

# An End-User Perspective of 10GBASE-T Time-To-Link and Some Implications for 40GBASE-T

IEEE P802.3bq 40GBASE-T Task Force

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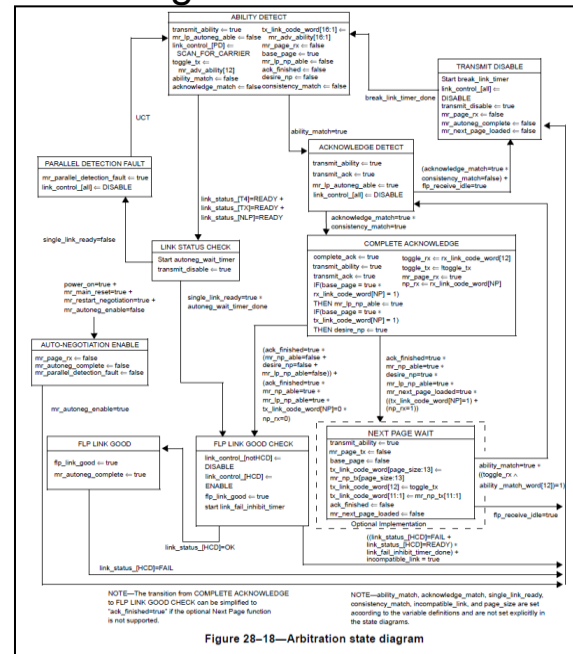
# What is Time-To-Link (TTL)?

- Time-To-Link (TTL): A system performance metric that characterizes and measures PHY behavior through autonegotiation and the 10GBASE-T startup sequence

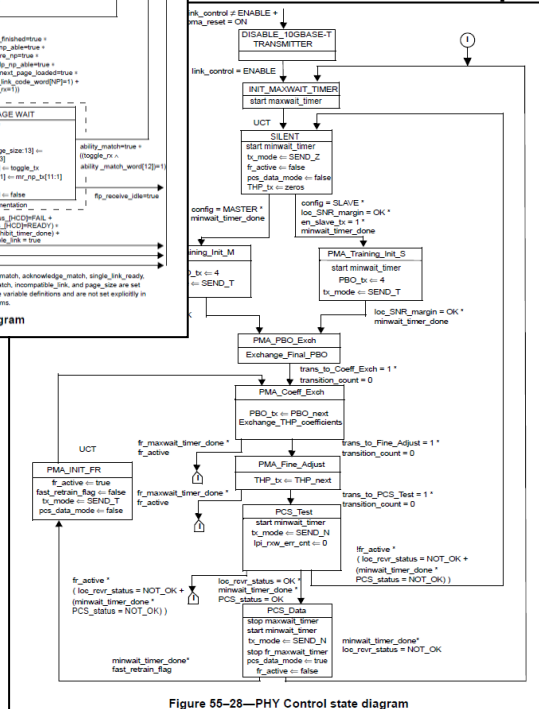
– Defined in 802.3 Clause 28, “Physical Layer link signaling for Auto-Negotiation on twisted pair” and 802.3 Clause 55, Subclause “55.4.2.5.14 Startup sequence”)

- One of two primary performance measures (along with BER) used to characterize 10GBASE-T physical layer link interoperability

## Autonegotiation



## 10Gb Startup



# Why is it Important?

- Server networking drivers must meet 3<sup>rd</sup>-party certifications
- Example - Windows Hardware Quality Labs (WHQL) testing & certification “devfund”
  - A series of “device fundamentals” tests to evaluate the compatibility, reliability, performance, security and availability of a device in Windows OS
  - Includes many automated driver stress tests that execute multiple device resets
  - Long link times appear as a “failure” to these tests, which expect a link in 3s-4s based on 10Mb/100Mb/1Gb PHY performance
- Long TTLs (>6s) can lead to device certification failures!

