel-Lucent Parallel Physical Interface (PPI) - The interface between the Physical Medium Attachment (PMA) sublayer and the Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayer. (See IEEE 802.3. Comment Type T Comment Status X Clause 86) Should "96 bits" entry for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s include reference to "NOTE 7" below the table? Note 7 explains that this could be as little as 8 bits in the Rx direction Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Include reference to Note 7 in this table cell C/ 01 SC 1.4 P 23 L 50 # 13 Proposed Response Response Status 0 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Status X

Response Status 0

The modified definition for "1.4.311 RMS spectral width" is shown in italic font. The font

Change the font of the modified definition for RMS spectral width to match the base

Comment Type T

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

30.3.2.1.2 aPhyType needs updated

40GBASE-R Clause 82 40 Gb/s 64B/66B 100GBASE-R Clause 82 100 Gb/s 64B/66B

C/ 04 SC 4.4.2 P 25 L 46 # 16 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type Comment Status X Underneath the new note 7 there is a box containing "WARNING Any deviation from the above specified values may affect proper operation of the network." This warning box is already present in the base standard beneath the notes to Table 4-2. Is this warning to be added again part way through the notes? If so, this has the effect of effectively removing the warning from all of the notes except new note 7 and the last note. SuggestedRemedy Remove the warning box from below the new note 7 Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 30 SC 30. P 27 L 22 # 150 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Status X Comment Type T need to update 30.6.I.1.5 aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility SuggestedRemedy 30.6.I.1.5 aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility 40GBASE-KR4FD - Full duplex 40GBASE-KR4 as specified in Clause 84 40GBASE-CR4FD - Full duplex 40GBASE-CR4 as specified in Clause 85 100GBASE-CR10FD - Full duplex 100GBASE-CR10 as specified in Clause 85 Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 30 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 27 L 11 # 151 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Status X

Response Status O

C/ 30 SC 30.3.2.1.2 P 27 L 15 # 612 Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type TR Comment Status X Add appropriate attribute for 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R SuggestedRemedy Insert the following attributes to the end of the list APPROPRIATE SYNTAX: 40GBASE-R Clause 82 40 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B 100GBASE-R Clause 82 100 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 30 P 27 SC 30.3.2.1.3 L 21 # 613 Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type TR Comment Status X Add appropriate attribute for 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R to aPHYTypeList SugaestedRemedy Insert the following attributes to the end of the list APPROPRIATE SYNTAX: 40GBASE-R Clause 82 40 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B 100GBASE-R Clause 82 100 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B Also change the Note at the end of 30.3.2.1.3 (IEEE Std 802.3-2008) as follows: NOTE—At 10 Gb/s, 40 Gb/s or 100 Gb/s the ability of the PMD must be taken into account when reporting the possible types that the PHY could be .:

Draft 1.0 Comments

Comment Type T Comment Status X

update the text in 30.5.1.1.44 (802.3-2008) for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s:

SuggestedRemedy

Change following text in 30.5.1.1.44 aFECmode after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS:

or FEC enable bit in 10/40/100GBASE-R FEC control register (see 45.2.1.85).;

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.15 P27 L # 609

Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type T Comment Status X

update text in 30.5.1.1.15 aFECCorrectedBlocks for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s

SuggestedRemedy

change text after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS as follows:

For 1000BASE-PX or 10GBASE-R or 40GBASE-R or 100GBASE-R PHYs, a count of corrected FEC blocks. This counter will not increment for other PHY types.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.16 P 27 L # 610

Ganga, llango Intel

Comment Type T Comment Status X

update text in 30.5.1.1.16 aFECUnCorrectableBlocks for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s

SuggestedRemedy

change text after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS as follows:

For 1000BASE-PX or 10GBASE-R or 40GBASE-R or 100GBASE-R PHYs, a count of corrected FEC blocks. This counter will not increment for other PHY types.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 30 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P27 L22 # 149

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **X** 30.5.1.1.2 needs to be updated.

SuggestedRemedy

Add

30.5.1.1.2 aMAUType

40GBASE-KR4 – R PCS/PMA over an electrical backplane PMD as specified in Clause 84 40GBASE-CR4 – R copper over 8 pair 100-Ohm blanaced cable as specified in Clause 85 40GBASE-SR4 – R fiber over 8 OM3 multi-mode fibers as specified in Clause 86 40GBASE-LR4 – R fiber over 4 wavelengths on single mode fiber as specified in Clause 87 100GBASE-CR4 - R copper over 20 pair 100-Ohm blanaced cable as specified in Clause 85

100GBASE-SR10 - R fiber over 20 OM3 multi-mode fibers as specified in Clause 86 100GBASE-LR4 - R fiber over 4 wavelengths on 10km single mode fiber as specified in Clause 88

100GBASE-ER4 - R fiber over 4 wavelengths on 40km single mode fiber as specified in Clause 88

Cl 30 SC 30.5.1.1.2 P 27 L 22 # 614
Ganga, llango Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Insert the following subclause 30.5.1.1.2 aMAUType and add 40G and 100G list

SuggestedRemedy

Insert the following to the aMAUType attribute list after 10GBASE-T.

40GBASE-R Multilane R PCS/PMA as specified in Clause 82 over undefined PMD 40GBASE-KR4 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over an electrical backplane PMD as specified in Clause 84

40GBASE-CR4 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 lane shielded copper balanced cable PMD as specified in Clause 85

40GBASE-SR4 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 lane OM3 multimode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 86

40GBASE-LR4 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 87

100GBASE-R Multilane R PCS/PMA as specified in Clause 82 over undefined PMD 100GBASE-CR10 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 10 lane shielded copper balanced cable PMD as specified in Clause 85

100GBASE-SR10 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 10 lane OM3 multimode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 86

100GBASE-LR4 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 88

100GBASE-ER4 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane extended long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 88

Update the Register names in first paragraph after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS

PMA/PMD control 2 register PCS control 2 register

Change the last paragraph after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS as follows: The enumerations 1000BASE-X, 1000BASE-XHD, 1000BASE-XFD, 10GBASE-X, 10GBASE-R, 10GBASE-W, 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R shall only be returned if the underlying PMD type is unknown.;

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Update the text in 30.5.1.1.4 (802.3-2008) for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s:

Change following text in 30.5.1.1.4 aMediaAvailable after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS:

SuggestedRemedy

Change following text in 30.5.1.1.4 aMediaAvailable after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS:

Any MAU that implements management of Clause 28 or Clause 73 Auto-Negotiation will map remote fault indication to MediaAvailable "remote fault."

Change following text in 30.5.1.1.4 aMediaAvailable after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS in last paragraph:

10/40/100GBASE-R PCS Latched high BER status bit (45.2.3.12.2)

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 30 SC 30.6.1.1.5 P27 L # 616
Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Update attribute 30.6.1.1.5 aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility for 40G and 100G PHY types

SuggestedRemedy

Insert the following to the list after 10GBASE-KRFD:

40GBASE-KR4FD Full duplex 40GBASE-KR4 as specified in Clause 84 40GBASE-CR4FD Full duplex 40GBASE-CR4 as specified in Clause 85 100GBASE-CR10FD Full duplex 100GBASE-CR10 as specified in Clause 85

Change the text after BEHAVIOUR DEFINED AS as follows:

This indicates the technology ability of the local device, as defined in Clause 28, Clause 37 and Clause 73.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 30B SC 30B.2 P 270 L 17 # 619
Ganga, llango Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Update 30B.2 ASN.1 module for CSMA/CD managed objects to add 40G and 100G PHY types

SuggestedRemedy

Insert following lines to the list PhyTypeValue::= ENUMERATED: Insert to the end of the list after 2BASE-TL

40GBASE-R (82) --Clause 82 40 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B 100GBASE-R (821) --Clause 82 100 Gb/s multilane 64B/66B

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 30B SC 30B.2 ASN.1 P 270 L 15 # 617

Ganga, llango Intel

banga, nango inter

Update 30B.2 ASN.1 module for CSMA/CD managed objects to add 40G and 100G PHY types

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Insert following 3 lines to the list "AutoNegTechnology::= ENUMERATED" as follows: Insert after 1000GBASE-TFD:

40GBASE-KR4 (822), --40GBASE-KR4 PHY as defined in Clause 84 40GBASE-CR4 (823), --40GBASE-CR4 PHY as defined in Clause 85 100GBASE-CR4 (8211), --100GBASE-CR10 PHY as defined in Clause 85

Comment Status X

C/ 30B SC 30B.2 ASN.1 P 270 L 16 # 618

Ganga, llango Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Update 30B.2 ASN.1 module for CSMA/CD managed objects to add 40G and 100G PHY types

SuggestedRemedy

Insert following lines to the list after "TypeValue::= ENUMERATED" as follows: Insert after 10GBASE-T:

40GBASE-R (821) Multilane R PCS/PMA as specified in Clause 82 over undefined PMD 40GBASE-KR4 (822) 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over an electrical backplane PMD as specified in Clause 84

40GBASE-CR4 (823) 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 lane shielded copper balanced cable PMD as specified in Clause 85

40GBASE-SR4 (824) 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 lane OM3 multimode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 86

40GBASE-LR4 (825) 40GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 87

100GBASE-R (8210) Multilane R PCS/PMA as specified in Clause 82 over undefined PMD 100GBASE-CR10 (8211) 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 10 lane shielded copper balanced cable PMD as specified in Clause 85

100GBASE-SR10 (8212) 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 10 lane OM3 multimode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 86

100GBASE-LR4 (8213) 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 88 $\,$

100GBASE-ER4 (8214) 100GBASE-R PCS/PMA over 4 WDM lane extended long reach single mode fiber PMD as specified in Clause 88

Proposed Response Status O

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC P 58 L # 533 Viiavaraghavan, Divva Altera Corp. Comment Type Comment Status X Page: 58, 63 - Table 45 -97a: register value should be 3.51 not 3.50 - Table 45 -99a: register value should be 3.53 not 3.50 SuggestedRemedy Always compare to 2 or 4, but not both. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 2.3.12.3 P 54 L 23 # 645 Nicholl, Garv Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status X In keeping with nicholl 02 0508 and the follow-up discussion at the Munich meeting I would like to request that the size of the BER be increased from 6 bits to at least 24 bits. SuggestedRemedy I will be providing a contribution in Dallas with a suggested remedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 2.3.12.4 P 54 L 30 # 646 Nicholl, Gary Cisco Comment Status X Comment Type TR In keeping with nicholl_02_0508 and the follow-up discussion at the Munich meeting I would like to request that the size of the Errored Block counter be increased from 8 bits to at least 24 bits. SuggestedRemedy

I will be providing a contribution in Dallas with a suggested remedy.

Response Status O

Proposed Response

Cl 45 SC 2.3.20a P62 L 37 # 522

Ofelt, David Juniper Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

There are some cut-paste errors.
In 20a - there are references to "register 2" that should be "register 4"

In 20a.1 - There are references to bit "3.51" that should be "3.53" In table 45-99a - The bit numbers references in the table are listed as "3.50", they should be "3.53".

All the other sections in 20a.3 reference "3.51" and instead of "3.53"

SuggestedRemedy

Change the references to "register 2" to "register 4" Change the references to "3.51" to "3.53"

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1 P 29 L 15 # 439
Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The use of "Backplane/Copper/TBD" is particularly ugly. The TF needs to settle on a vergage and stick to it. It doesn't need to be perfect - exceptions and usage changes can always be noted where required.

All of the usage in 802.3ba is BASE-R copper so that usage seems to be the most obvious. There may be some small exceptions for non BASE-R backplane (I haven't checked all the details) but these can be covered with specific notes. Future BASE-R copper may not use the same registers, but that bridge can be crossed when (if) we reach it.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Backplane/Copper/TBD" to "BASE-R copper"

Table 45-3 and all related 45.2.1 register definitions.

The footnote below Table 45-3 can be retained (with the name change). The verbage at the beginning of each register definition should mimic the footnote.

Remove the editor's note.

Cl **45** SC **45.2.1** P **29** L **6** # 368

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The device address structure of Clause 45 dates from XENPAK days. As the PMD and PMA may now be separate, they cannot always be managed as a single MMD unless a proxy is used. Even then, one loses the ability to control each one independent of the other with the present allocation of MMDs to registers. Also, there can be multiple separate PMAs for any port, with multiple possible loopback positions for example.

SuggestedRemedy

Continue to manage the PMD with device address 1, but allocate a device address number (the next available is 8) to PMA. Use a register within address 8 as an addressing scheme to distinguish between multiple PMDs of the same port. Copy the old stuff relevant to 40G/100G PMAs from 1 to 8, put the new stuff in 8. I believe a nAUI interface can count as a n:n PMA, but there could be two sorts like the 'PHY XS and DTE XS' in 10G.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 45 SC 45.2.1 P 33 L 13 # 17

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 45-3 Note a says "The name "Backplane/Copper/TBD" is used to denote PHYs that use the PMD described in Clause 72, including PHYS designated as BASE-KR and BASE-CR"

but Clause 72 only covers 10GBASE-KR

SuggestedRemedy

change "The name "Backplane/Copper/TBD" is used to denote PHYs that use the PMDs described in Clause 72, 84 or 85, including PHYs designated as BASE-KR and BASE-CR"

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.1.3 P34 L25 # 128

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

note states "Change Table 45-7 for 40Gb/s and 100 Gb/s PMA /PMD type selection," and then 45.2.1.6.1 is also noted to be changed for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s PMA/PMD type selections. However, 45.2.1.1.3 states "When bits 5 through 2 are set to 0000 the use of a 10G PMA/PMD is selected. More specific

selection is performed using the PMA/PMD control 2 register (Register 1.7)"

SuggestedRemedy

modify 45.2.1.1.3 to state

"When bits 5 through 2 are set to 0000 the use of a >=10G PMA/PMD is selected. More specific selection is performed using the PMA/PMD control 2 register (Register 1.7)"

Proposed Response Status O

CI 45 SC 45.2.1.4 P33 L47 # 18

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The editing instruction says "Insert 45.2.1.4.7 and 45.2.1.4.8 as follows:" but the inserted clauses are 45.2.1.4.8 and 45.2.1.4.9 (leaving room for 802.3av to insert 45.2.1.4.7

SuggestedRemedy

change editing instruction to "Insert 45.2.1.4.8 and 45.2.1.4.9 as follows:"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.4.8 P33 L49 # 152

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Note reads to "Insert 45.2.1.4.7 and 45.2.1.4.8 as follows" but the sections are entered in as 45.2.1.4.8 and 45.2.1.4.9

SuggestedRemedy

The section #'s are correct per Table 45-6, but the note is incorrect. Ignore note.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.6.1 P 34 L 29 # 19 CI 45 SC 45.2.1.76 P 39 L 33 # 464 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X The first sentence is modified to be "The PMA/PMD type of the PMA/PMD shall be Clause 72 is not being changed in this draft (including no change in title). It doesn't make selected using bits 4 through 0." However Table 45-7 uses bits 5 through 0 sense to be changing this subclause if Clause 72 PMD's are the only ones being used and clause 72 is the single PMD 10GBASE-KR (ie Clause 72 is not being changed to include SuggestedRemedy reference to other PMD's than 10GBASE-KR). Otherwise the ISO reference models in the Change "using bits 4 through 0." to "using bits 5 through 0." other clauses should indicate 10GBASE-KR as the PMD layer. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy reference other clauses besides clause 72 on line 36 or change clause 72 to include other items besides 10GBASE-KR (and change it's title). Also do the equivalent for Clause Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.6.1 P 34 L 32 # 20 45.2.1.77 to 45.2.1.87 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Comment Status X The text "and the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register 2" has been added, but C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.8 P 35 L 9 # 430 the register is now called just "40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register" in Table Ganga, Ilango 45-12a Intel SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Comment Status X E change added text from "and the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register 2" to "and Fix typo "usee" to "use' the 40G/100G PMA/PMD extended ability register" SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Per comment Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.6.1 P 34 / 33 # 21 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.81a P 43 L 5 # 283 Comment Status X Comment Type T Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks This states "A PMA/PMD shall ignore writes to the PMA/PMD type selection bits that select Comment Status X Comment Type PMA/PMD types it has not advertised in the PMA/PMD status 2 register." However the PMA/PMD type is now advertised in three registers as per the preceeding text. Several very minor editorial issues in clause 45 collected in to one comment. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy change "it has not advertised in the PMA/PMD status 2 register" to "it has not advertised" Remove underline from Table 45-58a page 43 line 5 Remove underline from Table 45-58b page 44 line 21 Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 45.2.1.81a

Space missing in "status register3" page 61 line 8 Space missing in "Table45-133" page 65 line 13

Response Status O

Proposed Response

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Need a shorter name than 'Backplane/Copper/TBD FEC'. Something neutral as to application, which may evolve over the months and years.

SuggestedRemedy

K-FEC?

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl **45** SC **45.2.1.84** P**45** L **28** # 3<u>75</u>

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The moderate power taken by FEC is spent four ways: encoding (basically a CRC generation), error detection (CRC checking), error correction, and re-coding as non-FEC 64B/66B and error marking. A significant fraction of the power and complexity goes in error correction; all the rest is straightforward. Most of the latency is taken by error correction and optional PCS error marking. In some scenarios e.g. a copper cable approaching 10 m, we need FEC for its excellent error detection capability. In other scenarios e.g. 40GBASE-KR4, 100GBASE-ER4, we do (or should) allow FEC for its error detection as well.

But when a particular link is up and running, a receiver that is happy with its received BER can switch the correction off, with no need for handshaking with the transmitter. This still gives excellent error detection, and remains compatible with PCS error indication. In principle this could be done lane by lane but the remedy below treats all the lanes as a group. There is another comment for Clause 74, and a short presentation.

SuggestedRemedy

Add another register bit in Table 45-61,

1.170.2

xxx FEC error correction disable ability

A read of 1 in this bit indicates that the xxx FEC sublayer is able to operate while detecting but not correcting received errors.

RC

Insert new 45.2.1.84.1 xxx FEC error correction disable ability (1.170.2)

When read as a one, bit 1.170.2 indicates that the xxx FEC decoder is able to operate while detecting but not correcting received errors (see 74.7.4.5). When read as a zero, the xxx FEC decoder is not able to operate while detecting but not correcting received errors. Add another register bit in Table 45-62.

1.171.2

FEC error correction disable

A write of 1 to this bit configures the xxx FEC decoder to operate while detecting but not correcting received errors.

R/W

Insert new 45.2.1.85.1 10 Gb/s FEC error correction disable (1.171.2)

This bit instructs the xxx FEC decoder to operate while detecting but not correcting received errors (see 74.7.4.5)

When bit 1.171.2 written as a one, if 1.171.1 is one, the xxx FEC decoder shall operate while detecting but not correcting received errors (see 74.7.4.5). When bit 1.171.2 is written as a zero, the xxx FEC decoder shall either correct as well as detect received errors according to 74.7.4.5, or neither detect nor correct, as determined by bits 1.170.0 and 1.171.0.

The default value of bit 1.171.2 is zero.

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.86 P 47 L 2 # 431 Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.11 P 52 L 9 # 229 Ganga, Ilango Intel Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The description implies that the PCS can support a PRBS31 or PRBS9 test pattern, but for Double period (..), delete a period 100/40GBASE-R these are now part of the PMA functions, not the PCS (and there can be SuggestedRemedy multiple locations of the test patterns). As per comment SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Clarify the text that for 100/40GBASE-R PRBS patterns are in the PMA, and add the appropriate PMA registers for this functionality. This also has to be corrected in table 45-94. Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.87b P 48 L 12 # 411 Ganga, Ilango Intel Proposed Response Response Status 0 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X repetition of lanes lanes, delete "lanes" Cl 45 P 54 SC 45.2.3.13 L 37 # 230 SuggestedRemedy Gustlin, Mark Cisco per comment Comment Type TR Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status 0 In 100/40GBASE-R the pseudo random test pattern is just sending idles scrambled, so there are no seed patterns needed. SuggestedRemedy Cl 45 SC 45.2.3 P 48 L 10 # 432 Remove the additions of 100/40GBSE-R to this register. Barrass, Hugh Cisco Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Table 45-82 is incomplete - there are more elements in the base document that are not shown here. SC 45.2.3.15 P 55 C/ 45 L 18 # 220 SuggestedRemedy Gustlin, Mark Cisco Show table elements from the base document or elipses where blocks are ommitted. Comment Type Comment Status X ER Currently it says: Proposed Response Response Status 0 "The test-pattern methodology is described in 49.2.8" But this should also refer to clause 82 for 40/100G. SuggestedRemedy Change to: "The test-pattern methodology is described in 49.2.8 for 10 Gb/s and in 82.2.10 for

> 40/100GBASE-r" Proposed Response

SC 45.2.3.15

Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.16 P 56 L 1 # 221 Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.18a P 59 L # 235 Gustlin, Mark Cisco Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Table name is incorrect, should include 40/100. In table 45-97a, the bits are numbered incorrectly, they should all be 3.51.x vs. 3.50 since the previous register used 3.50.x already. Table 45–95—10GBASE-R PCS test-pattern error counter register bit definitions SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change to 3.51.x in this table. Change to: Proposed Response Response Status O Table 45-95-10/40/100GBASE-R PCS test-pattern error counter register bit definitions Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.18a.4 P 60 *L* 1 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks C/ 45 SC 45.2.3.17a P 56 L 19 # 23 Comment Status X Comment Type T Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Titles of 45.2.3.18a.4 through 45.2.3.18a.8 refer to the wrong bits and in 45.2.3.18a.4 "bit Comment Type T Comment Status X 3.51.9" should be "bit 3.51.8" This refers to Table 45-96 but the new table is 45-96a SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy change titles of 45.2.3.18a.4 through 45.2.3.18a.8: Change reference to Table 45-96a from "Lane 16 lock (3.51.9)" to "Lane 16 lock (3.51.8)" from "Lane 15 lock (3.51.3)" to "Lane 15 lock (3.51.7)" Proposed Response Response Status O from "Lane 14 lock (3.51.2)" to "Lane 14 lock (3.51.6)" from "Lane 13 lock (3.51.1)" to "Lane 13 lock (3.51.5)" from "Lane 12 lock (3.51.0)" to "Lane 12 lock (3.51.4)" Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.18a P 58 # 24 and in 45.2.3.18a.4 change "bit 3.51.9" to "bit 3.51.8" L 15 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X This refers to Table 45-97 but the new table is 45-97a Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.19a P 61 L 3 SuggestedRemedy Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Change reference to Table 45-97a Comment Type T Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O This refers to Table 45-98 but the new table is 45-98a SuggestedRemedy Change reference to Table 45-98a Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 45.2.3.19a

Change the numbering to 3.53.x

Response Status O

Proposed Response

30

31

Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.19a.1 P 61 L 45 # 27 CI 45 SC 45.2.3.20a P 63 L 5 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X In 45.2.3.19a.1 through 45.2.3.19a.8 the text refers to "bit 3.50.x" which should be "bit In Table 45-99a in the first column 3.50.x should be 3.53.x 3.52.x" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "3.50." to "3.53." in 13 places Change "bit 3.50." to ""bit 3.52." in 16 places Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.20a.1 P62 L 50 Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.20a P 62 L 39 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Nortel Networks Anslow, Peter Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Status X Comment Type т In 45.2.3.20a.1 through 45.2.3.20a.12 the text refers to "bit 3.51.x" which should be "bit This refers to Table 45-98 but the new table is 45-99a also text contains "Multi-lane BASE-R PCS alignment status register 2" which should be "Multi-lane BASE-R PCS alignment status register 4" in 4 places In 45.2.3.20a.4 "bit 3.51.9" should be "bit 3.53.8" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change reference to Table 45-99a Change "bit 3.51." to ""bit 3.53." in 23 places and in 45.2.3.20a.4 change "bit 3.51.9" to "bit Change "Multi-lane BASE-R PCS alignment status register 2" to "Multi-lane BASE-R PCS 3.53.8" alignment status register 4" in 4 places Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.20a.4 P 64 L 1 Cl 45 # 236 SC 45.2.3.20a P 63 L 5 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Cisco Gustlin, Mark Comment Type Comment Status X Т Comment Type TR Comment Status X Titles of 45.2.3.20a.4 through 45.2.3.20a.8 refer to the wrong bits In table 45-99a, the bits are numbered incorrectly, they should all be 3.53.x vs. 3.50 since a SuggestedRemedy previous register used 3.50.x already. change titles of 45.2.3.20a.4 through 45.2.3.20a.8: SuggestedRemedy from "Lane 16 aligned (3.53.9)" to "Lane 16 aligned (3.53.8)"

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line

C/ 45 SC 45.2.3.20a.4

from "Lane 15 aligned (3.53.3)" to "Lane 15 aligned (3.53.7)" from "Lane 14 aligned (3.53.2)" to "Lane 14 aligned (3.53.6)"

from "Lane 13 aligned (3.53.1)" to "Lane 13 aligned (3.53.5)" from "Lane 12 aligned (3.53.0)" to "Lane 12 aligned (3.53.4)"

Response Status O

Proposed Response

Page 15 of 124 10/31/2008 1:28:54 PM Cl 45 SC 45.2.3.6.1 P 50 L 54 # 234 Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In clause 45, subclause 45,2,3,2,2, PCS recieve link status(3,1,2), the supporting paragraph talks about 10GBASE-R using this bit as a latching low version of bit 3.32.12. This should be the same for 40/100GBASE-R.

SuggestedRemedy

Add in appropriate text for 40/100GBASE-R.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

SC 45.2.3.7 Cl 45 P 51 L 33 # 22

Nortel Networks Anslow, Peter

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 45-87 new rows are added for bits 3.8.4 and 3.8.4 but the text is not in underline font

SuggestedRemedy

Change text of added rows to underline font

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 45 SC 45.2.7 P 65 # 440 L 46 Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

"Backplane/Copper/TBD" is ugly. This needs to be replaced with "BASE-R copper" for 802.3ba, but also needs "Backplane" for the other backplane functions.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Backplane/Copper/TBD" to "Backplane, BASE-R Copper" in Table 45-133 and in 45.2.7.12.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 45 SC 45.2.7.12 P 66 L 17 # 32

Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

In Table 45-142 bit 7.48.7 has been Reserved. However the whole row should be shown in underline font as it is new.

SuggestedRemedy

Show whole row for bit 7.48.7 in underline font

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45-90 P 52 L 24

Szczepanek, Andre Texas Instruments

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Bit 3.23.3 advertises the ability to test a PRBS9 pattern.

However there is no corrsponding "PRBS9 receive test-pattern enable" in Table 45-94.

SuggestedRemedy

I dont think there was any intention to add PRBS9 pattern verification.

There is no mention of it in the PMA clause iether.

Remove Bit 3.23.3

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC all P 29 12 # 551 Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

MDIO base on 1.5 V HSTL logic in CL 45 is outdated and often require extra power source.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest to use JESD8-14A-01 duplicate table 45-65 MDIO electrical interface

characteristics for 40/100 GbE

Vdd - Supply Voltage 0.9 to 1.1 V

Vih - Input high voltage 0.65*Vdd to Vdd+0.2

VIL - Input low voltage -0.2 to 0.35*Vdd

Voh - Output high voltge at loh=-2 mA, 0.75*Vdd (min)

Vol - Ouput low voltage at Iol=2 mA, 0.25*Vdd (max)

Ci - Input capacitace - 10 pf

CL - Bus loading - 470 pf

Proposed Response Response Status O

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Cl 45 SC Table 45-96a P 57 L 1 # 219 CI 69 SC 1.3 P70 L 20 # 523 Gustlin, Mark Cisco Ofelt. David Juniper Networks Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X The "I" in the "MDI" label is the wrong font size :). Table title should include "register 1" since there are register 2,3 etc... SuggestedRemedy Table 45–96a—Multi-lane BASE-R PCS alignment status register bit definitions Make it bigger... SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Change it to: "Table 45-96a-Multi-lane BASE-R PCS alignment status register 1 bit definitions" C/ 69 SC 69.1.1 P 69 L 11 # 378 Proposed Response Response Status O Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type E Comment Status X CI 4A SC 4A P 267 L 21 # 70 Don't say 'family of xxx Physical Layer signaling systems is extended' The reader is not Chung, Hwan Seok FTRI required to know or care which Physical Laver signaling systems were standardised before which. Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Rephrase sentence for consistency. Change "For 40 and 100 Gb/s operation, " to " For 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s operation," Change 'is extended to include' to 'includes', three times. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O CI 69 SC 69.1.3 P70 L 34 # 153 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks CI 4A P 267 # 294 SC 4A.4.2 L 28 Comment Type T Comment Status X Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Implementors may not specify a different data width for 40GBASE-KR4. Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Under the new note 4 there is a warning box containing "WARNING Any deviation from the Add the followingabove specified values may affect proper operation of the network." This implies that this Modify bullet f as follows: warning note must be included again. The MDI as specified in Clause 70 for 1000BASE-KX, Clause 71 for 10GBASE-KX4, SuggestedRemedy Clause 72 for 10GBASE-KR, or Clause 84 for 40GBASE-KR4. Delete the warning box and change the editing instructions to say that the new note 4 is Proposed Response inserted before the warning box. Response Status O

C/ 69A SC 69A.3 P 271 L 21 # 427 Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type Comment Status X typo, change to "tolerance" SuggestedRemedy per comment Proposed Response Response Status O SC 10.1 P 76 Cl 73 L 40 # 521 Valliappan, Magesh Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X

For KR4/CR4/CR10 implementations where PMD&AN are in one device and the PCS&MAC are in a different device separated by an XLAUI interface, there isn't a well defined way for autoneg to access link status from the PCS.

SuggestedRemedy

The best remedy is an in-band indication of link status through the XLAUI interface, but I dont know how this can be done.

Will submit a presentation if suitable solution is available.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 73 SC 50 P73 L 19 # 155 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

lane for auto-negotiation for 40GBASE-KR4, CR4, and CR10 is not indicated.

SuggestedRemedy

Add last paragraph of 73.3, as modified, per below:

When the MDI supports multiple lanes, then lane 0 of the MDI shall be used for Auto-Negotiation and for connection of any single-lane PHYs (e.g., 100BASE-KX or 10GBASE-KR).

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 73 SC 73 P73 L 1 # 270

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type Comment Status X

Subclause 73.5.1.1 needs to be amended for 40GBASE-KR4. 40GBASE-CR4. and 100GBASE-CR10 to ensure the PHYs exchange DME pages on a common lane.

