

# **FINISAR**

IEEE 802.3ca 100G-EPON Task Force: 25G ONU Options to increase Network Capacity

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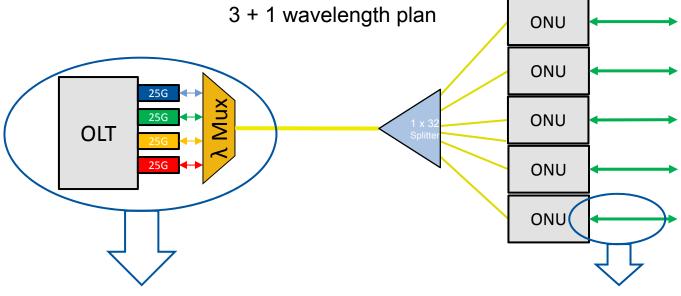


### **Executive Summary**

- Network Capacity (25G, 50G, 100G) and Max ONU Capacity (25G, 50G, 100G) can be independent
- With 50G and 100G Network Capacities, ONU's with 25Gb/s Max Capacity could be sufficient for vast majority of the premises in 1+3 architecture 1x32 split.
- Evaluated the cost of network deployment of 50G and 100G with two options for the 25G ONU's:
  - 1. 25G ONU's only available on Wavelength Pair 0
  - 2. 25G ONU's available on any Wavelength Pair (0, 1, 2, 3, 4?)
- When migrating to 100G Network Capacity with 1+3,
   Option 2 could save MSOs up to 62% in optics cost
  - More savings with 1+4 architecture and/or higher split ratios
- Lower optics cost will make it more likely MSOs will deploy 50G and 100G networks



# Network Capacity vs. Max ONU Capacity



### Network capacity

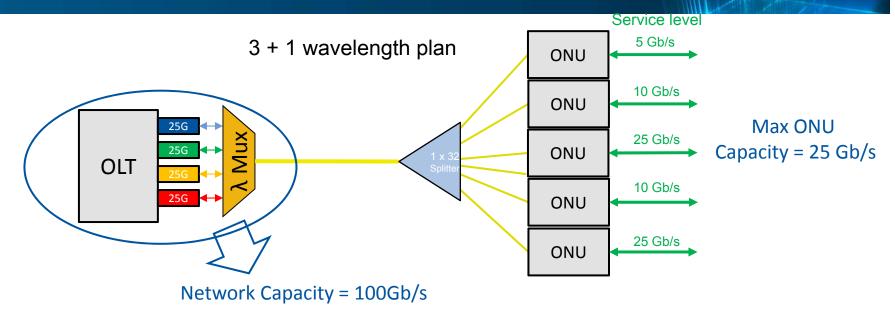
- The total bandwidth throughput on the PON segment
- Shared with up to 32 or 64 ONU's
- Dependent on # of λ:

  - $\lambda_0, \lambda_1 => 50 \text{Gb/s}$
  - $\lambda_0, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 => 100$ Gb/s

### Max ONU Capacity

- Hardware limit on the maximum amount of data output from an ONU (25G, 50G or 100G)
  - Number of sets of optics and ASIC determine max ONU capacity
  - Peak data service to individual consumer will be less because network capacity is shared

## Network Capacity vs. Max ONU Capacity



Network capacity can be increased without increasing Max ONU Capacity (all ONU's may only need 25Gb/s max).

#### Why would you do this?

- Add more customers to the PON segment →
   12 customers to 25 customers
- Increase service levels to customers (≤ 25Gb/s) → peak service levels from 5 Mb/s to 10 Gb/s

