						-					
C/ 045	SC 45.2	.1	P 47	L 25	# 1	C/ 030	SC 3	0.5.1.1.15	P <b>44</b>	L 36	# 3
Ansiow, Po		2	Ciena			Ansiow, Po	ete 	_	Ciena		
Comment The ch them f 283) if seem	<i>Type</i> <b>T</b> hoice of reg from being t f more lanes like a good	Comment sters 284 throug used for extensio are ever needed choice.	nt Status <b>D</b> h 289 for the FE n of the RS-FEC d. Given the spa	C degraded SER PCS alignment s ce available else	<i><bucket><cc></cc></bucket></i> registers prevents status registers (280 to where, this doesn't	Comment The ba " but Suggested	<i>Type</i> ase text ( t there is <i>Remedy</i>	E ( (as amended no "and" sh	Comment Status D d by IEEE Std 802.3bs- own in the P802.3cd dra	201x) has ". Claus aft.	<i><bucket></bucket></i> se 108, and Clause 119
Suggested	dRemedy					Chang	je ". Clau brough fe	use 108, Cla opt	use 119 ." to ". Clause	108, and Clause 1	19 ." where "and " is in
Chang 1.650, 1.652, 1.654,	ge the alloca , 1.651 R , 1.653 R , 1.655 R	ition to: S-FEC degraded S-FEC degraded S-FEC degraded	SER activate th SER deactivate SER interval	reshold 45.2.1 threshold 45.2.1. 45	.1160 116p .2.1.116a	Proposed PROP	Respons OSED A	Se R ACCEPT.	esponse Status W		
Updat	e all referer	ces to these reg	isters throughout	the draft accordi	ngly.	C/ 045	SC 4	5.2.1.102.60	с Р <b>59</b>	L <b>42</b>	# 4
Proposed	Response	Respons	e Status W			Anslow, Po	ete		Ciena		
PROP	POSED ACC	EPT.				Comment	Type	E (	Comment Status D		<bucket></bucket>
<i>Cl</i> <b>030</b> Anslow, Po	SC 30.5 ete	.1.1.2	P <b>43</b> Ciena	L 16	# 2	Suggested	Remedy		e last sentence.		
Comment Comm instan This is Howev incons In 30.4 100GE 100GE 100GE tc. Likewi	Type <b>E</b> nent #20 ag ces of "4-lai s ok for new ver, there au sistent with 15.1.1.2, the BASE-CR10 BASE-SR4 BASE-SR10 ise in 80.1.3	Comment ainst D2.0 chang he" to "four-lane" clauses and new e two places in the he surrounding de existing list has: "over 10 lane s "over 4 lane m "over 10 lane n	nt Status <b>D</b> ed all instances in new text. v text in existing he draft where th existing text. hielded copper" ultimode fiber" nultimode fiber "	of "2-lane" to "two clauses where it i is makes the nev lane", "4 lane" et	<i><bucket></bucket></i> o-lane" and all s appropriate. <i>I</i> ly inserted text	Proposed PROP	Respons	se R SCCEPT.	esponse Status W		
Suggested In 30.5 throug	dRemedy 5.1.1.2 and ghout to be o	80.1.3 change "tr consistent with th	wo-lane" to "2 lai e surrounding te	ne" and "four-lane xt.	e" to "4 lane"						
PROP	POSED ACC	EPT.	e Status W								

CI 069	SC	69.2.3	P	84	L <b>46</b>	# 5		C/ 133	SC	133.5.3		P 19	L 146	#	6
Anslow, Pe	te		Cien	а				Anslow, Pe	ete			Ciena			
Comment T After th Table 6 Etherne	<i>Type</i> nis ame 69–1–– et Phys	T endment is Nomenclati sical Layers	Comment Status applied the table t ure and clause co	<b>D</b> itles will be: rrelation for 1	Gb/s and 10 Gb	< /s Backplan	<i>bucket&gt;</i> e	Comment The ru Same Suggested	<i>Type</i> ling at issue f <i>Reme</i>	E the ned of for the table dy	Comment S a table should e in 133.5.4.8	Status <b>D</b> be "thin" no	ot "very thin".		<bucket></bucket>
Table C Physica Table C Etherno Table C Etherno Table C	59–12– al Laye 59–2– et Phys 59–2a– et Phys 59–2b–	–Nomencia rs Nomenclati sical Layers –Nomencia sical Layers –Nomencia	ure and clause co ture and clause co ture and clause co ture and clause co	rrelation for 4 orrelation for 4 orrelation for 2	D Gb/s and 100 2.5 Gb/s and 5 C 50Gb/s Backpla	Gb/s Backpl Gb/s Backpl Gb/s Backpla	ane	Highlig Ruling Make t Proposed I PROP	ht the Style: he sar Respo OSED	bottom rov "From Tab me change nse ACCEPT.	v of the table, le" to "Bottom to the table in <i>Response</i> S	Table, Form " edge. 1 133.5.4.8. tatus <b>W</b>	nat, Custom R	uling & Shadir	ng, Apply
Table 6	ar ∟aye 69–2c–	–Nomencla	ture and clause co	orrelation for 1	100Gb/s two-lan	e Backplane	:	C/ 134	SC	134.6		P <b>162</b>	L <b>32</b>	#	7
Etherne	et Phys	sical Layers	; itura and alausa a	orrolation for (	200Ch/a Baakal	ana Ethorno		Anslow, Pe	ete			Ciena			
Physica	al Lave	ers					L	Comment	Туре	Е	Comment S	Status D			<bucket></bucket>
To mał Gb/s be	ke this etween	more consi Table 69-1	stent, I will comm I and 69-1a.	ent against P8	302.3cb to move	2.5 Gb/s ar	nd 5	The titl Also, tl	le of Ta he nun	able 134-2 nber of orp	is missing the han rows for t	Table conti he table sho	nuation variab uld be set low	er than 10.	
Also, th	ne title	of Table 69	-2 should be char	nged to clarify	that it does not	contain all 1	00G	Suggested	Reme	dy					
Suggested Either:	Remea	ly						Place t insert ' In Tabl	the cui 'Table le desi	rsor at the Continuati igner, set th	end of table tit on" variable. ne number of o	le on first pa orphan rows	age. Then click	< on the Varial	bles Tab and
Add a d "Table Backpl or: Add a d	change 69–2– ane Etl change	e to the title -Nomencla hernet Phys e to the title	of Table 69-2 to b ture and clause co sical Layers" of Table 69-2 to b	e: prrelation for 4 pe:	0 Gb/s and 100	Gb/s four-la	ine	Proposed I PROP	Respo. OSED	nse ACCEPT.	Response S	tatus <b>W</b>			
"Table Backpl Chango "Table Etherno	69–2– ane Etl e the tit 69–2c- et Phys	-Nomencla hernet Phys tle of Table —Nomencl sical Layers	ture and clause co sical Layers" 69-2c to: ature and clause c ;"	correlation for 4	0 Gb/s and four	-lane 100 G /s Backplan	b/s e								
Proposed F	Respon	ise	Response Status	W											
PROPO	OSED /	ACCEPT IN	N PRINCIPLE.												
Add a d "Table Backpl	change 69–2– ane Etl	to the title -Nomencla hernet Phys	of Table 69-2 to b ture and clause co sical Layers"	e: prrelation for 4	0 Gb/s and four	-lane 100 G	b/s								
Change "Table Etherne	e the tit 69–2c- et Phys	tle of Table —Nomencl sical Layers	69-2c to: ature and clause c	correlation for	two-lane 100Gb	/s Backplan	е								

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 134	SC 134.6.1	P 163	L 50	# 8						
Anslow, Per	te	Ciena								
Comment 7	ype E	Comment Status D	lite a la it ala fina a	-	<bucket></bucket>					
(1.200.) defined despite	in 45.2.1.101.1 at the fact that the	01 defines a whole register ( and it would be more helpful equivalent subclauses in Cla	the bit defined 1.200) not just to change the ause 91 referen	cross-reference t nce the register.	0.1 is to this,					
Suggested	Remedy									
In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 In 134.0 Proposed F	In 134.6.1, change "45.2.1.101" to "45.2.1.101.1" (in forest green). In 134.6.2, change "45.2.1.101" to "45.2.1.101.aa". In 134.6.6, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.8" (in forest green). In 134.6.7, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.7" (in forest green). In 134.6.8, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.6c". In 134.6.9, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.6b". In 134.6.10, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.6a". In 134.6.12, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.2". In 134.6.17, change "45.2.1.102" to "45.2.1.102.1". Proposed Response Response Status W									
PROPU	JSED ACCEPT.									
C/ 031B	SC 31B.4.3	P 328	L <b>40</b>	# 9						
Anslow, Pe	te	Ciena								
Comment 7	уре Т	Comment Status D		<	<bucket></bucket>					
The ad PICS ir	dition of requirem 31B.4.3 and 31	ents for 50 Gb/s Ethernet to 3.4.6 should be made.	31B.3.7 mear	is that changes to	o the					
Suggested	Remedy									
Insert n using th	ew rows into the ne changes made	tables in 31B.4.3 and 31B.4 here by IEEE Std 802.3by-2	.6 for "operatir 2016 as an exa	ng speeds of 50 G ample.	}b/s"					
Dueneed		<b>a</b>								

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 136	SC 136.8.1	1.7.5 <i>P</i> 219	L <b>49</b>	# 10
Lusted, Kent		Intel		
Comment Typ	be T	Comment Status D		Training

It is unclear in the paragraph which modulation and precoding status bits are relevant for the shall statement. Are the bits in this paragraph for the tx path or the rx path or both? The direction is implied to be transmit but not specified.

