KOTURA

Advances in Silicon Photonics Muxes and DeMuxes for CWDM and LAN WDM Applications

> Arlon Martin, Kotura Stefan Rochus, CyOptics

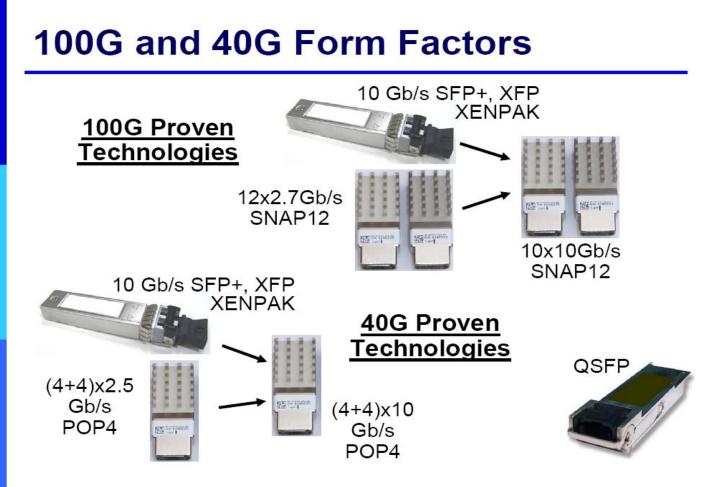
IEEE 802.3ba, Seoul, September 2008

Objective

- In the reflector discussion of 4 x 10 CWDM vs 40 Gbs serial for 40 Gbs for 10km SMF, some CWDM critics have challenged the capabilities of muxes and demuxes to be small enough to enable small packaging
- The purpose of this presentation is to show (again) that silicon photonics muxes and demuxes can:
 - FIT any of the proposed packaging options
 - SUPPORT automated assembly of lasers and detectors
 - MEET the performance requirements (low loss, low cross talk)
 - **PROVIDE** a migration path to a Terabit systems



Size: Can Our Chips Fit 40G Form Factors?



IEEE 802.3 Higher Speed Study Group - TUTORIAL

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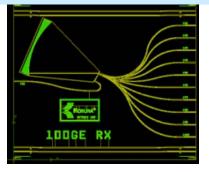
41

Example of 10 Channel CWDM Mux and Demux

Mux - Transmitter

13 x 9.5 mm

DeMux – Receiver



11 x 9.5 mm

➢ 20 nm Wavelength Spacing (CWDM)

 \blacktriangleright Reflector grating designs are 1/10th the size of traditional AWGs

Width driven by pitch for lasers and detectors to support the needs of the assembly process

≻Laser bars are flipchip bonded onto the Silicon chip

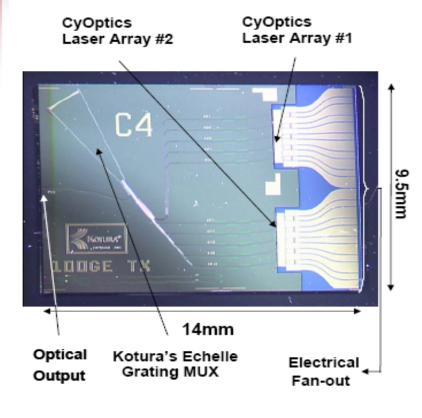
More than small enough to fit any of the proposed packaging architectures



A Kotura Transmitter Chip For CyOptics' Laser Arrays

PLC based 100GbE Transmitter

10x10Gbps DFB arrays with SOI MUX



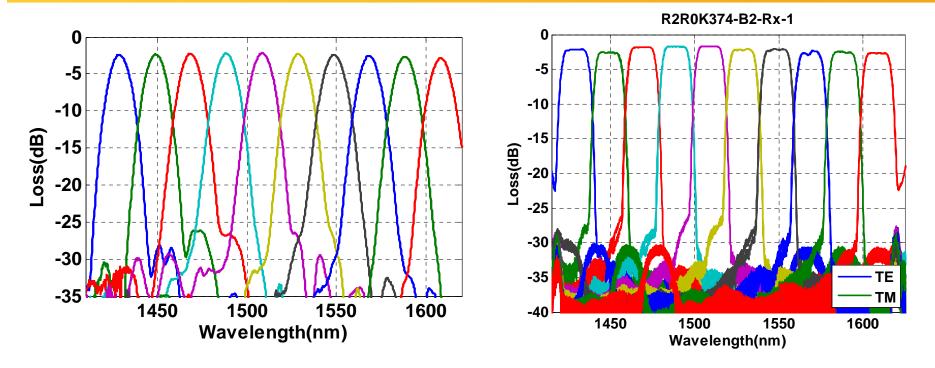
- PLC Mux: SOI Echelle Grating (Kotura)
- PLC with 2 sites for coupling of 2 laser arrays
- Each array with 5 CWDM DFB lasers
 - array 1: 1430 1510nm
 - array 2: 1530-1610nm
 - 20nm spacing on ITU grid
 - uncooled operation 0-85degC
- Design optimized for yield