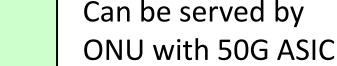


### Data Service Rates vs. Network Capacity

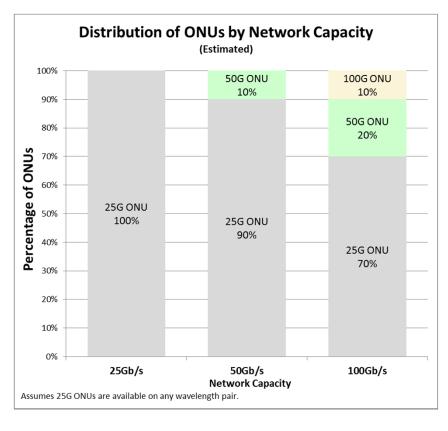
| Network<br>Capacity<br>(Gb/s) | Flagship<br>Peak Rate<br>(Gb/s) | Billboard<br>Peak Rate<br>(Gb/s) | Network<br>Capacity/<br># of ONUs<br>(Gb/s) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| 25G                           | 8.3                             | 12.5                             | 0.8   |
| 50G                           | 16.6                            | 25                               | 1.6   |
| 100G                          | 33.3                            | 50                               | 3.1   |

- Flagship peak service rate is ⅓
   of Network Capacity (per Jorge)
- Billboard peak service rate is ½
   of Network Capacity (per Jorge)
- Network Capacity/# of ONUs
  - Assumes 32 ONUs on PON segment
  - Individual ONU service data levels will vary greatly

| Can be served by ONU with 25G ASIC |
|------------------------------------|
| Can be served by                   |



## Hypotheses on ONU Distribution vs Network Capacity



- With 50G Network Capacity:
  - Almost all of the premises can be served by ONUs with 25G ASIC
- With 100G Network Capacity:
  - A majority of the premises can be served by ONUs with 25G ASIC
  - Most of the remaining premises can be served by ONUs with 50G ASIC
  - Rarely will premises require ONUs with 100G ASIC

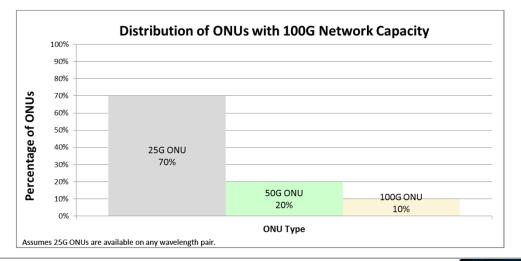


### Conclusions from the Hypotheses

- ONUs with 25G capacity (25G ASIC) would be sufficient for most premises
- Some ONUs with 50G capacity (50G ASIC) would be needed
- Only rarely would ONUs with 100G capacity be needed

 Since optics will be the significant portion of ONU cost, should optics in ONUs that only need 25G capacity be

optimized for cost?



# 25G ONU Options to increase Network Capacity

| Option | 25G ONU λ Plan   | How to expand Network Capacity to 50G & 100G?   | Number of ONU variations             | Pros/Cons  |
|--------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1      | Fixed, λ <sub>0</sub> Only   | <ol> <li>Add 50G ONUs but only utilize 1 set of 25G optics</li> <li>Add 100G ONUs but only utilize 1 set of 25G optics</li> </ol> | 1 25G ONU<br>1 50G ONU<br>1 100G ONU | ↑Only 3 ONU variations ↑Simplest standard ↓Highest ONU cost to expand network capacity ↓Optics for other 25G are not used              |
| 2      | Fixed, $\lambda_0$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_1$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_2$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_3$ | 1. Add 25G ONU's at $\lambda_1$ 2. Add 25G ONU's at $\lambda_2$ 3. Add 25G ONU's at $\lambda_3$                                   | 4 25G ONU<br>1 50G ONU<br>1 100G ONU | <ul> <li>↓More (6) ONU variations</li> <li>= Simpler standard</li> <li>↑Lowest ONU cost to</li> <li>expand network capacity</li> </ul> |



# 25G ONU Options to increase Network Capacity

| Option | 25G ONU λ Plan   | 25G ONU Types   |
|--------|--|---|
| 1      | Fixed, λ <sub>0</sub> Only   | Txcvr 25G<br>X ONU  |
| 2      | Fixed, $\lambda_0$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_1$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_2$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_3$ | Txcvr 25G<br>X ONU<br>X ONU<br>X ONU<br>X ONU<br>Txcvr ONU<br>Txcvr ONU |