CI 135.5.7.2 describes the precoder and the associated bits, however the connection of the direction to the shall statement is weak or ambiguous.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the phrase "transmit related" before "modulation and precoding".

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The requirement refers to the transmitted status field (which corresponds to the mode requested by the link partner). There is a variable definition now which the status field reflects. Referring to a variable name is preferable.

#### Change FROM

while the modulation and precoding status bits indicate "PAM4 with precoding"  $\operatorname{\mathsf{TO}}$ 

while local\_tp\_mode equals "pam4 with precoding".

C/ 136	SC	136.8.11.	7.5	P 220	) L1	# 11		C/ 135	SC	135.5.7.2		P 183	L <b>28</b>	# 12
Lusted, Ken	nt			Intel				Lusted, Ke	nt			Intel		
Comment T	уре	т	Comm	ent Status	)		Training	Comment	Туре	т	Comment	Status D		
It is und the sha The dire	clear in Il state ection	the para ment. Ai is implied	graph whi re the bits I to be rec	ch modulatio in this parag eive but not s	n and precoding sta raph for the tx path specified.	tus bits are relev or the rx path or	vant for both?	In the f an exp	first se licit re	entence of the ference to here the ference the ference to here there the ference to here the ference to here the ference to he	he first parag ane 0 and lar	raph starting w ne 1.	vith "The precode	er is enabled" there is
CI 135.8 direction	5.7.2 c n to th	lescribes e shall sta	the preco atement is	der and the a s weak or am	associated bits, how biguous.	ever the connect	tion of the	This er (see D and 2 I	ror in 2.0 co lane P	the paragra omment #17 MD types.	aph occurred '3). The first (i.e. 50GBAS	as a result of c paragraph in tl SE-CR and 100	changes made to he subclause no OGBASE-CR2).	o the subclause for D2.1 w states both 1 lane
SuggestedF	Remea	ly						The fir	st sent	tence of this	s naragranh i	ncludes the nh	rase "one each	lane (0 and 1) " This
Add the	e phras	se "receiv	e related"	before "mod	ulation and precodir	ıg".		denote	s a 2 l	lane PMD.	For the case	of a 1 lane PN	ID, the reference	e to two lanes is
Proposed R	Respon	ise	Respon	se Status	N			incorre	ect.					
PROPC	DSED .	ACCEPT	IN PRINC	IPLE.				Suggested	Reme	dv				
The req	uirem	ent refers	to the rec	quest field (w	hich corresponds to	the mode reque	sted by	Remov	/e "(0 ;	and 1)" fron	n the first ser	ntence in the pa	aragraph.	
the loca	al devi	ce, and w	hich the li	nk partner sh	ould use). There is a	a variable definit	ion now	Proposed I	Respo	nse	Response S	Status W	5 1	
is prefe	rable.	iws the tra	ansmit mo	ide used by t	ne link partner. Refe	erning to a variable	le name	PROP	OSED	ACCEPT.				
Change	FRO	M						C/ 135	SC	135.5.7.2		P 183	L 28	# 13
while th	e mod	lulation a	nd precod	ing request b	its are set to "PAM4	with precoding"		Lusted, Ke	nt			Intel		
while re	mote_	_tp_mode	equals "p	am4 with pre	ecoding".			Comment	Туре	т	Comment	Status D		
Resolve	e with a	#10.						This er comme PMD ty	rror oc ent #1 <sup>*</sup> ypes.	curred as a 73). The fir (i.e. 50GBA	result of cha st paragraph SE-CR and	inges made to in the subclau 100GBASE-CI	the subclause for use now states be R2).	or D2.1 (see D2.0 oth 1 lane and 2 lane
								The se explicit For the	cond : refere case	sentence in ence to lane of a 1 lane	the paragrap 0 and lane 2 PMD, the rel	oh starting with 1: "(where i is ference to two	"The precoder i 0 or 1)". This de lanes is incorrec	s enabled" there is an enotes a 2 lane PMD. .t.
								Suggested	Reme	dy				
								Remov	/e "(wł	here i is 0 o	r 1)" from the	e second sente	nce in the parag	raph.
								Proposed I	Respo	nse	Response S	Status W		

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ <b>134</b> SC <b>134.5.3.3</b> Ran, Adee	P <b>151</b> Intel	L <b>49</b>	# 14		<i>Cl</i> <b>091</b> Ran, Adee	SC 91.6.5a	P 11 Intel	14	L <b>7</b>	# 15
Comment Type <b>T</b> As shown in a contribut http://www.ieee802.org/ performance by the bina threshold is error prone	Comment Status <b>D</b> ion to 802.3bs (see /3/bs/public/16_09/ran_3bs_( ary event of the average sym	01a_0916.pdf), ibol error ratio	predicting the link exceeding some		Comment 7 Paragra suppor The de	<i>Type</i> <b>E</b> aph is read as i ted. scription should	Comment Status if MDIO mapping is on d be aligned with other	<b>D</b> ly valid if the "ability" bits	e degraded SE s in clause 91.	<i><bucket></bucket></i> ER ability is not
In mass deployment of multiple false alerts or p practically error-free op- high margin in all links, An alternative solution, http://www.ieee802.org/ with a specific number of from the RS-FEC decoderrors and identifying lind defined after the data is The proposal was not a with the PCS FEC whice would use another FEC so this method is perfect If information on degrader use the relevant information	802.3cd links, as expected in berceived degradations in link eration. The only way to avoid but that would likely increase outlined in (3/bs/public/16_09/ran_3bs_f of symbol errors in separate der and would be much more that have insufficient man is collected). Inccepted in 802.3, the main of h might only be used in an X but in 802.3cd there are not ctly adequate.	n future data ce ks that have an d these false a e the cost. D2a_0916.pdf, counters. This e useful for prec gin (and the de bjection being S while the act o XS's and no o ectable errors is	enters, this may resu ple margin for larms is to have a v is to count codewor information is availa dicting uncorrectable esired margin can be that it is tightly coup ual PMD-PMD link ther FEC is expected s desirable, it should	ult in rery able e eled eled	Suggestedi Change FROM This va 45.2.1. TO The va defined Proposed F PROPO	Remedy e the third sente 102 (1.201.3). riable is set to 2 I in 45.2.1.102 ( Response DSED ACCEPT	ence in this paragraph zero if this ability is no zero if this ability is not (1.201.3). <i>Response Status</i> F.	text t supported t supported.	and is mappe This variable	d to the bit defined in is mapped to the bit
SuggestedRemedy A detailed proposal will Proposed Response	be presented.									

PROPOSED REJECT.

Pending presentation and task force discussion.

C/ 134 Ran Adee	SC 134.5.2.6	P 154	L 51	# 16	C/ <b>136</b> Ran Adee	SC 136.9.3	P 224	L <b>22</b>	# 17
Comment T	vpe T Co	omment Status D		<00>	Comment	Tvpe E	Comment Status D		Tx specs
Now the betweer	at the FEC degraded in the feature in 200 (	feature is introduced in Gb/s links and in 50 or	nto 802.3cd, there 100 Gb/s links: fo	e is an inconsistency or the latter there is no	The ed change	litor's note sho es in SNDR, Sl	uld be removed at some poin NR_ISI, and SNR_TX.	t if there is no dis	cussion of suggested
signalin	g of the status of the	FEC_degraded_SER	variable to the lin	k partner.	Suggested	Remedy			
(compa	re to 119.2.4.4 which	defines that FEC_deg	raded_SER is si	gnalled to the link	Unless	other comme	nts prevent this, remove this	note.	
partner	using a status field in	n the alignment marker	·).		Proposed I	Response	Response Status W		
This cre	eates a major differer	nce between the usage	models which m	ay go unnoticed.	PROP	OSED REJEC	Т.		
The alig	nment marker in this	clause and in clause	91 has a single p	ad bit (P154 L51 in this	Pendin	g resolution of	f other comments on these to	pics.	
clause)	which can be used to	o signal the degradatio	n status to the pa	artner.	C/ 137	SC 137.9	Р	L	# 18
Since n	o XS is defined for th	ese PHYs, it is sugges	sted to only signa	I the local degradation.	Ran, Adee		Intel		
Alternat informat	ively, if the signaling tive NOTEs in 134.5. 0 Gb/s (and 400 GB/	to the link partner is no 3.3.2 and in 91.5.3.3.1 (s).	ot provided, there , telling the reade	e should at least be er about the difference	Comment There i impeda	<i>Type</i> <b>T</b> is a long debat ance when qua	Comment Status <b>D</b> te in this task force about how alifving a channel.	v to account for tr	Return loss ansmitter and receiver
Suggested	Remedy	<i>cj</i> .							
Specify asserted	that the pad bit is all d, and is set to 0 whe	ernating between 0 an en FEC_degraded_SEI	d 1 when FEC_d R is asserted.	egraded_SER is not	Since a backpl that im Howey	a backplane er ane with a des pedance. This er. COM calcu	nvironment is mostly an engir ired characteristic impedance can improve design flexibility ilation and Tx/RX tests will ha	<ul> <li>eered system, it</li> <li>and use endpoint</li> <li>of backplanes a</li> <li>to be altered f</li> </ul>	is possible to design a nt devices matched to nd silicon devices. or such a combination.
Add a v	ariable rx_rm_degra	ded that holds the remo	ote degradation s	status and is set based	Suggested	Remedv			
equal to	o 0) and an MDIO reg	ister mapped to this va	ariable.	received with pad bits	l will su	ubmit a presen	tation with proposed changes	s.	
Apply si	imilarly in clause 91.				Proposed I	Response	Response Status W		
Proposed R	esponse Re	sponse Status W			PROP	OSED ACCEP	PT IN PRINCIPLE.		
PROPO	SED REJECT.				Pendin	g presentation	).		
For task	force discussion.				C/ 136D	SC 136D.3	P 395	L <b>28</b>	# 19
					Ran, Adee		Intel		
					Comment T "The e	<i>Type</i> <b>E</b> xamples are;"	Comment Status D should be "The examples are	:" (colon instead	<bucket> of semicolon)</bucket>
					Suggested per cor	<i>Remedy</i> mment			
					Proposed I	Response	Response Status W		