Server device fundamentals requirements

**Test Applicability Matrix**  
Mapping of Tests to Various Operating Systems

Device Fundamentals Tests	Only if INF provided	Server 2003	XP	Vista	Windows 7	Server 2008 R2
Common Scenario Stress with IO	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sleep Stress With IO	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Disable Enable With IO	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Device Path Exerciser	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Run INFTest against a single INF	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Plug and Play Driver Test	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Embedded Signature Verification	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Reinstall With IO	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
CHAOS – Concurrent Hardware & OS	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
Device Install Checks (2 tests)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
IO Cancellation Tests (2 tests)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓
WDF Tester	✗	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓
Dynamic Partitioning	✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Multiple Processor Group	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

Source: Device Fundamentals Overview Presentation at [lhv\\_devfund.pptx](http://lhv_devfund.pptx)

# Link Interoperability Measurements

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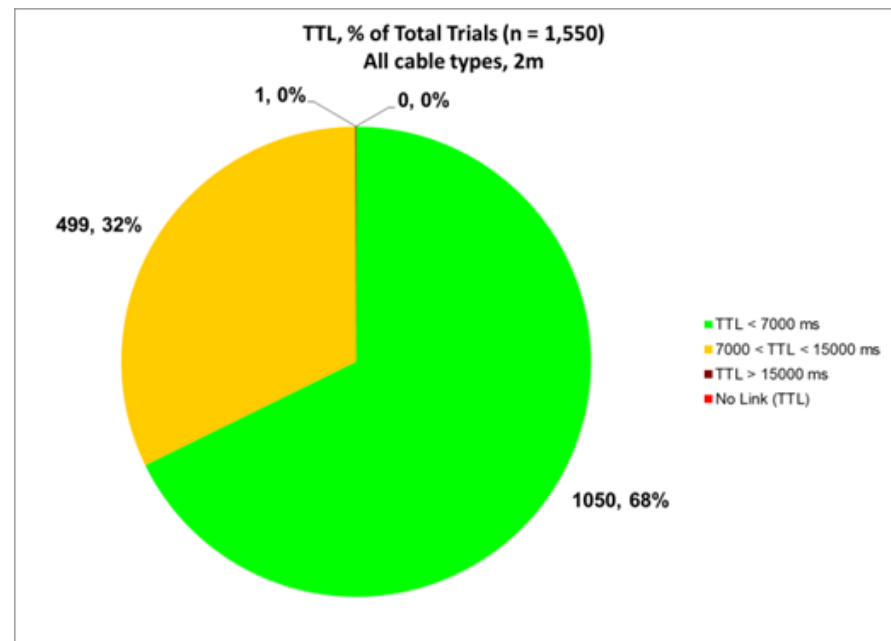
- Representative Link Interoperability metrics associated with TTL
  - Time-To-Link (Time to achieve link after link initiation event)
  - # Link Attempts (Number of attempts for each link)
  - # Link Drops (Number of link drops observed after link is established)
  - Clock Recovery (Master/Slave resolution)
  - TTL Distribution (% of links by link time)
  - Speed Downshift/Downgrade (Resolved speed if other than 10Gb/s)
- Variables that can affect TTL
  - Channel (type, configuration, length)
  - Link initiation event on either endpoint
    - Hardware reset, “soft” reset or MDIO PHY reset, autoneg restart, transmitter disable/enable, cable connect/disconnect

# Characterizing Time-To-Link Behavior

## TTL as a Percentage of Total Trials

Total to remember: 1,550 link tests

- 1,050 out of 1,550 tests, or 68% of the total number of link tests, achieved a link state in 7s or less (green slice)
- 499 out of 1,550 tests, or 32% of the total number of link tests, achieved a link state somewhere between 7s and 15s (yellow slice)
- 1 out of 1,550 tests, or <1 % (actually 0.15%) of the total number of link tests, achieved a link state longer than 15s (actually 16.4s; can't see this in the pie chart)