SuggestedRemedy

Amend last sentence of 73.5.1.1 to read: "When the PHY has 10GBASE-KX4, 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4, or 100GBASE-CR10 capability, DME pages shall be transmitted only on lane 0. The transmitters for unused lanes should be disabled as specified in 71.6.7, <insert appropriate cross-references>."

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 73 SC 73 P73 L 5 # 33

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Format of Note does not conform to style guide

SuggestedRemedy

Either change "Note that" to "NOTE-" to make the note informative or change the font of the note to "Text" (10 point) for normative text.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

Cl 73 P 75 SC 73.10.1 L 22 # 34

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The PD definition has changed from "represents all of the following that are present: 1000BASE-KX PMA, 10GBASE-KX4 PMA, and 10GBASE-KR PMA."

"represents all of the following that are present: 1000BASE-KX PMA, 10GBASE-CX4, 10GBASE-KX4 PMA, 10GBASE-KR PMA, 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4, 100GBASE-CR10." where some have PMA afterwards and some don't

SuggestedRemedy

Change to "represents all of the following that are present: 1000BASE-KX PMA, 10GBASE-CX4 PMA, 10GBASE-KX4 PMA, 10GBASE-KR PMA, 40GBASE-KR4 PMA, 40GBASE-CR4 PMA, 100GBASE-CR10 PMA,"

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 73 SC 73.10.2 P 77 L 1 # 241 Meyer, Jeffrey Centellax

Comment Type Ε Comment Status X

This is merely a grammar comment for the sentence "Timer for the amount of time to wait...". The sentence should begin with an article like "The timer for the amount of time to wait..". This also appears on line 9.

SuggestedRemedy

Begin the sentence with an article like "The".

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 73.2 P 73 CI 73 L7 # 154 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Status X

Figure 73-1 only reflects 1 Gb/s and 10 Gb/s, and does not reflecto 40 Gb/s for 40GBASE-KR4 and 40GBASE-CR4 or 100 Gb/s for 100GBASE-CR10.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Add Fig 73-1 with the following modification: show location of auto-negotation sublayer for 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 73 SC 73.5.1 P73 L 27 # 441 Cisco

Barrass, Hugh

Comment Type Т Comment Status X

The editor's note notwithstanding, the paragraph needs rewording (because it's ugly!) and more importantly, the following paragraph regarding operation over multilane media must be changed.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the editor's note and the paragraph in the existing draft. Replace with:

Change text as follows (underlines & strikeouts will need to be added by the editor):

DME pages can be transmitted by local devices capable of operating in 1 Gb/s, 10Gb/s, 40Gb/s and 100Gb/s; using 1, 4 or 10 lanes.

73.5.1.1 DME electrical specifications

Change text as follows:

Transmitter characteristics shall meet the specifications in Table 73-1 at TP1 while transmitting DME pages. Receiver characteristics shall meet the specifications in Table 73-1 at TP4 while receiving DME pages.

For any multi-lane PHY, DME pages shall be transmitted only on lane 0. The transmitters on other lanes should be disabled as specified in 71.6.7.

Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 73 SC 73.6.4 P73 L 49 # 462
Chalupsky, David Intel Corp.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is unnecessary distinnction between CR4 and KR4 in autonegotiation.

In Table 45-3 (PMA/PMD registers) we have already set the precedent that backplane and copper registers should be kept common as much as feasible.

We should continue this practice.

Propose combining KR4 and CR4 Technology Ability fields, priority resolution, and state variables as indicated in Remedy.

Beyond simplicity there is a problem with advertising CR4 & KR4 in separate bits and allowing them both to be set. In this case the the underlying PHY cannot distinguish if the media is backplane or copper. The Priority Resolution Table says to pick CR4, but the meida may actually be a bakplane, so the result would be to indicate a CR4 reslution when it is actually KR4... and it doesn't matter. Combine the bits.

SuggestedRemedy

Table 73-1: Rename bit A3 "40GBASE-KR4/CR4" Reclaim the remaining bits by naming A4 as CR10 & returning A5 to reserved.

Table 73-2: Combine CR4 and KR4 into the same resolution priority level.

subclause 73.10.1: 40GKR4 and 40GCR4 into the same variable. Either pick one of the two existing variable names, or make a combined name like "40GCKR4". Change the description to "represents that the 40GBASE-KR4 or 40GBASE-CR4 PMA is the signal source"

subclause 73.10.1: definition of single_link_ready: combine CR4 & KR4 (5 & 6) into one line: "5) link_status_[40GCKR4] = OK" as appropriate for the variable name used ablve.

Table 45-142 (and subclause 45.2.7.12.2): combine autoneg resolution for CR4 and KR4 into the same bit, since autoneg cannot distiguish. Suggest using bit 5. Change the bit 5 description to read "...is negotiated to perform 40GBASE-KR4 or 40GBASE-CR4" (The name for this bit can be resolved in the future to be consistent with the

"Backplane/Copper/TBD" names that need to be resolved elsewhere in the draft.)

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 73 SC 73.7.4.1 P75 L 17 # 463
Chalupsky, David Intel Corp.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Unecessary distinction between CX4 and KX4 in autonegotiation variables. Subclause 74.7.4.1 line 17-18 already indicate sthat CX4 may be parallel detected, and that it is up to the system implementer to distiguish KX4 form CX4 as the PHY cannot. To be consistent with that we should remove CX4 state variables from autoneg, because the PHY cannot distiguish parallel detected KX4 from CX4.

SuggestedRemedy

73.7.4.1, line 17. After sentence "Additionally, parallel detection may be used for 10GBASE-CX4" insert "Parallel detection of 10GBASE-CX4 should be indicated by setting the Negotiated Port Type to 10GBASE-KX4 in the management register 7.48.2."

subclause 73.10.1, page 76 line 8: delete the variable definition 10GCX4. Page 76, line 37: delete line with "link_status_[10GCX4]=OK"

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 74 SC 7.4.5 P79 L 49 # 524

Ofelt, David Juniper Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Punctiation missing for "In case of sucessful decoding the decoder..."

SuggestedRemedy

Change to

"In case of sucessful decoding, the decoder..."

or possibly

"In the case of sucessful decoding, the decoder..."

 CI 74
 SC 7.4.5
 P 80
 L 2
 # 87

 Szczepanek, Andre
 Texas Instruments

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

"The single lane PHY marks every 8th 64B/66B block"

is not strictly true. It also always marks the last block in a frame (+7!)

This is repeated on line 31 on the same page

SuggestedRemedy

Change to

"The single lane PHY marks every 8th and the last 64B/66B word in an FEC block" or similar. The four lane wording may need the same change.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 74 SC 74.3 P79 L 21 # 156

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Fig 74-1 only shows FEC for 10GBASE-R. The clause is being modified elsewhere to separate between serial and multi-lane PHY. It should be done in this figure as well.

SuggestedRemedy

Add Fig 74-1 with modification to show 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R layers as well.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 74 SC 74.4.2 P79 L 34 # 442

Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

As the editor's note suggests - a diagram is needed.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the editor's note after doing what it says.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Status X

suiri, iviark

TR

Today in clause 74, subclause 74.5.3 it describes the primitive FEC_SIGNAL_indication. This states if the FEC recieve is in lock or not. This is fine for the legacy 16 bit parallel interface, but for 40/100GbE the FEC block could be across a XLAUI or CAUI interface

from the PCS. It would be better if we defined the behavior for loss of FEC lock also for the case where we just have the XLAUI or CAUI i/f between the PCS and FEC block.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Define the FEC loss of lock behavior as sending the raw unsynchronized bit stream to the PCS. Without FEC lock, and without the FEC block lock restoring the 66b blocks, the recieve PCS will be down and out of lock which is what we want in this situation.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 74 SC 74.4.2 P79 L41 # 222
Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Subclause 74.5 (which is not part of our D1.0) needs to be changed to enable it to hook up to our PCS and PMA sublayers.

Here are the current primitives for the FEC clause (based on the 16 bit wide parallel bus): FEC (clause 74) primitives:

- a) FEC_UNITDATA.request(tx_data-group<15:0>)
- b) FEC UNITDATA.indication(rx data-group<15:0>)
- c) FEC_SIGNAL.indication(SIGNAL_OK)

Right now this clause won't hook up to the PCS or PMA clause. Right now for the 40/100G PCS:

PMA_UNITDATA.requestx (x = 0-3 for 40GBASE-R) PMA_UNITDATA.indicatex (x = 0-3 for 40GBASE-R) PMA_SIGNAL.indication

We need to add the correct primitives to the FEC clause so it hooks up to the 40/100G PCS/PMA.

SuggestedRemedy

This could just be:

40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R run one instance of the FEC sublayer on each PCS lane. To hook up to the PCS or PMA sublayers, the following primitives are used.

For 40GBASE-R the primitives are:

PMA_UNITDATA.requestx (x = 0-3)

PMA UNITDATA.indicatex (x = 0-3)

PMA SIGNAL indication

For 100GBASE-R the primitives are:

PMA UNITDATA.requestx (x = 0-19)

PMA UNITDATA.indicatex (x = 0-3)

PMA SIGNAL indication

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 74 SC 74.7.4.5 P79 L 39 # 433
Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The editor's note i sno longer required.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the editor's note

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 74 SC 74.7.4.5 P79 L 46 # 322

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The moderate power taken by FEC is spent four ways: encoding (basically a CRC generation), error detection (CRC checking), error correction, and re-coding as non-FEC 64B/66B and error marking. A significant fraction of the power and complexity goes in error correction; all the rest is straightforward. Most of the latency is taken by error correction and optional PCS error marking. In some scenarios e.g. a copper cable approaching 10 m, we need FEC for its error detection. In other scenarios e.g. 40GBASE-KR4, 100GBASE-ER4, we do (or should) allow FEC for its error detection as well. But when a particular link is up and running, a receiver that is happy with its received BER can switch the correction off, with no need for handshaking with the transmitter. This still gives excellent error detection, and remains compatible with PCS error indication. In principle this could be done lane by lane but the remedy below treats all the lanes as a group. There is another comment for Clause 74.

SuggestedRemedy

Add sentence 'For reduced power, latency and complexity, in some circumstances the FEC decoder detects errors but does not attempt to correct them. These circumstances are explained in the relevant PMD clauses e.g. Clause 84 to Clause 88.'

I intend to provide a short presentation showing the difference between error detection and error correction.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 74 SC 74.7.4.5 P80 L2 # 227

Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

So that 40G and 100G will have similar behavior when it comes to the PCS SM interactions with uncorrectable FEC blocks, change 40G marking behavior to be consistent with 100G (mark all blocks bad).

SuggestedRemedy

Change: The single lane PHY marks every 8th 64B/66B block, the four PCS-lane PHY marks every second

64B/66B block and the twenty PCS-lane PHY marks every 64B/66B block.

To: The single lane PHY marks every 8th 64B/66B block, the four and twenty PCS-lane PHYs marks every 64B/66B block.

Make the same change on line 31 of the same page also.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

85

300

301

CI 74 SC 74.8 P 81 L 11 # 443 C/ 80 SC 1.4 P87 L 21 Barrass, Hugh Cisco Szczepanek, Andre **Texas Instruments** Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X All of the register names need to change to match Clause 45. "at teast 100m" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change the register names for all the registers in Table 74-1 to match Clause 45 (may be "at least 100m" changed by another comment). Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 80 SC 3 P89 L 34 CI 74 SC 74.8 P 81 L 11 # 461 Shafai, Farhad Sarance Technologies Intel Corp. Chalupsky, David Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X Based on implementations in FPGAs, I have measured the delay through the MAC, RS Table 74-1 register names are "Backplane" but they are named "Backplane/Copper/TBD" and MAC Control layers and would like to suggest the values for this delay that is currently in Clause 45. This is just a reminder that resolving the naming issue in Cl45 also applies in table 150-1 to be changed as per this comment. to Table 74-1. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy In table 150-1, row 1, change 8129 to 17920. Apply resolution of Table 45-3 "Backplane/Copper/TBD" naming issue to Table 74-1. In table 150-1, row 1, change 16 to 35. Supplemental material is provided in support of this remedy. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status W SC 74.8 The commenter has used old clause numbers. Changed Clause number from 150 to 80 CI 74 P 81 # 377 L 25 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies C/ 80 SC 3 P89 L 35 Comment Type T Comment Status X Shafai, Farhad Sarance Technologies PMA/PMD register names ('Backplane FEC') do not match Clause 45 Comment Type Comment Status X ('Backplane/Copper/TBD FEC') in this draft. The former is too specific, the latter is too Based on implementations in FPGAs. I have measured the delay through the PCS and long. Need a shorter name: something neutral as to application, which may evolve over would like to suggest the TBD values for the PCS round trip delays to be changed as the months and years. described here. These delays are specified in table 150-1. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy K-FEC?

Change the TBD fields for 40GBASE-R PCS round trip delay to: 11264 bit time in column 2. and 22 pause quanta in column 3.

Change the TBD fields for 100GBASE-R PCS round trip delay to: 35328 bit time in column 2, and 69 pause quanta in column 3.

Supplemental material is provided in support of this remedy.

Proposed Response Response Status W

The commenter has used old clause numbers. Changed Clause number from 150 to 80

C/ 80 SC 80.1.1 P 85 L 12 # 311 C/ 80 SC 80.1.2 P85 L 3138 # 71 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Chung, Hwan Seok ETRI Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The paragraph quoted has several problems and seems to have no purpose beyond There are two types of description for MMF in D1.0 such as "multi mode fiber" and advertisement. Any reader of a document like this will be above such material. "multimode fiber". Across the entire document, "multimode fiber" was mostly used. So, to The 40 and 100 Gigabit Ethernet extends the IEEE 802.3 protocol to operating speeds of maintain consistency, it will be better to change "multi mode fiber" to "multimode fiber." The change should be done in following lines. 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s. The bit rate is faster and the bit times are shorter—both in proportion to the change in bandwidth while maintaining maximum compatibility with the installed based of IEEE 802.3 interfaces. The minimum packet transmission time has been Clause 1, page 23, line 21: multi mode fiber->multimode fiber reduced by a factor of four for 40 Gb/s and ten for 100 Gb/s.' Clause 1, page 23, line 42: multi mode fiber->multimode fiber Clause 80, page 85, line 31: multi mode fiber->multimode fiber Extends? will be wrong when .3ba is rolled into the base standard. 'bandwidth' is wrong term. 'while maintaining maximum compatibility with the installed based of IEEE 802.3 Cluase 80, page 85, line 38; multi mode fiber->multimode fiber interfaces' There is very little compatibility with the installed based of IEEE 802.3 SuggestedRemedy interfaces intended (and none spelled out in the objectives). 'packet transmission time' means? For links up to 10 and 40 km, transmission time is substantially determined by the speed if light, not the MAC rate. 'factor of four' as compared with what? Proposed Response Response Status 0 SuggestedRemedy Delete the paragraph. Anyone who thinks it leaves a void can bring in something better C/ 80 P 85 next time. SC 80.1.3 L 45 # 118 Marris. Arthur Cadence Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Comment Status X Style: C/ 80 SC 80.1.1 P 85 / 15 # 465 The word "respectively" is redundant. Dudek, Mike JDSU SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Delete "respectively" typo Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change "based" to "base" C/ 80 SC 80.1.3 P86 L 1 # 116 Proposed Response Response Status O Marris. Arthur Cadence Comment Type Comment Status X Punctuation delete comma before and SuggestedRemedy Change

> "MAC, and" to "MAC and" Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.1.3 P 86 L 36 # 380 C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P87 L 18 # 284 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X 'It is important to note that': is just padding. If it didn't matter, we wouldn't say it. Several very minor editorial issues in clause 80 collected in to one comment. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete Change "for e.g." to "e.g." in page 87 lines 18 and 21 Change "concepts of MII:" to "concepts of the MII:" page 94 line 15 Proposed Response Response Status O Change "implemented DIC" to "implemented the DIC" page 104 line 3 Change "a RXC" to "an RXC" page 106 line 38 Page 111 line 12 external reference to clause 21 should be blue SC 80.1.3 P 86 L 5 C/ 80 # 379 Proposed Response Response Status O Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X CI 80 SC 80.1.4 P87 L 18 # 112 New figures in new clauses should do things properly. Marris, Arthur Cadence SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type T Use upper and lower case as normal, e.g. change 'LAN CSMA/CD LAYERS' to 'LAN CSMA/CD layers'. Also in following clauses. The PHYs need to be able to drive at least these distances while the media can be up to these distances. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Consider changing "of at least" C/ 80 SC 80.1.3 P 86 L 53 # 35 to Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks "of up to at least" Comment Type Comment Status X in three places item e) currently reads "The PMD Service Interface, which, when physically implemented at Also change "teast" to "least" on line 21. an observable interconnection port, uses a 4 or 10 lane data path as specified in Clause Proposed Response Response Status O To match the other items the name PPI should be included. SuggestedRemedy CI 80 SC 80.1.4 P87 L 18 # 466 change "when physically implemented at an observable interconnection port" to "when physically implemented as PPI (Parallel Physical Interface) at an observable Dudek, Mike JDSU interconnection port" Comment Type T Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status 0 The wording in this paragraph implies that shorter cables are not compliant. SuggestedRemedy Change "represents a physical medium of" to "represents the ability to operate over a physical medium of" 5 places.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P 87 L 18 # 36 C/ 80 SC 80.11 P 91 L 1 # 121 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X This says "The letter C in the port type (e.g. 40GBASE-CR4 or 100GBASE-CR10) Clause 80.11 needs to be renumbered. represents a physical medium of shielded balanced copper cabling assembly of at least 10 SuggestedRemedy m in length.". But the physical medium is up to 10 m in length. It is the PMD that is 80.11 should be 80.6 capable of at least 10 m. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Either change "at least" to "up to" in 5 places in this paragraph, change "represents a physical" to "represents a port capable of operation over a physical" C/ 80 SC 80.2.3 P 87 L 5 in 5 places Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type E Comment Status X This contains "implementations and the Table 80–1 specifies" which reads awkwardly. C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P 87 L 21 # 412 SuggestedRemedy Ganga, Ilango Intel "implementations and the Table 80-1 specifies" to "implementations. Table 80-1 specifies" Comment Type E Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O Typo: change to "at least" SuggestedRemedy SC 80.2.3 C/ 80 P88 L 10 # 145 per comment D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X Optional XLAUI / CAUI not shown in Table 80-1. C/ 80 SC 80.11 P 91 L 1 # 130 SuggestedRemedy D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks show columns for 83A and XLAUI / CAUI. All 40GBASE-R PMDs should be optional for XLAUI and NA CAUI. All 100GBASE-R PMDs should be optional for CAUI and NA for Comment Type E Comment Status X XLAUI. subclauses not numbered properly - 80.11 should be 80.6 Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy renumber 80.11 to 80.6 Proposed Response Response Status 0

C/ 80 SC 80.2.3 P88 L23 # 312

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Clause 74 FEC is applicable to all these port types. Whether we like it or not, it can be applied. At least as far as error detection, it should be mandatory for 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10. I expect it will turn out to be a practical necessity for 100GBASE-ER4.

SuggestedRemedy

Make Clause 74 FEC mandatory for 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10, optional for all other port types in this table. The distinction between mandatory FEC detection and mandatory FEC correction can be explained elsewhere.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 80 SC 80.2.3 P88 L23 # 313

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Auto-negotiation is an unnecessary burden on front-side ports. See another comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Provide two columns under '73', Auto-negotiation M for 40GBASE-KR4 only (blank for all others), Link Negotiation (if we keep that name) O or M as decided for 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10. Revise 82.2.20.

Proposed Response Status O

inslow, reter notice including

This paragraph mentions all of the PHY types except 40GBASE-LR4. Also, the english could be improved.

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Add 40GBASE-LR4 to the list of 40G PHY types, change "The terms 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R refers" to "The terms 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R refers" and change "based upon 64B/66B data coding method" to "based upon the 64B/66B data coding method"

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 80 SC 80.2.3 P88 L38 # 113

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This text is redundant as it repeats what is described in 80.1.4 Nomenclature. Also it does

not mention 40GBASE-LR4 and 'terms' should be 'term'.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete

The term 40GBASE-R refers to a specific family of Physical Layer implementations for 40 Gb/s such as 40GBASE-KR4, 40GBASE-CR4 and 40GBASE-SR4. The term 100GBASE-R refers to a specific family of Physical Layer implementations for 100 Gb/s such as 100GBASE-CR10, 100GBASE-SR10, 100GBASE-LR4 and 100GBASE-ER4. All 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R PHY devices share a common PCS specification defined in Clause 82.

So that the text reads:

The term '40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R' refers to a specific family of Physical Layer implementations based upon 64B/66B data coding method specified in Clause 82 and the PMA specification defined in Clause 83.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 80 SC 80.2.3 P88 L45 # 323

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Good introductory material overlooked in 82.1.3.

SuggestedRemedy

Either add sentence here 'The functions of the PCS, FEC, PMA, PMD and AN sublayers are summarized in 82.1.3.' or move 82.1.3. into 80.2.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Task force Review

314

Cl 80 SC 80.2.6 P89 L11 # 620
Ganga, llango Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Service interface specification method and notation:

For all the service interfaces used in 802.3ba follow the definition used in 1.2.2 and be consistent with service interfaces used in the base specification (IEEE 802.3-2008)

This comment applies to Clause 82 to Clause 88

In the base specification the only the parameters used in the primitive is a vector, none of the primitives are vectors. Whereas in 802.3ba the primitive is defined as a vector with just a single parameter. This is inconsistent with the base standard (IEEE Std 802.3-2008)

Change the service interface definition in 802.3ba to be consistent with the base standard

For example the PMD service interface in Clause 86 is defined as follows: PMD_UNITDATA.request<n:0>(tx_biti), i=0..n

or in otherwords

PMD_UNITDATA.request0(tx_bit0)

PMD_UNITDATA.request1(tx_bit1)

PMD UNITDATA.requestn(tx bitn)

Instead define the primitives with parameter as vectors as in 802.3-2008

PMD UNITDATA.request(tx bit<n:0>)

or in otherwords

PMD UNITDATA.request(tx bitn, .. tx bit2, tx bit1, tx bit0)

SuggestedRemedy

Change service interface definition in 802.3ba to be consistent with the base specification (IEEE Std 802.3-2008). Make this change globally to Clauses 80 through 88 and remove the editorial notes.

For example the PMD_UNIDATA.request primitive in PMD service interface will be redefined as follows:

PMD UNITDATA.request(tx bit<n:0>)

or in otherwords

PMD UNITDATA.request(tx bit<n>, .. tx bit2, tx bit1, tx bit0)

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.2.6

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type E Comment Status X

'Editor's note... The service interface notation used in 802.3ba PMD PMA clauses have some differences from the notations used for10GbE sublayer interfaces. The differences need to be explained in the introductory Clause 80

P89

L 14

The definitions and notation for service interfaces in 802.3ba PMD/PMA will be reconciled, during TF review, as per the service interface definitions specified in 1.2.2. 'What is the difference/issue?

SuggestedRemedy

If found to be OK. delete this and similar notes.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.3 P89 L 23 # 315

Dawe, Piers

Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

MAC Control PAUSE can't be used with long links because the round trip latency becomes too much to cope with. At each higher MAC rate, this is ever more true. If the entity above the MAC wants to know the round trip latency, it should use Ping or similar method to find it out for a particular link. Even with this table, for many port types there is no guarantee that the nominal maximum latency is not exceeded because 'A PMD which exceeds the operational range requirement while meeting all other optical specifications is considered compliant'.

SugaestedRemedy

Remove the table rows for 40GBASE-LR4 PMD, 100GBASE-LR4 PMD and 100GBASE-ER4 PMD. Delete 87.2.1 and 88.2.1, change '87.2 Delay and skew' to '87.2 Skew', similarly 88.2.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.3 P 89 L 25 # 418 Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type ER Comment Status X Change "PHY implementors" to "PHY implementations" SuggestedRemedy per comment Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 80 SC 80.3 P 89 L 32 # 316 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

With multi-lane sublayers, these time units are confusing. 'bit time' was always confusing to PMD and PMA engineers.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a column in ns. Consider deleting one of the two 'Maximum' columns in D3.0. If we keep a column in bit times, change 'bit time' to 'MAC bit time'.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 80 SC 80.3 P 89 L 44 # 317

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Dawe, Fleis Avago Technologia

Comment Type T

pe T Comment Status X

TBDs

SuggestedRemedy

Accept the proposed Round-trip delay limit for 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.3 P89 L46 # 39

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In Table 80-1 the reference for 40GBASE-LR4 is only to clause 87 rather than 87.2.1

SuggestedRemedy

Change "See 87." to "See 87.2.1."

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.3 P89 L 54 # 240
Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Currently clause 80 does not have the allowed skew constraints. It seems to me that it would be good to add in a table and some background on the skew constraints in this clause as well as putting the applicable skew constraints in each appropriate clause (PCS, PMA, PMD etc).

SuggestedRemedy

Add in a section based on the attached presentation into clause 80 and other appropriate clauses.

Proposed Response Status **O**

C/ 80 SC 80.3 P90 L5 # 119

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X** spelling of meter. Should this be 'metre'?

SuggestedRemedy

Consider changing to 'metre'.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 81 SC 3.1.1 P 100 L 53 # 104 C/ 81 SC 81.1.5 P 95 L 17 # 114 Ebbers, Jonathan IBM Marris. Arthur Cadence Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X For 100G, are we really going to run with TX CLK and RX CLK at 1.56GHz? This seems OSI not ISO like quite a frequency jump; I'm surprised no consideration was given to expanding the bus SuggestedRemedy width from 4 bytes to 8 or 16. We typically time the cores with 200 ps of margin, but 1.56G only gives us a 640ps cycle time. I think even at 45nm this would be very tight to time. Change "ISO (IEEE)" SuggestedRemedy Clarify the frequency requirements or allow for a wider MII bus definition. "OSI" Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 81 SC 81.1 P 93 L 46 # 131 C/ 81 SC 81.3.1.3 P 102 L7 # 318 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X choice of wording Some of the lines shown are impossible with the hex values given. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy reword Remove the lines below '0xFF' and above '0x00'. Also Fig. 81-6, 81-7. The purpose of the MII is to provide a simple and easy-to-implement logical Proposed Response Response Status O interconnection between the Media Access Control (MAC) sublayer and the Physical Layer (PHY). The MII is not intended to be electrically instantiated, rather it can logically connect layers within a device. C/ 81 SC 81.3.4 P108 L 17 # 115 The MII is an optional logical interface between the Media Access Control (MAC) sublayer Marris, Arthur Cadence and the Physical Layer (PHY). Comment Type T Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O Most of the text and the state diagram in 81.3.4 has been copied verbatim from Clause 46. SugaestedRemedy C/ 81 SC 81.1 P 93 L 5 # 133 Consider referencing sub clause 46.3.4 for link fault signalling rather than having a direct D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks copy. Something along the lines of: Comment Type E Comment Status X "Link fault signalling shall be implemented as described in 46.3.4. The four octet sequence Use of "MII" is ambiguous. ordered set shall start in lane 0 with the octets in lanes 4. 5. 6 and 7 set to 0x00." Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Suggest XLGMII and CGMII be used when referring to speed appropriate MII.

intervening fault sequences of a different fault value."

intervening fault sequences of a different fault value.'

Ordered sets do not need to arrive in pairs.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

...seems to be inconsisent with the Link Fault Signaling state diagram (Figure 81-9).

Response Status O

Change to read "...with each fault sequence separated by less than 128 columns and no

223

192

C/ 81 SC 81.3.4 P 108 L 22 # 319 C/ 81 SC 81.3.5 P110 L 51 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type Т Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Decide once and for all whether to allow 'unidirectional' operation at 40 and 100G. Per Remove the following: conversation at last meeting, it seems it's possibly helpful for an unprotected link, probably harmful for a protected link. Will there be unprotected managed 40G or 100G Ethernet "81.3.5 PCS MDIO function mapping links? [Editor's note (to be removed prior to publication) - Insert MDIO/MII variable mapping" SuggestedRemedy Decide and write it down. If we do allow unidirectional, the bad Hamming distance of the Clause 81 has no function mapping. Sequence ordered_sets might be worth changing. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 81 SC 81.3.4 P 108 # 237 L 22 Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type Comment Status X TR CI 82 SC Ρ Remove Baldwin, Thananya Ixia "[Editor's note (to be removed prior to publication) - The behavior described below does not Comment Type T Comment Status X allow unidirectional operation]" "UCT" appears in Figure 82-12-PCS lane lock state diagram but not defined in the document. The behavior does not allow unidirectional operation which is what is intended. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Define UCT and list it in the Abbreviations section. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 81 SC 81.3.4.3 P 109 L 51 # 275 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation Comment Status X Comment Type T "...with each pair of fault sequences separated by less than 128 columns and no

SC

CI 82 SC P 1228 # 7 CI 82 SC 1.6 P100 L 52 # 103 Wong, Don Cisco Systems Ebbers, Jonathan **IBM** Comment Type ER Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X Figure 82-5 Figure 2 For BlockTypeField 0xb4, 0xcc, 0xd2 & 0xe1, missing one more "single bit" field (marked "AIIGNMENT LOCK LANE DESKEW" should be "ALIGNMENT LOCK LANE DESKEW". by thin rectangle). SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "AIIGNMENT LOCK LANE DESKEW" to "ALIGNMENT LOCK LANE DESKEW". Add "thin rectangle" for BlockTypeField 0xb4, 0xcc, 0xd2 & 0xe1. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 P128 SC 2.10 / 1 # 90 Szczepanek, Andre Texas Instruments Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type TR Comment Status X The test-pattern generator and checker sub-clauses require definition of the test pattern. SC 1.4 Cl 82 P 115 L 37 # 100 SuggestedRemedy Ebbers, Jonathan IBM Use the 10GBASE-R pseudo-random pattern? Comment Type E Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status 0 The 40GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 10.3125 Mtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 40 Gb/s. The 100GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 5.15625 Mtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s. Cl 82 SC 2.10 P128 L 10 # 102 Ebbers, Jonathan **IBM** I think Mtransfers/s should be Gtransfers/s. Comment Type E Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy 82.2.10 says that the scrambler starts off with a seed loaded from the MDIO registers. Change "The 40GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service This seems to contradict 82.2.6 which says that there is no initial value for the scrambler. interface of 10.3125 Mtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 40 We suspect that there is no initial value for regular operation and a defined seed for test Gb/s. The 100GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 5.15625 operation. Should the specification be more specific on this point? Mtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s." SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s."