### Relative Cost of Optics in ONU Types

**Highest Cost** 

**Relative Optics Cost** per ONU (estimated) 100G 5.5X ONU Fixed,  $\lambda_1 - \lambda_2$ 2.5X 50G ONU Fixed,  $\lambda_1$ Fixed,  $\lambda_3$ Fixed,  $\lambda_2$ 1.5X 25G 25G 25G Txcvr ONU ONU **⊢**X ONU Fixed,  $\lambda_0$ Txcvr 1X 25G ONU

**Lowest Cost** 



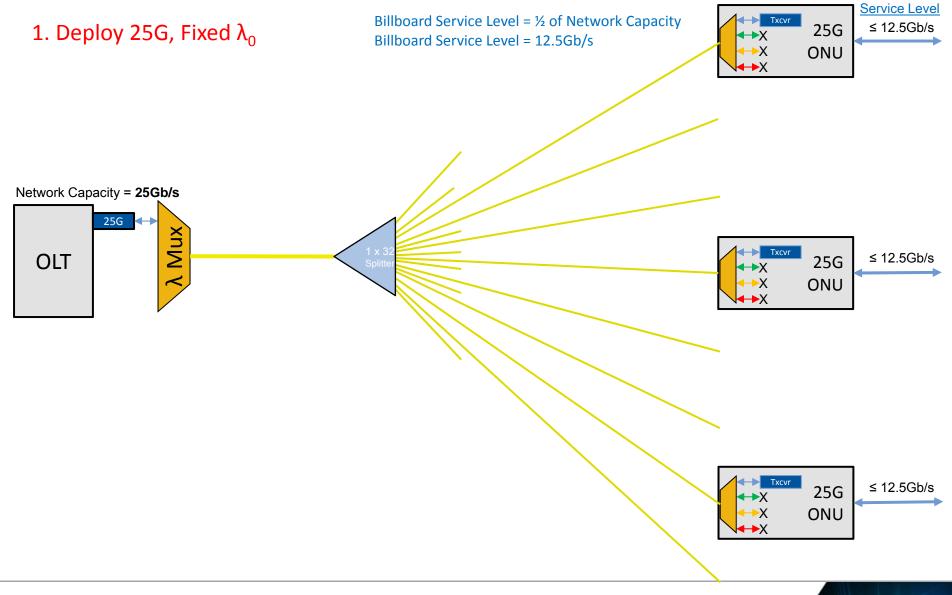
# Option 1 ONU Costs by Network Capacity

| Network<br>Capacity | ONU Service<br>Levels | Wavelength<br>Pairs  | New ONUs Deployed       | ONU Cost |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|----------|
| 25G                 | ≤ 25G                 | $\lambda_{0}$  | BF Txcvr                | 1X       |
| 50G                 | ≤ 25G                 | $\lambda_{0,} \lambda_{1}$                                     | Txcvr Txcvr 20G ASIC    | 2.5X     |
| 100G                | ≤ 25G                 | not used. $\lambda_{0,} \lambda_{1,} \lambda_{2,} \lambda_{3}$ | Txcvr Txcvr Txcvr Txcvr | 5.5X     |

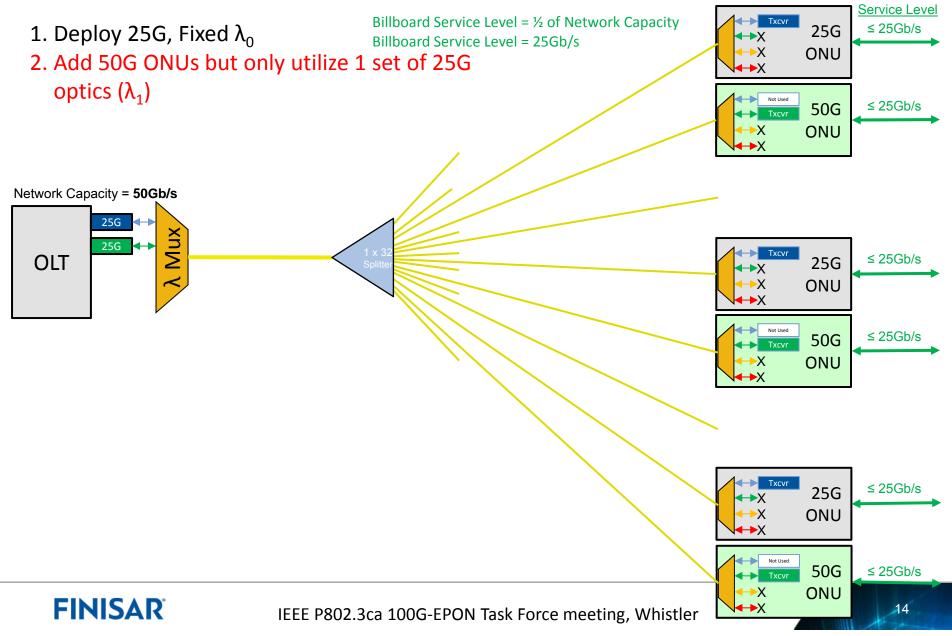
# Option 2 ONU Costs by Network Capacity