# Characterizing Time-To-Link Behavior

## Cumulative % TTL

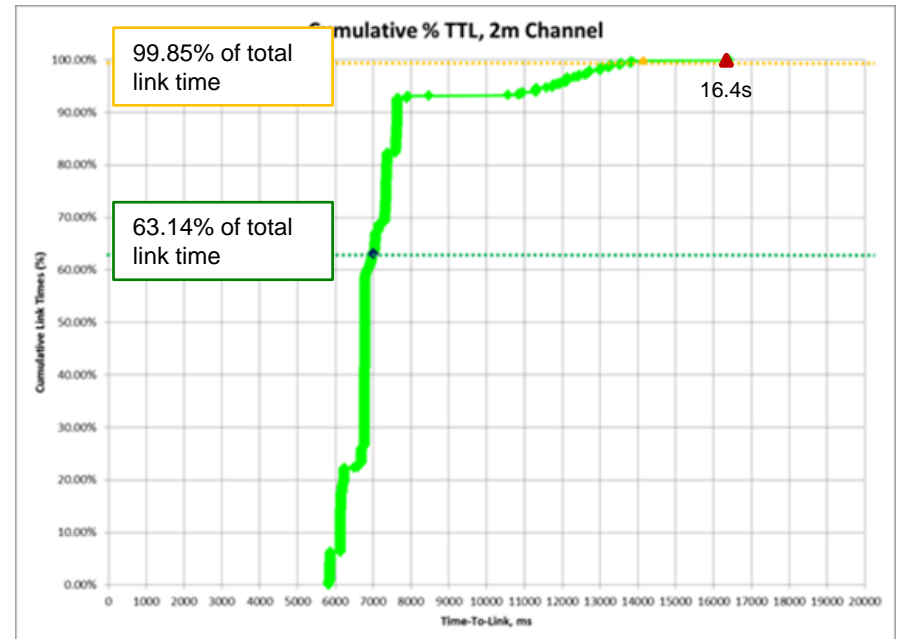
Cumulative % TTL is the distribution of measured link times as a percentage of the total measured link time

Total to remember: Total link time recorded for all 1,550 tests = 10,837,835 ms or about 3h 0min 38sec

- 1,050 tests with TTL  $\leq$  7s had a total link time of 6,843,118 ms (63.14% of the total measured link time)
- 499 tests with 7s  $<$  TTL  $\leq$  15s had a total link time of 3,978,317 ms (40.24% of the total measured link time)
- 1 test with TTL  $>$ 15s had a total link time of 16,400 ms (0.15% of the total measured link time)

Expressed as a cumulative percentage

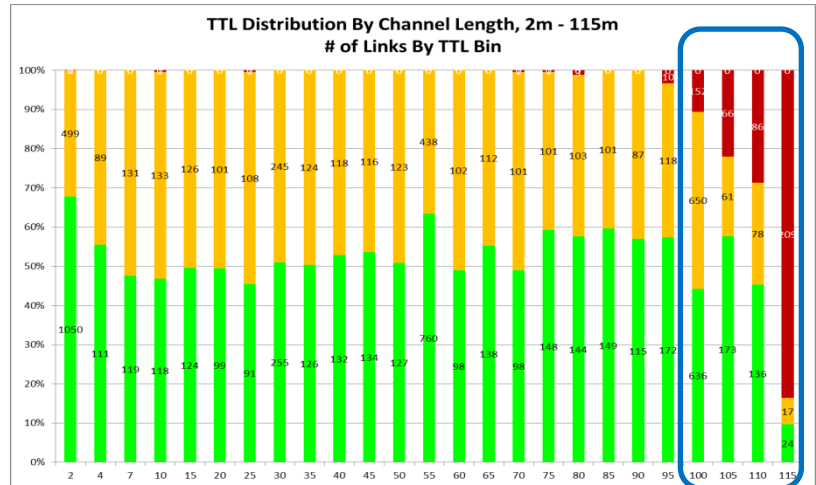
- Measured link time  $<$  7s: 63.14%
- Measured link time  $<$ 15s: 99.85%
- Measured link time  $<$ 16.4s (max): 100%