Proposed Response Response Status O

"The 40GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 10.3125

PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 5.15625 Gtransfers/s, which

Gtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 40 Gb/s. The 100GBASE-R

to

Clarify the sentence in 82.2.6, "There is no requirement on the initial value for the scrambler." to "There is no requirement on the initial value for the scrambler for regular

operation; test-patterns shall load an initial value from the MDIO registers."

Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X

People sometimes assume that designing in a large skew buffer will add latency. It would be good to add some clarifying text.

SuggestedRemedy

Add something like:

A design that allows for a large amount of skew tolerance does not add any additional latency. Latency due to skew only occurs due to the differential delay between all paths between the source and destination. The path with the largest latency will end up with the smallest skew buffer.

Proposed Response Response Status O

 CI 82
 SC 2.13
 P 129
 L 4
 # 88

 Szczepanek, Andre
 Texas Instruments

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is confusion on this page as to where compensation for alignment marker removal is located.

- * 82.2.13 says it is an RS sublayer function
- * 82.2.15 says it is a Receive Process function

So which is it

SuggestedRemedy

compensation for marker insertion is a PCS transmit function So to be symmetrical compensation for removal should be in the receive process

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 2.17.2.2 P130 L43 # 251

Estes, Dave UNH - IOL

LSies, Dave ONIT-10

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The spacing of alignment markers is incorrectly stated as 16385 instead of 16384.

SuggestedRemedy

Change 16385 to 16384

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 2.17.2.2 P131 L18 # 527

Ofelt, David Juniper Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

bit number is wrong- rx_raw is 72 bits wide, but the description does not number the bits properly.

SuggestedRemedy

OLD:

Vector containing one MII transfers. RXC<0> through RXC<7> are from rx_raw<0> through rx_raw<7>, respectively. RXD<0> through RXD<63> are from rx_raw<8> through rx_raw<63>, respectively.

NEW:

Vector containing one MII transfers. RXC<0> through RXC<7> are from rx_raw<0> through rx_raw<7>, respectively. RXD<0> through RXD<63> are from rx_raw<8> through rx_raw<71>, respectively.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 2.17.2.2 P131 L 29 # 252
Estes, Dave UNH - IOL

Comment Type T Comment Status X

test_am is currently defined similarly to test_sh which will cause the PCS alignment marker lock state diagram to run on every received 66-bit block, instead of only running the state diagram on candidates for valid alignment markers.

SuggestedRemedy

State that test_am is set to true when the Lane deskew process has accumulated enough bits (16384*66) from the PMA to evaluate the next alignment marker.

CI 82 SC 2.17.2.4 P 133 L 3 # 253 Estes. Dave UNH - IOI Comment Type T Comment Status X am_cnt is currently written to use the last 4 block received. SuggestedRemedy Change the definition to use a "4*16384 block window" Proposed Response Response Status O SC 2.17.2.5 P 133 Cl 82 L 19 # 255 Estes, Dave UNH - IOL Comment Type T Comment Status X 31.25us timer and 12.5us timer are not referenced by the BER monitor state diagram. SuggestedRemedy Remove 31.25us timer and 12.5us time and define xus timer as "Timer that is triggered every 31.25 us +1%, -25% (for 40GBASE-R) or 12.5 us +1%, -25% (for 100GBASE-R)" Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 2.17.3 P 137 L # 258 Estes. Dave UNH - IOI Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Figure 82-13 - PCS alignment marker lock state diagram.

There is no valid exit from state INVALID_AM if am_lock<x> = false and am_invalid_count < 4.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove am lock<x> from the exit condition to transition from state INVALID AM to TEST AM, making the exit condition "test am * am cnt < 4 * am invalid cnt < 4".

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 2.17.3 P138 L # 256

Estes. Dave UNH - IOI

Comment Type Т Comment Status X

Figure 82-14 - PCS deskew state diagram

Using "am_status" as an exit condition from state LOSS_OF_ALIGNMENT is redundant. It is redundant because !am_status is a global transition to the same state.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the exit condition from LOSS OF ALIGNMENT to ALIGN ACQUIRED to "alignment_valid"

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 2.17.3 P139 L 35 # 257

Estes. Dave UNH - IOI

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Figure 82-15 - BER monitor state diagram

The sentence "xus_timer = 31.25 usec for 40GBASE-R or 12.5 usec for 100GBASE-R" is not necessary if xus timer is defined in subclause 82.2.17.2.5. This sentence does not fully define the timer because it does not include the +1%/-25% tolerance.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove this sentence.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 2.4.10 P123 # 525 L 41

Ofelt. David Juniper Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

Sentence unclear...

"When it is necessary to designate

the control character for the sequence ordered_set specifically, /Q/ will be used."

SugaestedRemedy

Clarify what is meant by needing to specify the control character.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 2.4.11 Ρ L # 101 Ebbers, Jonathan IBM

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"sent" and "received" are pretty ambiguous terms, especially since this is meant to apply to both the encoder (egress path) and decoder (ingress path). "received" is an especially poor choice of word given that it applies also to the Tx path.

SuggestedRemedy

Change

"The /E/ is sent whenever an /E/ is received. It is also sent when invalid blocks are received. The /E/ allows the PCS to propagate received errors."

"For both the encoder and decoder, the /E/ is generated whenever an /E/ is detected. The /E/ is also generated when invalid blocks are detected. The /E/ allows the PCS to propagate detected errors."

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 2.4.3 P 122 # 259

Estes. Dave UNH - IOI

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

Figure 82-5 - 64B/66B block formats

The Block Payload descriptions for block types 0xb4, 0xcc, 0xd2, and 0xe1 are incorrect. They do not include enough single bit fields. 0xb4 should have 4 but only 3 are displayed, 0xcc should have 3 but only 2 are displayed, 0xd2 should have 2 but only 1 is displayed, 0xe1 should have 1 but none are displayed.

SuggestedRemedy

Add one single bit field to the Block Payload descriptions for block types 0xb4, 0xcc, 0xd2, and 0xe1.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 2.8 P 125 L 23 # 105 Ebbers, Jonathan **IBM**

Comment Type Comment Status X

82.2.8 states that the alignment markers are inserted after 16383 66-bit blocks are transmitted. We assume this includes interrupting a data packet and not waiting until an IPG. Since we cannot possibly write over data, is this process handled at the same time and in the same way as clock compensation (idle/OSet insert/delete) in the async crossing? How can we be sure that the MII data presented to the PCS Transmitter will have enough excess bandwidth to allow for AM insertion and clock compensation?

SuggestedRemedv

Provide a more explicit description of the relationship between alignment marker insertion and idle insertion/deletion. Provide a specific minimum inter-frame size for transmitted MII data (from the MAC or RS) to allow for proper AM insertion and +/- 100 PPM clock frequency compensation.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 2.8 P 125 L 23 # 249

Estes. Dave UNH - IOI

Comment Type E Comment Status X

It is unclear how the Alignment markers are inserted without changing the PMA clock rate.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert a note indicating that columns of Idle will need to be deleted prior to the scrambler. The number of columns to delete will be an average of 1 column of Idle for every 16384 MII columns, however this is just an average since the alignment markers will be inserted on all lanes at the same time.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 2.8 P 125 L 49 # 178

Alpina, Arne Ericsson AB

Comment Type ER Comment Status X ...has lots or transitions... (spelling error)

SuggestedRemedy

Change to: ...has lots of transitions...

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 2.8 P 125 L 49 # 250 Estes. Dave UNH - IOI Comment Type E Comment Status X Typo, "or" instead of "of" SuggestedRemedy Change "and has lots or transitions" to "and has lots of transitions" Proposed Response Response Status 0 Cl 82 SC 82 L 1 P 112 # 444

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This clause reproduces most of Clause 49 without any reference to that clause. There are a number of reasons why this is a bad idea.

Cisco

Firstly, it allows the definition of the 64B/66B PCS to diverge more than necessary for the development of 40 & 100G. This may cause problems, especially with developers who are planning to reuse parts of their 10GBASE-R designs for 40G or 100G. Subtle differences between the clauses will not easily be noticed. This may be particularly difficult for developers of multi-rate implementations (e.g. 4 x 10G that also supports 40G - or other combination silicon development).

It also wastes time reviewing and commenting on pages of specification that are already in the standard. Not to mention that LOAs may have to be resubmitted for IP that is already in Clause 49.

SuggestedRemedy

Barrass, Hugh

Rewrite the clause so that copied text is referenced and only the changes and additions are included in this clause.

The commenter will supply complete text if required (based on the existing Clauses 49 and 82).

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Punctuation, delete comma before and.

SuggestedRemedy

Change ', and' to 'and'

on lines 12 and 13

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

'medium be compliant at the PMA level.' The medium is not at the PMA level, and not connected directly to the PMA. Also, there could be FEC between PMA and PCS.

SuggestedRemedy

Does this work: 'The 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R PCSs can operate with any full duplex medium requiring only that the sublayers below the PCS provide a compliant service interface to the PCS.'

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Draft says 'The terms 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R are used when referring generally to Physical Layers using the PCS defined here.' There should be nothing rate-specific in the PCS clause; these are generically useful PCSs that could be re-used at faster VL rates in future. The PCSs could be thought of as 'R4' and 'R20'.

SuggestedRemedy

No urgent need to rename them, but it's worth adding a sentence to say that one uses 4 PCS lanes and the other uses 20 PCS lanes, here in the Scope.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Proposed Response

Response Status 0

CI 82 SC 82.1.3.1 P 115 L 1 # 129 CI 82 SC 82.1.3.3 P115 L 22 # 40 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Status X The title of 82.1.3.3 is "Physical Medium Attachment (PMD) sublayer". This should be Bullet C is confusing in relation to what the actual functions in the PCS are, as the Tx PCS and Rx PCS seem to both be capable of adding / deleting idles. "Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayer" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Replace bullet c with the following text -Change "Physical Medium Attachment (PMD) sublayer" to "Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayer" Compensation through insertion or deletion of idles for any rate difference caused by the Proposed Response Response Status O insertion or deletion of alignment markers due to any rate difference between the MII and PMA CI 82 SC 82.1.3.3 P115 L 22 # 107 Marris. Arthur Cadence Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X The title of this subclause is wrong. Also there is no need to mention the PMD and MDI P 115 16 Cl 82 SC 82.1.3.2 # 324 here. All in all this is just adding confusion. Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies SuggestedRemedy Comment Type T Comment Status X Delete subclause 82.1.3.3. Missing sublayers Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Add new subclauses summarizing the FEC and AN sublayers. Cl 82 SC 82.1.4 P 115 L 30 # 132 Proposed Response Response Status O Force10 Networks D'Ambrosia, John Comment Type E Comment Status X CI 82 SC 82.1.3.3 P 115 L 21 # 195 wording is confusing, as it implies that the two pcs's use two interfaces. Baldwin, Thananya Ixia SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type ER Reword There are two interfaces employed by the 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R PCSs. Title is incorrect: 82.1.3.3 Physical Medium Attachment (PMD) sublayer to SuggestedRemedy There is one distinct interface employed for each rate of PCS. Title should read: 82.1.3.3 Physical Medium Dependent (PMD) sublayer Proposed Response Response Status O

Change "wide, data" to "wide data" page 117 line 9

Proposed Response

Change "to 64B/66B block" to "to 64B/66B blocks" page 117 line 10 Change "markers are shown" to "markers is shown" page 126 line 20

Response Status 0

Change "for 40GBASE-R PCS:" to "for the 40GBASE-R PCS:" page 126 line 47 External links "21.5" and "14.2.3.2" should be blue page 130 lines 1 and 2 All blue text in 82.2.18.1 are register numbers which should not be blue Blue text in 82.2.18.4 is a register number which should not be blue

CI 82 SC 82.1.4 P 115 L 34 # 108 CI 82 SC 82.1.6 P116 L 18 # 190 Marris. Arthur Cadence Baldwin, Thananya Ixia Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The sentence "The Reconciliation sublayer provides the same service interface to the Figure 82-2—Functional block diagram PCS." does not make sense. is missing the lane re-ordering function in the rx path. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete this sentence. Insert a block called "Lane Reorder" after "Alignment Lock Lande Deskew" block. The new block must be before the PCS Receive block Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 82 SC 82.1.4 P 115 L 39 # 187 Cl 82 SC 82.1.6 P116 L 20 # 639 Baldwin, Thananya Ixia Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Incorrect units (Mtransfers/s) in the following sentences. typo in the block diagram, change "AIIGNMENT" to "ALIGNMENT" "The 40GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 10.3125 Mtransfers/s, which provides capacity for the MAC data rate of 40 Gb/s. The 100GBASE-R PCS has a nominal rate at the PMA service interface of 5.15625 SuggestedRemedy Mtransfers/s, which provides per comment capacity for the MAC data rate of 100 Gb/s." Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy The units should be Btransfers or Gtransers to convey billion transfers per second. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 82.1.6 P116 L 29 # 336 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type E Comment Status X Cl 82 SC 82.1.5 P 115 L 47 # 285 PMA UNITDATA.indicate Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type PMA UNITDATA.indication Several very minor editorial issues in clause 82 collected in to one comment. Search and replace. 10 instances SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Change "PMA service interfaces" to "PMA service interface" page 115 line 47

C/ 82 SC 82.1.6 P116 L44 # 225

Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Remove:

"[Editor's note (to be removed prior to publication) - The primitive descriptions below need to be reconciled

with the FEC primitives.]"

Another comment has been added to clause 74 to make the changes so it can connect to clause 82.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.1.6 P116 L 6 # 224

Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In figure 82-2 there is a box around the encode and scramble blocks that is labeled PCS transmit. Enlarge this box to incorporate the block distribution and alingment insertion also. Also enlarge the box labeled PCS recieve in include the BER monitor, alignment lock and lane block lock blocks.

Historically these boxes tried to include what was part of what state machine in clause 49, but it was not clear and confuses the issue.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2 P116 L48 # 325

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This PCS is extremely like the Clause 49 PCS. It costs a lot of unnecessary time going through it with a fine toothcomb to find where there are differences and where there are not.

SuggestedRemedy

Please add a subclause listing the similarities and differences. You might want to cover yourself by making it informative.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Darrass, riugir

"sends 4 bits at a time" implies that the bits are sent as a vector.

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Change:

Comment Type E

it sends 4 bits (for 40GBASE-R) or 20 bits (for 100GBASE-R) of test pattern at a time

to

it sends the test pattern in 4 separate data streams (for 40GBASE-R) or 20 separate data streams (for 100GBASE-R)

C/ 82 SC 82.2.10 P128 L1 # 446
Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The Test-pattern generators description is incomplete - when compared to the source in Clause 49.

It does not describe how the seed is placed in the scrambler, inverted etc.

SuggestedRemedy

The full text of 49.2.8 needs to be copied in, then the references to the square wave and PRBS sequences removed.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.12 P128 L 30 # 204

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Inappropriate use of the word "must".

SuggestedRemedy

Change "must reorder" to "reorders".

Also similar problem on line 34 but in this case consider using shall.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.12 P128 L34 # 274

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This subclause states that "the skew budget that the PCS receiver must support is shown in Table 82–4." The skew budget in Table 82-4 presumes a concatenation of optional interfaces and a generous allocation for media skew that may not be present in every compliant implementation. Consider, for example, that a 40GBASE-KR4 PHY has a need for considerably less skew tolerance. By mandating a fixed tolerance, needless latency is introduced for this PHY type. One can expect a demand for low latency interfaces in the marketplace.

Also note that the receiver skew tolerance requirements are not defined in Clause 48 which defines similar deskew functionality.

SuggestedRemedy

It is sufficent to define the maximum skew contributions for each component of a 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s link leading up to the input of the PCS receiver. These contributions may be summarized in a table (such as Clause 48, Table 48-5) so that the implementer may easily calculate the skew tolerance required for the targeted application. Remove the normative requirement for PCS skew tolerance (including Table 82-4).

Proposed Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.15 P129 L 27 # 266

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Receive process must also insert idles to compensate for removal of alignment markers. Also suggest using similar language as 48.4.2.3 for the concept of clock rate compensation.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest:

"The receive process must insert idles to compensate for the removal of alignment markers. If the PCS receive process spans multiple clock domains, it may also perform clock rate compensation via the deletion of idles or sequence ordered sets or the insertion of idles."

Task force Review

C/ 82 SC 82.2.17.2.2 P130 L19 # 189
Baldwin, Thananya Ixia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Incorrect inteval in the following definition. Should be 16384.

"am valid

Boolean indication that is set true if received block rx_coded is a valid alignment marker. A valid alignment marker will match one of the encodings in Table 82–2 and it will be repeated every 16385 blocks. Note that we do not know which marker to expect on which lane."

SuggestedRemedy

Replace 16385 with 16384.

"am_valid

Boolean indication that is set true if received block rx_coded is a valid alignment marker. A valid alignment marker will match one of the encodings in Table 82–2 and it will be repeated every 16384 blocks. Note that we do not know which marker to expect on which lane."

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 82.2.17.2.2 P 130 L 51 # 268
Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

What is the difference between deskew error and !alignment valid?

SuggestedRemedy

Clarify the difference. If there is no difference, delete deskew_error and substitute !alignment valid in PCS deskew state diagram (Figure 82–14).

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.17.2.2 P131 L18 # 3

Seung-Hwan, Kim ETRI

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Should be change 'rx_raw<63>' to 'rx_raw<71>'.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 82.2.17.2.4 P133 L5 # 254

Estes, Dave UNH - IOL

Comment Type T Comment Status X

am_invalid_cnt is currently written to use a 4 block window.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the definition to use a "4*16384 block window"

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In clause 81.3.4.3 there is a simple description of the Link Fault State Diagram. This says "The variable link_fault is set to indicate the value of a received Sequence ordered_set when four fault_sequences containing the same fault value have been received with each pair of fault sequences separated by less than 128 columns and no intervening fault_sequences of a different fault

value."

Simple descriptions for Figure 82–12—PCS lane lock state diagram, Figure 82–13—PCS alignment marker lock state diagram and Figure 82–15—BER monitor state diagram alon the lines of that above would be very helpful.

SuggestedRemedy

Add simple descriptions of the state diagrams for Figures 82-12, 82-13 and 82-15

Task force Review

CI 82 SC 82.2.17.3 P 134 L 1 # 226 Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status X The PCS lane lock and high ber SMs won't work properly with the FEC block due to how the FEC block marks errors. SuggestedRemedy Make the changes to the state machine to implement what is in qustlin 01 1108. This will be presented at the meeting. And Remove: "[Editor's note (to be removed prior to publication) - FEC errored block marking will likely change some of the state machines since the FEC sublayer will need to mark many blocks bad to ensure that all 64B packets are dropped.]" Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 82.2.17.3 P 137 1 23 # 8 Shafai, Farhad Sarance Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The state diagram in figure 152-12 shows that after am lock is achieved, if there are 4 !am_valid conditions in a fixed window of 4 alignment marker periods, then am_lock is set to false. Because the window is fixed in time, it is possible that up to 6 !am valid conditions may occur and the state machine will remain in lock (i.e. 3 !am valid conditions in one window followed immediately by 3 more !am_valid conditions in the next window).

SuggestedRemedy

Suggested remedy is to make the window "sliding". That is, if there are four consecutive !am_valid conditions over any four align maker periods, then the am_lock is set to false.

Proposed Response Response Status W

Apparantly the commenter has commented using Draft 0.9 with old clause numbers. The clause number and subclause fields have been corrected to 82 to import into the comment database.

CI 82 SC 82.2.17.3 P 137 L 30 Seung-Hwan, Kim FTRI Comment Type T Comment Status X Should be change 'am cnt = 2 *' to 'am cnt = 4 *'. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 82.2.17.3 P 137 L 33 Seung-Hwan, Kim ETRI Comment Type T Comment Status X Should be change '2 GOOD' to '4 GOOD'. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 82.2.17.3 P138 L 10 # 267 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation Comment Type T Comment Status X

Per the PCS deskew state diagram (Figure 82-14), the definition of deskew_error in 82.2.17.2 (page 130, line 51), and the use of align status in the Receive state diagram (Figure 82–17, page 141, line 2), a spurious bit error that occurs during an alignment marker will supress the receipt of all packets until the next next group of alignment markers arrives, which could be a significant number of packets. Hysteresis should be added to Figure 82-14 to avoid this hair-trigger behavior.

SuggestedRemedy

Modify state diagram such that four consecutive deskew error indications are required to set align status = FALSE. Due to the hysteresis in PCS alignment marker lock state diagram (Figure 82-13), it seems acceptable to set align status = TRUE based on the single alignment valid indication.

Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 82 SC 82.2.18 P 134 L 8 # 233 CI 82 SC 82.2.2 P117 L 3 # 141 Gustlin, Mark Cisco D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X Change the format of the PCS management clause with one consistent with the lastest Wording of statement: "The PCS comprises the PCS Transmit and PCS Receive table based format. processes for 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R." implies that a single PCS is defined for both 40G and 100G rates. SuggestedRemedy Replace subclause 82.2.18 with the attached document (gustlin_82_2_18.pdf). SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O change sentence to: The 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R PCS's comprise the PCS Transmit and PCS Receive CI 82 SC 82.2.18.2 P 134 L 41 processes for each rate of operation. **ETRI** Seung-Hwan, Kim Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X Should be change 'per 31.25' to 'per 31.25 us'. CI 82 SC 82.2.21 P 135 L 35 # 228 SuggestedRemedy Gustlin, Mark Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O Remove this subclause. And remove the editors note saying to add it in, and remove this section since this is being put in section 82.2.18. SuggestedRemedy Cl 82 SC 82.2.18.4 P 135 / 14 # 269 Remove section 82.2.21. Healey, Adam LSI Corporation Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type T Comment Status X The data pattern that the PCS transmits to the PMA during loopback is not defined (TBD). Cl 82 SC 82.2.21 P136 1 27 # 242 SuggestedRemedy Mever. Jeffrev Centellax Recommend a continuous stream of of 0x00FF data words per Clause 49. Proposed Response Comment Type E Comment Status X Response Status O What does the "*" in the conditional statements mean? I suspect that this is a boolean AND? However most people use a & or && from what i have seen. You might explain your conventions for the state diagrams. I did see where the ++ operator was explained CI 82 SC 82.2.2 P 117 # 117 L 10 earlier in the document. Maybe "*" was explained and I missed it. Marris, Arthur Cadence SuggestedRemedy Comment Type E Comment Status X Add a footnote for the conventions or explain the "*" and "+" where the "++" operator was grammar, independent needs to be an adverb. explained. It is confusing with a mulltiply and add. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O change to 'independently'. Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.21 P 137 L 30 # 530 Ofelt. David Juniper Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

Figure 82-13 - The state diagram is confusing (at least to me) about whether it is intending to declare alignment lock after 2 or 4 alignment blocks. The state diagram has a back arc from VALID AM to TEST AM if am cnt < 4, but if am cnt is two, then it exits to the 2 GOOD state and we declare that we have alignment lock for that lane.

There does not seem to be any text description of the process, so I can't double-check the intent that way.

SuggestedRemedy

If the state diagram is in error (should be am cnt==4 to get lock), then fix it. Otherwise, add some descriptive text to 82.2.12 to describe the general algorithm. Actually, adding descriptive text in either case would be good.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 82.2.21 P 139 L 35 # 413 Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type Comment Status X Ε

instead of usec, use the "micro" symbol for microsecond. See page 10 for symbols used in document.

SuggestedRemedy

Per comment

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 82.2.4 P122 L 12 # 247

Trowbridge, Stephen Alcatel-Lucent

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Align control block type 4b with other 66B codes. The mapping of 40GbE into ODU3 will use a transcoding algorithm that is used for other purposes (e.g., mapping of FC1200 into ODU2e) and there is improved reuse if codes are aligned. This would also leave the door open to future use of the Ethernet PCS format, for example if FC in the future were to do a 40G or 100G spec. Since the sequence ordered set only has two values (LF and RF), three bytes are plenty- we don't need 7 bytes.

SuggestedRemedv

Block type 4b should explicitly include the "O" code as in Figure 49-7 (rather than assuming a sequence ordered set) and four control characters (always idles in this case) in the latter half of the 66B block. An alternate solution would be to have 802.3ba use control code 0x55 rather than 0x4b and simply send the ordered set which appears once on the MII twice on the PCS.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.4.10 P 123 L 37 # 262 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type Comment Status X

It is not necessary to have two sub-clauses addressing ordered sets at the same level in the clause heirarchy.

SuggestedRemedy

Merge information in 82.2.4.10 and 82.2.4.5.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

Cl 82 SC 82.2.4.2 P119 1 22 # 110

Marris. Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is no mention of alignment marker insertion in Figure 82-3

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Block Distribution" to "Block Distribution and Alignment Marker Insertion"

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 82.2.4.3 P 119 L 34 # 193 Baldwin. Thananva Ixia Comment Type E Comment Status X Figure 82-3—PCS Transmit bit ordering has "0 0 0" between the columns. Should be "..." SuggestedRemedy Replace "0 0 0" with "..." Proposed Response Response Status O SC 82.2.4.3 Cl 82 P 120 L 34 # 194 Baldwin, Thananya Ixia Comment Type E Comment Status X Figure 82-4—PCS Receive bit ordering has "0 0 0" between the columns. Should be "..." SuggestedRemedy Replace "0 0 0" with "..." Proposed Response Response Status O CI 82 SC 82.2.4.3 P 121 L 14 # 111 Marris. Arthur Cadence Comment Type T Comment Status X Redundant text. Isn't this paragraph just repeating what has already been said in 82.2.4.1. page 118 line 32? SuggestedRemedy Consider deleting the redundant text from either 82.2.4.1 or 82.2.4.3. Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.4.3 P122 L12 # 264

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In Figure 82-5, it could be made more clear which control block format corresponds to a sequence ordered set and which corresponds to a signal ordered set without requiring the reader to cross-reference to Table 82-1.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a footnote to the table distinguishing the two ordered set block formats.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The TF is waiting to hear back for confirmation from the ITU-T SG15 regarding the following statement -

The mapping of 40GBASE-R PCS into OPU3 specified in ITU-T Recommendation G.709 depends on the set of control block types shown in Figure 82–5. Any change to the coding specified in Figure 82–5 must be coordinated with ITU-T Study Group 15.

SuggestedRemedy

Add Editor's note stating that awaiting confirmation from ITU-T SG15 of the statement above from Liaison sent from July 08 Plenary meeting.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.4.4 P122 L7 # 202

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Figure 82-5 improvements

SuggestedRemedy

Remove the slash (/) in the middle of the block foramt description. For example change D3/D4 to D3 D4.

Delete redundant row with block type field 0x4b

Width of C5, C6 and C7 is wrong for block type files 0xcc 0xd2 0xe1

CI 82 SC 82.2.4.4 P122 L725 # 2 Seung-Hwan, Kim ETRI

Comment Type T Comment Status X

At Data Block Formats and Control Block Formats:

The slash('/') is used to seperate and represent two 4 bytes transfer in 10GBase-R, but in 40G/100GBase-R there is no need slash('/') between 8 bytes.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.4.5 P122 L12 # 532

Vijayaraghavan, Divya Altera Corp.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Block Types 4b and 55 have the same format in the 64b/66b table (figure 82-5). Typo in block type 55.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove block type 55. Does not apply to 8 byte alignment.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.4.5 P123 L37 # 263

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

It may be useful to point out that sequence and signal ordered set encoding differs from the encoding defined in Clause 49.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a note to highlight this difference.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC 82.2.5 P124 L9 # 265

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Text seems essentially correct but could be compacted and clarified, using similar language to 48.4.2.3. A lot of words are used to describe the concept of traversing clock domains, which really shouldn't be necessary for a user of the standard.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest:

"The transmit process must delete idles or sequence ordered sets to accomodate the transmission of alignment markers. If the PCS transmit process spans multiple clock domains, it may also perform clock rate compensation via the deletion of idles or sequence ordered sets or the insertion of idles."

Proposed Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P124 L 26 # 434

Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

It's not really a "regular 66-bit block" since it doesn't use a defined 64B/64B code.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "regular 66-bit block" "specially defined 66-bit block"

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P125 L 24 # [186

Baldwin, Thananya Ixia

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Another function of the alignment marker (lane re-order) is missing in the following sentence...

"In order to support alignment and de-skew of individual lanes at the receive PCS, alignment markers are added periodically to each lane."

Also, the words "alignment" and "de-skew" are redundant.

SuggestedRemedy

Add "lane reordering" and delete "alignment" in the sentence :

"In order to support de-skew and lane reordering of individual lanes at the receive PCS, alignment markers are added periodically to each lane."

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P 125 L 25 # 1 Seung-Hwan, Kim FTRI Comment Type E Comment Status X Spelling: Should be change 'de-skew' to 'deskew' for consistency. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 82 SC 82.2.8 P 125 L 49 # 435 Barrass, Hugh Cisco Comment Type Ε Comment Status X "that looks random and has lots or transitions" Apart from the obvious typo, this phrase does not seem right - what does it mean to "look randon?" SuggestedRemedy Change "that looks random and has lots or transitions" to "that is defined to be balanced and irregular with many transitions" Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P125 L49 # 200

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X** change "lots or" to "many"

SuggestedRemedy as above

Proposed Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P126 L 32 # 203

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Use of boolean NOT operator. Is the use of the boolean operator ! appropriate for bit vector negation?

SuggestedRemedy

Consider changing M0 = !M4 to M4 is the inverse of M0 etc.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

During the review of Draft 0.9 Piers Dawe proposed that different lane markers should be used for 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R. If this is agreed, suitable lane markers have been generated and evaluated in the accompanying presentation.

SuggestedRemedy

If different lane markers are agreed for 40GBASE-R from 100GBASE-R then use the values in anslow 06 1108.pdf as the lane markers for 40GBASE-R

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.8 P127 L6 # 326

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The two PCSs are distinguished by width not lane rate. In future we will consider using one or both at faster lane rates, and quite likely consider 20 x 10G for 200G. The lane markers for a 4-wide PCS should be distinct from a 20-wide PCS.

SuggestedRemedy

Add four new lane markers for the 4-wide 40GBASE-R PCS. Pete Anslow has the markers and a presentation.

Task force Review

CI 82 SC 82.2.9 P126 L 42 # 445

Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The phrase "sends four bits of transmit data at a time" implies that the PCS is sending a 4 bit vector. This is not the case, it is sending 4 data streams.

