# 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER Interoperation

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#### Outline

- 1. Several comments indicated that the conditions for interoperability of 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER needed clarification to ensure that the min/max specifications for OMA and average power (Pavg) are satisfied.
- 2. One possible solution is to make the following 3 additions / changes to the specification:
  - 1. For channel loss of 0 4 dB:
    - 1. Require  $5 \pm 1$  dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-ER transmitter (Tx) to 25GBASE-LR receiver (Rx).
    - 2. Require 8  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-LR Tx to 25GBASE-ER Rx.
  - 2. For channel loss of 4 6.3 dB:
    - 1. Require 2  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-ER Tx to 25GBASE-LR Rx.
    - 2. Require 5  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-LR Tx to 25GBASE-ER Rx.

#### Specifications (From P802.3cc D2.0)

Table 114-6-25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER transmit characteristics

Description	25GBASE-LR	25GBASE-ER	Unit
Signaling rate (range)	25.78125	± 100 ppm	GBd
Center wavelength (range)	1295 to 1325	1295 to 1310	nm
Side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR), (min)	3	30	
Average launch power (max)	2	6	dBm
Average launch power <sup>a</sup> (min)	-7	-3	dBm
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), (max)	2.2	6	dBm
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA) <sup>b</sup> , (min)	-4	0	dBm
Launch power in OMA minus TDP (min)	-5	-1	dBm
Transmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP), (max)	2.7	2.7	dB
Average launch power of OFF transmitter (max)	-25		dBm
Extinction ratio (min)	3.5	4	dB
RIN <sub>20</sub> OMA (max)	-130		dB/Hz
Optical return loss tolerance (max)	20		dB
Transmitter reflectance <sup>c</sup> (max)	-12		dB
Transmitter eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} Hit ratio 5x10 <sup>-5</sup> hits per sample.	{0.31, 0.4, 0.45, 0.34, 0.38, 0.4}		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Average launch power (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

Table 114-8-25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER illustrative link power budgets

Parameter	25GBASE-LR	25GBASE-ER		Unit
Power budget (for maximum TDP)	9	20.7		dB
Operating distance	10	30	40 <sup>a</sup>	km
Channel insertion loss (max)	6.3 <sup>b</sup>	15	18	dB
Channel insertion loss (min)	0	10		dB
Maximum discrete reflectance	-26	-26		dB
Allocation for penalties <sup>c</sup> (for maximum TDP)	2.7	2.7		dB
Additional insertion loss allowed	0	3	0	dB

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Links longer than 30 km are considered engineered links. Attenuation for such links needs to be less than the worst case for B1.1, B1.3, or B6 a single-mode cabled optical fiber

Table 114-7-25	GBASE-LR and	125GBASE-ER	receive characteristic	:s
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Description	25GBASE-LR	25GBASE-ER	Uni	
Signaling rate (range)	25.78125	± 100 ppm	GBo	
Center wavelength (range)	1295	25.78125 ± 100 ppm  1295 to 1325  5.5 -3  2 -4  -13.3 -19.621  2.2 -4  -26		
Damage threshold <sup>a</sup> (min)	5.5	-3	dBn	
Average receive power (max)	2	-4	dBı	
Average receive power <sup>b</sup> (min)	-13.3	<del>19.6 -</del> -21	dBı	
Receive power (OMA), (max)	2.2	-4	dBı	
Receiver reflectance (max)	_	-26		
Receiver sensitivity (OMA) <sup>c</sup> , (max)	-11.3	-19	dBı	
Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMA) <sup>d</sup> , (max)	-8.8	-16.5	dB	
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test				
Vertical eye closure penalty <sup>e</sup>	1.9	1.9	dI	
Stressed eye J2 Jitter <sup>e</sup>	0.27	0.27	U.	
Stressed eye J4 Jitter <sup>e</sup>	0.39	0.39	U.	
SRS eye mask definition {X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3} Hit ratio 5x10 <sup>-5</sup> hits per sample.	{0.24, 0.5, 0.5, 0.24, 0.24, 0.4}	{0.24, 0.5, 0.5, 0.24, 0.24, 0.4}		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical input signal having this average power level.

bEven if the TDP < 1 dB, the OMA (min) must exceed this value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The channel insertion loss is calculated using the maximum distance specified in Table 114–5 for 25GBASE-LR and fiber attenuation of 0.43 dB/km at 1295 nm plus an allocation for connection and splice loss given in 88.11.2.1.
<sup>c</sup>Link penalties are used for link budget calculations. They are not requirements and are not meant to be tested.

