

GATE/REPORT Behavior

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- ❑ Allow deterministic reporting of LLID queue state for a large number of LLIDs while minimizing bandwidth consumed by the REPORT MPCPDUs.
- ❑ Homework from New Orleans

New GATE MPCPDU Format

- ❑ Sent to PLID
- ❑ Contains up to 7 LLID Grants
- ❑ May be sent on any of the downstream channels listened to by the ONU
- ❑ Channel assignment is a bitmap for 4 upstream channels
 - In case of a GATE for multiple channels, Grant Length is per each channel, not the total.
- ❑ **Force Report (FR)** flag requires ONU to generate a queue report for the given LLID
- ❑ **Fragmentation (F)** flag informs ONU whether it is allowed to fragment a new frame from the given LLID.
- ❑ Grant length is in EQ (bytes).
Maximum grant duration per LLID is
 - 10.7 ms @ 25 Gb/s
 - 26.8 ms @ 10 Gb/s

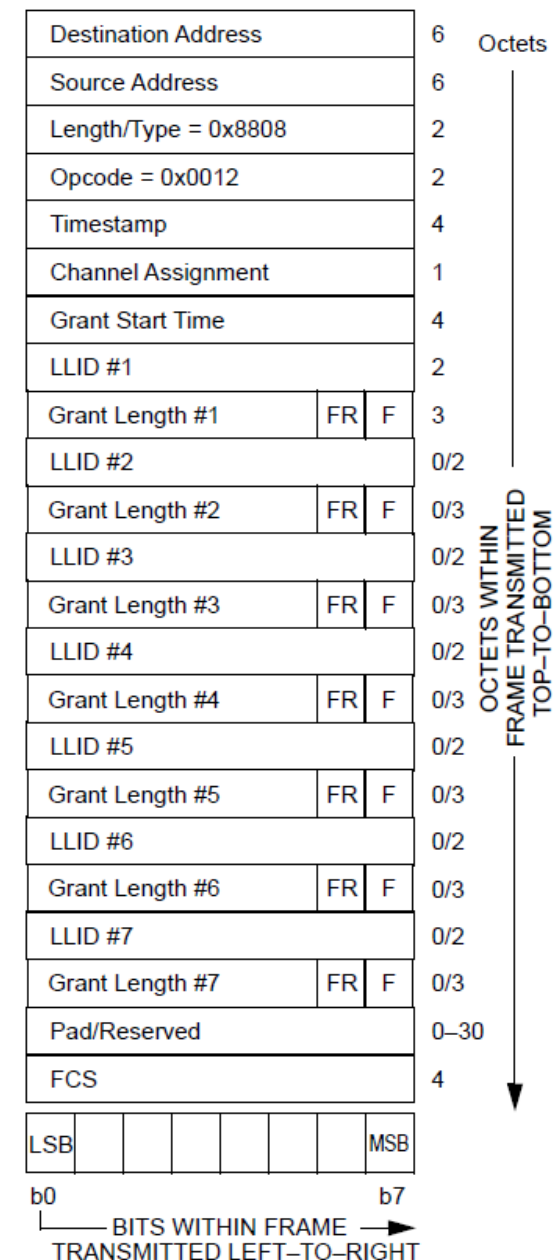


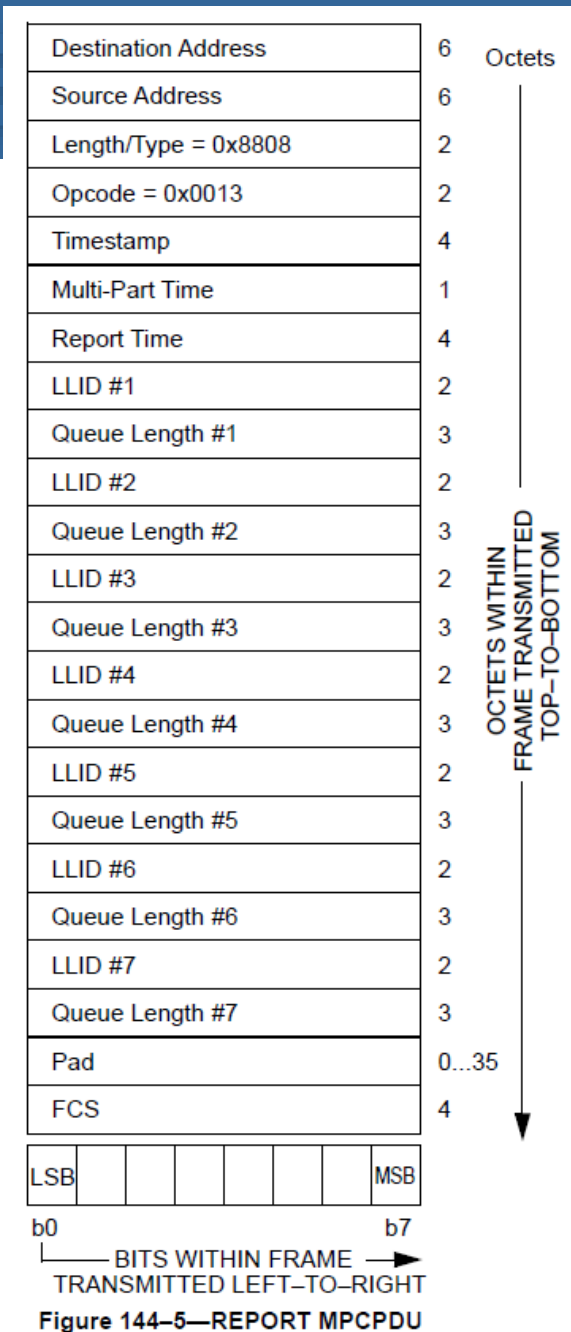
Figure 144-4—GATE MPCPDU

Granting and Reporting Administrative Traffic

- ❑ If PLID carries both MPCPDUs and OAMPDUs, OLT scheduler is unable to tell ONU how many REPORTs to generate.
- ❑ Proposal: During ONU registration, the REGISTER message shall assign two LLIDs to the registering ONU:
 - Physical Layer ID (PLID) to carry just MPCPDUs
 - Management Layer ID (MLID) to carry any other traffic that is sourced and sunk by the ONU (OAMPDUs, maybe 1588, other control protocols, such as NetConf)
- ❑ PLID assignment is as proposed in New Orleans motion #9 (Register MPCPDU), assignment of MLD is TBD.

New REPORT MPCPDU Format

- ❑ Sent to PLID
- ❑ Contains up to 7 LLID Reports
- ❑ Proposal #1:
 - Replace Multi-Part Report field with Number of Non-empty Queues (LLIDs)
 - Multi-Part Report: number of additional REPORT2 MPCPDUs waiting in the ONU
 - Number of Non-empty Queues: the total number of LLIDs that have any queued frames (excluding GLIDs)
- ❑ PLID GrantLength explicitly indicates to the ONU how many REPORT MPCPDUs to generate. REPORTs will never be generated if they cannot be sent.