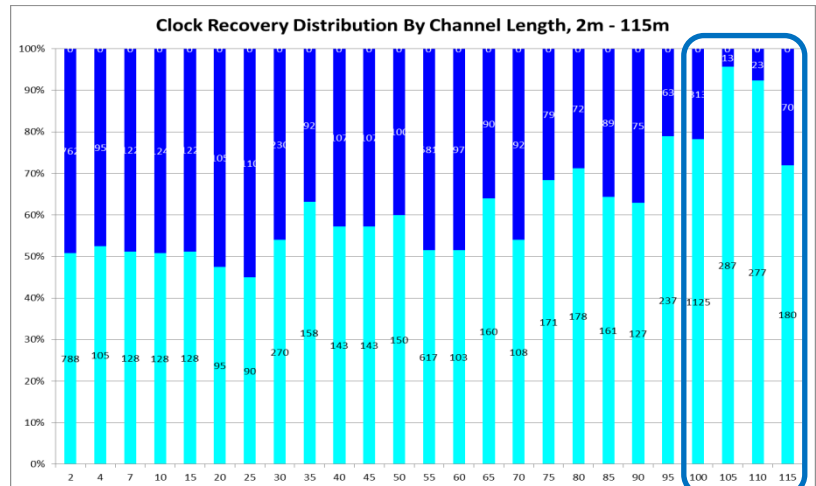
TTL bin	Total Time in TTL bin	Total Time All Tests	% Total Time	% Cum Time
$\leq$ 7s	6,843,118	10,837,835	63.14%	63.14%
7s $<$ TTL $\leq$ 15s	3,978,317		36.71%	99.85%
$>$ 15s	16.400		0.15%	100.00%

# Example: TTL Distribution and Master/Slave Resolution by Channel Length

- Example of 10GBASE-T TTL measured from 2m to 115m channels (9,790 links)
  - Stacked plot order L-R is 2m to 115m
- TTL across 2m-100m
  - Average TTL = 7.6s
  - Average time in AN = 5s
  - Average time in training = 2.6s
- Note apparent loop timing trend towards MASTER preference with increasing channel length
- Very long TTLs (>15s) at 100m+ channels are associated with downshifts to 1Gb link speed

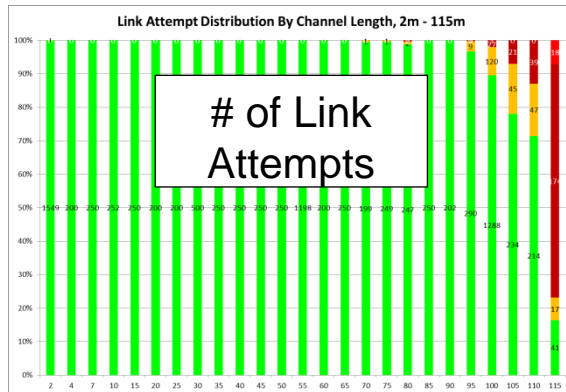


Green: TTL <= 7s; Yellow: 7s < TTL <=15s; Red: TTL >15s

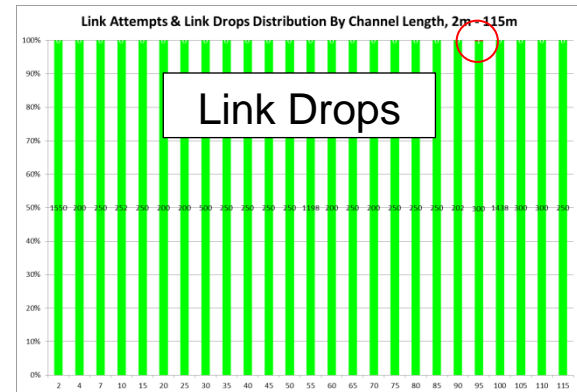


Cyan = Master; Blue = Slave

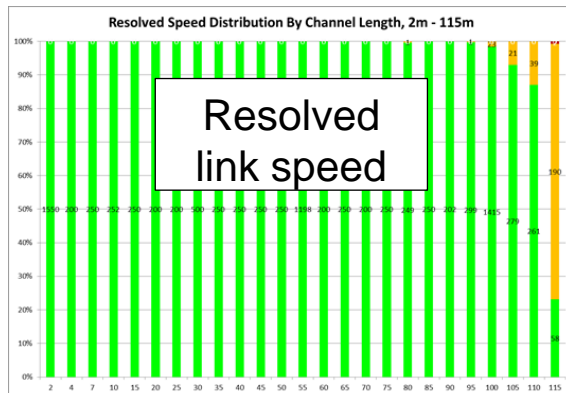
# Other TTL Metrics (Same Dataset)