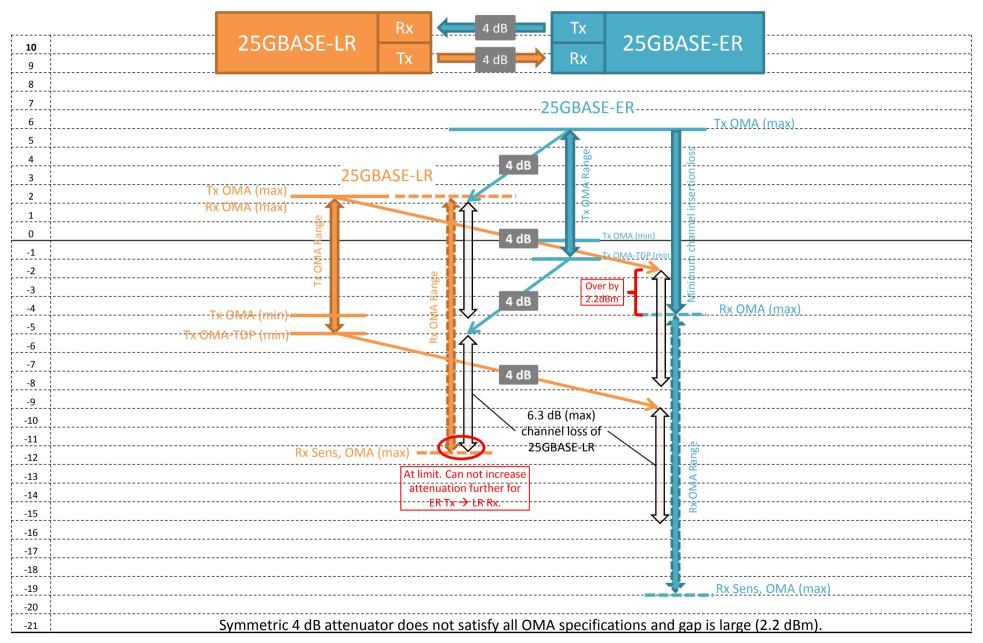
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Average receive power (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Receiver sensitivity (OMA), (max) is informative.

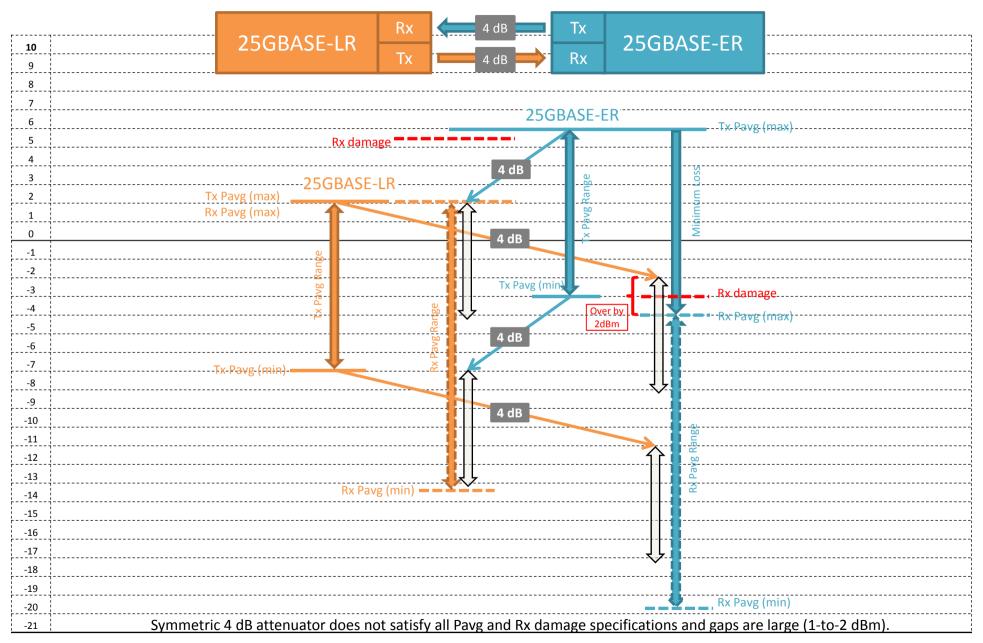
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 114.7.10) for the BER specified in 114.1.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Vertical eye closure penalty, stressed eye J2 Jitter, and stressed eye J4 Jitter are test conditions for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