Also, is there a reason why "four" is spelt out and "20" is not?

SuggestedRemedy

Change "sends four bits of transmit data at a time" to "sends four data streams"

Also change "sends 20 bits of transmit data at a time" to "sends twenty data streams"

C/ 82 SC 82.2.9 P126 L46 # 436
Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"parallel" is not a good word - especially when it is followed by "serial"

Response Status O

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Replace "parallel" with "separate"

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 82 SC 82.2.9 P126 L 47 # 437

Barrass, Hugh Cisco

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"on lane 0 bits 0 to 65 are sent"

This paragraph written by Yoda was...

Change to a more traditional word order

SuggestedRemedy

Change

"on lane 0 bits 0 to 65 are sent, on lane 1 bits 66 to 131 are sent; on lane 2 bits 132 to 197 are sent, on lane 3 bits 198 to 263 are sent, then on lane 0 bits 264 to 329 are sent etc."

to

"bits 0 to 65 are sent on lane 0, bits 66 to 131 are sent on lane 1; bits 132 to 197 are sent on lane 2, bits 198 to 263 are sent on lane 3, then bits 264 to 329 are sent on lane 0 etc."

With similar changes to the following paragraph for 100G.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 82 SC 82.2.9 P127 L 44 # 327

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Tracking the last little bit of skew costs power in high speed analog circuitry. The PCS is implemented as a silicon chip in a package on a PCB. It has no need to generate anything remotely like 2 bits of Dynamic Skew (if 'bits' means UI). There could be several x 10 ps gate delay, most of which is correlated lane to lane (giving maybe 5 ps Dynamic Skew) plus perhaps 2" or 400 ps mismatched lane lengths on the PCBs, which might change by 5% over temperature and humidity: that's 20 ps. Total 25 ps (0.25 UI at 10G, 1 MAC BT for 40G, 2.5 MAC BT for 100G).

SuggestedRemedy

Change PCs dynamic skew output limit to 25 ps.

Proposed Response Response Status O

 CI 82
 SC 82.2.9
 P 127d
 L 5
 # 535

 Vijayaraghavan, Divya
 Altera Corp.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Lane 10: 2d and de are not inversions of each other. Which is right and which needs correction?

SuggestedRemedy Fix incorrect value

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The definition of test_am appears to be inadequate. As defined, test_am will be true once for every 66-bit block and TEST_AM will be entered very frequently, causing !am_valid to be the exit path from TEST_AM almost every time, causing the FSM to never reach the 2 GOOD state.

SuggestedRemedy

Refine test_am's definition to be less like that of test_sh. After the first detection of a valid AM, test_am should be tied to a timer that counts down from 16383 before asserting the next test am.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 82 SC Figure 13 P 137 L 27 # 99

Ebbers, Jonathan IBM

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

It may require as many as 100,000 test_am instances before the AM Lock FSM will reach 2_GOOD (assuming that the location of the Alignment Marker is in the last of the 16384 possible locations checked by the PCS AM Lock State Machine). Is this a reasonable worst-case start-up delay?

SuggestedRemedy

Even though the AM_SLIP function is listed as implementation specific, indicate to the reader that the delay caused by the PCS AM Lock State Machine may take up to 100,000 blocks before reaching am lock.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 82 SC Figure 82-13 P137 L 21 # [188

Baldwin, Thananya Ixia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Figure 82–13—PCS alignment marker lock state diagram, the Test_AM loop is not skipping 16383 blocks before checking for the next valid AM.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert a state and associated "16383 block" counter in the path between VALID_AM and TEST AM to skip 16383 blocks before checking for the next valid AM.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 82 SC Figure 82-13 P137 L 21 # 191

Comment Status X

Baldwin, Thananya Ixia

In Figure 82–13—PCS alignment marker lock state diagram, it appears the loop to fall out of lock will take either 4 or 7

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

We will submit a new diagram to Mark G

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 82 SC Figure 82-13 P 1378 L 27 # 534

Vijayaraghavan, Divya Altera Corp.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Inconsistency in am_cnt in alignment marker state machine

SuggestedRemedy

Always compare to 2 or 4, but not both.

Comment Type T

SuggestedRemedy

checkor"

Proposed Response

Comment Status X

Response Status O

Change to "provide build-in-self-test (BIST) function with test pattern generator and

Feel "provide test generation and detection" not sufficient.

CI 83 SC 0 Ρ L # 95 CI 83 SC 2 P148 L 4 # 528 Jongyoon, Shin **ETRI** Ofelt. David Juniper Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X Change all "sub-layer" Figure 83-4 "sublayer" in clause 83 to keep consistency with other clauses. Every variable in the figure is defined except for "v". SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Add a label to define "v" to the figure. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O CI 83 SC 1.3 P 144 CI 83 SC 2 P 148 L 36 # 643 L 44 # 550 Nicholl, Gary Cisco Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X I would like to see a PMA line loopback (by which I mean data loopback from/to the PMD No space between is and in service interface) as a mandatory requirement. This is something that was not included in SuggestedRemedy the original 802.3ae spec (10GE), but is widely implemented and used by the industry (primarily for PMD compliance testing). Add space Proposed Response SuggestedRemedy Response Status O I will be making a contribution in Dallas to propose a remedy. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83 SC 1.3 P 144 L 47 # 626 CHANG, Frank Vitesse

Comment Type E Comment Status X

I find the usage of m, n, p, q, and x, y to be inconsistent throughout the text.

p and q seem to always be the the number of links on the RS/FEC facing and PMD sides of a given PMA.

x and y are introduced here "A Tx PMA with x input lanes and y output lanes is paired with an Rx PMA with y input

lanes and x output lanes" but then in 83.3.1 and 83.3.2, x is always used as the input lane count and y as the output lane count - this is direction independent.

Then in figure 83-4 and in the text that deals with bits assigned to virtual lanes (e.g. 83.6.2), m and n are used for the input and output lane count and "x" is used for the offset of the current bit.

SuggestedRemedy

Make the variable usage more consistent. One way would be to have the generic input and output lane counts be "m" and "n" and the direction-specific counts as "p" and "q". x and y can then be reserved for talking about bit positions or any other need for a generic variable.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 6.7 P 155 L 47 # 531

Ofelt. David Juniper Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Response to the Editor's question about should the BIST logic report errors per lane...

SuggestedRemedy

I think that we either need to provide a error counter per lane or there needs to be registers that capture the lane number of the first lane to see errors and then the error count for that lane.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83 SC 6.7 P155 L 67 # 89

Szczepanek, Andre Texas Instruments

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Whilst defining the operation of the PRBS error counter for the PMA, the deficiencies of the current 10GBASE-R function should be considered.

The self-synchronous descrambling of the PRBS31 sequence shown in Figure 49-11 is both inaccurate and costly to implement.

- 1) The error count is 3x the number of received error bits only if errored bits do not appear 3 or 28 bits apart (the PRBS tap seperation). So in bursty environments the count will not be 3x the number of errors.
- 2) Compliance with the Figure 49-11 requires the ability to increment a counter at 10Ghz. Any practical implementation will have to be implemented in parallel and increment a counter at a lower rate (create a backlog of increments and do them whilst no errors are received).

Absolute compliance to Figure 49-11 at high bits rates is not practical.

Aggregation of these counters to 40/100G will only compound these issues

SuggestedRemedy

Set an accuracy limit for the error counter

eg indicate that the counter need only be bit accurate at error rates above say 1e-4, and for burst lengths of say less than 32bits

Proposed Response Status O

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X** sub-layer

SuggestedRemedy

To match base document, sublayer. Search and replace, 18 instances.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Text says 'the supportable PMA stages' but table is not complete. For example, Tx 2:1 is missing. If you add all the missing possibilities the table might get rather long, although the rows could be shallower. I don't think we should talk about 'initial version of the standard': 802.3 is very old, and we have not yet made any promises that there will be a version which will use more of this table.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest you list only the 'prime factors'. For 40G, that's 4:2, 2:1, 1:2, 2:4., 1:1, 2:2, 4:4. Say in main text, not just a table note, that PMAs such as 4:1 and 1:4 may be made without going though the intermediate (in this case 2-wide) stage (and if such is true, they could map the lanes a bit differently to how a tree of atomic PMAs would).

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83 P146 L6 # 333

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **X**Are these _logical_ lanes or just lanes?

Suggested Remedy

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 83 SC 83.1.1 P143 L 21 # 158

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Per the baseline proposal, trowbridge_01_0708, PMA interfaces are abstract, logical, or physical.

SuggestedRemedy

Change wording

Electrical and timing specifications for the XLAUI and CAUI interfaces based on 10Gb/s per lane signaling are covered in Annex 83A. The PMD service interfaces for 40GBASE-SR and 100GBASE-SR PMD are covered in 86.1.1. Other PMA interfaces are specified as logical interfaces, and may not be realized physically.

to

The interfaces for the inputs of the 40GBASE-R and 100GBASE-R PCS's are defined in an abstract manner and do not imply any particular implementation. The PMD service interfaces for 40GBASE-SR and 100GBASE-SR PMDs are defined in 86.1.1. Other PMD service interfaces are defined logically. For 40GBASE-R PMA's, an interface, known as XLAUI, connecting PMA stages has been defined in Annex 83A. For 100GBASE-R PMA's, an interface, known as CAUI, connecting PMA stages has been defined in Annex 83A.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83 SC 83.1.1 P143 L 22 # 286

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Two very minor editorial issues in clause 83 collected in to one comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "for 40GBASE-SR and 100GBASE-SR PMD" to "for the 40GBASE-SR and 100GBASE-SR PMDs" page 143 line 22
Space missing in "isin" page 148 line 44

Proposed Response Response Status O

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

I think we should rename 'virtual lane' to 'PCS lane' throughout.

Response Status O

Task force Review

CI 83 SC 83.1.1 P 143 L 22 # 134 CI 83 SC 83.1.3 P 144 L 46 # 96 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Jongyoon, Shin FTRI Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Wording - A PMA connects to other sublavers. Change "optionally provides data loopback" SuggestedRemedy "optionally provide data loopback". change SuggestedRemedy The 40GBASE-R PMA can connect directly to one of the following Physical Layers: 40GBASESR4, 40GBASE-LR4, 40GBASE-CR4, or 40GBASE-KR4, The 100GBASE-R PMA can connect directly to one of the following Physical Lavers: 100GBASE-SR10. Proposed Response Response Status O 100GBASE-LR4, 100GBASE-ER4, or 100GBASE-CR10. to SC 83.1.4 P 145 Cl 83 L 6 # 157 The purpose of the 40GBASE-R PMA is to attach the 40GBASE-R PMD of choice to the Force10 Networks D'Ambrosia, John 40GBASE-R PCS. The purpose of the 100GBASE-R PMA is to attach the 100GBASE-R Comment Type T Comment Status X PMD of choice to the 100GBASE-R PCS. Aspects of the PMA lavering are incorrect. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy XLAUI / CAUI should be marked as optional. CI 83 SC 83.1.1 P 143 L 23 # 330 PMA (4:4) and PMA (10:10) with optional notes are actually conditional based on implementation of optional interface. Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Status X Comment Type T Draft says 'Other PMA interfaces are specified as logical interfaces, and may not be realized physically.' This looks like a prohibition. CI 83 SC 83.1.4 P146 L 1 # 467 SuggestedRemedy Dudek, Mike JDSU Suggest 'Other PMA interfaces are specified as logical interfaces, without electrical or Comment Type T Comment Status X timing specifications.'? The statement on line 1 implies that only the items in table 83-1 are supportable. However Proposed Response Response Status O the table is titled "example PMA variants". A 2 lane solution I believe is supportable at 100G and might be used in the future. SuggestedRemedy SC 83.1.2 CI 83 P 143 L 30 # 334 Either include all the supportable PMA stages in table 83-1 or change the sentence on line Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies 1 to "Table 83-1 summarizes some examples of the supportable PMA stages for each Comment Type T Comment Status X interface rate however it is not exhaustive" PCS lanes are not always virtual. Proposed Response Response Status 0

Task force Review

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

In table 83-1, some PMA stage examples become irrelavant such as 4 inputs to 1 outputs to cover 40g serial in 40GBASE-R transmit (& Receive), or 4(5) inputs to 1 outputs to cover 100g serial in 100GBASE-R transmit (& Receive).

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest take them out from the table.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In Table 83-1 the 100GBASE-R receive list is almost the Tx list in reverse and swapped over, but not quite. Swapping 5:10 and 4:10 over would fix this

SuggestedRemedy

Swap the 5:10 and 4:10 rows in the table

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83.1.4 P146 L48 # 43

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In Table 83-1 Note 1 says "Not used in initial version of the standard" this would be better as "Not used in this version of the standard"

SuggestedRemedy

change "Not used in initial version of the standard" to "Not used in this version of the standard"

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X
In Table 83-1 change "Logical output Lanes"

"Logical output lanes".

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status O

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

or bidirectional (for the sake o loopback)".

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

A PMA is always bidirectional and contains both Transmit and Receive functions. So calling this as a separate RX PMA and a TX PMA is confusing and this is not consistent through out the clause. In some references in this clause the PMA implies both for e.g 20:10 PMA which includes both TX PMA and RX PMA.

So instead of referring this as RX and TX PMA, simply define the PMA as a single block which includes both Transmit and Receive functions. This medthodology is consistent with the definitions of PCS/PMA/PMD which are all bidirectional with TX and RX functions.

SuggestedRemedy

Define the PMA as a single block which includes both Transmit and Receive functions, illustrated in Fig 83-3 as single PMA block with TX and RX blocks inside the PMA. The TX function in the PMA connects to p input lanes and q output lanes. The RX function in the PMA connects to q input lanes and p output lanes. In this case the link status is associated with the RX function.

Also Change Fig 83-4 to illustrate both TX and RX functions

Also for primitives, the TX function can use PMA_UNIDATA.request and the RX function use PMA_UNIDATA.indication in the following manner

Transmit direction for data flowing from MAC to MDI PMA_UNIDATA.request_in PMA_UNIDATA.request_out

Receive direction
PMA_UNIDATA.indication_in
PMA_UNIDATA.indication_out

Signal indication PMA_SIGNAL.indication_in PMA_SIGNAL.indication_out

So this can be consistently mapped to the request and indication of PMD primitives or FEC primitives

Accordingly, update the text description and primitive definitions in 83.3

Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 83 SC 83.2 P148 / 44 # 201 Marris, Arthur Cadence Comment Type E Comment Status X change isin to "is in". SuggestedRemedy As above Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 83 SC 83.2 P148 L 44 # 627 CHANG, Frank Vitesse Comment Type T Comment Status X Dono't feel "Where the PMA isin the TX or RX direction" is enough to cover loopback function.

Suggest such change sth like "Whether the PMA is unidirectiona in the TX or RX direction.

Response Status O

CI 83 SC 83.2 P 148 L 44 # 414 Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type E Comment Status X typo change to "PMA is in" SuggestedRemedy per comment Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 83 SC 83.2 P 148 L 44 # 135 Force10 Networks D'Ambrosia, John

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Need a space between "isin"

SuggestedRemedy

change

Whether the PMA isin the Tx or Rx direction.

to

Whether the PMA is in the Tx or Rx direction.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83 SC 83.3

P 149

L 12

L 6

142

335

D'Ambrosia, John

Force10 Networks

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

THe reference to the PMA or PMA stages is inconsistent and can cause confusion.

SuggestedRemedy

Reword -

Several PMA stages may be required to adapt between the number of VLs emerging from the PCS to the number of lanes required by a particular PMD. For example, a 4-lane interface for 100GBASE-R may involve a 20:10 PMA from the PCS, two 10:10 PMAs on either side of a CAUI for an extender, and a 10:4 PMA which finally interfaces with the PMD.

to

Several PMA stages may be required to adapt between the number of VLs emerging from the PCS to the number of lanes required by a particular PMD. For example, a 4-lane interface for 100GBASE-R may involve a 20:10 PMA stage from the PCS, two 10:10 PMA stages on both sides of a CAUI for an extender, and a 10:4 PMA stage which finally interfaces with the PMD.

An example drawing would be useful.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 83 SC 83.3.1.1 P150

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X**PMA_UNITDATA.inputx (input_bit_lane_x)

SuggestedRemedy

PMA_UNITDATA.inputx(input_bit_lane_x)

i.e. without the space. Same in following subclauses.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Task force Review

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The first sentence of this clause is

The PMA Service Interface exists between the PMA client (the PCS or FEC sub-layer) and the uppermost PMA in a set of one or more stacked PMAs (possibly including an extender sub-layer).

An extender sub-layer was not been defined by the baseline, though the XLAUI / CAUI can be perceived in this fashion.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggested rewording -

The PMA Service Interface exists between the PMA client (the PCS or FEC sub-layer) and the uppermost PMA in a set of one or more stacked PMAs, as well as between stages in a stacked PMA.

Presentation to be provided

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83.5 P152 L12 # 98
Jongyoon, Shin ETRI

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Need to clarify "40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 interfaces" in the following text.

"Note that electrical and timing specifications of the PMD service interface are defined only for 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 interfaces."

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Note that electrical and timing specifications of the PMD service interface are defined only for 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 interfaces."

to

"Note that electrical and timing specifications of the PMD service interface are defined only for 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 PMDs."

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83.5 P152 L14 # 415

Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type E Comment Status X

typo, change to "specified"

line 23, typo change to "adjascent"

SuggestedRemedy

per comment

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 83 SC 83.5 P152 L14 # 44

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This says "For other PMDs, the PMA service interface is specificied only logically." This should be "PMD service interface"

SuggestedRemedy

change "the PMA service interface is specificied only logically." to "the PMD service interface is specificied only logically."

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83.6 P152 L 3435 # 625

CHANG, Frank Vitesse

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Since the TF decide not to define optical modules with 2x20g or 40g, so feel it is not appropriate to define the possible numbers of input of 2, 1 for 40GBASE-R. Same for 100GBASE-R with 2,1.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest to take it out.

338

628

640

CI 83 SC 83.6 P 156 L 3 # 469 CI 83 SC 83.6.2 P 153 L 31 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type Т Comment Status X I agree that 8 ones followed by 8 zeros is a good choice Other Tx PMA Dynamic Skew tolerance should not have unnecessary padding, as compensating the last couple of UI with analog circuitry costs power. I believe CEI have a SuggestedRemedy 1.5 UI limit for 'Relative Wander' (their term for Dynamic Skew). 'bits/VL' would need Implement the 8one 8 zero and remove the TBD's explaining. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Make this 150 ps (which is 1.5 UI at 10 GBd). Don't quote bits/VL. Proposed Response Response Status O P 153 L 28 # 337 C/ 83 SC 83.6.2 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X C/ 83 SC 83.6.6 P 154 L 34 What does 'Tx PMA implemented synchronously with PCS' mean? For PMA implemented CHANG, Frank Vitesse together with PCS, or integrated with PCS, surely the spec is 'Not applicable'? Comment Type TR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In 83.6.6. PMA loopback mode should support lineside loopback and diagnostic loopback For a Tx PMA receiving from the PCS, I believe 25 ps (which is 0.25 UI at 10 GBd) is functions. adequate: see another comment for explanation. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Suggest to define two kinds of loopback. in addition to lineside loopback illustrated in Fig 83-5, add the host-side loopback as 2nd option. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 83 SC 83.6.2 P 153 L 3 # 416 Ganga, Ilango Intel CI 83 P 154 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X SC 83.6.6 L 39 Ganga, Ilango to be consistent change to R x (v/m) Intel Comment Type T Comment Status X also on line 8, change to R x (v/n) As per the 83.6.6 the "uppermost" PMA in the stack provides loopback function. It is ambiguous which one is the "uppermost", on the linkside or the host side? SuggestedRemedy Also in a stacked PMA where the PMA's are separated, loop back is desirable in both per comment places in the stack. E.g MAC/PCS/PMA implemented in a separate chip and PMA/PMD or PMA/FEC/PMA/PMD in a separate chip. Proposed Response Response Status 0 SuggestedRemedy Clarify the term "uppermost" PMA in 83.6.6.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Description of the multi-stage PMA concept is confusing

SuggestedRemedy

At the PMA service interface, the uppermost PMA in a set of one or more stacked PMAs may provide a loopback function. The function involves looping back each input lane of the uppermost Tx PMA to an output lane of the uppermost Rx PMA.

to

The uppermost PMA stage in a set of one or more s PMA stages may provide a loopback function. The function involves looping back each input lane of the uppermost Tx PMA stage to an output lane of the uppermost Rx PMA stage.

Presentation to be provided.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Lane mapping in loopback: as fibre-optic PMDs can't do loopback, one wants the PMA loopback to occur near the bottom of any tree of PMAs (e.g. this from 48.3.3 'NOTE—The signal path that is exercised in the Loopback mode is implementation specific, but it is recommended that this signal path encompass as much of the circuitry as is practical.' A 2^n-1 PRBS spread across 4 lanes is four 2^n-1 PRBSs, so I think we can still validate working silicon if the lanes get mixed up. Although if the silicon is faulty, it may be harder to know which lane is at fault.

SuggestedRemedy

Expect and allow the lanes to be repositioned in loopback.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 83 SC 83.6.7 P155 L 25 # 231

Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Officially adopt the test pattern strategy that is described here. Delete the editor's note.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove:

"[Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): There is no adopted baseline for test patterns - the following

is a placeholder based on gustlin_03_0708.pdf]"

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 83 SC 83.6.7 P155 L38 # 232

Gustlin, Mark Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Add in support for a PRBS9 pattern.

SuggestedRemedy

Change: "When transmit PRBS31 test pattern (see 49.2.8) is enabled (TBD - should a shorter pattern, e.g., PRBS9 (see 68.6.1) be included also?), the PMA generates a PRBS31 pattern on each of its output lanes."

To: "When transmit PRBS31 test pattern (see 49.2.8) is enabled, the PMA generates a PRBS31 pattern on each of its output lanes. When transmit PRBS9 test pattern is enabled, the PMA generates a PRBS31 pattern on each of its output lanes."

Also add in anywhere else in the clause where it is appropriate the support for the PRBS9.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 83 SC 83.6.7 P155 L 38 # [243]
Meyer, Jeffrey Centellax

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Why is PRBS9 used for the short pattern? There are many more test equipment vendors and FPGA vendor cores for the ITU-T V.29 PRBS7 with 1+x^6+x^7 polynomial. It is shorter and quicker to see ISI evolving on a sampling scope.

SuggestedRemedy

Use the ITU-T V.29 PRBS polynomial

CI 83 SC 83.6.7 P 155 L 39 # 629 CHANG, Frank Vitesse Comment Type TR Comment Status X Agree with Editor comment on PRBS31 pattern is too long. SuggestedRemedy Suggest to add short patterns like PRBS7. PRBS9 or even CJPAK etc in the text. (PRBS9 is well established in LRM.) Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 83 SC 83.6.7 P 155 L 39 # 468 **JDSU** Dudek, Mike Comment Type T Comment Status X It would be highly desirable to include the prbs9 function as suggested in the TBD note SuggestedRemedy Add the PRBS9 test pattern. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 83 SC 83.7 P 156 18 # 136 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X registers provide information.. not "may provide" SuggestedRemedy change The optional MDIO capability described in Clause 45 describes several variables that may provide control and status information for and about the PMA. Mapping of MDIO control

variables to PMA control variables is shown in Table 83–3.

to

The optional MDIO capability described in Clause 45 describes several variables that provide control and status information for and about the PMA. Mapping of MDIO control variables to PMA control variables is shown in Table 83–3.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 83 SC 83A.3.4.1 P 287 L 8 # 238 Cisco

Gustlin, Mark

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Currently the BER target is TBD. Change this to a BER of 10-15. The PMD BER target is 10-12, but if you have two CAUI/XLAUI interfaces in series with a PMD interface, all with a BER of 10-12, you won't meet the overall goal of 10-12. In addition this is a chip to chip interface which typically requires a higher BER target, 10-15 seems to be a reasonable and achievable target.

SuggestedRemedy

Change: "The receiver shall operate with a BER of better than TBD in the presence of a reference input signal as defined in 83A.3.4.2"

"The receiver shall operate with a BER of better than 10^-15 in the presence of a reference input signal as defined in 83A.3.4.2"

Proposed Response Response Status 0

CI 83 SC A.3.2 P 283 L 37 # 562

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

PWS (Pulse Width Shrinkage) a critical parameter on transmitter high frequncy performance is missing from lis tof parameters in table 83A-1.

SuggestedRemedy

Puropose to add PWS (Pulse Width Shrinkage) with 0.12 UI value. PWS is measured per FC-PI-4 Annex A.1.3.2 using PRBS9 pattern

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 2.2 P 282 L 11 # 218

Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Its not clear how to perform Tx and Rx compliance testing without details of context.

SugaestedRemedy

Define test fixtures and coordinate test point through out document.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 83A SC 2.2 P 282 L 20 # 555

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Transmitt and Receive function are missing from Fig 83A

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status **O**

Please add transmitt and receive function to Fig 83A

CI 83A SC 3.2 P 282 L 53 # 556
Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Missing definition of loss between transmitt and receive complinace points, add definition for transmitt and receive compliance points

SuggestedRemedy

Transmitt Compliance Point - Any interconnect may be used between the XLAUI/CAUI transmitt funciton and Transmitt Compliance Point as long as transmitter parameters of Table 83A-1 are met.

Receive Compliance Point - The interconnect from the Receive Compliance Point to the XLAUI/CAUI receive function including AC coupling SDD21 response shall be SDD21(dB) >= (-0.007 - 0.1684*SQRT(f) - 0.0617*f) f is given in GHz.

SDD21 loss a Nyquist is 0.7 dB and 0.2 larger than SFP+ loss.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 3.3 P 282 L 27 # 567
Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

With faster processes 24 ps transition time starting to be an issue

Suggested Remedy

Suggest to change 24 ps to 20 ps

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 3.3 P283 L11 # 215

Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Jitter not consistent with electrical characteristics of 10GBASE-KR/ 40GBASE-KR

SuggestedRemedy

Add:

Max output jitter (peak-to-peak) Random jitter

Deterministic jitter Duty Cycle Distortion

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 3.3 P283 L12 # 599

Comment Status X

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Transmitt compliance not yet defined

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Puropose to use ghiasi_01_0708 min and max loss channel for transmitter compliancesubset of s4p file cn be included in the draft for either soft testing or building actual boards

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 3.3 P283 L14 # 601

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type ER Comment Status X please replace +- with symbol

SuggestedRemedy

Replace with the frame symbol

C/ 83A SC 3.3 P 283 L 33 # 596

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Error rate for the Total jitter not defined

SuggestedRemedy

Add note TJ defined at BER 1E-15

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The classical DJ and RJ measured jitter are jitter PDF dependent and not valid for jitter distribution which are not dual-dirac.

SuggestedRemedy

To limit the uncorrelated jitter add UJ of 0.025 UI (RMS) per IEEE CL 68.6.8 method Replace DJ with DDJ of 0.17 UI per method of FC-PI4 A.1.3.1 with PSBS 9 pattern

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 3.3.3 P285 L1 # 212

Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document.

SuggestedRemedy

Make loss positive dB in Figure 83a-4

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 3.3.4 P284 L50 # 603

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The reference impedance for differential return loss measurement is 100 ohms in the common mode section

SuggestedRemedy

please change to "The reference impedance for common mode s-parameters measurement is 25 ohms.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X
Inteference tolerance test not vet defined

SuggestedRemedy

Puropose to use ghiasi_01_0708 min and max loss channelas the frequency dependent attenuator in 69A.2 test setup followed by a limiting Amplifier prior to inteference injection. TP1 must have maximum jitter as defiend in table 83A-1. Pre-emhasais can be adjusted to reach the TP4 J2=0.42 UI, Inteference generator then adjusted to increase the total jitter to value listed in table 83A-2

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 3.4 P286 L33 # 602

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

SuggestedRemedy

Replace with the frame symbol

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 3.4 P 286 L 41 # 598 C/ 83A SC 4.1 P 290 L 11 # 214 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Mellitz. Richard Intel Corporation Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document. With faster process 24 ps is becoming limits the desing options SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change 24 ps Rise/Fall time to 20 ps Make similar to Annex 69b Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status 0 Response Status O SC 3.4 C/ 83A SC 83A P 279 C/ 83A P 286 L 46 # 597 L 1 # 278 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X This Note says "NOTE—This annex is numbered in correspondence to its associated Error rate for the Total jitter not defined clause: i.e., Annex 83A corresponds to Clause 83." However, the only Annex with a note of SuggestedRemedy this kind is the first one. Annex 4A Add note TJ defined at BER 1E-15 with value of 0.64 UI SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Remove the note Proposed Response Response Status O SC 3.4.5 C/ 83A P 288 L 16 # 213 Mellitz. Richard Intel Corporation C/ 83A SC 83A.! P 280 L 31 # 170 Comment Type ER Comment Status X D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document. Comment Type TR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy There is an issue with Fig 83A-1. The PMA blocks above and below the XLAUI / CAUI are Make loss positive dB in Figure 83a-7 labeled "PMA." While some may think this is just a naming nomenclature, it does have the potential to cause confusion, as there are very different functions inherent in these PMA Proposed Response Response Status O blocks. SuggestedRemedy Replace Fig 83A-1 with Fig 83-2, except only shadowed areas are the two AUIs. SC₄ C/ 83A P 290 L7 # 217 Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Status X Comment Type Т Interconnect definetion not consistent with electrical characteristics of 10GBASE-KR/ 40GBASE-KR Annex 69b. SuggestedRemedy Utilize style of IL, A, ILD, RL, and ICR in Annex 69b if parameters are applicable.

C/ 83A SC 83A.1 P 281 L # 196 Mezer. Amir Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The XLAUI/CAUI specification is such that:

- a. The transmit test point is defined right at the transmitter output.
- b. The channel is normative
- c. The receiver test point is defined right at the receiver input.

The question is:

Whose responsibility is it to ensure that the receiver input meets the specification defined in 83A.3.4.2 "Input signal definition"?

There may be a situation where each of the components meets the spec. requirements but the system does not work, i.e.

- 1. The tranmitter meets the spec. requirements at its input.
- 2. The channel meets its specifications.
- 3. The receiver operates flawlessly with the input signal as defined in 83A.3.4.2.

But, since the resultant receiver input Of transmitter+channel is not a requirement, the actual input signal will be different and the system will not work.