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 136D	SC 136	5D.3.1	P <b>395</b>	L <b>37</b>	# 20	C/ 136D	SC 136D.3.	2 P 39	96	L <b>25</b>	# 22
Ran, Adee			Intel			Ran, Adee		Intel			
Comment 7	Туре Е		Comment Status D	)		Comment	Гуре Е	Comment Status	D		
The res	sult of the	added te	xt is an awkward pai	r of statements: firs	t we specify a cable	In a ca	ble, near-end a	ind far-end depend on	the end t	that you are at.	
that cal	bles (plura	al) can als	so have different plug	gs on each end, and	d then "It may be used"	136D.3	.3.has a better	phrasing.			
(singlua	ar again).					Also ar	nlies to 136D (	3 /			
This ca	n be mad	e simpler	, eliminating the plur	al statement.		Aiso af	Pomodu	5.4.			
Suggestedl	Remedy					Chang	e "on the near of	end" to "on one end" a	and "on th	he far end" to "o	on the other end"
Change	e FROM					Change					
(.)"on b	oth ends.	One plug	g to one plug cables	can also have diffe	rent cable plugs on each	Apply s	similarly in 136	D.3.4			
TO						Proposed I	Response	Response Status	w		
(.)"on e	either end.	"				PROP	DSED ACCEP	T IN PRINCIPLE.			
Proposed F	Response	I	Response Status 🛛 🛚	V		Implem	ent suggested	remedy and check oth	ner instar	nces of near and	d far.
PROPO	OSED AC	CEPT.									
C/ 136D	SC 136	D.3.1	P 395	L 38	# 21						
Ran, Adee			Intel								
Comment 1	Туре Т		Comment Status D	)							
"It may link".	be used t	o connec	t the host form facto	ors in 136D.2 with a	single or multiple 50 Gb/s						
This is (taken f	an incorre from 802.3	ect staten 3by), whi	nent - 136D.2 specifi ch can only form a si	es the single-lane S ingle 50 Gb/s link.	SFP28 host form factor						
It is als cable a and 10	o irrelevar ssembly o 0 Gb/s or 1	nt to refer can have 200 GB/s	to the SFP28 host f any type of connecto inks.	orm factor, since th or on each end and	ese one-plug to one-plug also form multiple links						
Suggestedl	Remedy										
Delete	the quoted	d sentend	ce.								
Proposed F	Response	I	Response Status N	V							
PROPO	OSED AC	CEPT.									

C/ 136D	SC 136D.3.2	P <b>396</b>	L 26	# 23	]
Ran. Adee		Intel			

## Comment Type E Comment Status D

"It may be used to connect a QSFP28 or microQSFP form factor host (see 136D.2.2 or 136D.2.3) to two QSFP28 or microQSFP form factor hosts with two 50GBASE-CR links or one 100GBASE-CR2 link"

The phrase "with two 50GBASE-CR links or one 100GBASE-CR2 link" is true for each of the two hosts on the two-plug end. The host on the one-plug end will have either four or two links. This is not clear from first reading.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change the quoted sentence to

"It may be used to connect a QSFP28 or form factor host (see 136D.2.2) or a microQSFP form factor host (see 136D.2.3) on the one-plug end to two QSFP28 or microQSFP form factor hosts on the two-plug end, such that the host on the one-plug end forms two 50GBASE-CR links or one 100GBASE-CR2 link with each of the hosts on the two-plug end."

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Response same as suggested remedy except deleted first instance of "or" in first sentence.

"It may be used to connect a QSFP28 form factor host (see 136D.2.2) or a microQSFP form factor host (see 136D.2.3) on the one-plug end to two QSFP28 or microQSFP form factor hosts on the two-plug end, such that the host on the one-plug end forms two 50GBASE-CR links or one 100GBASE-CR2 link with each of the hosts on the two-plug end."

C/ 136D	SC 136D.3.2	P <b>396</b>	L <b>24</b>	#	24
Ran, Adee		Intel			

#### Comment Type T Comment Status D

How about a one-plug end with a by-8 plug (OSFP or QSFP-DD) to two-plug ends with by-4 plugs? Do we need a separate cable form factor, or should we add this to the one-plug to two-plug form factor?

It seems that any way we do this will be confusing to the reader, since the number of connectors on each end does not fully decribe the cable form factor.

It is suggested to rename the form factors to be more definitive, and add a new form factor that is currently missing.

## SuggestedRemedy

Rename the form factors according to the number of lanes on each plug on each end. This will create the following form factors:

- 1:1 (existing 136D.3.1)
- 4:2 (existing 136D.3.2)
- 4:1 (existing 136D.3.3)
- 8:1 (existing 136D.3.4)
- 8:4 (new form factor as per comment).

Add a new subclause 136D.3.5 to describe the new form factor, based on 136D.3.2.

Proposed Response Response Status W

## PROPOSED REJECT.

The commentor points out that a one-plug end with a by-8 plug (OSFP or QSFP-DD) to twoplug ends with by-4 plugs is missing. In the development of the Annex it was recognized there were many possibilities and therefore chose a subset of the possible cable assembly form factors as examples. The examples are; one-plug to one-plug, one-plug to two-plug, one-plug to four-plug, and one-plug

to eight-plug and that "cable assembly form factors consisting of any combination of MDIs and number of lanes that meet the requirements of 136.11 are acceptable".

While the suggested remedy has merit it would need to be translated into text that maintains cosistency with the definitions of form factors.

For task force discussion

Mellitz Richard	Samiec			Mellitz Rich	ard	Sar	ntec	- •=	π <b>∠</b> Ι
Comment Type T	R Comment Status D		Return loss	Comment T	vne TR	Comment Stati	s D		Return Io
Return loss in tab for channels. This digital signaling a This comment is manufacturing va 71, 72, and 113. In addition this co d2.0 unresolved of SuggestedRemedy Add item to list for pertaining to diffe Proposed Response PROPOSED RES The suggested response	le 120D-1 is either too restrictive is likely because a frequency do a given bit error ratio. a potential solution for the variat riations of package parameters r mment is also a potential solutio omments 140 and 141. r an ERL requirement to be grea rential return loss keeping comm <i>Response Status</i> <b>W</b> ECT. medy is a substantial change tha	for devices and omain mask doe bility of COM due eferred to in d2.0 n issued of retur ter than 8 dB. Ro on mode return	not restrictive enough s not truly represent o unresolved comments n loss issues indicated emove section 137.9.3.1 loss	Return loss in table 120D-1 is either too restrictive for devices and not restrictive enoug for channels. This is likely because the frequency domain mask does not truly represen- digital signaling at a given bit error ratio. This comment is a potential solution for the variability of COM due to potential manufacturing variations of package parameters referred to in d2.0 unresolved commen- 71, 72, and 113. In addition this comment is also a potential solution issued of return loss issues indicat d2.0 unresolved comments 140 and 141. <i>SuggestedRemedy</i> Add item to list for an ERL requirement to be greater than 8 dB. Remove section 137.5 pertaining to differential return loss keeping common mode return loss <i>Proposed Response</i> <i>Response Status</i> <i>W</i> PROPOSED REJECT. The suggested remedy is a substantial change that requires consensus. For task force discussion					
For task force dis	cussion.			C/ 137	SC 137.1	0.2 F	252	L 48	# 28
C/ 137 SC 137	P <b>249</b>	<i>L</i> 1	# 26	Mellitz, Rich	ard	Sar	ntec		
Mellitz, Richard	Samtec			Comment T	vpe TR	Comment Statu	s D		Return los
Comment Type TI ERL requires a d This comment is manufacturing va 71, 72, and 113. In addition this co d2.0 unresolved of SuggestedRemedv	R Comment Status D escrition on how to measure and a potential solution for the variat riations of package parameters r mment is also a potential solutio omments 140 and 141.	compute bility of COM due eferred to in d2.0 n issued of retur	<i>Return loss</i> to potential ) unresolved comments n loss issues indicated	Return I channel signalin This cor manufac 71, 72, a In additi d2.0 un	oss in 137.1 s. This is lik g at a given nment is a cturing varia and 113. on this com esolved cor	10.2 is either too restri ely because a frequer bit error ratio. potential solution for t ttions of package para ment is also a potentia mments 140 and 141.	ctive for de cy domair ne variabili meters ref al solution	evices and not r n mask does no ity of COM due erred to in d2.0 issued of return	estrictive enough for t truly represent digital to potential unresolved comments n loss issues indicated
Add annex descri	bing ERL measurement and corr	nputation. See th	is interim and prior	SuggestedR	emedy				
presentations for Proposed Response PROPOSED RE	description Response Status W ECT.		·	Add a lii exhibit ( loss kee Proposed R	ne for sugge COM less th ping insertions Portions (Comparison of the second sec	esting a channel ERL s an 3.5 dB. Remove se on loss recommendati <i>Response Statu</i>	hould be g ctions of 1 on s <b>W</b>	greater than 8 d 137.10.2 pertain	IB for channels which ing to differential return
The suggested re	medy is a substantial change tha	at requires conse	ensus.	PROPO	SED REJE	CT.			
For task force dis	cussion.			The sug	gested rem	edy is a substantial ch	ange that	requires consei	nsus.
				For task	force discu	ission.			