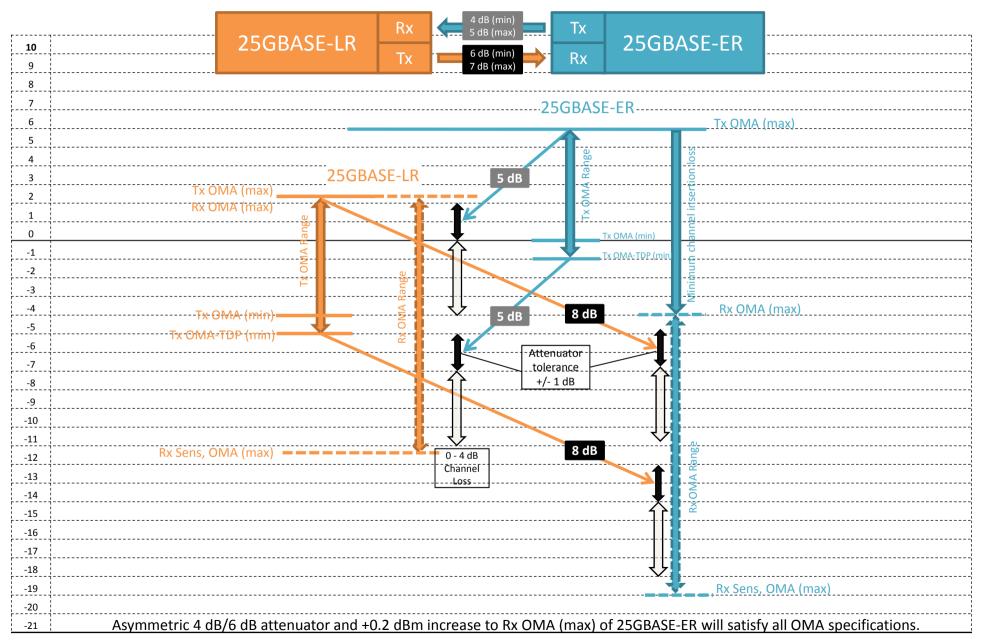
#### 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER Interconnected With 4dB (min) Attenuator – OMA



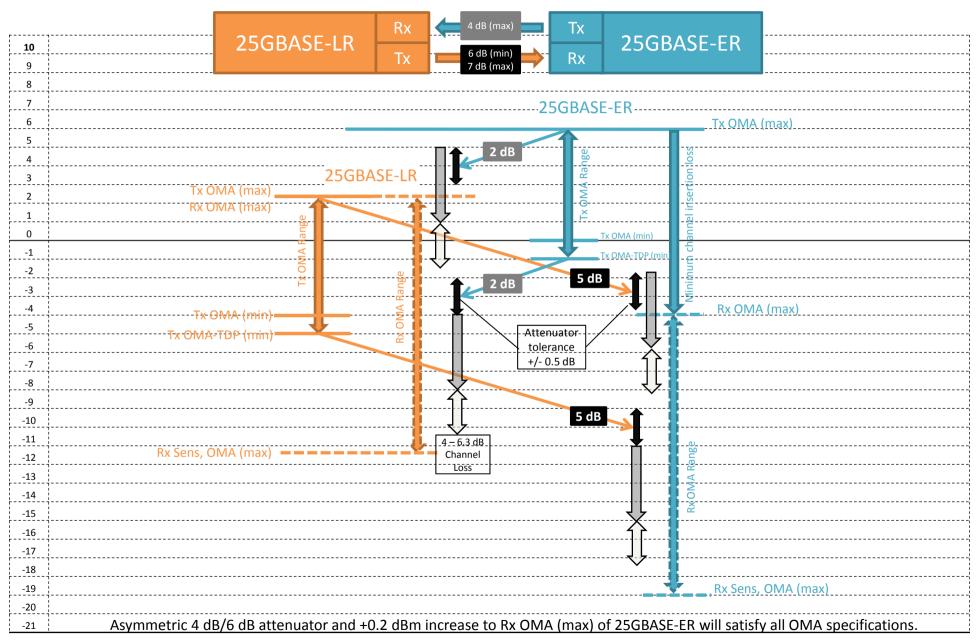
#### 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER Interconnected With 4dB (min) Attenuator - Pavg



## 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER Interconnection Attenuator Tolerance Considerations – OMA Channel Loss of 0-4 dB



# 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER Interconnection Attenuator Tolerance Considerations – OMA Channel Loss of 4 – 6.3 dB