| Network<br>Capacity | ONU Service<br>Levels | Wavelength<br>Pairs                                  | New ONUs Deployed    | ONU Cost |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------|----------|
| 25G                 | ≤ 25G                 | $\lambda_0$  | BF Txcvr             | 1X       |
| 50G                 | ≤ 25G                 | $\lambda_{0,} \lambda_{1}$                           | Txcvr Txcvr          | 1.5X     |
| 100G                | ≤ 25G                 | $\lambda_{0,} \lambda_{1,} \lambda_{2,} \lambda_{3}$ | Txcvr Txcvr 25G ASIC | 1.5X     |

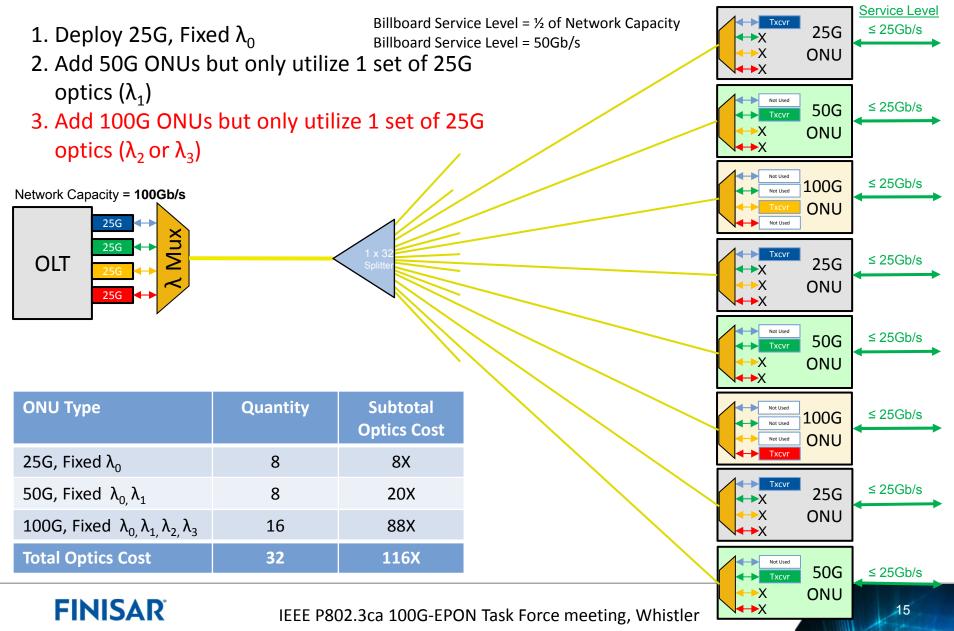
# Option 1 Migration: 25G Network Capacity, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd