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 28

Page 9 of 27 2017-09-06 11:58:08 A

Return loss

Return loss

C/         137         SC         137.10         P 252           Hidaka, Yasuo         Fujitsu Lab. of	L 7 # 29	<i>Cl</i> <b>137</b> <i>SC</i> <b>137.8.3</b> Hidaka, Yasuo	<i>Р</i> <b>247</b> Fujitsu Lab. of A	L 52 # 31
Comment Type E Comment Status D f_LF is also a parameter for zero. In P802.3bs D3.3, low frequency pole/zero". SuggestedRemedy	<i>Nomenclature</i> it is named as "Continuous time filter,	Comment Type E 137.8.3 describes the F SuggestedRemedy Change "transmit" to "r	Comment Status <b>D</b> PMD receive function. eceive" in the first paragraph of	 bucket 137.8.3.
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.		Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT See comment #75.	Response Status W IN PRINCIPLE.	
f_LF is the frequency corresponding to the pole. It do g_DC is 0 dB.	es not correspond to the zero unless	C/ <b>137</b> SC <b>137.8.4</b> Hidaka. Yasuo	P <b>248</b> Fuiitsu Lab. of A	L 25 # 32
C/ 137       SC 137.9.3       P 249         Hidaka, Yasuo       Fujitsu Lab. of         Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         137.9.3.1 specifies receiver input return loss which w       we specify here, it should be described as an excepti       137.9.3.1 looks same as Table 120D-5 including the         return loss may be de-embedded from the return loss same as Equation (120D-2) and Equation (137-2) is an remove the sub-clause 137.9.3.1. A reference to	L 45     # 30       Americ     Return loss       ras also specified in Table 120D-5. If     fill       ron. In addition, the specification in     new statement of "The test fixture       s measurements." Equation (137-1) is       same as Equation (93-5). It seems we       Table 120D-5 may be sufficient.	Comment Type E 137.8.4 describes the F SuggestedRemedy Change "global signal" Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT.	Comment Status D PMD global signal detect functio to "global signal detect" in the fi Response Status W	 bucket on. irst paragraph of 137.8.4.
SuggestedRemedy Remove the last statement in 137.9.3, sub-clause 13 4.	7.9.3.1, Figure 137-3, and Figure 137-	Hidaka, Yasuo	Fujitsu Lab. of A	meric
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. P802.3bs D3.3 120D was updated to include the sam	ne return loss specifications.	137.8.5 describes the F SuggestedRemedy Change "lane-by-lane s 137.8.5.	PMD lane-by-lane signal detect f	function.
Delete: "In addition, the return loss specifications in 1 Delete subclause 137.9.3.1 including figures 137-3 a	137.9.3.1 apply." nd 137-4.	Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT.	Response Status W	

C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.1.3 P 209 L 43 # 34	C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.4.2 P 214 L 42 # 35
Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Lab. of Americ	Hidaka, Yasuo Fujitsu Lab. of Americ
Comment Type T Comment Status D Nomenclatur	Comment Type T Comment Status D Nomenclatur
It seems the variable 'n' in this sub-clause does not follow the convention in 136.2, where the parameter 'n' is said to be used to describe the number of lanes in a specific PMD. Change the letter. Also, it is not clear what 'n' represents. Short description of 'n' may help as well.	It seems the function name UPDATE_Cn does not follow the convention in 136.2, where the parameter 'n' is said to be used to describe the number of lanes in a specific PMD. Change 'n' in 'UPDATE_Cn' to another letter such as 'k'.
SuggestedRemedy	Suggested Remedy
Change 'n' to another letter such as 'n' at two locations in the text and two locations in	Change 'n' of UPDATE_Ch to another letter such as 'k'.
Table 136-8. Add a brief description about what 'n'.	P214 L42 P217 L9 P219 L7
Proposed Response Response Status W	P222 L27 in Figure 136-9
PROPOSED REJECT.	Proposed Response Response Status W
	PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
The text includes a definition of n in the sentence "The polynomials for each identifier value n."	The procedure uses a parameter name named "k", so UPDATE_C(k) is more appropriate.
Usage of n in 136.2 results from comment #154 against Draft 1.0. Here and in other cases where n is used with another meaning, that meaning is explicitly stated.	Rename the procedure and references to it to UPDATE_C(k).
The convention of n being the number of lanes, and the table with the identifier n, are consistent with precedent uses, such as 92.3 and 92.7.12.	
The current text is not expected to confuse readers.	

C/ 136C SC 136C.1	<i>Р</i> <b>385</b> Fuiitsu Lab. o	L <b>40</b> f Americ	# 36	C/ 137 Dawe Piers	SC 137.9.3.1	P <b>250</b> Mellapox	L <b>1</b>	# 37
Comment Type T C	Comment Status D			Comment T	ype TR	Comment Status D		Return loss
136.9.1 states AC-coupling 136C.1), whereas 136C.1 s connectors. In PICS, item C connector. It is not clear whe coupled, it is not clear wher SuggestedRemedy Change "For 50GBASE-CR AC-coupled. The AC-coupli	within the cable assemb tates that the receive lar CA9 refers AC-coupling o tether the transmit lanes the they are AC-coupled.	bly plug connect hes are AC-coup on the receive la are AC-coupled 200GBASE-CR ug connectors."	tors (as specified in pled within the plug ane within the plug d or not. If they are AC- 4, the receive lanes are	Now that mismatto because receiver any mot apparer RL. The frequen	tt COM is define ch is the receive e the receiver in attributes. And re. This RL is m tly looser betwe e effect of (good cies anyway. S	ed with a near-neutral termin er designer's concern, not the terference tolerance test find d we don't expect transmitter nuch tighter than CEI-56G-LF een 4 and 9 GHz). At low fre d) RL at low frequency is mu- to we can go back to what we	ation and pack e standard's, un ls its effect cor return loss to a e at low (and hi quencies it is t ch less than the e had a few dra	age impedance, receiver nless it is very extreme, nbined with other align to the COM model gh) frequency (although ighter than the channel e less good RL at higher afts ago.
to "For 50GBASE-CR, 100GB	CRASE-CR 100CRASE-CR2 and 200CRASE-CR4 the receive lange are AC-				<i>emedy</i> "shall meet n (137-1)" to "sh nge 14.25 - f to	hall meet Equation (93-3)" ar 12 -0.625f. revise the figure.	nd delete Eq 13	37-1 and Fig 137-3.
coupled. The AC-coupling s coupled at the receive lanes assembly."	coupled. The AC-coupling shall be within the plug connectors. The transmit lanes are AC- coupled at the receive lanes in the plug connectors on the other end of the cable assembly."			Proposed R PROPC	esponse SED REJECT.	Response Status W		
Proposed Response Re PROPOSED REJECT.	esponse Status W			The effe	ect on system pe	erformance of the proposed	change has no	t been analyzed.
Same language is used in s specification, leaving the lo	92.12.1 100GBASE-CR4 cation of the AC-coupling	MDI connector	rs and 110.11 MDI enter.	For task	force discussio	on.		
For task force discussion.								

C/ 138	SC 138.7.1	P 270	L 10	#	38
Dawe, Piers		Mellanox			

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status D

It seems that it is possible to make a bad transmitter (e.g. with a noisy or distorted signal), use emphasis to get it to pass the TDECQ test, yet leave a realistic, compliant receiver with an unreasonable challenge, such as high peak power, high crest factor, or a need to remove emphasis from the signal, contrary to what equalizers are primarily intended to do. With some of the changed low-bandwidth TDECQ being used to equalize the reference receiver's own bandwidth, this issue becomes more apparent. Note the receiver is tested for a very slow signal only, not for any of these abusive signals. This is an issue for all the PAM4 optical PMDs, although it may be worse for MMF because of the high TDECQ limit.