# Summary

- 1. Interoperation between 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER can be achieved adding two requirements to the channel loss and making one minor change to the 25GBASE-ER specification:
  - 1. For channel loss of 0 4 dB:
    - 1. Require 5  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-ER transmitter (Tx) to 25GBASE-LR receiver (Rx).
    - 2. Require 8  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-LR Tx to 25GBASE-ER Rx.
  - 2. For channel loss of 4 6.3 dB:
    - 1. Require 2  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-ER Tx to 25GBASE-LR Rx.
    - 2. Require 5  $\pm$  1 dB attenuator when connecting 25GBASE-LR Tx to 25GBASE-ER Rx.
- 2. This proposal assumes the current specifications for 25GBASE-ER (i.e. per D2.0 which assumes APD receiver). If the link budget for 25GBASE-ER is shifted to allow for PIN receivers, as has been proposed elsewhere, then further considerations will be needed.

### Changes In D2.1 If Adopted

1. Change the last sentence of the first paragraph of Clause 114.6 on p30 as follows (changes shown in red):

The operating ranges for the 25GBASE-LR and 25GBASE-ER PMDs are defined in Table 114–5. A 25GBASE-LR or 25GBASE-ER compliant PMD operates on type B1.1, B1.3, or B6\_a single-mode fibers according to the specifications defined in Table 114–11. A PMD that exceeds the operating range requirement while meeting all other optical specifications is considered compliant (e.g., a 25GBASE-LR PMD operating at 12.5 km meets the operating range requirement of 2 m to 10 km). The 25GBASE-ER PMD interoperates with the 25GBASE-LR PMD provided that the channel requirements specified in Table 114-8 and Table 114-11 are met.

## Changes In D2.1 If Adopted (cont.)

2. Insert the following new columns and footnotes (shown in red) in Table 114-8.

Description	25GBASE-ER transmitter, 25GBASE-LR receiver	25GBASE-LR transmitter, 25GBASE-ER receiver	Unit
Power budget (for maximum TDP)	13	15	dB
Operating distance	10		km
Channel insertion loss (max)	10.3 <sup>d</sup>	12.3 <sup>d</sup>	dB
Channel insertion loss (min)	<b>4</b> e, f	<b>7</b> e	dB
Maximum discrete reflectance	-26		dB
Allocation for penalties (for maximum TDP)	2.7		dB
Additional insertion loss allowed	0		dB

a. Links longer than 30 km are considered engineered links. Attenuation for such links needs to be less than the worst case for B1.1, B1.3, or B6\_a single-mode cabled optical fiber

b. The channel insertion loss is calculated using the maximum distance specified in Table 114–5 for 25GBASE-LR and fiber attenuation of 0.43 dB/km at 1295 nm plus an allocation for connection and splice loss given in 88.11.2.1.

c. Link penalties are used for link budget calculations. They are not requirements and are not meant to be tested.

d. These channel insertion loss values include a fixed attenuation in addition to the channel insertion loss of 25GBASE-LR. The fixed attenuation value is the minimum channel insertion loss.

e. The minimum channel insertion loss may be obtained by use of a fixed attenuator with tolerance of  $\pm 1$  dB.

## Changes In D2.1 If Adopted (cont.)

3. Insert the following new columns and new footnotes (shown in red) in Table 114-12 (Note: Table 114-12 in D2.0 has the wrong numbering. It should be Table 114-11.)

Description	25GBASE-ER transmitter, 25GBASE-LR receiver	25GBASE-LR transmitter, 25GBASE-ER receiver	Unit
Operating distance (max)	10		km
Channel insertion loss a, b (max)	10.3 <sup>d</sup>	12.3 <sup>d</sup>	dB
Channel insertion loss (min)	4 <sup>e</sup>	<b>7</b> e	dB
Positive dispersion b (max)	22.6		ps/nm
Negative dispersion <sup>b</sup> (min)	-27.9		ps/nm
DGD_max <sup>c</sup>	8		ps
Optical return loss (min)	21		dB

a. These channel insertion loss values include cable, connectors, and splices.

b. Over the wavelength range 1295 nm to 1325 nm for 25GBASE-LR and 1295 nm to 1310 nm for 25GBASE-ER.

c. DGD\_max is the maximum differential group delay that the system must tolerate.

d. These channel insertion loss values include a fixed attenuation in addition to the channel insertion loss of 25GBASE-LR. The fixed attenuation value is the minimum channel insertion loss.

e. The minimum channel insertion loss may be obtained by use of a fixed attenuator with tolerance of  $\pm 1$  dB..