13 Stefan Rochus

Recent data from 10 Ch CWDM samples

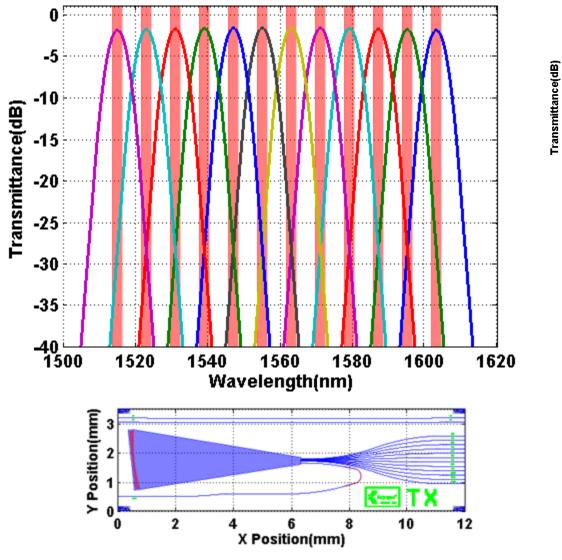


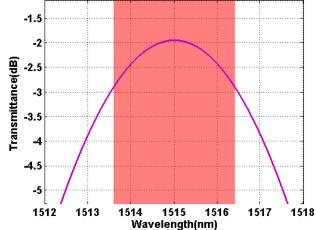
• Transmitter (left)

- •Low loss Gaussian mux demonstrates on chip loss of < 3 dB
- •Flat response over broad spectrum (1430-1610)
- Receiver (right)
 - •Flat top filter design works over broad temperature range
 - •Low loss demonstrates < 3dB on chip loss for Demux
 - •Cross talk of < 25 dB