# Option 1 Migration: 50G Network, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd

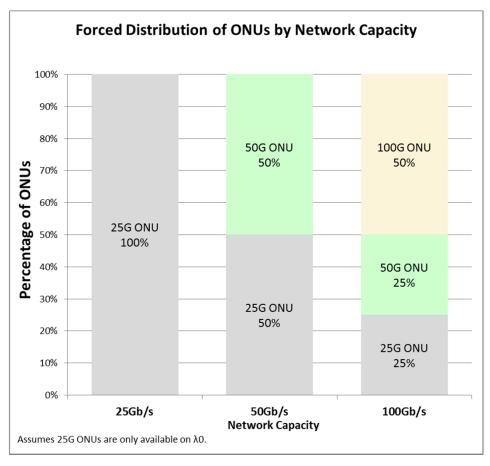


# Option 1 Migration: 100G Network, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd

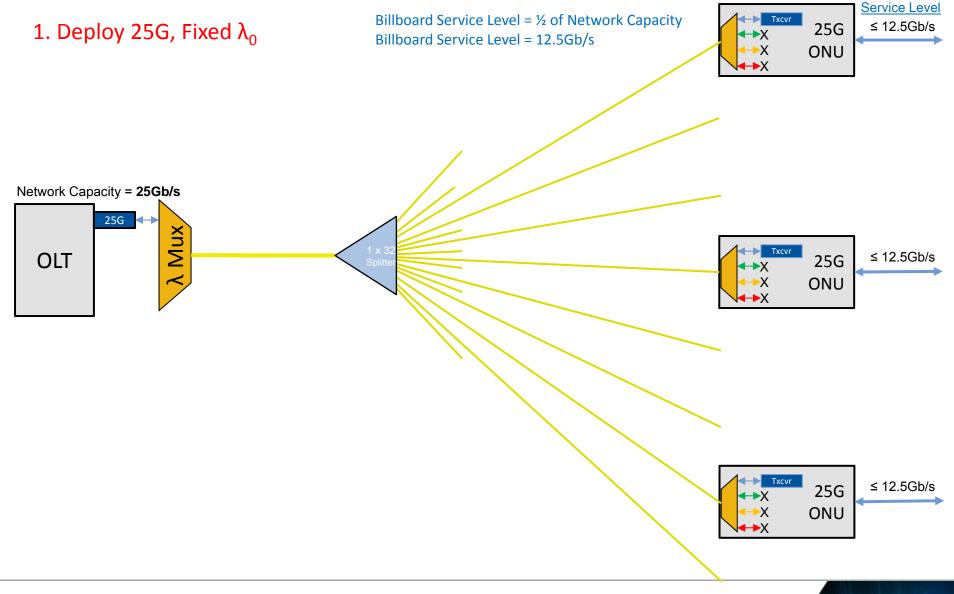


## Option 1 Forced ONU Distribution

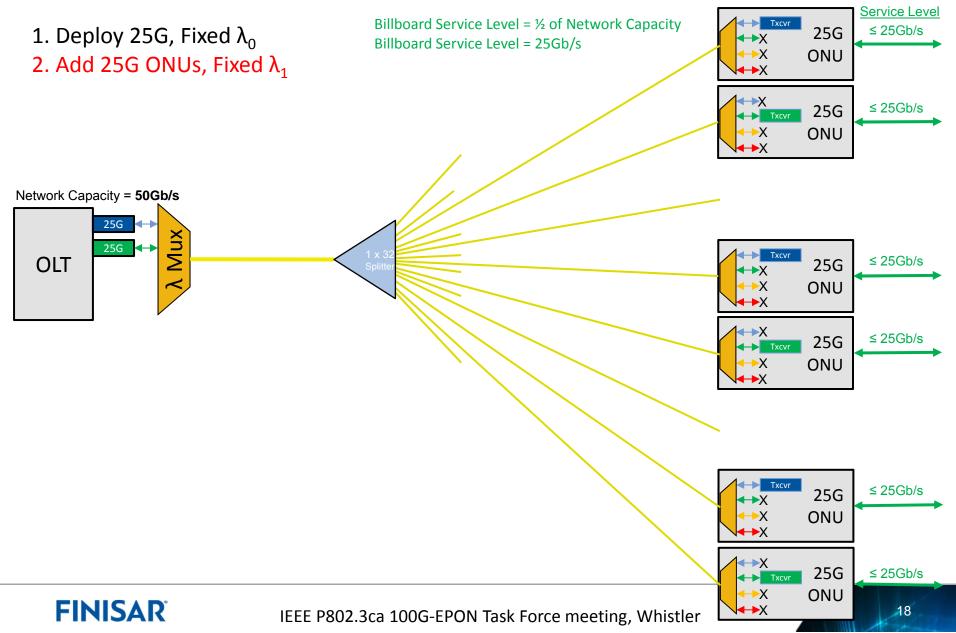
 Option 1 forces 50G ONUs and 100G ONUs to be deployed even if only 25Gb/s ONU capacity would be sufficient.