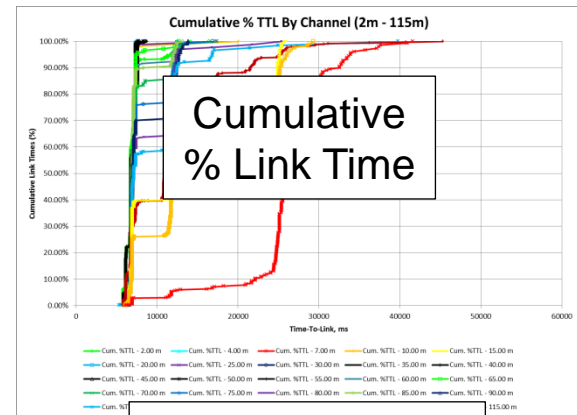
Green: 1-2; Yellow: 3-4; Crimson: 5-6; Red: >6



Green: # no link drop; Red: # link drop



Green: 10Gb/s; Yellow: 1Gb/s

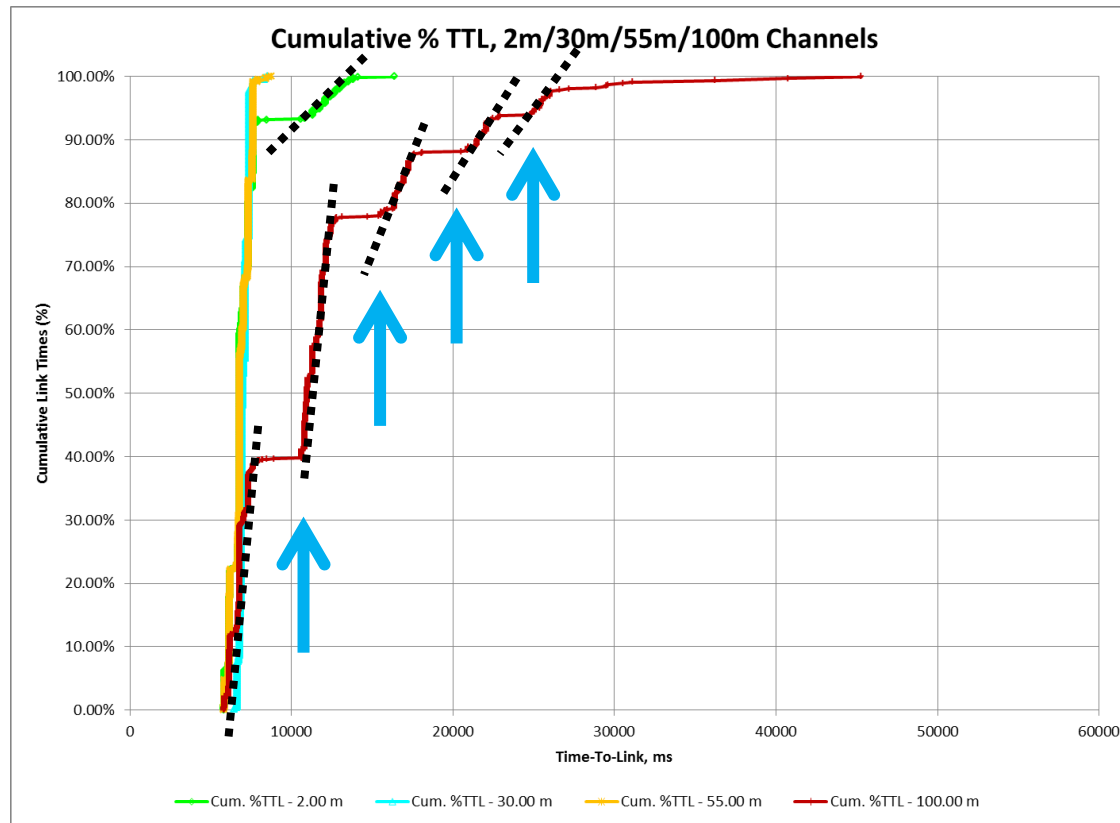


Color: Channel length

Summary: Link interoperability measurements can clearly show differences in PHY autonegotiation and link state behavior as a function of channel characteristics



