System vendor perspective to NG100GE SMF interface

Changzheng Su, Tek Ming Shen, Xueyan zheng

www.huawei.com



List of Supporters

Ole Berg Christensen Tele Danmark Communications

Yurii Vlasov IBM

Douglas M Gill IBM

Ryan Yu Oplink

Stefan Rochus CyOptics

Song Shang Semtech

Frank Chang Vitesse



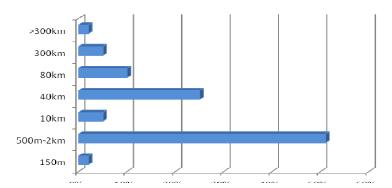
Outline

- System vendor requirements
- Proposal
- Comparison among LWDM/CWDM/PSM4
- Conclusions



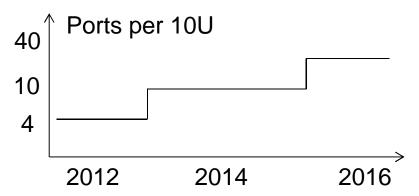
Carrier IP MKT trend and system requirement

Carrier IP Optical Interface
Distribution



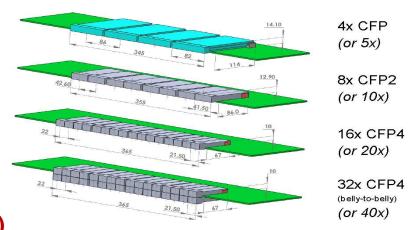
Note: We also found 500m-2km can cover 100% the WDM system client side and Data Center application.

Carrier IP Optical Interface Density Roadmap



Carrier IP requirements: Optimize cost, density, power consumption for Carrier IP system application:

- **≻Low cost, close to 2.5*40GE**;
- ➤ Small size & low power to support 40 ports in 10U front panel (CFP4 or QSFP etc);
- ➤ Main Reach is 500m~2km (>50% application)





Potential Solutions: CWDM is the only practical solution

for 500m~2km low cost, high density application.

| | Technology Readiness | Power (<6W)* | Size (CFP4) | Cost (500m) | Remark |
|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| LWDM LR4 | Υ | ? | ? | Н | 1.Need TEC 2.Need hermetic package |
| 4*25Gbps CWDM | Y (1) | Y (2) | Y (1, 3) | L (4) | 1.Uncooled, no TEC;2.CWDM filter same as 40GE3.Can use Chip on Board (COB) and Integration tech. |
| 1λ PAMn | N (5, 8, 9) | N (6, 7) | N | ? | 1.Need prove in feasibility2.Need high gain FEC, higher power. |
| 1λ DMT | N | N | N | ? | 1.Need prove in feasibility2.Need high gain FEC, higher power |
| PSM4 | Υ | Y | Y | М | 1.Expensive fiber cost 2.Need FEC, higher power |

^{*} CFP4 transceiver requires power consumption <6W.

- 1: http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/nov11/palkert_01_1111_NG100GOPTX.pdf
- 2: http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/mar12/plenary/palkert_01c_0312_NG100GOPTX.pdf
- 3: http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/jul12/martin 01 0712 optx.pdf
- 4: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/sep12/martin_02_0912_optx.pdf
- 5: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/nov12/cole_01_1112_optx.pdf
- 6: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/nov12/lyubomirsky 01a 1112 optx.pdf
- 7: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/nov12/bhoja 01a 1112 optx.pdf
- 8: http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/jul12/lewis 01a 0712 optx.pdf
- 9: http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/sep12/lewis_01_0912_optx.pdf



Why CWDM is a low cost and low power solution?

1. Use uncooled packaging technology for transceiver, leading to >34% cost reduction and low power consumption (<6W)[^];

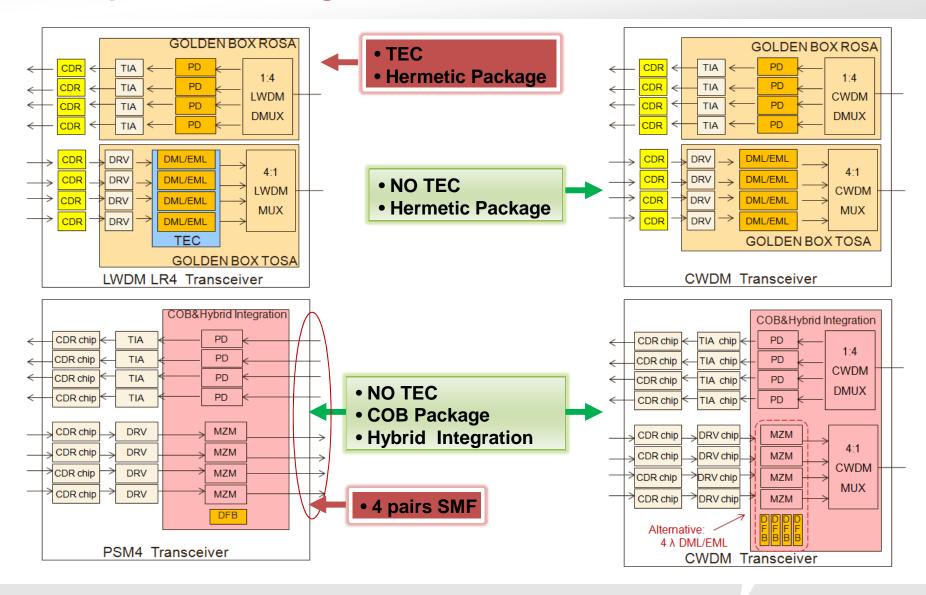
2. Chip on Board package[^] combining with hybrid integration, results in additional 28% cost reduction;