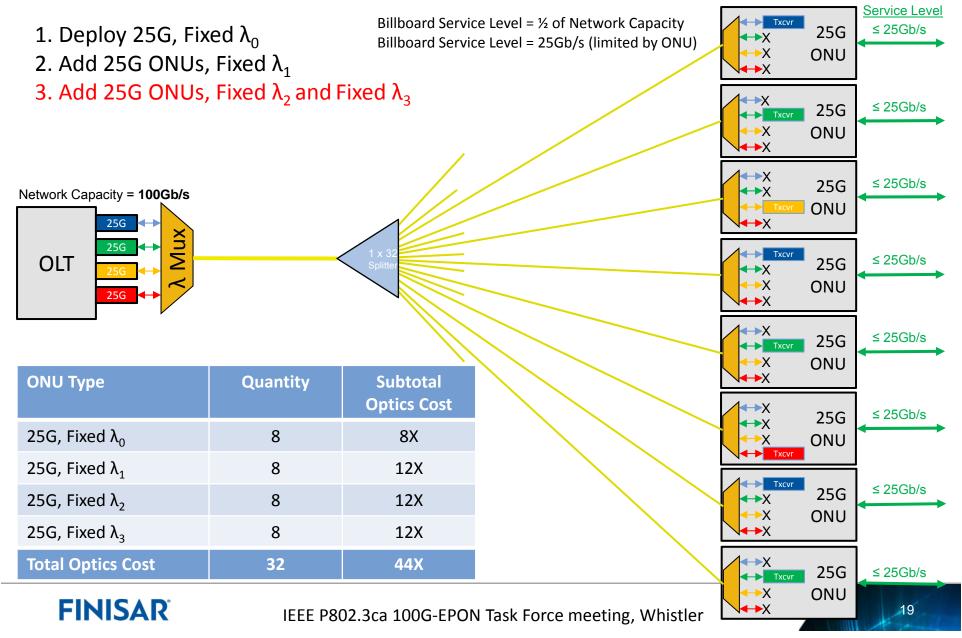
# Option 2 Migration: 25G Network, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd



# Option 2 Migration: 50G Network, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd



# Option 2 Migration: 100G Network, ONUs with 25G Max Req'd



### 25G ONU Options: Relative Optics Cost/PON Segment

| Option | 25G ONU λ Plan   | Total Relative Optics Cost for PON segment (32 ONUs) |
|--------|--|--|
| 1      | Fixed, λ <sub>0</sub> Only (must use 50G and 100G ONUs for increased network capacity) | 116X   |
| 2      | Fixed, $\lambda_0$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_1$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_2$<br>Fixed, $\lambda_3$   | 44X  |

With Option 1, MSO spends 2.6x more on ONU Optics compared to Option 2.

#### **Assumptions:**

- 100G Network Capacity
- Peak rate per ONU required is never over 25Gb/s
- 32 ONU's in PON segment
- Only 1 set of optics are ever needed on every ONU (incl. 50G & 100G ONU's)
- On 32 ONU segment, assumes 8
   ONU's on each wavelength λ<sub>0</sub>, λ<sub>1</sub>, λ<sub>2</sub>, λ<sub>3</sub>
- 50G ONU only available at λ<sub>0</sub>, λ<sub>1</sub>
- Any differences in cost of 25G ASIC, 50G ASIC, 100G ASIC are not considered

#### Question:

 Are the higher optics costs in Option 1 offset by Operational Savings and/or more network flexibility?



### Conclusion: Option 2 is the best path

#### Option 2: 25G ONUs available on all wavelength pairs

- Provides the MSOs more cost effective migration to 50G and 100G Network Capacities: 62% savings in optics cost
  - More favorable business case for MSOs to decide to migrate to higher network capacities
  - The cost of Option 1 would deter MSOs from migrating to higher network capacities
- More 25G ONUs will be required which will lower the cost of 25G ONUs
- Could consider wavelength-tunable optics to reduce number of ONU variants