SuggestedRemedy

Leave the normative channel requirements.

Change the transmit test point so that it is tested at the receiver input.

If the transmitter meets the requirements, this will ensure a minimal input signal for the receiver.

In addition, define the tranmitter spec. requirements at that point so that they match 83A.3.4.2 "Input signal definition".

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.1 P 281 L 16 # 360

Avago Technologies Dawe, Piers

Comment Type Т Comment Status X

Isn't it quite feasible to interoperate between a nAUI lane and an XFI spec part? Even to comply to both at once?

SuggestedRemedy

Unless this is not so, say that this spec is similar to XFI (part of XFP), add reference for XFP document.

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A SC 83A.1 P 281 L 3 # 638

CHANG, Frank Vitesse

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

I donot agree XLAU or CAUI is just for chip-to-chip interconnect, this is only true for nx10a MMF module with non-retimed interface. For optical 4x25g SMF or 4x10g X40 modules, CAUI or XLAU could be interface connecting optical modules to host oard.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest the change as:

The purpose of the XLAUI or CAUI is to provide a flexible chip-to-chip internection as well as the connection between optical module and host ASIC board........

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.1 P 281 L 6 # 291

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Several very minor editorial issues in clause 83A collected in to one comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "example application of XLAUI includes providing lane" to "example application of XLAUI is to provide lane" page 281 line 6

Remove spurious empty paragraph from page 282 line 39

Use the +- symbol (Ctrl-q 1) page 283 line 14 and page 286 line 32

Use Greater than or equal to sign (Crtl-q 3) and Less than or equal to sign (Ctrl-q #) page 284 line 38, page 285 line 2 and page 288 line 5

Space missing in "10MHz" page 284 line 48

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.1.1 P 281 1 23 # 512 JDSU

Dudek. Mike

Comment Status X Comment Type T

I think that XLAUI and CAUI can only be used between PMA's not between other layers in the model

SuggestedRemedy

Delete bullet a)

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A SC 83A.2 P 282 L 19 # 328 C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3 P 283 L 28 # 514 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X The primary purpose of the nAUI spec is the same as the XFI spec at 10G: to provide a In table 83A-1 it would be good to reference the rise/fall test methodology as with a Tx with standardised and interoperable spec for plugging retimed transceiver modules into line pre-emphasis the value depends greatly on the exact methodology. cards or similar. Like XFI (part of XFP), it needs to take a connector into account (does not SuggestedRemedy need to define the connector mechanicals) and define the compliance points with reference Add footnote d to the Rise/fall time row. Footnote d to say "Rise and Fall times are defined to the connector. in 83A.4.4 SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Use the six TP compliance points defined in 86.7.1, relegate the points in Fig 83A-2 to informative reference points like A and D in SFP+. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A P 283 SC 83A.3.3 L 29 # 279 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Status X Comment Type Ε C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3 P 283 L 14 # 74 In table 83A-1 the specification for the Differential Output S-parameters is "(see "Equation Chung, Hwan Seok **ETRI** 83A-1")". This should refer to the clause defining the requirement not just the equation. Comment Type T Comment Status X This also applies to the next row in this table and also two places in Table 83A-2 Across the entire document D1.0, the usual descrption of signaling speed per lane (range) SuggestedRemedy in table is 10.3125 +- 100 ppm. So, to maintain consistency, the signaling speed per lane Change "(see "Equation 83A-1")" to "see 83A.3.3.3" in Table 83A-1 should be "10.3125 +- 100 ppm" not "10.3125 GBd +- 100 ppm". In in the next row change "(see "Equation 83A-2")" to "see 83A.3.3.4" addition, the +- sign should be changed to mathmatical symbolic font style. in Table 83A-2 change "(see "Equation 83A-3")" to "see 83A.3.4.4" SuggestedRemedy in Table 83A-2 change "(see "Equation 83A-4")" to "see 83A.3.4.5" Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O Proposed Response C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3 P 283 L 32 # 295 C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3 P 283 # 361 L 21 Nortel Networks Anslow. Peter Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X In Table 86-6 There are two jitter parameters "Maximum Total Jitter" and "Maximum Deterministic Jitter" where it is not clear if this is UI peak to peak or not. Table too narrow Also applies to: SuggestedRemedy Table 83A-2 "Maximum Total Jitter" Resize LH column to contents Table 83A-2 "Maximum non-EQ Jitter (TJ - ISI)" Proposed Response SuggestedRemedy Response Status O

Proposed Response

Either change the parameter names to include "(pk-pk)" or change the units to be UIptp

Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

If you have stated the signalling rate there is no need to give the unit interval, and 'Baud period' is slang.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete 'The corresponding Baud period is nominally 96.96969697 ps.' and the similar row in Table 83A-1.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Spurious precision in the Baud period. The tolerance of the signaling rate is +/-100ppm and is only listed to 6 significant digits

SuggestedRemedy

Round the Baud period to 6 significant figures here and in tables 83A-1 and 83A-2

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 83A.3.3 P 283 L 8 # [180 Alping, Arne Ericsson AB

Comment Type ER Comment Status X
...is nominally 96.96969697 ps... (to many significant numbers)

SuggestedRemedy

Change to: ...is nominally 96.9697 ps...

(compare to, e.g, Table 85-4 on page 181)

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 83A.3.3.1 P284 L19 # 280

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The title of Figure 83A-3 is "Figure 83A-3—Driver output voltage limits and definitions [SLi<P> and SLi<N> are the positive and negative sides of the differential signal pair for lane i (i = 0, 1, 2, 3 for XLAUI. For CAUI i = 0:9)]". The text within the square brackets should not be part of the figure title.

SuggestedRemedy

Move this text to be a note under the figure as is done for Figure 85-2 and 85-9

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 83A.3.3.2 P284 L22 # 492

Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Transition time appears to be the same as rise/fall time. If they are the same they should be called the same thing here and in table 83A-1, and 83A.4.4

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Transition time" to "Rise/fall time" in the title of this subclause and in the first sentence.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 83A SC 83A.3.3.3 P284 L37 # 211

Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document.

SuggestedRemedy

Make loss positive dB

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

correct figure. Updated figure to be provided.

Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3.3 P 284 L 41 # 611 C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3.5 P 286 L 18 # 493 Ganga, Ilango Intel Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X Update the Return loss definition and plots to be consistent with the definition and plots misalignment of label in the base standard (IEEE Std 802.3-2008, Annex 69B) SuggestedRemedy Move the labels X2 and 1-X2 to line up with the dotted lines. The Return Loss limits in Figure 83A-4 and Figure 83A-7 to be plotted in log linear scale with loss being positive (See 69B.4.5) Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4 P 286 L 25 # 216 Proposed Response Response Status O Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation Comment Type T Comment Status X C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3.3 P 284 L 42 # 363 Receiver compliance not consistent with electrical characteristics of 10GBASE-KR/ Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies 40GBASF-KR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Comment Type ER Editor's note says 'The Return Loss limits in Figure 83A-4 and Figure 83A-7 may have to Use section 69A (Interference tolerance testing) be plotted in log linear scale with loss being positive. The definition or formatting to be Proposed Response Response Status O reconciled similar to the definition or plots in base spec 802.3-2008 Annex 69B'. Just because another clause did or didn't use a log frequency scale does not tie our hands. Just because another clause didn't use S-parameters doesn't preclude us from using S-parameters. C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4 P 286 L 41 # 494 Dudek, Mike JDSU SuggestedRemedy Do the right thing for our circumstances. S-parameters are good. Vertical grid lines would Comment Type T Comment Status X be welcome. In table 83A-2 it would be good to reference the rise/fall test methodology Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Add footnote d to the Rise/fall time row. Footnote d to say "Rise and Fall times are defined in 83A.4.4 C/ 83A SC 83A.3.3.4 P 285 19 # 139 Proposed Response Response Status O D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X Fig 83A-4 is inconsistent with similar diagrams in 802.3

C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.4 P 287 L **52** # 495 C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.5 P 288 L 23 # 364 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Status X There is still a lot of energy at frequencies below 50MHz. Having an unconstrained return As one of these lines is the same as a line in Fig 83A-4 loss at one end of the trace and only 12dB return loss at the other end can lead to large SuggestedRemedy signal distortion. Remove this figure and put the four limits (three traces) on Fig 83A-4 (extending the SuggestedRemedy vertical scale to -16). Change 50MHz to 10MHz here and in equation 83A-3 (page 288 line 4) Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.5 P 288 L8 # 496 SC 83A.3.4.5 Р C/ 83A 1 # 140 Dudek, Mike JDSU Force10 Networks D'Ambrosia, John Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X This section is describint SCD11 which is not common mode input return loss Fig 83A-7 is inconsistent with similar diagrams in 802.3 SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change the title of the section to "Reflected differential to common mode conversion. correct figure. Updated figure to be provided. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A SC 83A.3.4.8 P 289 / 14 # 329 SC 83A.3.4.5 P 286 L 48 C/ 83A # 365 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Status X Comment Type T It's not clear that these iitter specs allow the two concatenated CDRs and an optical link. 'non-EQ Jitter (TJ - ISI)' There's no definition of what 'non-EQ Jitter' means in this XFP style, that will be wanted when connecting e.g. a 40GBASE-LR4 module. document, nor this usage of 'ISI'. I suspect if I saw one I would not agree with it ;-) SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Modify the litter specifications to be sure they do. This may mean that the specs on the Find a better metric, or explain these terms. transmit side and receive side differ. See presentation. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.3.5 P 289 L 40 # 498 Dudek, Mike **JDSU**

Comment Type Т Comment Status X

The Interconnect characteristics deserve their own section, not a subsection of the receiver (and partly in measurement methods) and are missing return loss

SuggestedRemedy

Make 83A.3.5 into 83A.4 (and relabel 83A.4)

Move present section 83A.4.1 and Figure 83A-9 into this new section.

Rename present 83A.4.1 to "Interconnect Loss"

Add to the Characteristic Impedeance editors note (page 289 line 49) "and return loss specifications"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.4.2 P 290 L 43 # 497 Dudek, Mike **JDSU**

Comment Type Comment Status X Т

An eye mask that does not state at what probability it is to be met has led to confusion in the past.

SuggestedRemedy

Add to the editors note here "This section should include at what probability the eye mask has to be met"

or state the probabilities in Sections 83A.4.2 and 83A.3.3.5

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC 83A.4.3 P 291 L 28 # 199 SUZUKI, TOSHIHIRO **ANRITSU**

Comment Type T For XLAUI/CAUI should be tested under the worst condition.

So jitter tolerance test should be executed with MLD pattern not PRBS.

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

So jitter tolerance test should be executed with MLD pattern not PRBS.

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 83A SC 83A.5 P 291 L 36 # 366

Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type Comment Status X

Like a PMA or PCS clause, nAUI is completely on a single line card or similar, so the draft doesn't need environmental specifications for it.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the subclause

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 83A SC Table 83A-1 P 283 L 16 # 181

Alping, Arne Ericsson AB

Comment Type ER Comment Status X 96.96969697 (too many significant numbers)

SuggestedRemedy

Change to: 96.9697 ps

(compare to, e.g, Table 85-4 on page 181)

Proposed Response Response Status 0

C/ 83A SC Table 83A-2 P 286 L 34 # 182

Fricsson AB Alping, Arne

Comment Type ER Comment Status X 96.96969697 (too many significant numbers)

SuggestedRemedy

Change to: 96.9697 ps

(compare to, e.g. Table 85-4 on page 181)

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 84 SC₁ P 159 L 12 # 62 CI 84 SC 8.2.1 P167 L 3 # 552 Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Learning KR specifications weakness the current interference tolerance test is not '40GBASE-KR' is wrong in the title of Table 84-1. comprehensive since there is no group delay or phase info in the channel SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy '40GBASE-KR' has to be replaced by '40GBASE-KR4' For 40GBase-KR4 replace magnitude response of Fig 69B.2 with pulse response of the Proposed Response Response Status O channel Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 84 SC₁ P 159 L 14 Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco CI 84 SC 84.1 P 159 L 14 # 197 Comment Type T Comment Status X Gu. Yuan ZTE Corporation It is wrong that '10GBASE-KR' is written at line 14 of Table 84-1. Comment Type E Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In table 84-1. Change the 2nd column sub-title "10GBASE-KR" to "40GBASE-KR4" '10GBASE-KR' has to be replaced by '40GBASE-KR4' SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O SC 8 Cl 84 P 166 L 12 # 64 Electronics and Teleco Sun Hyok, Chang CI 84 SC 84.2 P 160 L 51 # 45 Comment Status X Comment Type T Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks '40GBASE-KR' is wrong in the title of Subclause 84.8. Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy The service primitives in clause 84 are not in the same format (e.g. '40GBASE-KR' has to be replaced by '40GBASE-KR4' PMD_UNITDATA.request<0:3>) as for clauses 85 through 88 Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change the format of the service primitives in clause 84 to be in the same format (e.g. PMD_UNITDATA.request<0:3>) as for clauses 85 through 88 Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This says "Upon completion of training, SIGNAL_DETECT shall be set to OK" but it is not clear that training must be completed on all lanes.

The same issue for clause 85.7.4

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Upon completion of training, SIGNAL_DETECT shall be set to OK" to "Upon completion of training on all lanes, SIGNAL_DETECT shall be set to OK"

Do the same in clause 85.7.4

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 84 SC 84.7.4 P165 L2 # 205

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Change "1 or 0" to "one or zero" to match nomenclature in 45.2.1.9.5

SuggestedRemedy

as above

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 84 SC 84.7.6 P165 L24 # 47

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

When in loopback mode this says "When loopback mode is selected, transmission requests passed to the transmitter are shunted directly to the receiver, overriding any signal detected by the receiver on its attached link. Note, this bit does not affect the state of the transmitter." This text is not entirely clear whether the transmitter continues to send data?.

This also applies to 85.7.8

SuggestedRemedy

Change "are shunted directly" to "are sent directly"

Change "Note, this bit does not affect the state of the transmitter." to "Note that this bit does not affect the state of the transmitter which continues to send data (unless disabled)."

Also make these changes in 85.7.8

Proposed Response Status O

CI 84 SC 84.7.6 P165 L33 # 287

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Two very minor editorial issues in clause 84 collected in to one comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Note 2 is in 10 point font rather than the usual 9 point page 165 line 33 External references to clause 21 should be blue page 168 lines 15 and 48

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 84 SC 84.8 P L 166 # 470

Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is likely to be more crosstalk in a KR4 system than in a KR system.

SuggestedRemedy

Evaluate the effects of additional crosstalk and include them in changed specs. In the meantime add an editors note saying "Editors note to be removed prior to pulication. The effect of additional crosstalk in the KR4 system is under investigation.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

84.8 refers to 72.7, which says '...the PMD sublayer is standardized at test points TP1 and TP4 as shown in Figure 72-1. The electrical path from the transmitter block to TP1, and from TP4 to the receiver block, will affect link performance and the measured values of electrical parameters used to verify conformance to this standard. Therefore, it is recommended that this path be carefully designed.' In other words, there is no expectation that a board from vendor A, a backplane from B and another board from C can be expected to interoperate reliably, because each of them can spend as much of the shared channel budget as he pleases. This is not an interoperability spec, it's just an advertisement for some ICs. Is this what we want?

SuggestedRemedy

Discuss. Options are: make it into a proper interoperability spec with test points related to the connectors (Clause 86 will have to do much of that work anyway), delete the clause, move it to an annex, or accept that it's not a proper spec.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ **84** SC **84.8.2.1** P **167** L **1** # 166

D'Ambrosia, John Force 10 Networks

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This section needs clarification, as it is ambiguous as to whether a single isolated lane is being tested or are all channels as an aggregate being tested.

SuggestedRemedy

test on a single lane basis, (joint) presentation to be provided

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 84 SC 84.8.2.1 P167 L1 # 271

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Receiver interference tolerance requirement is unclear. Annex 69A defines a test for a 10GBASE-KR receiver in isolation.

Does this requirement imply that a single 40GBASE-KR4 lane is tested in isolation? If so, should the unused lanes be terminated by the reference impedance, and what is their operational state (active or quiescent)?

If all lanes are to be tested in parallel, are parallel instances of the Annex 69A set-up required, or does a new multi-lane test apparatus need to be defined?

SuggestedRemedy

A supporting presentation will be provided to compare several approaches to this problem and suggest a direction.

Proposed Response Status O

 Cl 84
 SC 84.9
 P 167
 L 8
 # [167]

 D'Ambrosia, John
 Force10 Networks

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Informative interconnect characteristics are specified, "Crosstalk requirements Informative interconnect characteristics for 40GBASE-KR4 are provided in Annex 69B." However, the crosstalk requirements for 10GBASE-KR were specified under the assumption that all crosstalk was uncorrelated. For a multilane approach crosstalk will come from correlated and uncorrelated sources.

SuggestedRemedy

provide a multi-lane xtalk specification that takes into account correlated & uncorrelated crosstalk sources. Presentation to be provided.

Cl **84** SC **9** P**167** L**7** # 553

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Lnformative channel in 69B has no phase or group delay, this is major weakness when KR specifications are proposed to be used for CR4 and CR10

SuggestedRemedy

Please fix the problem as KR is not the gold standard, either provide group delay info for Fig 69B.2 or better provide pulse response for the channel

Proposed Response Status O

 Cl 85
 SC
 P 183
 L 49
 # 452

 DiMinico, Christopher
 MC Communications

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Add channel subclause before cable assembly subclause and move 85.10 (Tx_pcb and Rx_pcb IL) under channel subclause to provide hierichical structure to specification consistent with channel/link topology.

SuggestedRemedy

(1)Add channel subclause before cable assembly subclause- Page 183, Line 49; >>85.x Channel

The 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 channel is defined between the transmitter and receiver blocks to include the transmitter and receiver differential controlled impedance printed circuit board insertion loss and the cable assembly insertion loss as illustrated in Figure 85-2.

(2)Delete page 191, line 16-34 and move deleted text as new subclause under new channel subclause 85.x

Proposed Response Status O

CI **85** SC P**184** L**6** # [449

DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Update Table 85–6—Cable assembly differential characteristics based on accepted cable assembly TBD values and additions/deletions of cable assembly parameters.

SuggestedRemedy

Editor to update Table 85–6—Cable assembly differential characteristics' summary with accepted cable assembly TBD values and additions/deletions of cable assembly parameters.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 85 SC P185 L 50 # 457

DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Add cable assembly ILD specifications to limit cable assembly ILD.Add TBD to equation as contributions from IL and power sum crosstalk to ICR under consideration.

SuggestedRemedy

Add subclause page 185 line 50 85.9.x Cable assembly insertion loss deviation Insert text under subclause

The cable assembly insertion loss deviation is the difference between the cable insertion loss and the fitted insertion loss determined using Equation (85-x).

ILD(f) = IL(f) - ILfitted(f) (85-x)

The fitted insertion loss is determined using Equations (85.xx)-(85.xx); use 69B-1 to 69B-5 for (85.xx)-(85.xx)replacing A(f) with ILfitted(f). Add TBDs beside equations to indicate that an alternate to the least mean square line fit to the cable assembly IL is under consideration.

The ILD shall be within the region bounded by the following equations:

ILDmax= 0.7(TBD)+0.2(TBD)*10^-9*(f*10^6) TBD dB ILDmin= -0.7(TBD)+0.2(TBD)*10^-9*(f*10^6) TBD dB

1000 MHz</=f</= 6000 MHz

CI 85 SC 10 P 191 # 547 CI 85 SC 7 P 177 L # 538 Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X Replace Trace Loss (TBD from Nicholl_01_0708.pdf) with specific values Figure 85.2 Location of TP-1 and TP-4 SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Provide values to discuss with Diminico Subgroup Recommend either placing two new test points TP-0 and TP-5 located 4" from connector Proposed Response Response Status O (per nicholl 01 0708.pdf) or to move TP-1 and TP-4 a specified amount of loss (possibly 2dB @ 5.1625GHz) Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 85 SC 11 P 192 L # 536 Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics CI 85 SC 7 P 189 L # 546 Comment Type T Comment Status X Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Figures 85-10 and 85-11 Add Figure Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Remove MDELFEXT - Use ICR specification Figures to be provided on supporting documents Remove Figure 85-7 Remove Figure 85-8 Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy SC 11 P 196 Cl 85 L # 549 Proposed Response Response Status O Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Comment Type T Comment Status X C/ 85 SC 7 P 193 # 537 L Add lane to MDI connector pin mapping Tyco Electronics Fogg, Michael SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Т Comment Status X Table to be provided in supporting documentation Table 85-7 Proposed Response Response Status O Add values SuggestedRemedy Add values from QSFP Specification, to be provided in supporting documentation Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ **85** SC **7.1** P **177** L **20** # 574

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

802.3ap backplanes support KX, KX4 and KR. CR4/CR10 are based on the 802.3ap and has the full provision to support another IEEE803.3ak (CX4)

SuggestedRemedy

Add badrate of 3.125 GBd to line 22. Duplicate Transition time line for CX4 with min value of 20 ps and max value of 130 ps .

Add differential output voltage p-p 800 mV to 1200 mV for CX4

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 85 SC 7.1 P177 L 30 # 586

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Max and min loss between PMA IC and TP1a and TP4a are not defined, the link will not work if there is 10 dB loss on the PCB

SuggestedRemedy

Loss from PMA function to TP1a and loss from TP4a to PMA function is SDD21<=(-0.0788 -0.6169*SQRT(f) - 0.5855*f)

Min loss

SDD > = (2/6 - 2*f/6)

Where is in GHz

The maximum SDD21 assumes the HCB PCB loss at Nyquist is <=1.0 dB

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 7.1 P177 L 33 # 554

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

There is no definition of TP1 or TP4, Please provide definition for TP1 and TP4

SuggestedRemedy

TP1 definition - Any interconnect may be used between the SR4 or SR10 transmit function and TP1 as long as transmitter parameters of Table 85-4 are met.

TP4 definition - The interconnect from TP4 to SR4 or SR10 receive function shall be SDD21(dB) >= (-0.007 - 0.1684*SQRT(f) - 0.0617*f) f is given in GHz.

SDD21 loss a Nyquist is 0.7 dB and 0.2 larger than SFP+ loss.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 85 SC 7.1 P177 L 33 # 581

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

AC coupling in CR4/CR10 are between TP4 and Chip which comes from leagacy KR, specially with SR4/S10 defining the AC coupling in the module.

SuggestedRemedy

AC coupling need to be between TP3 and MDI

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 8.3 P181 L 25 # 568

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Currently table 85-4 only has transmitter off level which is 30 mV and you wouldn't go that far with it!

SuggestedRemedy

Please add VMA per defintion of IEEE CL 68.6.2 with min value of 360 mV

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Purpose to use SDD22 per equation 83A-1

Response Status O

CI 85 SC 8.3 P 181 L 25 # 564 CI 85 SC 8.3 P 181 L 33 # 563 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X To gurantee interoperablity a transmitter compliance test method is required. With faster processes 24 ps transition time starting to be an issue SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Purpose to use software method of IEEE 802.3 CL 68 TWDP which uses cable impulse Suggest to change 24 ps to 20 ps response. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 85 SC 8.3 P 181 L 36 # 558 CI 85 SC 8.3 P 181 L 28 # 569 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The classical DJ and RJ measured jitter are jitter PDF dependent and not valid for jitter Differential Output return loss is TBD distribution which are not dual-dirac. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Purpose to use SDD11 per equation 83A-1 Repalce RJ with UJ of 0.025 UI (RMS) per IEEE CL 68.6.8 method Replace DJ with DDJ per method of FC-PI4 A.1.3.1 with PSBS 9 pattern Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 85 SC 8.3 P 181 / 31 # 570 CI 85 SC 8.3 P 181 L 38 # 559 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Common mode Output return loss is TBD Duty Cycle distortion is classified to be 0.035 UI and is part of deterministic jitter, except SuggestedRemedy the current definition of DCD does not capture pattern dependent component of DCD. Purpose to use SCC11 per equation 83A-2 SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Puropose to repalace DCD with PWS (Pulse Width Shrinkage) with 0.1 UI value. PWS is measured per FC-PI-4 Annex A.1.3.2 using PRBS9 pattern Proposed Response Response Status O CI 85 SC 8.3 P 181 # 572 L 31 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Differential input return loss is TBD

There is no requirement on the min receive signal

Purpose to use min receive VMA of 180 mV diff p-p per definition of IEEE CL68.6.2.

Response Status O

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

CI 85 SC 8.4 P 182 L 50 # 590 CI 85 SC 8.4 P183 L 17 # 573 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X There is no definition how to test the receiver for compliance Max input differential p-p level of of 1200 mV is not compatible with the SR4 and SR10. where both SRxx and CRxx serve the front panel market and some time on the same port! SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Puropose to use the pulse response from the 10 m cable assembly as the frequency Reduce max input level to 850 mV dependent attenuator in the Fig 69A-1. In Fig 69A-1 TP1 must have maximum jitter as defined by table 85-4. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O CI 85 SC 8.4 P183 L 21 # 575 SC 8.4 CI 85 P 182 L 50 # 604 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Since CR4/CR10 does not interface with KX there is not no reason to have 1600 mV KR can not operate over 10 m of 24 AWG cable which is the largest pratical size with max damage threshold host PCB loss. KR standard was devloped 3 years ago and with improved process and SuggestedRemedy technology we should not limit the application to shorter than 10m or have unreasonable Remove 1600 mV damage threshold PCB trace loss. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Assuming PMA IC loss to TP1a and TP4a to PMA IC loss are Nyquist is 4.5 dB then based on diminico results the KR refrence channel loss at Nyquist need to be increasaed to 27 dB. This will allow 4" of FR4-6 on each end or about 6" of improved FR4. CI 85 SC 8.4 P 183 L 9 # 576 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type TR Comment Status X Support for CX4 is missing from the table. 802.3ap already has support for KX4 operation Cl 85 SC 8.4 P 183 / 16 # 591 which is simialr to CX4. Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type TR Add Signaling rate of 3.125 GBd to table 85-5.

Proposed Response

Response Status 0

C/ 85 SC 85.1 P171 L 10 # 288

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Several very minor editorial issues in clause 85 collected in to one comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Anslow. Peter

Reference to Clause 45 should be cross-reference page 171 line 10

The dash between 81 and RS should be an em-dash page 171 line 18

The dash between 73 and Auto-Negotiation should be an em-dash page 171 line 30

Nortel Networks

Change "interface for these" to "interfaces for these" page 172 line 45

Reference to Clause 45 should be cross-reference page 174 line 49

Space missing in "disable 9to" page 175 line 17

The word "Global_" is in 10 point font right side of page 175 line 33

Force the second "PMD" to next line on left side of page 175 line 35

Change ".." to "." page 177 line 10

Remove space between "PMD_SIGNAL.indication" and "(SIGNAL_DETECT)" in two places page 178 lines 38 and 39

Change "When a Global_PMD_..." to "When Global_PMD_..." page 179 line 24 Change "NOTES

1" to "NOTE1" page 179 line 51

Change "2" to "NOTE2" page 180 line 3

It would be useful to colour external equation references blue (see comment on front matter) page 181 lines 28, 29, 30, 31 also page 183 lines 18 an 19

Set pagination to "Anywhere" to remove blank half page for heading 85.9.1 page 185 line 1 Do Special, Equations, Equations, "shrink wrap" on equation 85-6 to fix cropping page 187 line 26

External reference to clause 21 should be blue page 197 line 11

Proposed Response Status O

Judek, Mike JDS

There is a problem in Table 85-1. XLAUI isn't applicable to 100GBASE-CR, but CAUI is optional

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type T

Either label the 83A row as XLAUI/CAUI or insert an additional row for CAUI and make the appropriate changes.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.1 P171 L 23 # 159

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Reference only to XLAUI is made, and then 40G and 100G PMDs list XLAUI as optional.

SuggestedRemedy

Add another row for 83A CAUI

for row 83A XLAUI, mark 100GBASE-CR10 not applicable for row 83A CAUI, mark 40GBASE-CR4 not applicable

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.1 P171 L 30 # 341

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Auto-negotiation is an unnecessary burden on the host. It is not necessary for these copper links, and should not appear on front-panel ports.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete Auto-negotiation from Clause 85. Remove the Note at Clause 73, but provide a table showing which port types could use Auto-negotiation proper, which could use Parallel Detection (see below), and which could use Training.

Formalize and extend 'Parallel Detection' (73.7.4.1 Parallel Detection function) as a properly specified Link Negotiation based on the principles of Fibre Channel's Link Speed Negotiation.

See presentation.