LAN WDM 12 ch x 8nm Mux Spectrum

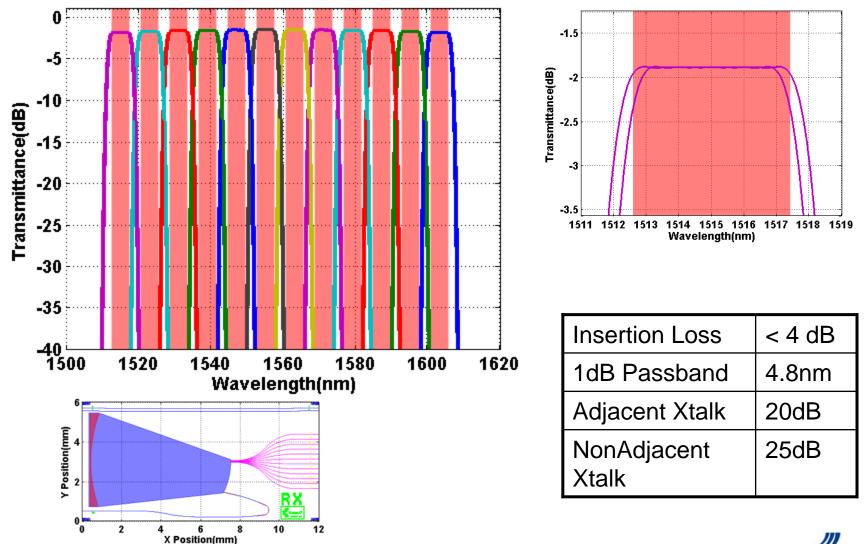




Insertion Loss	< 4 dB
1dB	2.8nm
Passband	

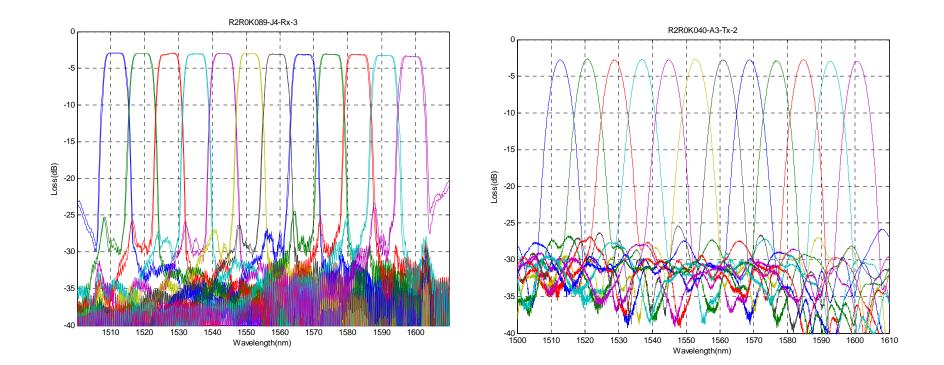


LAN WDM: 12 ch x 8nm Demux Spectrum





Recent Data on LAN WDM Devices



Meets all critical specs for IL and crosstalk
 Ready for volume manufacture

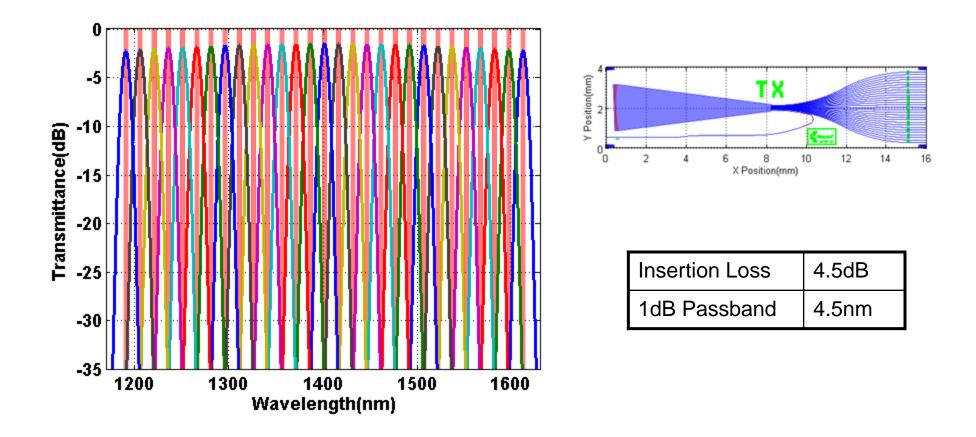


Terapics: Terabit Photonics Integrated Circuits

- Joint development program between Kotura and CyOptics
- Funded by ATP
- Goal is to demo a Terabit on a silicon photonics chip by Oct. 2010
- CWDM wavelength spacing
- Automated assembly of lasers and detectors
- SMF for distances of 2 km



Simulation of 29 Ch x 15nm Mux Spectrum

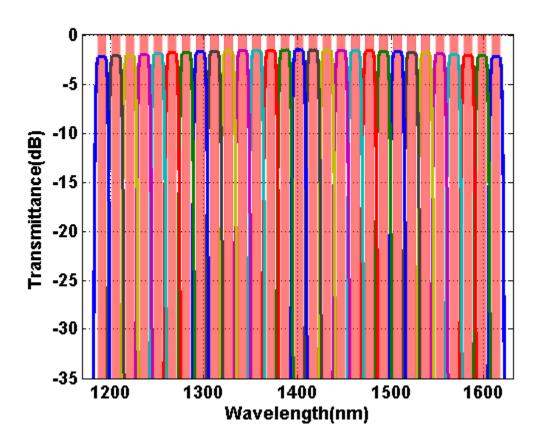


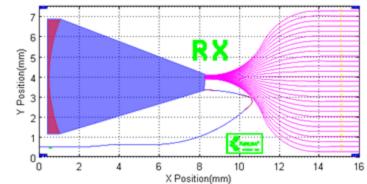
1. Only 25 channels required for a terabit

2. Extra channels in silicon chip to demonstrate even broader FSR capability



Simulation of 29 Ch x 15nm DeMux Spectrum

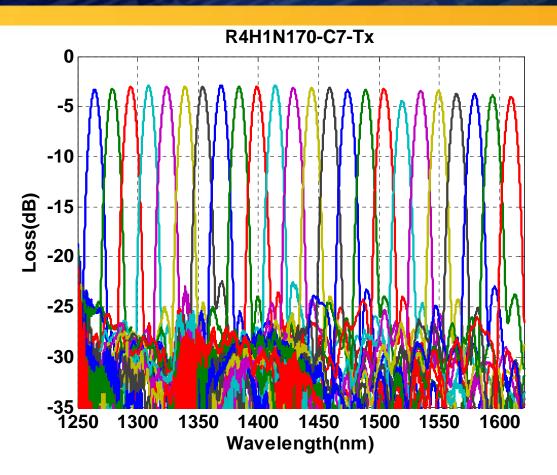




Insertion Loss	4.0dB
1dB Passband	8nm
Adjacent Xtalk	20dB
Nonadjacent Xtalk	25dB



Measurements of the Mux Matches Our Simulation



- 15 nm channel-spacing device
- <4.5 dB loss demonstrated over 1250 1620nm (only 24 channels out of 29 can be measured due to current test setup wavelength limitations)
- Measurements have started on the Rx DeMux as well



Summary of Silicon Photonics Muxes and Demuxes

- Can be small enough for any packaging option
 - Xenpak is 121 (I) x 36 (w) x 18 (h) mm
 - Our Chip for 29 CWDM channels (1190-1610) measures
 16 (I) x 4 (w) mm
 - Can easily fit 4, 10, 12 or even 25 channels in a Xenpak
 - Pitch (width) is usually function of assembly process for the lasers and detectors
- Can be mass produced at low cost in a commercial CMOS foundry
- Low loss designs support both the CWDM and LAN DWDM applications
- An excellent solution for 4 x 10 CWDM for 40 Gbs 10km SMF