# Time-To-Link Levers?



- TTL is a combination of both autonegotiation and 10Gb startup behavior
  - Two sources of variability? “Retrain” (variability through 55.4.6.1) and “Retry” (return to 28.3.4)
  - Longest TTLs typically driven by multiple passes through the Clause Arbitration state diagram after failed training attempts

# Observations from 10GBASE-T

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- Channel topologies significantly affect the channel solutions realized by PHY DSP systems
  - “Peaky” impairments (return loss, crosstalk) appear to be a factor in link-trial-to-link-trial variability in the system solution
  - Transition region between RL/crosstalk-driven to IL-driven solutions
  - Channel lengths near 10GBASE-T PBO transitions
- PHY-specific responses to channel characteristics drive variability in autonegotiation and training time
  - Loop timing/clock recovery resolution
  - Time spent in 10GBASE-T startup states
- May have implications for both system performance and end-user experience
  - Potential to affect product time-to-market and customer ease-of-use

# Considerations for 40GBASE-T

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- Can autonegotiation and 40GBASE-T startup times be improved to be consistently less than or equal to 6s?
  - Improved loop timing?
  - Changes in 10GBASE-T startup state timing?
    - Example – Simple PBO scheme similar to that proposed in Wu\_01a\_0214\_802.3bq\_adhoc.pdf
  - Others?

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# Thank You!

# Test Channels

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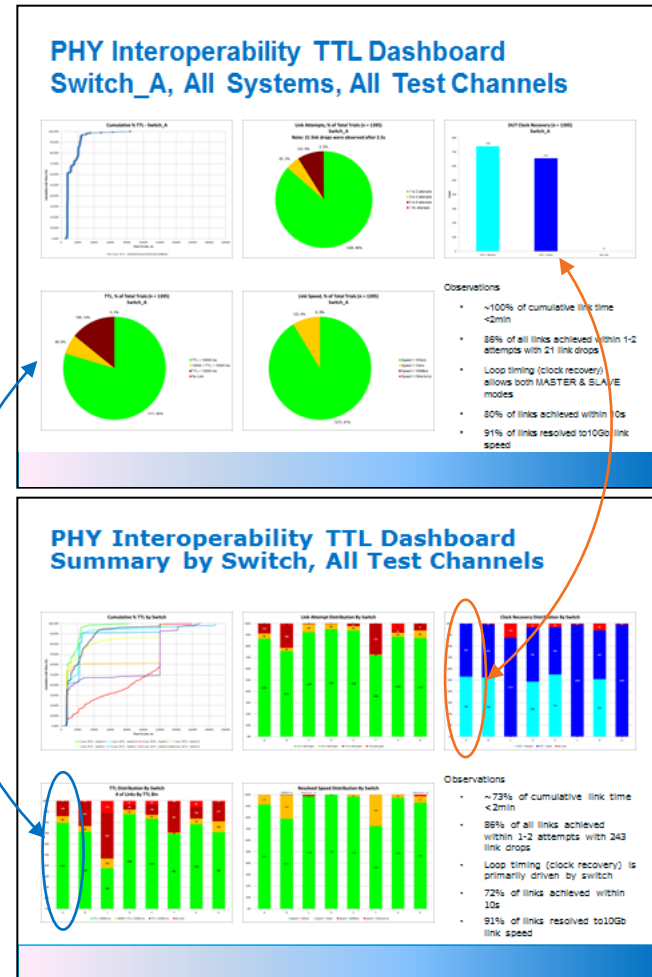
- Focused channel selection using multiple cable types and lengths
  - 2m, 4m, 7m, 30m, 55m, 90m and 100m are “standard” channels for both TTL and BER
  - Other channel lengths (typically 5m increments) are used to check for consistent link behavior over a range of PHY channel solutions (different PBOs, operating margin, delay/delay skew, etc.)
- Includes direct connection, 2-connector, and 4-connector topologies
- Test channel matrix will (of course) be modified for 40GBASE-T