Task force Review

CI 85 SC 85.1 P 171 L 32 # 370 CI 85 SC 85.1 P 171 L 7 # 168 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X The copper-cable receivers are expected to rely even more on long DFE than Backplane A normative statement for the combination of sublavers is needed. Ethernet, and so when errors happen, moderately long error bursts are very probable. This overwhelms the CRC's error-detecting guarantee. These port types do not go into closed In order to form a complete PHY (Physical Layer device), a PMD is combined with the systems as Backplane Ethernet ports do. so the standard has to take responsibility for appropriate sublayers (see Table 85-1) and with the management functions, which are avoiding false packet acceptance rather than the system implementer. optionally accessible through the management interface defined in Clause 45, or equivalent. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy FEC encoding and error detection must be mandatory, to provide adequate error detection. This is significantly less onerous than requiring mandatory full FEC error change noted sentence to correction (correcting errors is a step beyond detecting them) which can remain optional. In order to form a complete PHY, the desired PMD shall be combined with the appropriate Proposed Response Response Status O sublayers (see Table 85–1) and with the management functions that are optionally accessible through the management interface defined in Clause 45, or equivalent. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 85 SC 85.1 P 171 L 35 # 48 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type Comment Status X CI 85 SC 85.10 P 191 L 16 # 460 Table 85-1 Note b contains two instances of "XLGMII" which should be "CGMII" Chalupsky, David Intel Corp. SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type E Change "XLGMII" to "CGMII" in two places typo: "differential" is misspelled as "diferential" in 85.10 section heading. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change "differential" to "differential" Proposed Response Response Status O CI 85 SC 85.1 P 171 L 35 # 198 Gu. Yuan ZTE Corporation Comment Type Comment Status X Ε C/ 85 SC 85.10 P 191 L 17 # 420 Change "XLGMII" to "CGMII" Ganga, Ilango Intel Comment Type E Comment Status X also in line 36 the same change line 17: typo, change to "differential" line 24: typo, change to "transmitter" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 85 SC 85.11.1 P 191 L 42 # 473 CI 85 SC 85.11.2 P 195 L 6 # 447 Dudek. Mike **JDSU** DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X Connectors can't meet the requirements of both style 1 and style 2. IBTA has selected the CXP connector currently specified as Version 0.3 - Oct. 2, 2008 "120 Gb/s 12x Small Form-factor SuggestedRemedy Pluggable (CXP) Interface Specification for Cables, Active Change "(Style 1) and 85.11.1.2 (Style 2)" to "(Style 1) or 85.11.1.2 (Style 2)" Cables, & Transceivers". Replace SFF-8092 with the IBTA selected connector SFF-8642 which has been the stated intent (diminico 02 0708.pdf). Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Page 195 line 6 replace SFF-8092 with SFF-8642. Cl 85 SC 85.11.1 P 191 L 43 # 53 Proposed Response Response Status O Nortel Networks Anslow, Peter Comment Type T Comment Status X CI 85 SC 85.7.1 P 177 L 10 # 419 This says "between the PMD of 85.7.1 and" but 85.7.1 is the link block diagram Ganga, Ilango Intel SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Comment Status X Ε change "between the PMD of 85.7.1 and" to "between the PMD of 85.8 and" double period (..). delete a period Proposed Response Response Status 0 Line 14, typo: change to "transmitter" SuggestedRemedy CI 85 SC 85.11.2 P 195 L 6 # 421 Ganga, Ilango Intel Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type E Comment Status X typo, change to "considered" SuggestedRemedy Cl 85 SC 85.7.1 P 177 L 15 # 273 Healey, Adam LSI Corporation Proposed Response Comment Status X Response Status O Comment Type Clause 85 references Clause 72 in multiple places, yet uses a definition of TP1 and TP4 that is inconsistent with definition in Clause 72. This will inevitably lead to confusion. SuggestedRemedy Define TP1 and TP4 in a manner consistent with their use in Clause 72, or add a note explaining the mapping. Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Add text for inclusion of TP0 and TP5 in subclause 85.7.1.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete text: The 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 channel is defined between the transmitter and receiver blocks

to include the transmiter and receiver differential controlled impedance printed circuit board insertion loss

and the cable assembly insertion loss as illustrated in Figure 85–2.

Add text:The 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 channel is defined between the transmitter (TP0) and receiver blocks (TP5)

to include the transmiter and receiver differential controlled impedance printed circuit board insertion loss

and the cable assembly insertion loss as illustrated in Figure 85-2.

TP0 and TP5 are reference points that may not be testable in an implemented system.

Proposed Response Re

Response Status O

C/ 85 SC 85.7.2 P 178 L 4 # 49

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The format of the messages PMD_UNITDATA.request and PMD_UNITDATA.indication in clauses 85.72 and 85.7.3 do not match the definitions in 85.2

SuggestedRemedy

change "message PMD_UNITDATA.request (tx_bit<0:3>)" to "messages PMD_UNITDATA.request<0:3>" in two places.

change "message PMD_UNITDATA.request(tx_bit<0:9>)" to "messages

PMD_UNITDATA.request<0:9>" in two places (Note, the first one has 0:3 where it should be 0:9).

change "message PMD_UNITDATA.indication (rx_bit<0:3>)" to "messages

PMD_UNITDATA.indication<0:3>" in two places (clause 85.7.3)

change "message PMD_UNITDATA indication (rx_bit<0:9>)" to "messages

PMD_UNITDATA.indication<0:9>" in two places (clause 85.7.3)

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.7.4 P178 L37 # 109

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Reword first two paragraphs to be similar to subclause 84.7.4 for clarity.

SuggestedRemedy

Change:

"The Global PMD signal detect function shall report to the PMD service interface, using the message PMD_SIGNAL.indication (SIGNAL_DETECT) for 40GBASE-CR4 and PMD_SIGNAL.indication (SIGNAL_DETECT) for 100GBASE-CR10, which is signaled continuously. SIGNAL_DETECT in 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 indicates the successful completion of the start-up protocol on all four or ten lanes.

SIGNAL_DETECT, while normally intended to be an indicator of signal presence, is used by 40GBASECR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 to indicate the successful completion of the start-up protocol on each lane."

to

"The Global PMD signal detect function shall continuously report the message PMD_SIGNAL.indication (SIGNAL_DETECT) to the PMD service interface. SIGNAL_DETECT, while normally intended to be an indicator of signal presence, is used by 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 to indicate the successful completion of the start-up protocol on all lanes."

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Cables are removable (not like backplanes). What will cause Signal Detect to become Fail if the link is broken.

SuggestedRemedy

If a broken link will create system reset then an informative note to that effect would be good. If it won't then change the function to include a signal present detection in addition to successful completion of start up protocol.

CI 85 SC 85.7.4 P178 L54 # 206

Marris, Arthur Cadence

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Change "1 or 0" to "one or zero" to match nomenclature in 45.2.1.9.5 $\,$

SuggestedRemedy as above

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Clause 85.7.7 is about lane-by-lane transmit disable function, but the text discusses "Global_PMD_transmit_disable function". This needs to be changed along the lines of clause 86.4.8

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first two sentences from "The Global_PMD_transmit_disable function is optional. It allows the electrical transmitters in each lane to be selectively disabled." to "The PMD_transmit_disable_i function (where i represents the lane number in the range 0:3 or 0:9) is optional and allows the optical transmitter in each lane to be selectively disabled."

in item a) change "the Global_PMD_transmit_disable variable" to "a PMD_transmit_disable_i variable" and change "the transmitter such that" to "the transmitter associated with that variable such that"

in item b) change "may turn off the electrical transmitter." to "may set each PMD transmit disable i to ONE, turning off the electrical transmitter in each lane."

in item c) change "Global_PMD_transmit_disable" to "PMD_transmit_disable_i"

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 85 SC 85.8.2 P18 L3 # 342

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

I understand that 10 m is extremely challenging. A link like this if it fails will create error bursts not just single errors, endangering mean time to false packet acceptance.

SuggestedRemedy

Do investigations to quantify the level of difficulty. First, can a reasonable 10 m cable with reasonable lengths of PCB traces give a channel within the high confidence region as defined for 10GBASE-KR in 802.3ap Annex 69B? Second, is that an adequate or complete condition for as low-BER link?

Define a length and cable electrical spec above which FEC is mandatory, and/or reduce the distance objective for Clause 85.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.8.3 P181 L14 # 51

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This says "with the exception of the transmitter specified in 85.8.3.3." but 85.8.3.3 is the "Signaling speed range" and does not specify a transmitter.

SuggestedRemedy

Change this cross-reference to the intended subclause

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Reference in following sentence is unclear.

The specifications are summarized in Table 85–4 and detailed in 72.7.1.1 through 72.7.1.11 with the exception of the transmitter specified in 85.8.3.3.

85.8.3.3 is for signaling speed range, and is same for -KR.

SugaestedRemedy

Corrrect reference from 85.8.3.3 to correct reference.

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The nominal unit interval is given in Table 85-4 as "96.9697" but in clause 83A it is given as "96.96969697". Since the UI is the same for these two clauses, the number of significant figures quoted should be the same. Considering the 100 ppm tolerance, somewhere between these two seems appropriate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change all ocurrences of "96.9697" and "96.96969697" to "96.969697" (four places in clause 85 and three places in clause 83A)

Proposed Response Status O

C/ **85** SC **85.8.4** P **183** L **1** # 165

D'Ambrosia, John Force 10 Networks

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This clause points to receiver characteristics detailed in 72.7.1.1 through 72.7.2.5, which includes Rx interference tolerance testing specified in 72.7.2.1. There are potential differences in rx interference tolerance testing between backplane and cabling testing.

SuggestedRemedy

Create an annex 85A, which details tests for -c4 testing. Presentation to be provided.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.8.4 P183 L1 # 169
D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This clause points to receiver characteristics detailed in 72.7.1.1 through 72.7.2.5, which includes Rx interference tolerance testing specified in 72.7.2.1. This is ambiguous, as it does not indicate whether a single isolated lane is being tested or are all channels as an aggregate being tested.

SuggestedRemedy

test on a single lane basis, (joint) presentation to be provided

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 85 SC 85.8.4 P183 L1 # 272

Healey, Adam LSI Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

"Receiver characteristics are summarized in Table 85–5 and as detailed in 72.7.1.1 through 72.7.2.5 with the exception of the receiver characteristics specified in 85.8.4.1, 85.8.4.2, and 85.8.4.3."

Subclause 71.7.2.1, Receiver interference tolerance, which references Annex 69A, defines a test for a 10GBASE-KR receiver in isolation.

At the same time, subclause 85.8.4.1 states that "the receiver shall operate with a BER 10^(-12) or better when receiving a compliant transmit signal, as defined in 85.8.3, through a compliant cable assembly as defined in 85.9 exhibiting the maximum insertion loss of 85.9.2."

This implies that all lanes as tested as an aggregate using a cable assembly model spanning TP2 to TP3.

Which requirement applies?

SuggestedRemedy

A supporting presentation will be provided to compare several approaches to this problem and suggest a direction.

Proposed Response Response Status O

 C/ 85
 SC 85.9
 P 184
 L 2
 # 343

 Dawe, Piers
 Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

It is very good that TP1, TP2 TP3 TP4 are positioned in relation to the connector, but not clear enough where they are exactly with respect to the connector. While for some measurements like S-parameter measurements on a passive cable, de-embedding can be used to infer the performance right next to the connector, For measurements of nonlinear active elements like transmitters and receivers, in general this cannot be done.

SuggestedRemedy

Use the same defined reference losses between each TP and the connector as in Clause 86: this includes specifying the loss between PMD and TP2 in 85.8.3.1 Fig 85-3. For the S-parameter specs, where de-embedding is viable, give the equivalent de-embedded specs also so that the cables can be assessed using either approach.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Provide values for TBDs in cable assembly insertion loss (85-1) for sqrt(f) and f. Remove 1/sqrt(f) term. Add TBD cable assembly insertion loss equation as contributions from IL and power sum crosstalk to ICR are still under consideration.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBDs with values in (85-1) Add TBD to equation as contributions from IL and power sum crosstalk to ICR under consideration.

Insertion Loss (f) = 0.192749*sqrt(f)+0.001494*f TBD dB

Remove 1/sqrt(f) term. Given the CR4 and CR10 bandwidth compared to CX4 the 1/sqrt(f) loss function term is not necessary as a regression term.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 85 SC 85.9.2 P185 L15 # 244

Meyer, Jeffrey Centellax

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Why is there a term for 1/sqrt(f) in the insertion loss formula. The coefficient will most likely be 0.000 becuase it blows up at low frequencies. Read and microwave transmission line book and you see that the loss approaches a constant a low frequencies. Instead you need a constant term for the DC loss.

SuggestedRemedy

Insertion loss (d) <= TBD + TBD * sqrt(f) + TBD * f

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.9.2 P185 L17 # 340

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Specification range for cable insertion loss is not adequate at either end. SFP+ Annex E cable S-parameter specs go from 10 MHz to 11.1 GHz.

SuggestedRemedy

Extend the range of Cable assembly insertion loss, Cable assembly return loss, Near-End Crosstalk, MDNEXT, FEXT and MDELFEXT to at least 10 MHz to 10 GHz.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 85.9.3 P186 L6 # 459

DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Provide TBD values for 85.9.3 Cable assembly return loss.

SuggestedRemedy

85.9.3 Cable assembly return loss

The return loss (in dB with f in MHz) of each pair of the 40GBASE-CR4 and 100GBASE-CR10 cable

assembly shall be:

Return_loss(f)= 10 dB

for 100 MHz </= f < 4000 MHz

Return_loss(f)=10-10*log(f/4000)

for 4000 MHz </= f </= 10000 MHz

Figure 85–5—Minimum cable assembly return loss (informative) to be provided in attachment.

Cl 85 SC 85.9.4 P186 L46 # 453

DiMinico, Christopher MC Communications

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Define NEXT and MDNEXT to be used in the ICR calculation and remove individual limit specifications. The use of independent limit lines for each disturber is unnecessary as the individual impairments are not uniquely distinguished i.e., they are combined on a power sum basis to limit crosstalk in relation to insertion loss.

SuggestedRemedy

(1)Delete lines 48-54 page 186. (2)Delete equation (85-4) page 187. delete lines 4-5 page 187. (3) Add text under 85.9.4.1 Differential Near-End Crosstalk: Since four or ten transmit and four or ten receive lanes are used to transfer data between PMDs, the NEXT that is coupled into a receive lane will be from the four or ten transmit lanes. (4) Delete lines 8-9 page 187

Since four or ten transmit and four or ten receive lanes are used to transfer data between PMDs, the NEXT that is coupled into a receive lane will be from the four or ten transmit lanes.(5)Delete lines 13-20 page 187.(6) Delete lines 1-28 page 188.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 85 SC 85.9.4.2 P187 L 26 # 245

Mever, Jeffrey Centellax

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In equation (85-6) the power of the NEXT loss is denoted NL(f)i. This is poor notation. Subscripts should not appear after function arguments.

SuggestedRemedy

More appropriate notation would be NLi(f).

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Define FEXT and MDFEXT to be used in the ICR calculation and remove individual limit

specifications The use of independent limit lines for each disturber is unnecessary as the individual impairments are not uniquely distinguished i.e., they are combined on a power sum basis to limit crosstalk in relation to insertion loss. In addition, ELFEXT is unnecessary as ICR enables crosstalk to insertion loss tradeoff.

SuggestedRemedy

- (1)Delete lines 30-54 page 188. (2)Delete lines 1-5 page 189.
- (3)Add text line 31 page 188>> Since four lanes or ten lanes are used to transfer data between PMDs, the FEXT that is coupled into a data carrying lane will be from the three other lanes or nine other lanes in the same direction.
- (4)Remove equal level line 6 page 189 in subclause title.
- (5)Replace ELFEXT with FEXT 85.9.5.2 Multiple Disturber Far-End Crosstalk (MDFEXT) loss and globally.
- (6)Delete lines 8-9 page 189. (7)Delete lines 13-54 page 189.(7)Delete lines 15-43 page 190.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Add cable assembly ICR specification to limit the total multi-disturber cable assembly crosstalk noise. Add TBD to equation as contributions from IL and power sum crosstalk to ICR under consideration.

SuggestedRemedy

Add new subclause below 85.9.x Cable assembly power sum differential crosstalk >>85.9.x Cable assembly insertion loss to crosstalk ratio (ICR)

The cable assembly insertion loss to crosstalk ratio (ICR) is the ratio of the cable assembly insertion loss to the total cable assembly crosstalk loss determined using Equation (89.xx).

ICR(f) = -IL(f) + PSXT(f) (TBD) dB

100MHz</=f</=5156.25 MHz

Add text: Assuming ICR is computed at N uniformly-spaced frequencies fn spanning the frequency range 100 MHz to 5156.25 MHz.

ICRfit may be computed using Equations (85-x) through (85-x); utilize Equations (69B-19) through (69B-23.

Add text: ICRfit shall be greater than or equal to ICRmin as defined by the following equation:Add TBD to equation as contributions from IL and power sum crosstalk to ICR under consideration.

Add equation: ICRfit(f)>/=ICRmin(f)=23.3-18.7*LOG((f*10^6)/(5*10^9))-2.5 (TBD) dB

Add Figure to illustrate insertion loss to crosstalk ratio limit.

Note: 2.5 dB of the 3 dB signal-to-noise ratio penalty related to insertion loss deviation embodied in 802.3ap ICRmin is applied as 2.5 dB ICRmin margin to account for reduction in ILD penalty for CR4 and CR10

Proposed Response Status O

CI **85** SC **9** P**184** L # 539
Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics

byg, Michael Tyco Electronics

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Figure 85-6

Replace TBD values with actual limit numbers, and remove ELFEXT and MDELFEXT as they are redundant

SuggestedRemedy

Values to be supplied with supporting documents

Proposed Response Status O

 CI 85
 SC 9
 P 185
 L
 # 540

 Fogg, Michael
 Tyco Electronics

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Figure 85-4 - Provide specific values for cable assembly (TP-1 to TP-4), and for cable assembly including fixturing (TP-0 to TP-5?)

SuggestedRemedy

Add values from supporting document

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 9 P186 L # 541

Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Add specific values for cable assembly and cable assembly with fixturing for return loss

SugaestedRemedy

Values to be provided in supporting document

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Add values from supporting documents

Response Status O

CI 85 SC 9 P 187 # 542 CI 85 SC 9.1 P 185 L 16 # 577 Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Replace TBD values for NEXT with specific values 3.125 GBd operation insertion loss missing SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Values to be provided from supporting documents Add insertion loss limit from from 54-3. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 85 SC 9 P 187 CI 85 SC 9.2 P 185 L 10 # 543 # 588 Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Replace TBD values on MDNEXT with specific values Cable assembly is missing common mode return loss parameter. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Propose the following SCC22/SCC11 mask Values to be provided from supporting documents $SCC22 \le (-12 + 2.8 \text{ f})$ from 0.01 to 2.5 GHz and (-5.2 + 0.08 f) from 2.5 to 11.1 GHz. Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status O SC 9 CI 85 P 188 # 545 CI 85 SC 9.2 P 185 L 15 # 571 Tyco Electronics Fogg, Michael Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Remove ELFEXT values (Use ICR) Group delay information are necessary to gurantee cable interoperablity SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Either add cable group delay or the cable pulse response Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O SC 9 CI 85 P 188 L # 544 Fogg, Michael Tyco Electronics Comment Type T Comment Status X Figure 85-6 Remove or add specific values

CI 85 SC 9.3 P 186 L 10 # 589 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Cable assembly return loss does not specify if it is SCC or SDD but I am assuming it is Differential return loss. SuggestedRemedy Propose to use SDD22/SDD11 per equation 83A-1 Proposed Response Response Status O CI 85 SC 9.3 P 186 L 3 # 580 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Type TR It is not clear how the HOST NEXT is accounted for in current draft and there is nothing that prevents the host having excessive NEXT. If the amount of NEXT and FEXT for the host is equal to the test board the cable are tested with then the curent methodology hold. I can see case there will be double counting of NEXT and FEXT in the case of a low noise host but in the cases of noisy noisy host NEXT and FEXT can be under-estimated under estimated. SuggestedRemedy

To eliminated the case of noisy host, the host NEXT and FEXT must also meet 85-4, 85-5, and 85-6 equations.

19

557

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Cl 85 SC 9.3 Ghiasi, Ali

P 186

Broadcom

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

Cable return loss is missing, please add cable return loss

SuggestedRemedy

Purpose to use SDD22 as defined by EQ 83A-1 and SCC22 as defined by EQ 83A-2

Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 85 SC 9.4.2 P 187

L 5

561

Ghiasi. Ali

Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

NEXT has large high frequncy component but the NEXT frequncy is limited 6 GHz.

SuggestedRemedy

Increase NEXT freguncy range to 11 GHz or show there is no impact limiting NEXT to 6

GHz.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

CI 85 SC Figure 85-2 P 177 L 22 # 450

DiMinico, Christopher

MC Communications

Comment Status X

Add channel test/reference points TP0 and TP5 to

Figure 85-2 to provide channel definition demarcation points for tests and/or references.

P 199

Nexans

SuggestedRemedy

Add channel test/reference points TP0 and TP5 to

Figure 85-2.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

L 16

260

CI 86 SC₁ Vanderlaan, Paul

Comment Type E

Comment Status X

Change from:

Table 86-1

Type A1a.2a (50/125 im multimode) "OM3"

SuggestedRemedy

Change to:

Table 86-1

Type A1a.2a (50/125 im multimode) "OM3 or better"

Indicates higher performing fibers will be suitable

Proposed Response

Response Status O

CI 86 SC₁ P 199 L 21 # 583 CI 86 SC₁ P 201 L 23 # 76 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X In some applications products will be developed dual purpose, 40GbE or 4 10GbE per CL 'XLMII' is written at line 23 below Table 86-2. 52. These products will be able to operate longer and on leacy OM1 and PM2 fibres. A SuggestedRemedy note should be added to the reach with Ref to CL 52 'XLMII' has to be replaced by 'XLGMII' SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Note. If the transmitter and receiver are compliant to IEEE 10GBase-S CL 52.5 the reach on OM3 fibre would be 300 m. Proposed Response Response Status 0 Cl 86 SC₁ P 208 L 12 # 560 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom CI 86 SC₁ P 199 L 21 # 582 Comment Type TR Comment Status X Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom PWS (Pulse Width Shrinkage) a critical parameter is missing from table 86-6 list of parameters. Comment Type TR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In some applications products will be developed dual purpose, 40GbE or 4 10GbE per CL 52. These products will be able to operate longer and on leacy OM1 and PM2 fibres. A Puropose to add PWS (Pulse Width Shrinkage) with 0.1 UI value. note should be added to the reach with Ref to CL 52 PWS is measured per FC-PI-4 Annex A.1.3.2 using PRBS9 pattern Proposed Response SuggestedRemedy Response Status O Note. If the transmitter and receiver are compliant to IEEE 10GBase-S CL 52.5 the reach on OM3 fibre would be 300 m. CI 86 SC 10.1 P 218 L 1 # 210 Proposed Response Response Status O Mellitz, Richard Intel Corporation Comment Type ER Comment Status X SC₁ # 75 CI 86 P 201 1 22 Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document. Figure 86-Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy 'XLMII' is written at line 22 below Table 86-2. Make loss positive dB

Channel loss is IL not SDD21

Proposed Response

SuggestedRemedy

'XLMII' has to be replaced by 'XLGMII'

Proposed Response Status O

Response Status O

CI 86 SC 4.2 P 204 L 51 # 578 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X Transmit function is missing AC coupling SuggestedRemedy Transmit function include AC coupling. Proposed Response Response Status O SC 6.1 P 208 L 12 C/ 86 # 565 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Repalce RJ with UJ of 0.025 UI (RMS) per IEEE CL 68.6.8 method Replace DJ with DDJ of 0.15 UI per method of FC-PI4 A.1.3.1 with PSBS 9 pattern

The classical DJ and RJ measured jitter are jitter PDF dependent and not valid for jitter

Proposed Response Status O

distribution which are not dual-dirac.

C/ 86 SC 6.1 P 208 L 38 # 584

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The classical DJ and RJ measured jitter are jitter PDF dependent and not valid for jitter distribution which are not dual-dirac.

SuggestedRemedy

Repalce RJ with UJ of 0.025 UI (RMS) per IEEE CL 68.6.8 method Replace DJ with DDJ of 0.15 UI per method of FC-PI4 A.1.3.1 with PSBS 9 pattern

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 6.5 P211 L19 # 587

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

With stacked connector -6 dB SCC can not be met which could eliminated SR10

SuggestedRemedy

Propose the following SCC2 mask

SCC22<= (-12 + 2.8*f) from 0.01 to 2.5 GHz and (-5.2+0.08*f) from 2.5 to 11.1 GHz.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Total jitter at TP4 is 0.7 UI which is the same as SFP+ single channel. The SR4/SR10 optics are more relax than SR optics but the SerDes tolerance is the same.

SuggestedRemedy

The Total Jitter at TP4 for SR4 and SR10 should be 0.65 UI. Since CR4/CR10 TJ are 0.28 UI if the optical link does not close then TJ in table 86-6 and 86-7 are suggested to be reduced to 0.28 UI

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

MJSQ method of DJ and RJ breakdown is only valid for dual-Dirac jitter pdf, the DJ reported can even be 0 for cases the actual high freq jitter is very large.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace DJ with 99% probability jitter with symbol J2

Minimum modal BW @850nm.

Response Status O

Proposed Response

CI 86 SC 6.5 P 211 L 49 # 593 CI 86 SC 86.1 P 199 L 22 # 73 Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Chung, Hwan Seok **ETRI** Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X MJSQ method of DJ and RJ breakdown is only valid for dual-Dirac jitter pdf, the DJ At Table 86-1, the unit for signaling rate should be 'GBd', not 'Gbd'. reported can even be 0 for cases the actual high freg jitter is very large. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Replace DJ with 99% probability jitter with symbol J2 Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 86 SC 86.1 P 199 L 22 CI 86 SC 6.6 P 212 L 26 # 261 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Vanderlaan, Paul Nexans Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Status X Comment Type E In Table 86-1 the abbreviation "Gbd" should be "GBd" Change From SuggestedRemedy "Effective modal bandwidth at 850 nm" change "Gbd" to "GBd" SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Change to: "Minimum Effective modal bandwidth at 850 nm" Indicates higher performing fibers will be suitable SC 86.1 C/ 86 P 199 L 23 # 302 Proposed Response Response Status O Oulundsen III, George **OFS** Comment Type E Comment Status X Footnote to Table 86-1: Should we add reference to the TIA-492AAAC-A standard. The CI 86 SC 86.1 # 630 P 199 L 16 IEC standard is currently referenced. CHANG. Frank Vitesse SuggestedRemedy Comment Type TR Comment Status X To make Fiber type OM3 clear. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Suggest to be consistent with Clause 52.5 10GBASE-S definition, indicating 2000MHz.km

CI 86 SC 86.1 P 199 L 32 # 55 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

This says "The purpose of each PHY sublayer is summarized in 82.1.4. 40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s Ethernet is introduced in Clause 80." which would be better re-arranged

SuggestedRemedy

Change to "40 Gb/s and 100 Gb/s Ethernet is introduced in Clause 80 and the purpose of each PHY sublayer is summarized in 82.1.4."

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 86 SC 86.1 P 199 L 34 # 289

Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X Ε

Several very minor editorial issues in clause 86 collected in to one comment.

SuggestedRemedy

Clause 1 should be an internal cross-reference page 199 line 34 Annex A should be an internal cross-reference page 199 line 35 Clause 45 should be an internal cross-reference page 199 line 40 Clause 45 should be an internal cross-reference page 203 line 21 "." missing at the end of the sentence page 209 line 54 Seperator too thick below "Nominal core diameter" page 219 line 22

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.1 P 199 L 8 # 137 Force10 Networks

D'Ambrosia, John

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Overview is done in a manner that is inconsistent with other PMD clauses in 802.3ba

SuggestedRemedy

Put text below and Table 86-2 in front of current "Overview" intro text. This clause specifies the 40GBASE-SR4 PMD and 100GBASE-SR10. In order to form a complete PHY, the desired PMD shall be connected to the appropriate sublayers (see Table 86-1) and with the management functions that are optionally accessible through the management interface defined in Clause 45, or equivalent.

Renumber current Table 86-1 to 86-2.

Label new Table 86-1 as

Table 86-1—PHY (Physical Layer) clauses associated with the 40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10 PMDs

add row in new table 86-1 for Annex 83A-XLAUI - mark optional under 40G and "na" under

add row in new table 86-1 for Annex 83A-CAUI - mark optional under 100G and "na" under 40G

CI 86 SC 86.10 P 217 L 44 # 146 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type T Comment Status X organization of 86.10 is not done in a manner consistent with 87.12 and 88.13 (which is consistent with 52.14).

SuggestedRemedy

organize and name in manner consistent with 87.12 and 88.13.

Change title of 86.10 to "Characteristics of the fiber optic cabling (channel)

Change title of 86.10.1 to "Optical Fiber Cable"

change 86.10.2 to 86.11

Add 86.10.2 Optical fiber connection - An optical fiber connection, as shown in Figure 86-5 consists of a mated pair of optical connectors for the appropriate number of fibers for the

change 86.10.2.2 to 86.10.2.1 - Connection insertion loss change 86.10.2..2.1 to 86.10.2.2 - Maximum discrete reflectance change 86.10.2.3 to 86.10.3

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 86.10 P 219 L 3 # 357 CI 86

Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X A question and two editor's notes on this page

SuggestedRemedy

Consult the experts and clear up.

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 86.10.1 Cl 86 P 218 / 45 # 355

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Skew of medium per Gustlin is 45 UI (4.5 ns).

SuggestedRemedy

If this seems high, revisit the stress assumptions in the skew model.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.10.1 P 218 L 45 # 308 Oulundsen III. George OFS

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 86-17: Currently, there are a lot of TBDs regarding skew constraints. The 802.3ba Task Force adopted "kolesar 02 0508.xls" as the MMF cable skew spreadsheet model. At that time we understood that the values could change, but the concept of the model spreadsheet was adopted. Should we use the values proposed in "kolesar 02 0508.xls" as a starting point and replace the TBD with the model values where we can? Better values can be entered when discovered.

SuggestedRemedv

Replace the TBD for "Cabling Skew Max" value with the value of 45.4 ps/m or 4.54 ns for 100-m of MMF cable given in "kolesar_02_0508.xls". See the presentation "kolesar 01 0508.pdf" for reference.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.10.1 P 218 / 46 # 517 Kolesar, Paul CommScope

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Cabling skew value is presently TBD and needs to be defined.

SugaestedRemedy

Replace TBD with 4.5. This value is consistent with the worst-case value for a 100 m link as determined using the MM skew model kolesar 02 0508.xls.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 86 SC 86.10.2 P 219 L 2 # 518

Kolesar, Paul CommScope

The insertion loss measurment referenced in under revision and has passed CVD ballot and is entering FDIS stage. The methods have been renamed. Method 2 is becoming the method of Annex A.

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Replace "Method 2" with "Annex A".

Task force Review

Cl 86 SC 86.10.2.1 P 210 L 29 # 520

Kolesar, Paul CommScope

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The dispersion characteristics quoted have been superseded. The third edition of IEC 60793-2-10 published in 2006 adjusted the characteristics to more closly reflect that actual dispersion characteristics of 50um fibers. Requiring the fiber to meet IEC 60793-2-10 makes repeating the dispersion characteristic in table 86-18 redundant. But if these specs must be repeated, then they should be in harmony with the IEC spec.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the zero dispersion wavelength value with:

1295 < lambda0 < 1340

Replace the dispersion slope value with:

< 0.105 for 1295 nm < lambd0 < 1310

< 0.000375(1590 - lambda0) for 1310 nm < lambda0 < 1340 nm

Note: All the above < symbols should be "less than or equal to" symbols.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The present specification references a fiber specification as if it were a cabling specification. This can be remedied by referencing the cabling specifications for ribbon and multifiber cable forms, and also stating that the fiber contained within these cable shall meet the OM3 fiber performance code. The presently referenced cable specs are inappropriate, as the first is for simplex and duplex indoor cable, and the second for premises outdoor cable.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace:

The 40GBASE–SR4 and 100GBASE–SR10 fiber optic cabling shall meet the requirements of IEC 60793-2-10 and the requirements given in Table 86–18, where they differ. Multimode cables chosen from [Editor's note (to be removed prior to publication) - Insert additional reference for multiway cable if appropriate], IEC 60794-2-11 or IEC 60794-3-12 may be suitable.