#### SuggestedRemedy

1. To screen for noisy or distorted signals with heavy emphasis

Define TDECQrms = 10\*log10(A\_RMS/(s\*3\*Qt\*R)) where A\_RMS is the standard deviation of the measured signal after the 13.28125 GHz filter response, Qt and R are as already in Eq 212-12. s is the standard deviation of a fast clean signal with OMA=2 and without emphasis, observed through the 13.28125 GHz filter response (around 0.7 - can be calculated when the filter bandwidth is stable). Set limit for TDECQrms according to what level of dirty-but-emphasised signal we decide is acceptable, add max TDECQrms row to the table. Alternatively, if the same relative limit is acceptable for all PAM4 optical PMDs, the limit could be in the TDECQ procedure 121.8.5.3 as proposed in bs comment(s). Similarly in clauses 139, 140.

2. To protect the TIA input, consider a peak power spec as in Clause 86.

3. To protect the TIA and any AGC and TIA from unreasonable signals, consider a crest factor spec.

4. To protect the equalizer from having to support unnecessary settings, require that the cursor is one of the first three taps.

5. To protect the receiver from having to "invert" heavily over-emphasised signals, set a minimum cursor weight.

#### Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment is related to unsatisfied comments i-140 and r02-35 against 802.3bs draft 3.2.

# The resolution to comment r02-35 was: "PROPOSED REJECT

Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the problem. The commenter is invited to provide a contribution that demonstrates the problem (a waveform that passes TDECQ but cannot be decoded by a reasonable receiver implementation) and that the proposed additional requirement prevents this issue from occurring."

The proposed remedy to this comment is almost identical to that for r02-35:

Insufficient evidence of the claimed problem and that the proposed remedy fixes the

problem. The commenter is invited to provide a contribution that demonstrates the problem (a waveform that passes TDECQ but cannot be decoded by a reasonable receiver implementation) and that the proposed additional requirements prevent this issue from occurring.

C/ 139	SC 139.6.1	P 29	91 <i>L</i> 36	# 39				
Dawe, Piers	6	Mellar	хог					
Comment Type E Comment Status D <bucket> There's only one lane here.</bucket>								
SuggestedF Change	R <i>emedy</i> e "Total average	launch power (max)'	to "Average launcl	h power (max)".				

Proposed Response	Response Status			
PROPOSED ACCEPT.				

C/ 139	SC 139.6.1	P 291	L 36	# 40
Dawe, Piers		Mellanox		

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The discussion around D2.0 comment 152 implied that there is receiver margin to spare in 50GBASE-FR.

#### SuggestedRemedy

reduce all the optical power levels for 50GBASE-FR (except Rx damage) by 1 dB. Bring more evidence for what optical power levels and TDECQ limits are right, including TDECQ measurements with SSPRQ, and correlation to actual receiver performance. Review the TDECQ limit.

# Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment is a follow up comment to comment #152 to D2.0.

The current values are based on the adoption of a baseline proposal in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/May16/cole\_3cd\_01\_0516.pdf during the May 2016 meeting in Whistler by a motion with the following results. Y: 54 N: 0 A: 25.

It is known that there are margins in both transmitter and receiver specifications when the baseline proposal was adopted.

No analysis has been provided that changing the current values by 1 dB would enable lower cost solutions and/or better performance.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 139	SC 139.7.1	P <b>294</b>	L 34	#	41
Dawe, Piers		Mellanox			

# Comment Type TR Comment Status D

For SRS testing, while Table 138-12 following 802.3by Table 95-10 allows PRBS31Q, scrambled idle (with FEC) or valid 50GBASE-SR... signal, but this Table 139-10 (following the older 802.3ba) allows only PRBS31Q and scrambled idle. The 58-bit scrambler is so long that we can't tell the statistics of RS-FEC encoded scrambled idle from any other valid 50GBASE-R signal. RF, which is a valid 50GBASE-R signal, is often more convenient than scrambled idle. Table 89-10 (40GBASE-FR) also allows PRBS31, scrambled idle or valid 40GBASE-R signal.

We should consistently allow a valid xGBASE-R signal when FEC is mandatory (unlike clauses 87 and 88).

## SuggestedRemedy

Change "3 or 5" to "3, 5, 6 or valid 50GBASE-R signal". Also in Table 140-10. Similar changes should be made in bs (D3.0 comment 25).

Proposed Response	Response Status	w
-------------------	-----------------	---

#### PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment is almost identical to comment #126 to D2.0 with the following response: The recommended test patterns 3 (PRBS31Q) or 5 (scrambled idles) are more than adequate for SRS testing. The current approach is used in in-force SMF Clauses 87 and 88 and in progress (for P802.3bs) Clauses 121, 122 and 124. For consistency with corresponding Clauses in P802.3bs the pattern set should stay as it is. SSPRQ (pattern 6) is intended only for transmitter testing. Therefore it is not relevant for this test and may overstress the receiver.

Because the proposed remedy is identical to the one in comment #126, the response to #126 is also applicable to this comment to D2.1.

Modifications to P802.3bs are outside the scope of the cd Task Force.

C/ 140	SC 140.6.1	P 314	L 33	#	42
Dawe, Piers	5	Mellanox			

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status D

D2.0 comment 128: PAM4 optics is still new and raw, we are still debugging the specification methodology, and we have seen too little experimental information showing technical and economic feasibility. As measurements with the new TDECQ method and with new receiver designs become available, it may be that optical power levels can be reduced and the spec as in this draft would be uneconomic.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Reduce all the optical power levels for 100GBASE-DR by 0.5 dB.

Bring more evidence for what optical power levels and TDECQ limits are right; in particular, TDECQ measurements with SSPRQ, and correlation to actual receiver performance. Review the TDECQ limit.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

No analysis has been provided that changing the current values by 0.5 dB would enable lower cost solutions and/or better performance.

Furthermore the existing values for 100GBASE-DR are intentionally consistent with the values for one lane in 400GBASE-DR4 in P802.3bs.

C/ 136	SC 136.9.3	P <b>224</b>	L 10	# 43
Dawe, Piers		Mellanox		

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

<NSR>

As explained before, J4u should be changed to J3u. The equivalent J3u is known (D2.0 comment 144) but we need an estimate of the difference in jitter between TP0a and TP2 so that we can choose more appropriate limits for the two test points (D2.0 comment 143).

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change J4u to J3u, here and in 137. Choose the limit at TP2 considering jitter limit at TP0a, the mated compliance board crosstalk specs, and the slower edges at TP2.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

The suggested remedy is not specific and cannot be used to apply a change in the draft.

The commenter is encouraged to build consensus around a specific remedy.

C/ <b>136</b> SC <b>136.1</b> Dawe, Piers	1.2 <i>P</i> 232 Mellanox	L 28	# 44	C/ <b>136</b> Dawe, Pier	SC <b>136.9.3</b>	P <b>224</b> Mellanox	L <b>6</b>	# 46
Comment Type TR Where did 17.16 dl 16.48 or 15.5 dB (C high is objective cro SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status D B come from? the limit should be CA-25G-S CA-25G-N), adjusted f eep.	e consistent with or Nyquist frequ	Cable assembly other 3 m cables: ency. Setting it too	Comment Please RLM a Other Side-n PAM4	Type E put the abbre nd SNRISI. examples: node suppress (TDECQ), eac	Comment Status <b>D</b> viation that one will string-sear on ratio (SMSR), (min) Transm h lane (max) Transmitter and o	ch for (SNDR) ir nitter and disper dispersion eye c	<i><bucket></bucket></i> the table, as done for sion eye closure for losure (TDEC), each
accordingly. Proposed Response PROPOSED REJE	Response Status W	10A-230-3. 36		iane (r penalt <i>Suggested</i> Signal	nax) vertical e y (TDP), each <i>Remedy</i>	listortion ratio (SNDR) (min )	ch lane Transmi	tter and dispersion
The value 17.16 dE palkert_3cd_01b_0 number makes the	B is included in the resolution of o 717 and the task force discussio channel IL the same as for Clau	comment #124 a n following the p se 137.	gainst D2.0, based on resentation. This	Proposed PROP	Response OSED ACCEP	Response Status W		
C/ 136 SC 136.9	.4.2.2 P 228	L <b>42</b>	# 45	C/ <b>136</b> Dawe, Pier	SC <b>136.11.</b> s	7 <i>P</i> 233 Mellanox	L 18	# 47
Comment Type T It seems the test ch D2.0 comment 72.	Comment Status D	tightening, even	< <i>NSR</i> > if not as much as in	Comment The C 71 and	<i>Type</i> <b>TR</b> OM impedance I 113.	Comment Status D is should be moved towards no	eutral, as explair	Cable assembly ned in D2.0 comment
SuggestedRemedy Implement D2.0 co	mment 72 but with a different eq	uation in place o	of 92-38.	Suggested Make change	<i>Remedy</i> changes propo e the paramete	sed in D2.0 comment 71 and h r name unless it is coordinated	hidaka_3cd_01_ d with the name	0717 - except don't used in Annex 93A.
Proposed Response PROPOSED REJE	Response Status W			Proposed PROP	Response OSED REJEC	Response Status W		
The suggested rem	edy is not specific and cannot b	e used to apply	a change in the draft.	Comm	ent #71 agains	t D2.0 suggested changing C	OM parameters	to use well-matched
The commenter is	encouraged to build consensus a	around a specific	; remedy.	imped	ance of 100 Of	ims.		in and board
				The co	omment was re	jected due to lack of consensu	JS.	
				The re	lated changes	suggested in comment #113 v	vere also not in o	consensus.
				The co prever	mment does r	ot provide any new information provide any new information provide any new information of the provided of the	n, nor address a	ny concerns that