3. Single fiber pair for low link cost.

[^]http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/mar12/plenary/palkert_01c_0312_NG100GOPTX.pdf

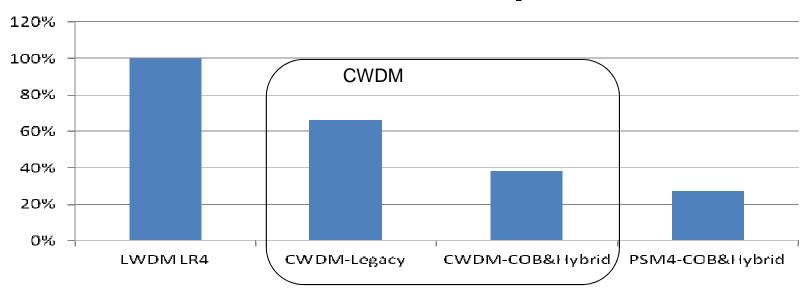
http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/sep12/martin_02_0912_optx.pdf

Comparison among LWDM/CWDM/PSM4 Transceivers



Cost Comparison of Transceivers (no link fiber)

Transceiver only



Note: CWDM/PSM4 transceiver is CFP4 form factor w CDR, LWDM LR4 transceiver is CFP2 form factor.

The analysis results show:

- ➤ Using uncooled hermetic packaging, is >34% cheaper than LWDM LR4 transceiver;
- ➤ Using hybrid integration and COB packaging, can be 62% cheaper than LWDM LR4 transceiver, which is close to the result of 67% in "vlasov_01a_1112_optx"



Cost Comparison of double link channel

Double-link channel Cabled Fiber Connectivity Relative Costs

| Fiber Type | 500m | Notes | |
|------------|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 8f OS2 SMF | 10 | http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/ | |
| 2f OS2 SMF | 2.5 | public/may12/cole_01a_0512_optx.pdf | |

Channel Cost=Fiber cabling +2*Transceiver

500m Channel Cost



Conclusions

CWDM solution is the best answer for NG100GE using SMF at least 500m reach, offering:

- **≻Lowest cost**;
- ➤ Small size and low power consumption to support 40 ports in 10U front panel (CFP4 or QSFP etc)
- ➤ Reach is at least 500m



Thank you

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List of 100GE CWDM proposals

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/nov12/gill 01b 1112 optx.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bm/public/nov12/vlasov_01a_1112_optx.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/mar12/plenary/vlasov 01 0312 NG100GOPTX.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/100GNGOPTX/public/nov11/anderson_01_1111_NG100GOPTX.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/mar08/traverso_03_0308.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/mar08/traverso 02 0308.pdf

http://www.ieee802.org/3/ba/public/mar08/traverso_01_0308.pdf

These referenced proposals demonstrated that CWDM has low cost and less power consumption compare to LWDM LR4.



COB Has Been Proved in in Luxtera / Molex 4*10G AOC

http://www.lightreading.com/comm-chips/luxtera-marks-10g-milestone/240140721?gueryText=LUXTERA

CARLSBAD, Calif. -- Luxtera, the worldwide leader in Silicon CMOS Photonics, today announces that it has shipped its one-millionth 10Gbit channel. This important milestone validates the growing demand for Silicon Photonics in today's mission critical data centers and computer clusters as well as reinforces Luxtera's ability to meet high performance computing (HPC) needs on a larger scale. The announcement further signifies the emergence of Silicon Photonics as the next generation interconnect with 10 Petabits of transceiver bandwidth shipped.

Luxtera is the leading IP provider and supplier of Silicon CMOS Photonics and is the only known provider of Silicon Photonics shipping in significant commercial volume. The technology continues to be a driving force that supports growing bandwidth demands of equipment in HPC, next generation datacenters and cloud computing. Silicon Photonics offers a reliable, low cost yet high performance solution as opposed to traditional technologies such as vertical cavity surface emitting lasers (VCSELs). Recognizing its benefits, Silicon Photonics continues to be the focus of many research labs and universities, most notably IBM and Intel. The technology has made news recently as the enabling building block in the race for building computers at an exascale (1018 byte) level, to learn more visit www.luxtera.com.