With:

The 40GBASE–SR4 and 100GBASE–SR10 fiber optic cabling shall meet the requirements of IEC 60794-2-21 or IEC 60794-2-31. The fiber contained within these cables shall meet the requirements of IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.2.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.10.2.1 P219 L12 # 68

Chung, Hwan Seok ETRI

Comment Type T Comment Status X

As editor recomended, it will be better to insert additional reference for multimode fiber. So, change from "Multimode cables chosen from IEC 60792-2-11 or IEC 60794-3-12 may be suitable," to "Multimode cables chosen from TIA/EIA-492AAAC,ISO/IEC-11801,IEC 60792-2-11 or IEC 60794-3-12 may be suitable."

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.10.2.1 P219 L27 # 356

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

3.5 dB/km for fibre cable loss seems pretty gross, much higher than the uncabled fibre loss. Is it still that bad?

SuggestedRemedy

?

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Status X

Sudon, Minto

I understand that the chromatic specifications for OM3 fiber are now tighter than listed here.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Change the max value of the zero disperions wavelength from 1320nm to 1316nm. Change the Chromatic dispersion slope max line to 0.1028 for 1300<=lambda <= 1316 and

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Footnote to Table 86-18: Reference is made to TIA-492AAAC-2002 and the question is asked if there is an IEC equivalent. The answer is yes. The IEC equivalent is IEC 60793-1-49:2006.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The TBDs in 86.10.2.2.1 are inconsistent with the standard cabling model shown in Fig 86-5

SuggestedRemedy

Make text consistent with other SR applications. Paragraph should become:

The maximum link distances for multimode fiber are calculated based on an allocation of 1.5 dB total connection

and splice loss. For example, this allocation supports 2 connections with an average insertion

loss per connection of 0.75 dB. Connections with different loss characteristics may be used provided the

requirements of Table 86-17 and Table 86-18 are met.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

no connectors waere proposed in baseline for BASE-SR PMDs.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace references to IEC 61753-1-1 and IEC 61753-022-2 with TBD.

Proposed Response Status O

CI 86 SC 86.10.2.3 P220 L6 # 515

Kolesar, Paul CommScope

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The MPO connector is the form of choice on cabling infrastructure supporting array connectivity. It is also the connector selected in MSAs like the QSFP and SNAP12. Unlike past standardization periods where two-fiber connector forms were hotly debated, the MPO is virtually uncontested in the array connectivity space. This permits straight forward specification of the MPO to terminate the cabling at the MDI. Note that the proposed interface type 7-4 permits from 2 to 24 fibers. It is expected that this may be further defined to be fiber-count specific. This specificity is already possibel in the cans of 40GBASE-SR4 as the 12 fiber type. It may be either 12 or 24 fibers as the MSA for 100GBASE-SR10 is defined.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following:

The connector type terminating the cabling at the MDI shall meet the specifications of IEC 61754-7 interface 7-4 (MPO female plug connector with flat interface).

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 86 SC 86.2.1 P202 L44 # 344

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Accepting the proposed delay limits.

SuggestedRemedy

Accept the proposed delay limits. If we continue to specify delay in BT, change 'bit-times' to 'MAC bit-times' twice. Now that reviewers have had a chance to read the editor's note, delete it.

Cl 86 SC 86.2.2 P 203 L 10 # 393

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The attribute skew is not defined nor does there appear a defined measurement. While this may not be essential in the logical domain, where dynamic skew is being considered and the signals are electrical or optical it appears important to define skew such that jitter is not included.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a skew measurement sub-clause to clause 86.7 such that jitter is not captured in the skew measurement.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 86 SC 86.2.2 P 203 L 10 # 345

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Proposing skew limits

SuggestedRemedy

For overall skew, see Gustlin presentation. For dynamic skew: 200 ps from PMA, 100 ps PMD Tx add, 700 ps medium add, 200 ps PMD Rx add, giving 1200 ps returned to PMA. Remove editor's note.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 86 SC 86.2.2 P203 L13 # 516

Kolesar, Paul CommScope

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The maximum skew and dynamic skew for the multimode fiber medium are TBDs that require values. The values suggested are calculated using the skew model adopted by the TF in May 2008 found in kolesar_02_0508.xls with the default worst-case parameters at a link length of 300 m to allow for the possibility of extended reach technologies. Engineering the de-skew circuits to handle this amount of skew will permit support for possible future enhancements. Note that the skew value suggested here three times larger than that suggested in another comment submitted against line 46 of page 218 (table 86-17) wherein the channel distance is explicitly defined as a 100 m maximum.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the existing sentence with:

The delays through the medium shall match to within 13.6 ns and do not change by more than 20.3 ns including the effects of varying launch conditions and operating wavelength.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.2.2 P 203 L 817 # 307

Oulundsen III, George OFS

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Currently, there are a lot of TBDs regarding skew constraints. The 802.3ba Task Force adopted kolesar_02_0508.xls as the MMF cable skew spreadsheet model. At that time we understood that the values could change, but the concept of the model spreadsheet was adopted. Should we use the values proposed in kolesar_02_0508.xls as a starting point and replace the TBD with the model values where we can? Better values can be entered when discovered.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.4.1 P204 L30 # 346

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Editor's note

SuggestedRemedy

See Anslow presentation and comment, remove editor's note

AC coupling are missing from receive function

Response Status O

Receive function include AC coupling.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

347

303

CI 86 SC 86.4.2 P 204 L 47 # 392 CI 86 SC 86.5 P 207 L 18 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The phrase, the four or ten, is introduced and used in several places. Previously, page Note to clause editor: check that 'There are no lane assignments' is compatible with e.g. 199, line 30, the term, n + 1, is used and is more succinct. lane by lane signal detect function. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Except for page 199, replace all instances of the phrase, the four or ten, with n + 1. Per comment Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status O Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.4.2 P 205 *L* 1 # 298 CI 86 SC 86.5 P 207 L 21 Nortel Networks Oulundsen III, George OFS Anslow, Peter Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Type T Comment Status X During the review of version 0.9 of the draft, some issues were raised concerning the block Remove the word "with". This appears to be a typographical error. diagrams in clauses 86, 87 and 88. These diagrams should be clear and also consistent SuggestedRemedy with each other and with Figure 86-3 for the symbols used for optical and electrical connectors SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Replace Figures 86-1, 87-1 and 88-1 with those shown in anslow_05_1108.pdf Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.4.3 P 205 L 29 # 579 Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status X

CI 86 SC 86.5 P 207 L 21 # 474 Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Although there are no requirements on the physical location of the various lanes within the group of lanes there is a requirement for knowing which fibers in the MTP are used for Tx, which are used for Rx and which are not used.

SuggestedRemedv

insert the word "electrical" so that the sentence becomes ".... where the electrical lanes are physically....."

insert two subsections.

"86.5.1 Optical lane assignments for 40GBASE-SR4

Although the location of lanes within the group of Tx lanes is not required, it is necessary to define the positions of the Tx lanes and Rx lanes within the ribbon fiber connector. Figure xxx shows the location.

86.5.2 Optical lane assignments for 100GBASE-SR10

Although the location of lanes within the group of Tx lanes is not required, it is necessary to define the positions of the Tx lanes and Rx lanes within the ribbon fiber connector. Figure yyy shows the location."

Figure xxx to be as in INF-8438i figure 20 with the following changes. Title becomes 40GBASE-SR MDI optical receptacle and channel orientations. Replace the row saying Fiber number with "Fiber positions xxxxxxxxxxxx (12 x's). Replace the numbers in the Transmit and recieve Channel rows with xxxx. Add an additional row with "Unused positions" and place XXXX in the middle 4 positions.

Figure vvv to say "TBD. Editors note to be removed prior to publication The figure will show the fibers at the edge of a 12 fiber ribbon as unused positions (ie fiber numbers 1 and 12 are unused.) "

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 86.6 CI 86 P 207 # 138 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Recommend creating Annex 86A and moving PPI electrical specifications, as the PPI might eventually be used with PMDs.

SuggestedRemedy

Move all PPI electrical specifications into Annex 86A.

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 10 # 293

Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

In Table 86-6 There are two jitter parameters "TP1a Total Jitter output" and "TP1a Deterministic Jitter output" where it is not clear if this is UI peak to peak or not. Also applies to:

Table 86-7 "Total Jitter tolerance at TP1a" Table 86-11 "Total Jitter output at TP4"

Table 86-12 "Total Jitter tolerance"

SuggestedRemedy

Either change the parameter names to include "(pk-pk)" or change the units to be Ulptp

Proposed Response Response Status 0

CI 86 P 208 SC 86.6.1 L 11 # 290

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type Comment Status X

In Table 86-6 The "TP1a Deterministic Jitter output" min and max values are blank Same issue for Table 86-7 "AC common mode input voltage tolerance" max

SuggestedRemedy

Make the "TP1a Deterministic Jitter output" min "-" and the Max "TBD" if no values are available

Make the "AC common mode input voltage tolerance" max "-"

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 86 P 208 L 11 # 402 SC 86.6.1

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Table 86-6, has blank entries for TP1a Deterministic Jitter output and units of UI. There are several other instances of units for TJ and DJ shown as UI

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

For Table 86-6, TP1a Deterministic Jitter output, enter 0.15 in the Max column and change the Units column entry to UI pk-pk. Check other TJ and DJ entries in Tables 86-6, 7, 11 & 12 and, where appropriate, change UI to UI pk-pk.

CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 11 # 476 CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 14 # 403 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X In Table 86-6, there's a TBD for eye mask coordinate X2 and another in the Conditions Di in the Tx has been shown by the SFF8431 committee to be a poorer predictor of link performance than DDPWS and DDJ SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Replace the Deterministic Jitter Output rows in Table 86-6 and Table 86-7 with two rows. In Table 86-6, replace the TBD for eye mask coordinate X2 with 0.25 and delete the TBD in "TP1a Data Dependent Jitter Output Max TBD the Conditions column or replace it with a reference to subclause 86.7.4.7. "TP1a Data Dependent Pulse Width Shrinkage Output Max TBD Proposed Response Response Status O Add "editors note to be removed prior to publication. Max values of DDJ and DDPWS are TBD, however for comparison SFF8431 has DDJ max 0.1UI and DDPWS max 0.05UI." Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 P 208 SC 86.6.1 L 36 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks Comment Status X Comment Type T CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 11 # 349 In table 86-7 the parameter "Total Jitter tolerance at TP1a" is at TP1a wheras the table title Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies says "at TP1" Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Deterministic Jitter spec or 99% jitter spec? Also at PPI receive side. change table title from "PPI electrical transmit signal input specifications at TP1" to "PPI SuggestedRemedy electrical transmit signal input specifications at TP1 and TP1a" ? Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 37 # 394 CI 86 P 208 # 389 SC 86.6.1 L 14 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Finisar King, Jonathan Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X In Table 86-7 the min entry for Total Jitter tolerance at TP1a has a value of 0.3. This has insufficient precision for jitter since it permits a range of 0.25 to 0.349. All jitter entries should have, at least, two significant digits. Eye mask coordinates: X1,X2,Y1,Y2 and conditions contain TBDs. SuggestedRemedy Use SFP+MSA mask and coordinates for TP1 In Table 86-7, change the min entry for Total Jitter tolerance at TP1a from 0.3 to 0.30. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Use SFP+MSA mask and coordinates for TP1

Eye mask coordinates: X1,X2,Y1,Y2 become 0.12, 0.33, 95, 350

Response Status 0

Condition becomes <5e-5 hit rate.

Proposed Response

CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 42 # 390 Finisar King, Jonathan Comment Type TR Comment Status X Table 86-7 Eye mask coordinates: X1,X2,Y1,Y2 and conditions contain TBDs. Use SFP+MSA mask and coordinates for TP1 SuggestedRemedy Use SFP+MSA mask and coordinates for TP1 Eye mask coordinates: X1, X2, Y1, Y2 become 0.12, 0.33, 95, 350 Condition becomes <5e-5 hit rate. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.6.1 P 208 L 42 # 404 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Comment Status X Comment Type TR In Table 86-7 there's a TBD for Eye mask coordinate X2 and another in the Conditions

column.
SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-7, replace the TBD for eye mask coordinate X2 with 0.25 and delete the TBD in the Conditions column or replace it with a reference to subclause 86.7.4.7.

Proposed Response Status O

 Cl 86
 SC 86.6.2
 P 209
 L 23
 # 395

 Petrilla, John
 Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 86-8, values for entries Average launch power, Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA) and Extinction ratio show only one significant digit. These have insufficient precision and should have two significant digits.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-8, change the entries for Average launch power, Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA) and Extinction ratio to show two significant digits.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.6.2 P209 L23 # 478

Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Optical receivers are in general limited by the peak power of the input signal (Average power is less important). As the spec stands the receiver has to cope with the maximum input average power at infinite extinction ratio with the allowed eye mask overshoot. This is much more than is likely to happen in practice. We should limit the peak power explicitly.

SuggestedRemedy

Add extra rows to Tables 86-8, 86-9, 86-10.

Peak Power Max 3dBm. (no min)

To this row in table 86-8 add a footnote. Peak Power is the maximum value of the power as measured on the eye diagram see 86.7.4.7

Proposed Response Status O

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 86-8, the characteristics, Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), Aggregate signal parameter, and RIN12OMA can be replaced by using the Transmitter eye mask as the aggregate signal parameter.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-8, delete or label as informative the characteristics, Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), Aggregate signal parameter, and RIN12OMA and use the Transmitter eye mask as the aggregate signal parameter.

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 86-8, the entry for Transmitter eye mask definition calls for X3, Y2 and Y3 coordinates which are not required, does not label the coordinates as Specification values and has TBD as entries in the Type and Value columns and no entry in the Unit column.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-8, add a header row to label the Transmitter eye mask coordinates as Specification values (See Tables 86-6 & 7 as examples.), delete X3, Y2 and Y3 coordinates, split the remaining coordinates into two rows, one for X1 & X2 and the other for Y1 (againing using Tables 86-6 & 7 as examples), replace the TBD and enter 0.225 as the value for X1, 0.355 as the value for X2 and 176 as the value for Y1, enter UI as units for X1 & X2 and uW as units for Y1 and add a reference to subclause 86.7.4.7. Since there is no applicable figure in subclauses 86.6.2 or 86.7.4.7 (nor 83A.3.3.5) for Tx eye masks where Y1 is an absolute value, create a new figure and insert in subclause 86.6.2, 86.7.4.7 or where otherwise appropriate.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 86 SC 86.6.3 P 209 L 52 # 396

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Including the phrase, "power in OMA" in the sentence, "A signal with power in OMA and average power not within the ranges given cannot be compliant." is not applicable if OMA is deleted from Table 86-8 or is changed to informative.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the sentence, A signal with power in OMA and average power not within the ranges given cannot be compliant, to, A signal with average power not within the ranges given cannot be compliant.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.6.3 P 209 L 53 # 57

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

This says "A signal with power in OMA and average power not within the ranges given cannot be compliant.". However either condition makes the signal non-compliant so it should be "or" not "and"

SuggestedRemedy

change "in OMA and average" to "in OMA or average"

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 86-9, the characteristic, "Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), each lane", is not applicable if OMA is deleted from Table 86-8 or is changed to informative.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-9, delete the characteristic, "Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), each lane", if OMA is deleted from Table 86-8 or is changed to informative.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.6.3 P210 L6 # 348

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type **T** Comment Status **X**Have we allowed enough for connector loss?

SuggestedRemedy

Check that we have allowed enough for 100 m of fibre and a reasonable number of connectors, remembering that with a restricted launch, the actual connector loss is less than the measured connector loss. Reduce the numbers in the minimum column by 0.1 dB if appropriate, and adjust Table 86-13, fill in TBDs in 86.10.2.2.1. Remove the footnote here.

CI 86 SC 86.6.4 P 210 # 398 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X In Table 86-10 Value entries for "Damage threshold" and "Average power at receiver input" show only a single significant digit and lack sufficient precision. SuggestedRemedy In Table 86-10 change Values entries for "Damage threshold" and "Average power at receiver input" to show at least two significant digits as needed for the desired precision. Proposed Response Response Status 0 P 210 CI 86 SC 86.6.4 L 35 # 407 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Comment Status X Comment Type TR In Table 86-10, Value column entries are TBD for attributes, Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA, Vertical eye closure penalty, and Stressed eye jitter J.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-10, change Value column TBD for Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA to -5.4, Vertical eye closure penalty to 1.67, and Stressed eye jitter J to 0.37.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

CI 86 SC 86.6.5 P 211 L 29 # 408

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

In Table 86-11, there's a TBD for Eye mask coordinate X2 and another in the Conditions column.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-11, change the TBD for Eve mask coordinate X2 from TBD to 0.50 and either delete the TBD in the Conditions column or change to reference subclause 86.7.4.7.

Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 86 SC 86.6.5 P 211 L 41 # 479 JDSU

Dudek. Mike

Comment Type Comment Status X

It is good to be explicit at what test point the specifications apply

SuggestedRemedy

Add at TP4a to the title of Table 86-12

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.6.5 P 211 L 49 # 304 Oulundsen III, George **OFS**

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Table 86-12: I believe that the footnote superscript "a" should be added to the "Deterministic Jitter tolerance (pk-pk)" value of 0.40 in the "Min" column of the table. I believe that this is a typographical error.

SugaestedRemedy

Proposed Response Response Status 0

CI 86 SC 86.6.5 P 211 L 50 # 480 Dudek. Mike JDSU

Comment Status X Comment Type TR

In order to ensure that reflections don't overally degrade performance, the differential return loss of the host needs to be specified. To control EMI the differential to common mode reflection coefficient of the host also needs to be specified.

SuggestedRemedy

Add rows to Table 86-12 after Deterministic jitter tolerane

"Differential input reflection coefficient, SDD11 Max see 86.6.5.1 Reflected Differential to common mode conversion, SCD11 Max -10dB 10MHz - 11.1GHz

Change title and text of 86.6.5.1 to say "SDD22 at TP4 and SDD11 at TP4a" (ie 2 places)

CI 86 SC 86.6.5 P 211 L 52 # 409 Petrilla, John Avago Technologies Comment Type TR Comment Status X In Table 86-12, there's a TBD for Eye mask coordinate X2 and another in the Conditions column. SuggestedRemedy In Table 86-12, change the TBD for Eye mask coordinate X2 from TBD to 0.50 and either delete the TBD in the Conditions column or change to reference subclause 86.7.4.7. Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 86 SC 86.6.5.1 # 305 P 212 L 37 **OFS** Oulundsen III, George Comment Type E Comment Status X Footnote to Table 86-13: Should we add the TIA-492AAAC-A standard to footnote a. The IEC standard is already referenced.

P 212

L 34

410

Proposed Response Status O

SC 86.6.6

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 86-13 there's a TBD for Allocation for penalties.

SuggestedRemedy

CI 86

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 86-13 change the TBD for Allocation for penalties to 6.8.

Proposed Response Response Status O

NG, Frank Vites:

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Allocation for penalty state TBD, which should be 8.3-1.9=6.4dB, the difference as compared with 10GABSE-SR should come related to the contribution from channel-to-channel stalk

SuggestedRemedy

Pls clarify.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 86 SC 86.7.2 P214 L34 # 481

Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type T Comment Status X

For consistency and to ensure reproducible measurements the square test pattern with a fixed number of ones and zeros should be used for the measurements of OMA, and RIN.

The budgeting for the link assumes that the difference between the OMA for the Tx and the OMA for the Rx is the optical loss (average power). If the prbs9 is used to measure OMA for the Tx while square wave is used for the Rx this may no longer be true as the prbs9 pattern and square wave pattern will not always give the same answer. (If a vendor wishes to use prbs9 for production test the vendor should guard band his measurements for the differences the guard band being based on his own product characteristics.)

SuggestedRemedy

Make the measurements of OMA and RIN patterns Square eight ones and eight zeros for all three rows in standard font. Remove the editor preference note. Change the footnote to say "The items in italics" instead of "The second column"

CI 86 SC 86.7.3 P 215 L 1 # 350 CI 86 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Dudek. Mike Comment Status X Comment Type Т For AC common mode voltage, Termination mismatch and Transition time, copy text from SFF-8431 D3.1 with appropriate modifications (this is not issued at time of writing but will be issued before the P802.3ba co-located interim) SuggestedRemedy Use text from SFF-8431 D3.1 with appropriate modifications (this is not issued at time of writing but will be issued before the P802.3ba co-located interim) Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.7.3.1 P 215 L 3 # 482 C/ 86 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Petrilla, John Comment Type T Comment Status X Missing definition of AC common mode voltage SuggestedRemedy Copy the section from SFF8431 D.15 with editorial changes to remove SFP+ references. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 86 SC 86.7.3.2 P 215 L 8 # 483 Dudek, Mike JDSU CI 86 Comment Type TR Comment Status X Petrilla, John Missing Test procedure for Termination mismatch. SuggestedRemedy Copy the section from SFF8431 D.16 Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 86.7.4.1 P 215 L 20 # 484 JDSU

Comment Type Comment Status X It is bad practice to specify things in two places.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the test pattern description "appropriate portion.......to end of sentence" and replace with "pattern defined in Table 86-15.

Do the equivalent at line 39.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

SC 86.7.4.3 P 215 L 28 # 399 Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is a proposal for Table 86-8 to replace OMA with an aggregate test. If accepted subclause 86.7.4.3 can be deleted or labeled as informative.

SuggestedRemedy

If the proposal for Table 86-8 to replace OMA with an aggregate test is accepted, deleted or labeled subclause 86.7.4.3 as informative.

Proposed Response Response Status 0

P 215 # 391 SC 86.7.4.6 L 43

Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is a proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test. If accepted subclause 86.7.4.6 can be deleted.

SuggestedRemedy

If proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test is accepted, delete subclause 86.7.4.6.

SC 86.7.4.6 CI 86 P 215 L 45 # 485 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Comment Type TR Comment Status X We need to say what test pattern is on the channels not under test SuggestedRemedy Add the sentence. "The pattern on the lanes not under test should be prbs31 or valid 40GBASE-R encoded data. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 86 SC 86.7.4.7 P 215 L 50 # 385 King, Jonathan Finisar Comment Type Т Comment Status X Generic eye mask measurement details missing. SuggestedRemedy Use text from 802.3ag (Clause 68.6.5) describing fionite hit rate eye mask measurements. Proposed Response Response Status 0 Cl 86 SC 86.7.4.7.1 P 216 / 1 # 292 Anslow. Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Clause 86.7.4.7.1 "Eye mask for TP1a and TP4" should be a subclause of 86.7.3 "Electrical parameters" and not 86.7.4 "Optical parameter definitions"

SuggestedRemedy

Move the "Eye mask for TP1a and TP4" clause to 86.7.3

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 86 SC 86.7.4.7.1 P216 L3 # 401

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is a proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test. Since this mask has an absolute values for the vertical coordinate, the sentence "Unlike the optical eye mask, the vertical dimensions are fixed rather than scaled to the signal." is no longer applicable

SuggestedRemedy

If proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test is accepted, delete the sentence "Unlike the optical eye mask, the vertical dimensions are fixed rather than scaled to the signal."

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 86 SC 86.7.7.4 P215 L 32 # 400

Petrilla, John Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

There is a proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test. If accepted subclause 86.7.4.4 can be deleted.

SuggestedRemedy

If proposal for Table 86-8 to use the Tx eye mask as the aggregate test is accepted, delete subclause 86.7.4.4.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Task force Review

477

209

L 11

L 28

CI 86 SC 86.82 P 209 L 15 # 631 CI 86 SC 86-6 P 208 CHANG, Frank Vitesse Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Table 86-8 need more rows, lack parameters. In order to ensure that reflections don't overally degrade performance, the differential return loss of the host needs to be specified. To control EMI the common mode return loss of SuggestedRemedy the host also needs to be specified. Suggest to edit the following SuggestedRemedy - Extra row for signaling speed as 4/10 x 10.3125GBd +/-100ppm. Add rows to Table 86-6 after AC common mode. - Add Average lanch power, each lane MIN specs as TBD - ORL tolerance should be MAX, not min, specs. "Differential output reflection coefficient, SDD22 Max see 86.6.1.1 - RIN12OMA should set to -128dB/HZ (-132dB/Hz would affect cost/yield) Differential Output common mode reflection coefficient, SCC22 Max -6dB 10MHz to - Add TDP specs as TBD. 2.5GHz, -3dB 2.5GHZ to 11.1GHz" Change title and text of 86.6.1.1 to say "SDD11 at TP1 and SDD22 at TP1a" (ie 2 places) Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O SC 86.9 P C/ 86 L # 162 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks C/ 86 SC 9 P 217 Comment Type T Comment Status X Mellitz. Richard Intel Corporation the equations driving Figure 86-4 use variables that are TBD, therefore the figure should be Comment Type ER Comment Status X blank. Avoid s-parameter designations and keep loss definition consistent in document. Figure 86-5 furthermore, Note Figure 86-4 is inconsistent with similar figures in 802.3. Loss is a positive number. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Use A for attenuation. remove curves in Figure 86-4 Proposed Response Response Status 0 Proposed Response Response Status 0 SC 86.9 P 217 Cl 86 L 28 # 353 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X Need a channel S-parameter equation

One way to develop one would be to scale the SFP+ channel by the ratio of recommended

trace lengths, but the SFP+ equations don't have f^3 terms.

Response Status 0

Cl **86** SC **9** P**217** L **30** # 585

Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Max and min loss between PMA IC and TP1a and TP4a are listed as TBD

SuggestedRemedy

SDD21<=(-0.0788 -0.6169*SQRT(f) - 0.5855*f)

Min loss

SDD>=(2/6 - 2*f/6)

Where is in GHz

The maximum SDD21 assumes the HCB PCB loss at Nyquist is <=1.0 dB

Proposed Response Response Status O

Dallesasse, John Emcore Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Given the target distance of 100 meters, we need to evaluate the possibility of eliminating the encircled flux specification. This will likley be a challenging specification to meet over temperature (or even at a single temperature on all lanes) for a parallel optical module. General discussions on the expected impairment in modal bandwidth for an overfilled as opposed to restricted launch into OM3 fiber suggest that eliminating encircled flux may be possible, but further analysis of this question by an ad-hoc group may be necessary.

SuggestedRemedy

Eliminate the encircled flux specification from Table 86-8 and any other places referenced in these clauses.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 87 SC P L # 310

Dallesasse, John Emcore Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The lane wavelengths used for the 40GBASE-LR4 PMD should be the same as the wavelengths used for the Clause 53 10GBASE-LX4 PMD. This will allow maximum reutilization of laser and optical demultiplexer technologies developed for 10GBASE-LX4. Reducing development costs have a direct impact on the economic feasibility of this project. It would be a mistake to walk away from a technology investment that has been paid for and proven over years of manufacturing. Additionally, the proposed reduction of the channel bandwidth from 13.4 nm (10GBASE-LX4) to 13 nm (40GBASE-LR4) would have some impact on laser yields and consequently cost. In order to allow a 0-70 C module operating range, the lasers need to be in spec from -5 to +85C. Assuming 0.1 nm/C, 9 nm of the band is taken by temperature. Approximately 1.5 nm is allocated for guard bands. Consequently, the window that is being targeted for laser operation at a given temperature is 2.5 nm for the proposed 40GBASE-LR4 versus 2.9 nm for 10GBASE-LX4.

SuggestedRemedy

Change all references for L0, L1, L2, and L3 to match the wavelength specifications in Clause 53 (10GBASE-LX4).

Proposed Response Response Status O

 C/ 87
 SC 11
 P 239
 L 21
 # 92

 Sun Hyok, Chang
 Electronics and Teleco

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In line 21, it is written that 'DGD_max is the maximum differential group delay that the system must tolerate'. It is wrong. 'DGD_max' is defined in the Method 2 of IEC 61282-3. 'DGD_max' is defined with P(DGD_tot > DGD_max), which is the probability that a system DGD value, DGD_tot, exceeds DGD_max. 'DGD_max' and 'P(DGD_tot > DGD_max)' give the DGD specification of the fiber link.