Cl 136 Dawe, Pie	SC 136.1	1.7.1.1	P <b>234</b> Mellanox	L 49	# 48	<i>Cl</i> <b>137</b> Dawe, Pier	SC 1 s	37.9.2	P <b>249</b> Mellanox	L 29	# 50
Comment Now th imped	<i>Type</i> <b>T</b> hat we have r ance seems	Com noved CON inconsistent	<i>ment Status</i> <b>D</b> 1 to a neutral impeda t.	nce basis, using	Cable assembly 109.8 ohm PCB	Comment Signal- (Clause down	<i>Type</i> to-noise e 137) f	TR e-and-dis or all Tx e	Comment Status <b>D</b> tortion ratio (min), increased emphasis settings, is too high each backly measure the IC th	to 33.3 dB (Cla h: see dawe_3b	<i>Tx specs</i> use 136) and to 32.5 dB ps_04_0717 and
Suggested Add ar "and th	dRemedy nother excep he parameter	tion to Table values give	e 92-12: Zc = 100.  Ir en in Table 92-12" (th	n 136.11.7.1.1 ar hat is stated in 13	nd 136.11.7.1.2, delete 36.11.7.1).	depend depend pessim as jitte	ds on er histic an r, in CO	mphasis, d not rea M. D2.0	while COM assumes the spe listic. Also I suspect there is a comment 139.	c limit at all em double counting	phasis settings which is g of jitter in SNDR and
Proposed PROP The su	Response OSED REJE uggested rem	Resp CT. iedy is a sul	onse Status W	requires conser	nsus.	Suggested Apply a SNDR( empha	Remedy a SNDR 0+20log Isis only	y Llimit tha 10(Pmax v.	t accounts for the way Pmax _equalized/Pmax_unequalized	varies with emped), or apply the	phasis: e SNDR spec for no
A simi of con	lar change w sensus.	as proposed	d in comment #71 ag	ainst D2.0 and v	vas rejected due to lack	Proposed I PROP	Respon OSED A	se ACCEPT	Response Status W IN PRINCIPLE.		
<i>Cl</i> <b>137</b> Dawe, Pie	SC 137.9	.2	P <b>249</b> Mellanox	L 28	# 49	The real	sponse	to comm	ent #139 against D2.0 was:		
Comment Transa 137) is measu but do Suggested See pi Proposed	Type <b>TR</b> mitter outputs s still too high ure the IC thr eesn't solve it dRemedy resentation. Response	Com residual ISI see dawe_ bugh the tes D2.0 con Resp	ment Status D SNR_ISI (min) 36.8 3bs_04_0717 and da st fixture. The warning ment 140 onse Status W	dB (Clause 136) awe_3cd_02a_0 g NOTE in 120D	<i>Tx specs</i> and 43 dB (Clause 717 - can barely .3.1.7 shows the issue,	REJE dawe_ The co adoptir The co The su For tas	3cd_02 omment og any c ommente oggested sk force	_0717 wa highlights of the projection is enco of remedy discussion	is presented. s some issues in the current oposed solutions. ourged to build consensus an is a new proposal. on.	draft, but there d bring a new p	was no consensus for proposal."
PROP	POSED REJE	CT. on and task	force discussion.								

CL 427	C 437 0 3	D 240	1.20	# [74	CI 427 SC	197.0.9
Dawe, Piers	50 137.9.2	F 249 Mellanox	L <b>29</b>	# 51	Dawe, Piers	/ 137.9.2
Comment Typ COM SNR (imperfect in COM. I SuggestedRer Reduce th degradatic impairmer	e TR _TX is defined ) test equipme D2.0 comment <i>nedy</i> e SNDR speci on caused by to ths.	Comment Status <b>D</b> d at the TX output. SNDR i ent therefore is lower than S a 139. ification to 29 dB for both 0 he package and test fixture	s measured thru   SNR_TX, causing Clause 136 and 13 e as well as by the	<i>Tx specs</i> backage and TF by real some double counting 7 to account for the measurement	Comment Type Now that CC expect trans tighter than and 9 GHz). at low freque there is less when the re	TR Con DM is defined with mitter return loss CEI-56G-LR at low cency is much less concern about en ceiver is challenge
Proposed Res PROPOSI The packa	ponse ED REJECT. age and test fiv	Response Status W	are effectively de-	embedded in the linear	SuggestedReme If bs doesn't similar to the figure to illus If 137-1 is re	<i>∋dy</i> t fix this, add anoth e Cl.93 and the ch strate. Refer to ne evised as above fo
The claim Creating a	that measured	d SNDR is lower than "real 3.5 dB between the COM (	" SNDR is not sul	estantiated. TX) and the	Proposed Respo PROPOSEI Defining CC	onse Resp O REJECT. OM with close to no

corresponding TX parameter (SNDR) would break the budget. Bad transmitters may pass the Tx specs but cause their partner's receiver to fail.

C/ 137	SC 137.9.2	P <b>24</b>	9	L 30	#	52
Dawe, Piers		Mellan	OX			
Comment Tv	pe TR	Comment Status	D			Return loss

a near-neutral termination and package impedance, we don't to align to the COM model any more. This RL is much w (and high) frequency (although apparently looser between 4 ies it is tighter than the channel RL. The effect of (good) RL than the less good RL at higher frequencies anyway, and nd-to-end reflections than in C2C because the loss is higher ed. So we can go back to what we had a few drafts ago.

ner exception and create new equation for Tx RL that is hannel RL at low frequencies; 12 -0.625f, 8.7-0.075f. Add ew equation instead of existing 137-1. or the receiver, can continue to point to it.

Proposed Response	Response Status	W
-------------------	-----------------	---

ominal termination implies that the transmitter and receivers are expected to have good impedance matching at low frequencies.

The suggested remedy allows transmitters which do not meet this expectation. Such transmitters would pass the Tx specs but may cause a system with compliant channel and receiver to fail.

C/ 136	SC 1	136.8.11.4	P <b>2</b> 1	1 <b>3</b> L	. 40	#	53
Slavick, Jeff			Broad	com Limited			
Comment Ty	pe	TR	Comment Status	D			Nomenclature
The word multiple predefine	d "pre Initial ed by	set" has so Conditions the standar	me previous conita it can use named F d equalizer settings	tions from Cl72 PRESET1,2,3. s.	2 meaning NoEq These initial c	. ( one	CI134 has ditions are

#### SuggestedRemedy

Change "preset initial conditions" to "predefined initial conditions"

Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Note that the term "preset" is taken from the baseline proposal (healey\_3cd\_01a\_0716).

For task force discussion.

C/ 045 SC 45.2.1.10	2.6c <i>P</i> 59	L <b>41</b>	# 54	C/ 134	SC 134.1.1		P 150	L <b>20</b>	# 57	
Slavick, Jeff	Broadcom Lir	mited		Slavick, Jeff			Broadcom Li	mited		
Comment Type TR The FEC_degraded_S signal. So using the w end the degraded cond SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status <b>D</b> ER_ability variable is an indic ord "signal" is a little mislead litton like in 802.3bs	cator of the abilit ling since we do	<pre><cc> y to detect a degraded h't signal to the other </cc></pre>	Comment Ty Repetitio SuggestedR Change marker n	vpe E on of the wor emedy ", and for the napping of th	Comme ds "for the fa e fact the alig he"	ent Status <b>D</b> ct" in the last sent nment marker ma	tence. apping to the" to '	<bucket></bucket>	
91.5.3.3.1, 91.6.2b, 91 Change "signalling" to 134.6.2	.6.5a, 91.6.5b, 134.5.3.3.2, 1 "detection" in the 2nd and 3r	134.6.2, 134.6.8, d sentences of 4	5-60, 45.2.102.60, 134.6.9 5.2.1.101.aa, 91.6.2b,	Proposed Re PROPO	esponse SED ACCEF	Respons T.	se Status W			
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT	Response Status W			C/ <b>045</b> Slavick, Jeff	SC 45.2.1.	101.1	P <b>57</b> Broadcom Li	<i>L</i> <b>29</b> mited	# 58	
C/ 078 SC 78.1 Slavick, Jeff	P <b>94</b> Broadcom Lir	L 11 mited	# 55	Comment Ty 45.2.1.1 in Cl 134	/pe <b>TR</b> 01.1 and 45. 1 RS-FEC de	Comme 2.1.102.8 ha coder.	ent Status <b>D</b> ve references only	y to Clause 91 bu	ut they're also present	
Comment Type T We've added 100GAU listed, but didn't change	Comment Status <b>D</b> I-n for 100Gb/s PHYs to the e CAUI-4 and CAUI-10 to be	list of AUIs, whic CAUI-n	h now has 3+ AUI's	SuggestedR Bring in	<i>emedy</i> and remove	the "(see 91. _	5.3.3)" from 45.2.	1.101.1 and 45.2	2.1.102.8	
SuggestedRemedy IEEE base text has "Cr	AUI-4 or CAUI-10 for 100 Gb	/s PHYs" update	the modified text to	Proposed Ro PROPO	SED ACCEF	Respons T.	se Status W			
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT	Response Status W			C/ <b>045</b> Slavick, Jeff Comment Ty	SC <b>45.2.1</b> . /pe <b>TR</b>	1 <b>02.7</b> Comme	P <b>58</b> Broadcom Lin ent Status D	<i>L</i> <b>23</b> mited	# <u>59</u>	
C/ 091 SC 91.7.4.2 Slavick, Jeff	P <b>116</b> Broadcom Lir	L <b>16</b> mited	# 56	RS-FEC high SER has references to Cl91 but Cl134 has the same text for setting indicator.						
Comment Type TR Feature RF6 has upda SuggestedRemedy	Comment Status D ted Feature text but missed t	updating Status o	column.	Bring in Proposed Re PROPO	emeay 45.2.1.102.7 esponse SED ACCEF	and change <i>Respon</i> s T.	"(see 91.5.3.3)" to se Status <b>W</b>	o "(see 91.5.3.3 )	or 134.5.3.3.1)"	
Add "or FDDP:M" to th Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT	e Status column for RF6 Response Status W									