# Link Interoperability TTL Dashboards

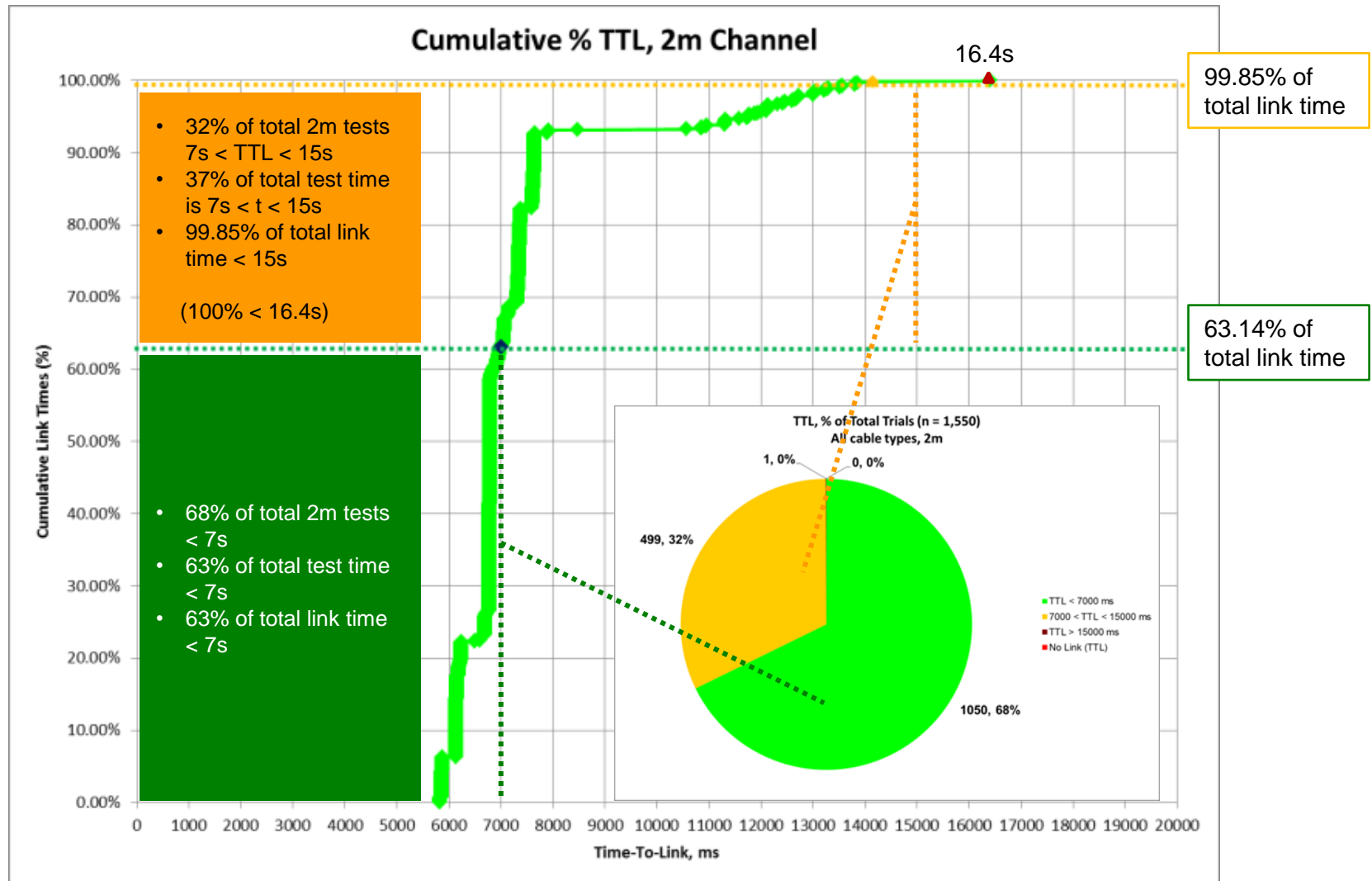
• Two different dashboard formats are used:

- “Single dashboards” summarize a single data view
- “Comparison dashboards” compare multiple “single dashboards” in a slightly different format