SuggestedRemedy

The sentence 'DGD_max is the maximum differential group delay that the system must tolerate' is needed to be replaced by "DGD_max is defined in the Method 2 of IEC 61282-3'

Proposed Response

Response Status O

CI 87 SC 118 P 239 L 14 # 91 CI 87 SC 6 P 230 L 41 # 77 Sun Hyok, Chang Flectronics and Teleco Sun Hvok, Chang **Flectronics and Teleco** Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X In Table 87-13. 'DGD' max' is represented to describe the PMD (polarization mode In Table 87-6, I think 'Minimum range' is confusing expression, Because '2m to 10 km' is dispersion) specification. But 'DGD max' is not sufficient to give the PMD specification of not 'minimum'. the fiber link. Parameter of P(DGD tot > DGD max) is needed.(from the Method 2 of IEC SuggestedRemedy 61282-3), P(DGD tot > DGD max) is the probability that a system DGD value, DGD tot. 'Operating range' is easier to be understood. 'Minimum range' has to be replaced by exceeds DGD max. 'Operating range'. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Parameter of P(DGD_tot > DGD_max) per each lane is needed in Table 87-13. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 87 SC 87.1 P 223 L 12 # 160 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks CI 87 SC 4.4 P 228 L 27 # 594 Comment Type T Comment Status X Ghiasi, Ali Broadcom Table 87-1 does not include reference to Annex 83A, XLAUI. Comment Status X Comment Type TR SuggestedRemedy PMD loopback function is missing add row for Annex 83A. XLAUI and mark optional. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Please add PMD loopback function Proposed Response Response Status O CI 87 SC 87.1.1.2.3 P 225 L 23 # 276 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks SC 6 Cl 87 P 230 / 34 # 80 Comment Type E Comment Status X Sun Hyok, Chang Flectronics and Teleco It would be helpful to indicate where in clause 83 the effect of receipt is defined. Comment Type T Comment Status X Also applies to 88.1.1.2.3 In line 34, 'operational range' is written. The term 'operating range' is used in line 32 and in SuggestedRemedy the title of Table 87-6. So. 'operational range' needs to be changed to 'operating range'. Change "in Clause 83" to "in 83.3.1.3" SuggestedRemedy Also make this change in 88.1.1.2.3 'operational range' has to be replaced by 'operating range'.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment Type E Comment Status X

It would be helpful to indicate where in clause 83 the effect of receipt is defined. Also applies to 88.1.1.3.3

SuggestedRemedy

Change "in Clause 83" to "in 83.3.3.3" Also make this change in 88.1.1.3.3

Proposed Response Response Status 0

C/ 87 SC 87.11 P 239 L 15 # 296

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 87-13 the value of DGD_max is "TBD". The DGD_max value for 10GBASE_LR in Table 52-24 is 10 ps. This equates to a link PMD coefficient of 0.8 ps/sqrt(km) (assuming S = 3.75) and is expected to give only a small penalty at 10.3125 GBd.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 87-13 set the value of DGD_max to 10 ps See anslow 04 1108.pdf for more detail.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 87 SC 87.11 P 239 L 16 # 381

King, Jonathan Finisar

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 87-13. Optical return loss is TBD dB

Limiting factor here is round trip reflections leading to coherent interference at the receiver. Optical return loss 26dB or greater is consistent with Clause 52 10GBASE-ER Fibre optic cabling channel characteristics; with a transmitter reflectance of -12dB max, this would keep penalties due to cround trip coherent interference down to approx 0.25dB

also applies to Table 88-176

SuggestedRemedy

Last row of Table 87-13 becomes

Optical return loss (min) 26 dB

Last row of Table 87-13 becomes

Optical return loss (min) 26 26 26 dB

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The channel characteristics for max channel insertion loss, and Positive and negative dispersion are a function of wavelength it would be good to note the wavelength range for which the values in table 87-13 apply.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a footnote to Channel insertion loss (max), Positivie dispersion (max), and negative dispersion (min). The footnote to say. Over the wavelength range 1264.5nm to 1337.5nm.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 87 SC 87.13 P 239 L 15 # 207 Chung, Hwan Seok **FTRI** Comment Type T Comment Status X In Table 87-13, we propose DGD max characteristics as "10 ps" SuggestedRemedy The datails of DGD max for 40GBASE-LR4 will be presented in November plenary. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 87 SC 87.5 P 230 L 11 # 69 Chung, Hwan Seok **ETRI** Comment Type T Comment Status X correct typo and insert space between 20 and nm. Change from "20nm" to "20 nm" SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 87 SC 87.6.1 P 231 / 13 # 488 Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type TR Comment Status X Optical receivers are in general limited by the peak power of the input signal (Average power is less important). As the spec stands the receiver has to cope with the maximum input average power at infinite extinction ratio with the allowed eye mask overshoot. This

is much more than is likely to happen in practice. We should limit the peak power explicitly. (The suggested value equates to the Maximum average power at 9dB ER without overshoot).

SuggestedRemedy

Add extra rows to Tables 87-7, and 87-8.

Peak Power Max 4.5dBm. (no min)

To this row in table 87-7 add a footnote. Peak Power is the maximum value of the power as measured on the eve diagram see 86.7.4.7

Proposed Response Response Status O CI 87 SC 87.6.1 P 231 L 30 # 487 Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type Comment Status X

With a specification for the receiver reflection of -26dB there is no need to require the Transmitter to tolerate a 12dB reflection. The cable is limited to 26dB return loss at any discrete reflection. A tolerance to 20dB reflection would appear adequate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change optical return loss tolerance from 12dB to 20dB on line 30. Change RIN12 to RIN20 on line 28. Change RIN12 to RIN20 in 87.7.7 page 236 line 20 and insert "that the reflection is 20dB and" between "exception" and "that" on page 236 line 21, change 12db to 20dB for optical retun loss in table 87-11 on page 235 line 17, and change from TBD to 21 for the optical retun loss in table 87-13 page 239 line 17.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 87 SC 87.6.1 P 231 L 33 # 185 Cole, Chris Finisar

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 87-7-40GBASE-LR4 transmit characteristics

Transmit eve mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} TBD

The adopted 40GBASE-LR4 baseline (cole 01 0908) also had a footnote which stated "Tx eye mask spec to be specified as per eye mask methodology discussions." This specifically referred to using the results of the Statistical Eve discussions, which have now been formalized in the Statistical Eye Ad Hoc.

Since there is no final concensus recommendation from the Statistical Eye Ad Hoc, the specification TBD can not be completed.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBD in Table 87-7 with eye mask coordinates as in Clause 52, Table 52.12. Add Transmitter Optical Waveform measurement procedure as in Clause 52 Section 52.9.7. Remove references to 10GBASE-L and 10GBASE-W, from second and third sentence, respectively.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

edits in table 87-8,

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest the change:

- Feel Rx reflectance should be MAX, not min specs.
- Add Stress eye jitter specs as conition for SRS.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 87.9, Allocation for penalties sound too optimistic. 10GBase-L allocate 3.2dB while LR4 is only 2.3dB with xtlk.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest to consider 4-4.2dB, and change RX parameters in Table 87-8 accordingly.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

No Table of Test Patterns

also applies to Clause 88

SuggestedRemedy

......

Insert table similar to Table52-21—Test patterns in clause 52

into section 87.7.1 and 88.8.1

with:

Pattern 1 TBD Pattern 2 TBD

Pattern 3 PRBS31b PRBS31c

and notes under table as:

aThis pattern is defined in TBD.

bThis is the test-pattern checker defined in 49.2.12.

cThis is the test-pattern checker defined in 50.3.8.2.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 87 SC 87.7.1 P233 L 36 # 387

King, Jonathan Finisar

Comment Type T Comment Status X

NOTE has unnecessary TBD, this is a general statement about test patterns used for testing optical parameters

also applies to 88.8.2

SuggestedRemedy

New text for Note

NOTE- Although test patterns are designed to emulate system operation, they do not form valid 40GBASE-R signals.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Task force Review

CI 87 SC 87.7.1 P 233 L 36 # 422 CI 87 SC 87.7.2 P 233 L 42 # 388 Ganga, Ilango Intel King, Jonathan Finisar Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X double period (..), Delete one period at the end of the Note. OSA resolution is TBD Suggest use 0.1nm SuggestedRemedy This value is small enough to allow accurate wavelength measurement, and is readily per comment achievable with currently available OSAs Proposed Response Response Status O Also applies to 88.8.2 SuggestedRemedy CI 87 SC 87.7.2 P 233 L 42 # 383 replace TBD with 0.1nm King, Jonathan Finisar Proposed Response Response Status O Comment Type Т Comment Status X paragraph requires a valid 40GBASE-R signal; should also allow an appropriate test pattern to be used. CI 87 SC 87.7.5 P 234 L 37 # 386 (the note in 87.7.1 says test patterns are not valid 40GBASE-R signals) King, Jonathan Finisar also applies to 88.8.2 Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy The optical filter is undefined add text to end of paragraph: also applies to 88.8.5 '... valid 40GBASE-R signal, or test pattern referenced in Table 87-10.' SuggestedRemedy similar remedy for 88.8.2 Add wording extracted from Editors note (p234 line 42ff), and reference to G959.1: Proposed Response Response Status O The optical filter passband ripple shall be limited to 0.5 dB and the isolation is chosen such that the ratio of the power in the lane being measured to the sum of the powers of all of the other lanes is greater than 20 dB (See G959.1 Annex B). CI 87 SC 87.7.2 P 233 L 42 # 490 **JDSU** Dudek, Mike and remove Editors note Comment Type T Comment Status X Proposed Response Response Status O It is bad practice to specify things in two places.

Change "using a valid 40GBASE-R signal" with "using the test pattern defined in table 87-

Response Status O

Proposed Response

Response Status O

CI 87 SC 87.7.5.1 P 235 L 4 # 491 CI 87 SC 88.8.5.4 P 259 L 4 # 509 Dudek, Mike JDSU Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type Comment Status X Comment Type Comment Status X spelling error There are multiple different iitter measurements. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "Jitter less than 0.2UI" to "Total Jitter less than 0.2UI". Change sereate to separate. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status 0 Response Status O CI 87 SC 87.7.5.4 P 236 L 7 CI 88 SC 12 P 262 # 423 L 14 Ganga, Ilango Intel Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X In Table 88-17, 'DGD max' is represented to describe the PMD (polarization mode typo, change to "seperate" dispersion) specification. But 'DGD max' is not sufficient to give the PMD specification of SuggestedRemedy the fiber link. Parameter of P(DGD_tot > DGD_max) is needed.(from the Method 2 of IEC 61282-3). P(DGD tot > DGD max) is the probability that a system DGD value, DGD tot, exceeds DGD max. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Parameter of P(DGD_tot > DGD_max) per each lane is needed in Table 88-17. SC 87.7.5.4 CI 87 P 236 L7 # 489 Proposed Response Response Status O JDSU Dudek, Mike Comment Type Ε Comment Status X SC 12 Cl 88 P 262 / 20 wrong spelling Sun Hyok, Chang Flectronics and Teleco SuggestedRemedy Comment Type T Comment Status X change sererate to separate. In line 20, it is written that 'DGD' max is the maximum differential group delay that the Proposed Response Response Status O system must tolerate'. It is wrong. 'DGD_max' is defined in the Method 2 of IEC 61282-3. 'DGD max' is defined with P(DGD tot > DGD max), which is the probability that a system DGD value, DGD tot, exceeds DGD max, 'DGD max' and 'P(DGD tot > DGD max)' give the DGD specification of the fiber link. CI 87 SC 87.7.6 P 236 L 14 # 499 **JDSU** Dudek, Mike SuggestedRemedy The sentence 'DGD' max is the maximum differential group delay that the system must Comment Type T Comment Status X tolerate' is needed to be replaced by 'DGD' max is defined in the Method 2 of IEC 61282-3' It is bad practice to specify things in two places. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Change "using TBD test pattern or a valid 40GBASE-R signal" with "using the test pattern defined in table 87-10."

81

78

644

CI 88 SC 3 P 246 L 17 # 595 CI 88 SC 6 P 250 L 34 Ghiasi. Ali Broadcom Sun Hvok, Chang Flectronics and Teleco Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X PMD loopback function is missing In line 34, 'operational range' is written. The term 'operating range' is used in line 32 and in the title of Table 88-6. So, 'operational range' in line 34 needs to be changed to 'operating SuggestedRemedy range'. Please add PMD loopback function SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O 'operational range' has to be replaced by 'operating range'. Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 88 SC 4 P 246 L 44 # 174 Alping, Arne Ericsson AB SC 6 P 250 Cl 88 / 41 Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Electronics and Teleco Sun Hyok, Chang ...and Receive functions which convey... (comma is missing) Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In Table 88-6. I think 'Minimum range' is confusing expression. Because '2m to 10 km' is Change to: ...and Receive functions, which convey... not 'minimum'. SugaestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O 'Operating range' is easier to be understood. 'Minimum range' has to be replaced by 'Operating range'. CI 88 SC 4.5 P 249 L 11 # 175 Proposed Response Response Status O Alping, Arne Fricsson AB Comment Status X Comment Type E Cl 88 SC 6.2 P 252 L 26 ...of the Signal Detect function... (upper case letter for Signal Detect) Nicholl, Garv Cisco SuggestedRemedy Comment Status X Comment Type T Change to: ...of the SIGNAL_DETECT function... Do we need to specify what BER the Receiver sensitivity (OMA) paramter is specified for? Proposed Response Response Status O I am assuming that it is BER=10-12 (same as stressed receiver sensitivity)? We also need to clarify is this is the raw BER on the line or whether it is the effective BER after the error multiplication of the scrambler is taken into consideration (in which case the BER on the line is a factor of 3 less than specified). If it is indeed the former then we need to specify a way that it can be tested as this was an issue that came up in 10GE testing.

SuggestedRemedy

One possible solution would be to define an unframed PRBS test mode with no 64/66B encoding or scrambling enabled, to be used for testing all of the PMD optical parameters. However I am not sure how this would work for a MLD based interface (which needs the 64/66B encoding and MLD lane markers to operate)?

Proposed Response Response Status O

Change to: ...jitter, and RIN...

Response Status O

Proposed Response

CI 88 SC 7 P 253 L 26 # 82 CI 88 SC 8.5.4 P 259 L 4 # 179 Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Alping, Arne Fricsson AB Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X In line 26, 'operational range' is written. The term 'operating range' is used in line 23 and in ...filter to sererate the lane... (spelling error) the title of Table 88-10. So, 'operational range' in line 26 needs to be changed to 'operating SuggestedRemedy range'. Change to: ...filter to separate the lane... SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O 'operational range' has to be replaced by 'operating range'. Proposed Response Response Status 0 CI 88 SC 88.1 P 243 L 12 # 161 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks SC 7 P 253 CI 88 L 33 # 79 Comment Type T Comment Status X Sun Hyok, Chang Electronics and Teleco Table 88-1 does not include reference to Annex 83A, CAUI. Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy In Table 88-10, I think 'Minimum range' is confusing expression. Because '2m to 30 km' or '2m to 40 km' is not 'minimum'. add row for Annex 83A, CAUI and mark optional. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O 'Operating range' is easier to be understood. 'Minimum range' has to be replaced by 'Operating range'. CI 88 SC 88.1 P 243 L 21 Proposed Response # 367 Response Status O Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type T Comment Status X CI 88 SC 8.10 P 250 / 43 # 177 Won't 100GBASE-ER4 suffer from SOA noise and will benefit from FEC to achieve a Alping, Arne Fricsson AB suitably low BER reliably? Comment Type E Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy ...jitter and RIN... (missing comma) Add FEC to Table 88-1, at least as an option, and I suspect mandatory for 100GBASE-ER4. Do more investigation to find out if it needs be mandatory; maybe only SuggestedRemedy for the longest links.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

CI 88 SC 88.12 P 262 L 15 # 297

Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 88-17 the values of DGD_max for 100GBASE-LR4 and 100GBASE-ER4 are "TBD".

SuggestedRemedy

Set DGD_max for 100GBASE-LR4 to 10 ps

Set DGD_max for 100GBASE-LR4 to 10 ps
Set DGD_max for 100GBASE-ER4 30 km to 10.3 ps
Set DGD_max for 100GBASE-ER4 40 km to 10.3 ps
See anslow_04_1108.pdf for detailed justification.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The channel characteristics for may channel insertion to

The channel characteristics for max channel insertion loss, and Positive and negative dispersion are a function of wavelength it would be good to note the wavelength range for which the values in table 87-13 apply.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a footnote to Channel insertion loss (max), Positivie dispersion (max), and negative dispersion (min). The footnote to say. "Over the wavelength range 1294.53nm to 1310.19nm."

Remove the editors note.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

It would be helpful to the reader to explicitly point out that there are no electrical specs for the 25G PMD service interface in this document. (See also Anslow_05_1108.pdf)

SuggestedRemedy

Change the first part of the note on figure 88-2 to "Specification of the retimer function and the electrical implementation of the PMD service interface is beyond the scope of this standard".

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The Signal Detect does not need to be guaranteed to be OK when the input signal is less than a valid link will supply. This level is the stressed sensitivity not the sensitivity.

SuggestedRemedy

Insert the word "stressed" in front of receiver on line 44 in table 88-4.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The range between Max and Min transmitter launch OMA seems to be too narrow to have good yield.

The root cause is located at the low launch OMA max and the low receive OMA sensitivity.

Several numbers in Table.88-7 and 88-8 need to be modified. A full justification is given in the attached file Oomori_01_1108.pdf

SuggestedRemedy

- 1) Change Transmitter launch OMA max from 4.0dBm to 4.5dBm
- 2) Change Transmitter average launch power (max) from 4.0dBm to 4.5dBm
- 3) Change Reciever OMA sensitivity from -8.1dBm to -8.6dBm

Other parameters are required to change as a consequence of this. For a full list see slide 13 of attached file Oomori 01 1108.pdf

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Optical receivers are in general limited by the peak power of the input signal (Average power or OMA is less important). As the spec stands the receiver has to cope with the maximum input average power with the maximum OMA and the allowed eye mask overshoot. This is much more than is likely to happen in practice and is also restricting the maximum OMA at lower average powers. We should limit the peak power explicitly, and relax the maximum OMA value. (The suggested value equates to a maximum OMA of 4.5dBm with a maximum Average power of 4.5dBM, or an ER of 4.7 at 4.5dBm average power).

SuggestedRemedy

Add an additional row in tables 88-7.88-8, with

Peak Power Max 6.3dBm. (no min) Increase the Maximum OMA to 5.5dBm.

To the peak power row in table 87-7 add a footnote. Peak Power is the maximum value of the power as measured on the eve diagram see 88.8.8

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

What is the inherent reason to use ER of 4dB, which seems ovioulsy odd?

SuggestedRemedy

suggest to change ER as 3.5dB or 6dB which look more realistic. (need to re-calculate the launch power numbers accordingly).

Also RIN to be -132dB/Hz is tough, suggest -128dB/Hz.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 88 SC 88.6.1 P251 L 32 # 503

Dudek, Mike JDSU

Comment Type T Comment Status X

With a specification for the receiver reflection of -26dB there is no need to require the Transmitter to tolerate a 12dB reflection. The cable is limited to 26dB return loss at any discrete reflection. A tolerance to 20dB reflection would appear adequate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change optical return loss tolerance from 12dB to 20dB on line 32 table 88-7. Change RIN12 to RIN20 on line 30. Change RIN12 to RIN20 in 87.8.7 page 259 line 16 and insert "that the reflection is 20dB and" between "exception" and "that" on page 259 line 18, Also change the Optical return loss (min) for LR4 in Table 88-15 to 20dB.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 88-7-100GBASE-LR4 transmit characteristics

Transmit eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} TBD

The adopted 100GBASE-LR4 baseline (cole_01_0708) also had a footnote which stated "Tx eye mask spec to be specified as per eye mask methodology discussions." This specifically referred to using the results of the Statistical Eye discussions, which have now been formalized in the Statistical Eve Ad Hoc.

Since there is no final concensus recommendation from the Statistical Eye Ad Hoc, the specification TBD can not be completed.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBD in Table 88-7 with eye mask coordinates as in Clause 52, Table 52.12. Add Transmitter Optical Waveform measurement procedure as in Clause 52 Section 52.9.7. Remove references to 10GBASE-L and 10GBASE-W, from second and third sentence, respectively.

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The second Editors Note underneath Table 88-7 beginning "The adopted baseline for 100GBASE-LR4 in anslow_01_0708.pdf had a value of 3.2 dBm" was only relevant before the draft was accepted by the Task Force and should now be deleted.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete this Editors Note

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 88 SC 88.6.2 P 252 L 24 # 635
CHANG, Frank Vitesse

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 88-8, RX reflectance should not be MIN specs. Also need Stress eye jitter specs as condition for SRS test.

SuggestedRemedy

- Change RX reflectance as MAX specs.

- Also Stress eye jitter specs as condition for SRS test.

Proposed Response Response Status **O**

Comment Type T Comment Status X

In Table 88-9, Allocation for penalties is too optimistic, which is not conparable to even 10Gbase-LR signal channel specs.

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest to consider adding the extra xtalk spenalty, which should let the total penalties to fall within 3.5 to 4dB.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Optical receivers are in general limited by the peak power of the input signal (Average power or OMA is less important). As the spec stands the receiver has to cope with the maximum input average power with the maximum OMA and the allowed eye mask overshoot. This is much more than is likely to happen in practice and is also restricting the maximum OMA at lower average powers. We should limit the peak power explicitly, and relax the maximum OMA value. (The suggested value equates to a maximum OMA of 4.0dBm with a maximum average power of 2.4dBM without overshoot,

SuggestedRemedy

Add an additional row in tables 88-11 and 88-12 with

Peak Power Max 4.8dBm. (no min) Increase the Maximum OMA to 5.0dBm.

To the peak power row in table 87-11 add a footnote. Peak Power is the maximum value of the power as measured on the eye diagram see 88.8.8

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

ER=8dB sound odd as compare with prevailing TX specs.

SuggestedRemedy

As EML at 1310nm is assumed, suggest ER=8.2d or 6dB, which is more popular in ITU or IEEE specs. Also change RIN <-132dB/Hz to -128dB/Hz for std specs.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 88 SC 88.7.1 P 254 L 33 # 184
Cole, Chris Finisar

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 88-11-100GBASE-ER4 transmit characteristics

Transmit eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} TBD

The adopted 100GBASE-ER4 baseline (cole_02_0708) also had a footnote which stated "Tx eye mask spec to be specified as per eye mask methodology discussions." This specifically referred to using the results of the Statistical Eye discussions, which have now been formalized in the Statistical Eve Ad Hoc.

Since there is no final concensus recommendation from the Statistical Eye Ad Hoc, the specification TBD can not be completed.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBD in Table 88-11 with eye mask coordinates as in Clause 52, Table 52.12. Add Transmitter Optical Waveform measurement procedure as in Clause 52 Section 52.9.7. Remove references to 10GBASE-L and 10GBASE-W, from second and third sentence, respectively.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

With a specification for the receiver reflection of -26dB there is no need to require the Transmitter to tolerate a 12dB reflection. The cable is limited to 26dB return loss at any discrete reflection. A tolerance to 20dB reflection would appear adequate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change optical return loss tolerance from 12dB to 20dB on line 30 Table 88-11. Change RIN12 to RIN20 on line 28. And if my comment 35 is not accepted Change RIN12 to RINx in 87.8.7 page 259 line 16 and insert "that the reflection is xdB and" between "exception" and "that" on page 259 line 18. Also add a sentence at the end of this sentence. The value of x is given in the relevant table. Also change the optical return loss (min) for ER4 to 20dB in Table 88-15

Proposed Response Response Status O

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Table 88-12

A comment has been submitted for Table 88-7 and 88-8 (10GBASE-LR4 transmit characteristics) to increase the max optical power by 0.5dB. The purpose of this comment for Table 88-12 is to align the 10GBASE-ER spec (40km) with the changes proposed to the 10GBASE-LR (10km) spec. This will make the 40km spec consistent with the intent of 802.3ba when it adopted it as baseline, specifically that it have interoperable overload characteristics with the 10km spec.

SuggestedRemedy

The following three changes are proposed for table 88-12-100GBASE-ER4 receive characteristics:

Receive power, per lane OMA (max): 4.0dBm => 4.5dBm Average receive power, per lane (max): 4dBm => 4.5dB Damage threshold: 5.0dBm -> 5.5dBm

The SOA overload data presented in 802.3ba during this year fully supports increasing overload by 0.5dB.

Proposed Response Status O

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

In Table 88-12, RX reflectance should not be MIN specs.

SuggestedRemedy

Change RX reflectance as MAX specs. Add Stress eye jitter as condition to SRS test.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 88 SC 88.7.3 P 256 L 12 # 637 CI 88 SC 88.8.5.1 P 257 L 51 # 508 CHANG, Frank Vitesse Dudek. Mike JDSU Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X In Table 88-13, the penalties for 40km sound too optimistic, which should show larger There are multiple different jitter measurements. penalty than 30km. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "Jitter less than 0.2UI" to "Total Jitter less than 0.2UI". The penalties for 40km should be 0.5dB higher than 30km, also suggest to change 40km Proposed Response Response Status O IL as 16dB, as the IL is too pessimistic, keeping in mind ER4 has very tight link budget. Proposed Response Response Status O CI 88 SC 88.8.5.4 P 259 L 6 # 425 Ganga, Ilango Intel CI 88 SC 88.8.1 P 256 L 34 # 424 Comment Type E Comment Status X Ganga, Ilango Intel typo, change to "seperate" Comment Type E Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy double period (..). Delete a period at end of note. per comment SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O SC 88.8.6 CI 88 P 259 L 11 # 510 Dudek. Mike JDSU CI 88 SC 88.8.2 P 256 L 40 # 507 Dudek, Mike **JDSU** Comment Type T Comment Status X It is bad practice to specify things in two places. Comment Type T Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy It is bad practice to specify things in two places. Change "using aTBD test pattern or a valid 40GBASE-R signal" with "using the test pattern SuggestedRemedy defined in table 88-14." Change "using a valid 40GBASE-R signal" with "using the test pattern defined in table 88-Proposed Response Response Status O 14." Proposed Response Response Status 0

CI 88 SC 88-17 P 262 L 15 # 208 Cl 99 SC P11 1 # 125 Chung, Hwan Seok **FTRI** D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X In Table 87-17, we propose DGD max characteristics for 100GBASE-LR4 and 100GBASE-Global - multiple instances where there are wrap-around issues with ToC. also multiple ER4 as "10 ps" and "7.6 ps", respectively. instances where there is no space between the clause # and the title of the clause or subclause. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy The datails of DGD_max for 100GBASE-LR4 and 100GBASE-ER4 will be presented in Fix wraparound issues and add a space between the Clause # and title text. November plenary. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O P 251 # 176 CI 88 SC Table 88-7 L 24 Cl 99 SC P16 1 22 # 127 Alping, Arne Fricsson AB D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Status X Comment Type E Transmitter and dispersion penalty, each lane (max) (acronyme is missing) Clause 86.8.2 - Laser Safety does not show up in ToC. Not sure if this is related to the fact that in the bookmarks that 86.8.2 shows up as a subclause under 86.8.1. SuggestedRemedy SugaestedRemedy Cgange to: Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty (TDP), each lane (max) Correct ToC to show 86.8.2 Proposed Response Response Status O correct bookmark in pdf file Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 99 SC P 1 # 641 Ganga, Ilango Intel Cl 99 SC P18 1 52 # 126 Comment Type T Comment Status X D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Add Protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma to the end of the Comment Type E Comment Status X Clauses 82 to 88 and annex 83A. The annex and the title of the annex are listed as separate entries in the ToC. Annex 30A -GDMO Specification for IEEE 802.3 Managed Object Classes Annex 30B - GDMO and ASN.1 definitions for Management SuggestedRemedy Annex 69A - Interference Tolerance Testing Annex 69B - Interconnect Characteristics Annex 83A - 40 Gb/s Attachment Unit Interface (XLAUI) and 100 Gb/s Attachment Unit Proposed Response Response Status O Interface (CAUI) SuggestedRemedy in ToC list Annex # and title on same line Proposed Response Response Status 0

SC

Cl 99 SC P 2 L 8 # 122 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X PPI is not listed as a keyword. SuggestedRemedy Add PPI to Keywords. Proposed Response Response Status O SC Cl 99 P 21 L 43 # 282 Anslow, Peter Nortel Networks Comment Type Ε Comment Status X It would be useful to add external equations to the list of references marked in dark blue SuggestedRemedy

Change "NOTE— Cross references that refer to clauses, tables, or figures not covered by this amendment are highlighted in dark blue." to "NOTE— Cross references that refer to clauses, tables, figures or equations not covered by this amendment are highlighted in dark blue."

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 99 SC P6 L16 # 123

D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X**Listing of Editorial Team and Officers is incomplete.

SuggestedRemedy

Complete list provided below.

John D'Ambrosia Task Force Chair

llango Ganga Task Force Editor-in-Chief, Editor, Clauses 1, 4, 80, Annexes A, 4A

Mark Gustlin "Logic" Sub-task Force Chair Editor, Clauses 81& 82

Chris DiMinico "Cu" Sub-task Force Chair Editor, Clause 85

Pete Anslow "Optical" Sub-task Force Chair Editor, Clause 88

Hugh Barrass Editor, Clauses 30, 45, Annexes 30A, 30B

Piers Dawe Editor, Clause 86

Jonathan King Editor, Clause 87

Ryan Latchman Editor, Annex 83A

Arthur Marris Editor, Clauses 69, 73, 74, 84, Annexes 69A, 69B

Steve Trowbridge Editor, Clause 83

George Oulundsen Task Force Secretary

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Frank Chang Task Force Web Master Proposed Response Response Status O SC P9CI 99 L 17 # 124 D'Ambrosia, John Force10 Networks Comment Type E Comment Status X Approval of standards is listed as 15 September 200x. Schedule for standard approval at June standards board meeting. SuggestedRemedy Change "15 September 200x" to "xx June 2010" Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 99 SC 99 P 10 L 49 # 373 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type E Comment Status X There is a newer version of this page SuggestedRemedy Ask P802.3av for it Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 99 SC 99 P 14 L 30 # 72 Chung, Hwan Seok **ETRI** Comment Type T Comment Status X In page 14, line 30, the title 40GBASE-KR should be changed to 40GBASE-KR4.

Response Status O

Cl 99 SC 99 P3 **L8** # 371 Dawe. Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type Comment Status X conciously SuggestedRemedy consciously Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 99 SC 99 P 4 L 49 # 369 Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies Comment Type E Comment Status X I doubt that errata for all the world's standards are available at this URL. SuggestedRemedy Change 'all other standards' to 'all other IEEE standards' Proposed Response Response Status O P 4 C/ 99 SC 99 L 5 # 372 Avago Technologies Dawe. Piers Comment Type Comment Status X .Section SuggestedRemedy Section Line 12, 10 split from Gb/s over a line break. Use non-breaking space and if necessary, the Frame option to stop s being split from Gb/. Line 18, change 'of the IEEE Std 802.3 standard with' to 'of IEEE Std 802.3 with' Line 23, use new .3av clause numbers (75 to 77, 75A, 75B, 75C, 76A) Line 24, change 'operation point-to-multipoint' to 'operation on point-to-multipoint' Proposed Response Response Status O

Task force Review

CI **A** SC P 265 L 12 # 426
Ganga, Ilango Intel

Comment Type **E** Comment Status **X**Line 12, typo change to "Alphabetical"

Line 19, extra space, change to "2008."

SuggestedRemedy per comment

Proposed Response Status O

 C/ A
 SC A
 P 265
 L 14
 # 354

 Dawe, Piers
 Avago Technologies

Comment Type T Comment Status X

As we are not doing the maintenance work to remove all references to ANSI/EIA/TIA-455-127-1991, we can't do this by a 'change'. But we should add the new TIA-455-127-A to the normative references, so no point adding it here also. Nothing to do.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete 'Change B8 as follows... Lasers Diodes.'

Proposed Response Status O

C/ A SC A P 265 L 21 # 358

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

Comment Type E Comment Status X

SFP+ D3.1 should be available

SuggestedRemedy

Update reference Bx2

Proposed Response Status O

C/ A SC A P266 L1 # 359

Dawe, Piers Avago Technologies

SuggestedRemedy

Continue learning how to stop Frame from doing this!