C/ 135 SC 135.5.7.2 P 183 L 13 # 60	C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.4.2 P 214 L 31 # 62				
Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited	Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited				
Comment Type         T         Comment Status         D           What does the term terminating mean?         I think if you list the C2C interfaces first you can remove the word terminating	Comment Type         TR         Comment Status         D         Training           To update an individual coefficient the ic_req needs to be set to individual control. If we're spelling out the flow then this should be included.         If we're				
SuggestedRemedy	SuggestedRemedy				
Change "For PMA lanes connected to the PMD service interface of a 50GBASE-CR, 50GBASE-KR,	Add "set the initial condition request bits (136.8.11.2.1) to individual control," after "control field," in a)				
100GBASE-CR2, or 100GBASE-KR2 PMD, or terminating a 50GAUI-1 C2C or 100GAUI-2 C2C link" to: "For PMA lanes connected to a 50GAUI-1 C2C or 100GAUI-2 C2C link, or to the PMD service interface of a 50GBASE-CR, 50GBASE-KR, 100GBASE-CR2, or 100GBASE-KR2 PMD,"	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.				
Proposed Response Response Status W	"In the transmitted control field, set the coefficient select bits (136.8.11.2.3)"				
PROPOSED ACCEPT.					
C/         135         SC         135.5.7.2         P 183         L 27         # 61           Slavick, Jeff         Broadcom Limited         Broadcom Limited         Broadcom Limited         Broadcom Limited	TO "In the transmitted control field, set the initial condition request bits (136.8.11.2.1) to individual control, and set the coefficient select bits (136.8.11.2.3)"				
Comment Type TR Comment Status D	C/ 136 SC 136.8.11.7.1 P 217 L 10 # 63				
We've stated that precoding is mandatory for some PMA to implement on output lanes.	Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Limited				
We state how the precoder is enabled. There are equations for how the precoded symbols are processed. But there's no definition of what is done if precoding is OFF (disabled).	Comment Type TR Comment Status D Training				
SuggestedRemedy	coef_sts is controlled by both Figure 136-9 and the UPDATE_Ch function.				
Add this sentence before the sentence that begins with "If a Clause 45". When precoding is disabled P(j-1) in equations (135-1) and (135-2) is always a 0.	SuggestedRemedy Change "The value is assigned by the UPDATE_Cn function and encoded" to: "The value				
Proposed Response Response Status W	is assigned by the UPDATE_Cn function and Coefficient update state diagram (136-9), then encoded				
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Proposed Response Response Status W				
The variable P(j) and P(j-1) only make sense if precoding is implemented and enabled. P(j- 1) is not equal to 0 when precoding is not enabled, rather it is not applied to the output.	PROPOSED ACCEPT.				
With editorial licence add explanation that if precoding is disabled then G(j)=P(j) for output lanes and vice versa for input lanes.					

C/         136         SC         136.8.11.4.1         P 213         L 50         # 64           Slavick, Jeff         Broadcom Limited         64	C/         136         SC         136.8.11.7.5         P 222         L 31         # 65           Slavick, Jeff         Broadcom Limited         Broadcom Limi					
Slavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D       Training         If we're describing how to get an ic_request made, then there's more things that need to be configured to ensure the request will be made regardless of the remote sides Figure 136-9 state       SuggestedRemedy         SuggestedRemedy       Move the following from step c) to step a)       and the coefficient request bits (136.8.11.2.4) to "hold".         Proposed Response       Response Status       W         PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.       The comment refers to the scenario where an initial condition is requested while a previous coefficient update request is still in progress. This could prevent the initial condition request from being handled correctly.         The suggested remedy addresses this problem.	Slavick, Jeff       Broadcom Limited         Image: Comment Type       TR       Comment Status       D       Training         The addition of "+ coef_sel != k" enables users to get non-deterministic TxFIR updates. Since a mis-decode of select bits could cause an update to occur multiple times to different TxFIR settings in situations where the Rx is able to process a request within a single frame. The DME encoding enables improved robustness, but does not preclude mis- decodes and there's nothing that defines how to act upon a mis-decode, that's left to the implementor. Example failure would be Tx sends PRE1, DEC which is 11110 if the Rx receives that and does the DEC, then parses a 11010 due to a mis-decode it would adjust PRE2 and then gets a 11110 again from original PRE1 request, would adjust PRE1 a 2nd time.         SuggestedRemedy         Remove the "+ coef_sel != k" from the exit condition of NEW_REQUEST in Figure 136-9 Change steps a,b,c in 136.8.11.4.2 to be the following steps a) In the transmitted control field, set the initial condition request bits (136.8.11.2.1) to individual control, coefficient request bits (136.8.11.2.4) to "hold" and wait until the received coefficient status bits (136.8.11.3.7) indicate "not updated".         b) Set the coefficient select bits (136.8.11.2.4) to "hold" and optionally wait for the coefficient select bits (136.8.11.3.0) to indicate the requested coefficient select					
In addition to the suggested remedy, following the request in a), the requestor should wait for the coefficient status bits to indicate "not updated". This condition should be moved from item d) to item b). Implement the suggested remedy with the addition above, with editorial license.	<ul> <li>value.</li> <li>c) Set the coefficient request bits to the desired value and wait until the received coefficient status bits (136.8.11.3.7) no longer indicates "not updated" and the coefficient select echo bits indicate the requested coefficient select value</li> <li>d) Set the coefficient request bits to "hold".</li> </ul>					
	Proposed Response Response Status W					
	PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. The scenario described includes misdecoding of the coefficient select fields, which comprises three DME cells, and has four possible values. Two-cell misdecode events could change the field between two valid values, c(0) and c(-2), but the probability of this happening without corrupting the training frame in other ways is assumed to be neglible. An error in three DME cells is impossible as it would require inverting all subsequent cells.					
	However, unlike clause 72, there is no statement in the current draft of how to handle invalid DME in the control or status fields.					
	Insert a new paragraph at the end of 136.8.11.1.2:					
	"When a training frame is received, if a violation of the DME encoding rules is detected within the control field or the status field, the contents of these fields in that frame shall be ignored."					