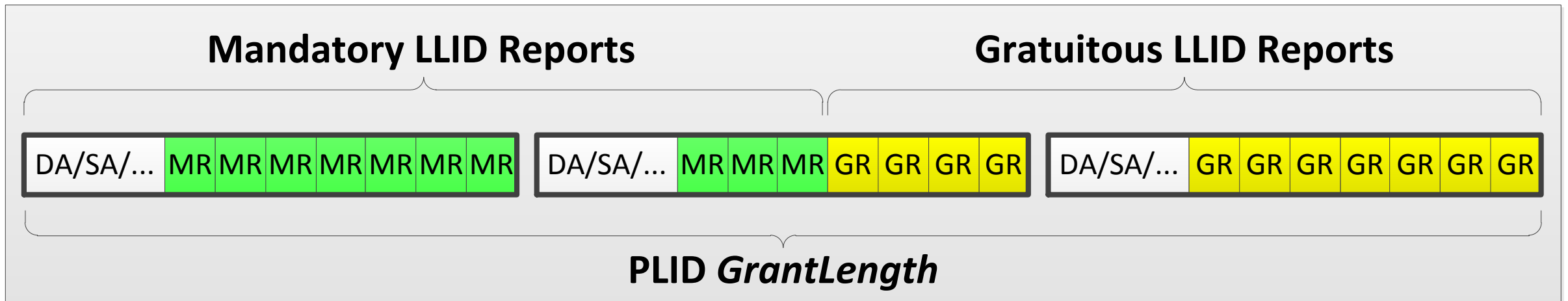


- **“LLID Report”** is a tuple consisting of two values: **LLID₁₆** and **QueueLength₂₄**
 - LLID can be either MLID, ULID, or a GLID
 - QueueLength is length of this LLID’s queue in units of EQs
 - If LLID = MLID, the QueueLength represents the length of the eOAM queue (OAMPDUs).
 - If LLID = GLID, the QueueLength represents the sum of lengths of all MLID/ULID queues that are members of this GLID
 - PLIDs are never reported, because PLID queue is always zero and REPORT MPCPDUs are generated just-in-time for transmission
- **“Mandatory LLID Report”** – a report that was explicitly requested by the OLT via setting of the FR flag to 1 in a previous LLID grant.
- **“Gratuitous LLID Report”** – a report sent by the ONU without an explicit request by the OLT.

1. In case of multi-channel GATE, if $FR_{LLID_A} = 1$, only one LLID Report is generated for LLID A per ONU transmission, not a separate report per each channel
2. Mandatory LLID reports have priority over Gratuitous reports
3. The number of REPORTs sent by the ONU is determined by the PLID ***GrantLength***.
 - a. If the ONU has generated more REPORT MPCPDUs than can fit in PLID *GrantLength*, the “unsent” REPORTs are discarded (i.e., FR flags do not carry over to future grants).
 - b. Typically an OLT grants sufficiently long PLID grants for the number of FR flags that are set to 1.

Gratuitous Reports

- ❑ The OLT may grant to an ONU more space for LLID Reports than the number of FR=1 flags set for the current grant.
 - REPORT MPCPDU carries 7 LLID Reports, so after the last mandatory LLID Report, there may be 1 to 6 extra slots in the same REPORT MPCPDU
 - OLT may even grant extra space for additional full REPORT MPCPDUs
- ❑ After generating the mandatory LLID Reports, the ONU shall fill the remaining LLID Report slots with Gratuitous LLID Reports



- The ONU shall fill the available LLID Report slots in the following priority order:

Priority	ForceReport flag	Last reported QueueLength	Changes since last report
1	1	n/a	n/a
2	0	0	New data arrived
3	0	> 0	Queue became empty
4	0	> 0	New data arrived
5	0	> 0	No new data arrived
6	0	0	No new data arrived

optional

- ❑ **Goal:** reduce polling overhead to a minimum
 - An idle ONU (ONU without any user traffic) should generate one REPORT MPCPDU, regardless of how many LLIDs are provisioned
- ❑ Polling GATE contains only a single grant for PLID:
 - Length = 10EQs (80 bytes) for one REPORT MPCPDU
 - FR = n/a (ignored by ONU)
 - F = 0
- ❑ The polled ONU will generate one **REPORT MPCPDU**
- ❑ According to Gratuitous Reporting rules (see slides 8,9), this REPORT will be filled with **Gratuitous LLID Reports**
 - It is extremely rare for more than 7 LLIDs to become non-idle in the same polling interval (2-4 ms?).
 - But if that happens, the **Number of Non-empty Queues** field in REPORT MPCPDU will show the total number of non-idle LLIDs

- ❑ Probably will not be mentioned in 802.3ca
 - ❑ OLT does not need to request a report for busy LLIDs in every grant
- Example:
 - ONU reported {LLID A, QueueLength = 100,000 EQs}
 - OLT DBA grants LLID A no more than 2000 EQs in one grant
 - OLT can issue ~48-49 grants to LLID A with FR=0, before it needs to issue a grant with FR=1.
 - Often, while serving LLID A with FR=0, a Gratuitous Report for this LLID will be generated according to the Gratuitous Reporting rules (slide #7, #8), so the OLT won't need to issue FR=1 to LLID A for an even longer time.

Thank You

Adopt the behavior described for the flags, Fragment and Forced Report, and the fragment definitions given in remein_3ca_1_0717.pdf slides 4-9.

Moved: Duane Remein

Second:

For: _____

Against: _____

Abstain: _____

Motion Technical ($\geq 75\%$)

Motion Passed/Failed