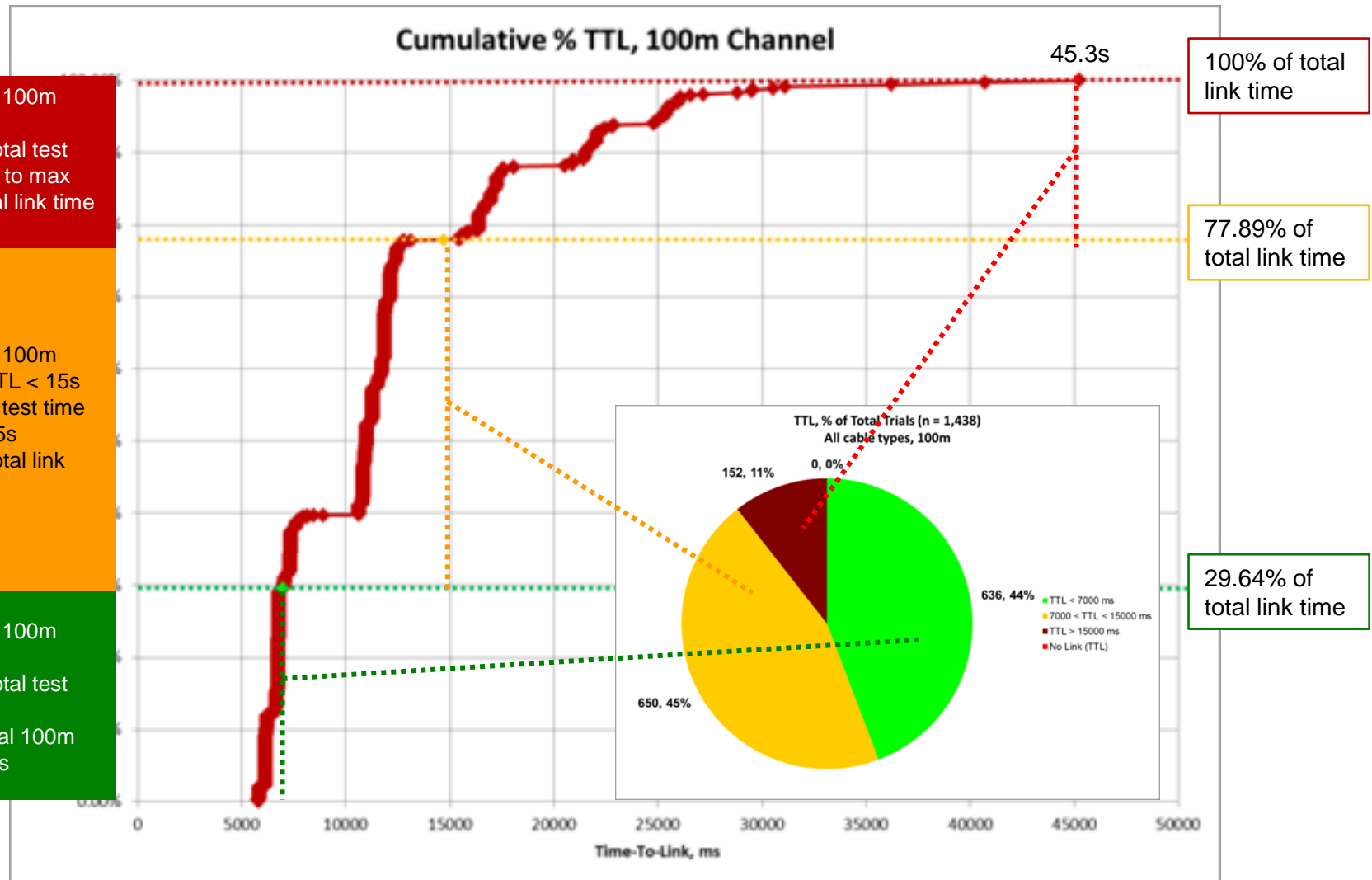
• Single dashboard pie charts are represented as a stacked vertical bar charts in comparison dashboards →



# % TTL (Trials) and Cumulative % TTL (Time) 2m Example



# % TTL (Trials) and Cumulative % TTL (Time) 100m Example



- 11% of total 100m tests > 15s
- 29.64% of total test time is >15s to max
- 100% of total link time < 45.3s

- 45% of total 100m tests 7s < TTL < 15s
- 37% of total test time is 7s < t < 15s
- 77.89% of total link time < 15s

- 44% of total 100m tests < 7s
- 29.64% of total test time < 7s
- 29.6% of total 100m link time < 7s