<i>Cl</i> <b>136</b> Slavick, Je	SC 136.8.11.3.2	P <b>213</b> Broadcom Lir	L <b>4</b> nited	# 66	C/ <b>135F</b> Slavick, Jef	SC <b>135F.3.2</b>	.1	P <b>365</b> Broadcom Lir	<i>L</i> <b>49</b> mited	# 67
Comment	Type <b>T</b> Comm	ent Status D		Training	Comment 7	ype TR	Comment S	Status D		
This fic curren	eld is really the local_tp_m t pointer points to the patte	ode status and tha rn generation logic	t is now defined	l in 136.8.11.5, the	Comme this sim	ent #176 from D ilarly to how Cl	02.0 was rejecto 83D describes	ed stating insu the transmit e	ifficient consens eq process.	sus. How about if we do
Suggested	IRemedy				Suggested	Remedy				
Chang	e the 136.8.11.1.3 to 136.8	3.11.5			Add the	following with	editorial license	e (including ad	lding a diagram	similar to Figure 83D-5).
Proposed PROP This si The de in Tab 136.8. eventu subcla loop. Chang "encoo 136.8. TO "encoo	Response Respon OSED ACCEPT IN PRINC ubclause describes the bits efinition of local_tp_mode ( le 136-10 and a cross-refe 11.5 defines the procedure ually affects the bits defined use. Adding a reference he de the modulation and prec 11.1.3)" de the value of local_tp_mod	se Status W IPLE. in 136.8.11.7.1) co rence to 136.8.11. for setting the mo there, via local_tp ere to 136.8.11.5 s oding mode of the ode".	, which indeed e ntains the poss 1.3, so it is suff dulation and pre _mode, and incl eems unnecces transmitted trai	encode local_tp_mode. ible values listed used icient and complete. ecoding, which ludes a reference to this sary and would create a ning pattern (see	135F.x. 135F.x. If imple receive request the tran In this e closest compor 10. Tr or both 135F.x. 1) For 1a) 2) Rea 2a) 2a from cc 2a 135F.x. 1) For 1a) 1b) 2) Rea 2a from cc 2a 2a from cc 2a	Example usage 1 Overview mented, transm r may be used t ed by the receive smitter precode example, two con- to the PCS and hents, with com- ansmitter precode one Station M 2 Configuring pre- each lane Read precoder_ Write precoder_ ad request_precoder the flag is a on- a) Read request b) Write precoder_ 3 Configuring pre- each lane Read precoder_ 3 Configuring pre- each lane Read precoder_ Write precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ ad request_precoder_ b) Write precoder_ ad request_precoder_ b) Write precoder_ ad request_precoder_ b) Write precoder_ ad request_precoder_ b) Write precoder_ b) Write pr	e of the optional atter precoder to set the precover. An example per request is pro- pomponents, A at d B is closest to ponent A at de ider request is Management (S vercoder setting _tx_out_enable_ _rx_in_enable_ _rx_in_enable_ _tx_out_enable_ _tx_in_enabl	al transmitter p request from a oder configurar oble of a possibl ovided in this s and B, are con to the PMD. Cl vice address 1 implemented B STA) controls b g in the transm a_i from compor- ch lane _in_i from compor- ch lane _in_i from compor- e. g in the receiver a_i from compor- e. g in the receiver a_i from compor- e.	recoder request a 50GAUI-1 C2C tion for each lar le precoder cont subclass. nected by a C2I ause 45 MDIO 11 and compone by either compo- both component by either compo- both component the direction onent A. the with the rea- nent B and preco- e direction onent B. the direction onent B. the direction onent B. the direction onent B. the direction onent A. the direction onent A. the direction	C or 100GAUI-2 C2C the within the link as figuration process using C link, such that A is is implemented by both ent B at device address inent A, component B, s. d value.
					Proposed R	lesponse	Response S	Status W		
					PROPC	DSED ACCEPT	IN PRINCIPLE	E.		

For task force discussion.



# Comment Type TR Comment Status D

I have made a comment to 802.3bs that will (by reference) change this specification. I'm making this comment in 802.3cd to alert this task force and provide the opportunity for the comment and solution to be evaluated separately for this specification. This comment is essentially the same as one I am making against Clause 139. It is related to the stressed sensitivity testing.

# SuggestedRemedy

No change to the specification. Note that this change also affects Clause 140.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

The editors thank the commenter for the notification.

The commenter refers to comment r03-16 against 802.3bs draft 3.3, which was discussed during the SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017 in association with http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17\_08\_22/anslow\_01a\_0817\_smf.pdf, and there was no consensus on making the proposed change.

It is unclear how the magnitude of the expected penalty due to the sinusoidal interferer at 0.71\*symbol rate changes with the receiver bandwidth and how this relates to the penalty due to "Transmitters with bad high frequency content". It is also unclear what impact a sinusoidal interferer at 0.71\*symbol rate will have on practical PAM4 receivers containing an equalizer.

The draft is clear that the transmitter quality is assessed using a receiver with a bandwidth of  $0.5^*$ symbol rate, so receiver vendors should be aware that some transmitters allowed by the specification may have significant high frequency content above Nyquist.

C/ 139	SC 139.7.9	P <b>298</b>	L <b>20</b>	# 69
Dudek, Mike		Cavium		

# Comment Type TR Comment Status D

This comment is the same as one made against 802.3bs. With this calibration method for stressed receiver sensitivity a receiver with wider bandwidth than Nyquist will have an improved stressed sensitivity. (around 0l.9dB if at 0.75\*Baud rate). This may encourage vendors of receivers to have receiver bandwidths wider than Nyquist. However Transmitters are tested for TDECQ with the Nyquist filtered reference equalizer so that Energy above Nyquist is not "aliased" degrading their TDECQ. There will be an interoperability issue between Transmitters with bad high frequency content and Receivers which have wider bandwidth.

## SuggestedRemedy

In Figure 139-5 move the sinusoidal amplitude interferer after the Low-pass filter. On page 297 line52 Change " to "The sinusoidal amplitude interferer is set to 0.71\*Baud rate. Note that the reference to 121.8.9.2 on page298 line 43 will require "0.1dB SECQ to be created with the sinusoidal interference " if the comment against 802.3bs first choice is accepted.

Alternatively change the bandwidth of the reference receiver used for TDECQ back to  $0.75^{*}$ Baud rate and change the numbers back to what they were on earlier revisions. Or add an additional test for the transmitter where TDECQ is measured with a  $0.75^{*}$ Baud rate filter and has to be <2.5dB

Make the equivalent changes in clauses 122 and 124. (Note that if 0.71\*Baud rate is changed to an exact frequency then another exception needs to be added in 124.8.9)

Proposed Response Response Status W

## PROPOSED REJECT.

The same comment, #r03-16, was made to D3.3 of P802.3bs.

It is proposed to adopt a similar response as this comment to D3.3 of P802.3bs. This comment was discussed during the P802.3bs SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017 in association with

http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17\_08\_22/anslow\_01a\_0817\_smf.pdf and there was no consensus on making the proposed change.

It is unclear how the magnitude of the expected penalty due to the sinusoidal interferer at 0.71\*symbol rate changes with the receiver bandwidth and how this relates to the penalty due to "Transmitters with bad high frequency content".

It is also unclear what impact a sinusoidal interferer at 0.71\*symbol rate will have on practical PAM4 receivers containing an equalizer.

The draft is clear that the transmitter quality is assessed using a receiver with a bandwidth of 0.5\*symbol rate, so receiver vendors should be aware that some transmitters allowed by the specification may have significant high frequency content above Nyquist.

For further discussion in TF meeting.

C/         138         SC         138.8.7         P         274         L         8         #         70           Dudek, Mike         Cavium         Cavium	C/         138         SC         138.7.3         P 271         L 42         # 71           Dudek, Mike         Cavium
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D         On this draft the Receiver sensitivity was changed to be with an SECQ of 0.9, but here it is defined to be for an ideal input signal.       There appears to be a conflict here.         SuggestedRemedy	Comment TypeTRComment StatusDThe Power budget for other Ethernet clauses is equal to min OMA at maximum TDP minus Receiver Sensitivity. Due to having Receiver Sensitivity with SECQ at 0.9dB the equivalent equation doesn't hold. It would be good to clarify what the power budget is here.
Change "Receiver sensitivity, which is defined for an ideal input signal", to "Receiver sensitivity, which is defined for a signal with SECQ=0.9dB (e.g. an ideal input signal without overshoot)", Make the same change in clauses 139.7.8 and 140.7.8	SuggestedRemedy In Table 138-10 Change parameter "Power budget (for max TDECQ)" to "Power budget (for max TDECQ and SECQ=0)". Make the same change in Tables 139-8 and 140-8.
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED REJECT.
This was discussed in association with http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_08_22/anslow_01a_0817_smf.pdf during the SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017. Change "Receiver sensitivity, which is defined for an ideal input signal," to "Receiver sensitivity, which is defined for an input signal with SECQ of 0.9 dB (e.g., an ideal input signal without overshoot),".	A similar comment r03-14 was made against 802.3bs draft 3.3, with the proposed response "PROPOSED REJECT. The proposed remedy to specify the power budget "for max TDECQ and SECQ=0" doesn't make sense because it refers to a extremely unrealistic transmitter with SECQ=0 and TDECQ=max." To date, in all other optical clauses, the power budget value is given, but a formula for its derivation is not.
Make the same change in clauses 139.7.8 and 140.7.8	C/         135E         SC 135E.1         P 357         L 1         # 72           Dudek, Mike         Cavium
	Comment Type         E         Comment Status         D <bucket>           Normally things are "shown" in figures not in sections</bucket>
	SuggestedRemedy Change "shown" to "described" Make the same change in annex 135G on page 370 line 3.
	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 137 SC 137.12.4	4.3 P 257	L <b>50</b>	# 73	C/ 137	SC 137.8.5	P 248	L <b>29</b>	# 76
Comment Type T The return loss requir the PICS for TC3 is to	Comment Status D rement in the spec is to meet T o 93.8.1.4 which has a differen	able 120D-1. T t equation.	<i><bucket></bucket></i> he reference here in	Comment T Missing	e Fype E g word. Remedy	Comment Status D		<bucket></bucket>
SuggestedRemedy	120D 3 1 1			Change	e "signal functio	on" to "signal detect function"		
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEP	Response Status W			Proposed F PROP	Response DSED ACCEPT	Response Status W		
Change the reference	e clause for item TC3 to 120D.	3.1.1.		See co	mment #33.			
C/ 136A SC 136A.5	P 377	L 15	# 74	C/ <b>137</b> Dudek, Mik	SC <b>137.8.7</b> e	<i>P</i> <b>248</b> Cavium	L <b>37</b>	# 77
Comment Type T Section 136A is inform the nominal insertion measurements are to belongs in section 13 SuggestedRemedy Move this section incl Consider leaving a re pominal insertion leav	Comment Status <b>D</b> mative and 136A.5 is titled "cha loss of the mated test fixture h be adjusted based on deviatio 6B which has the specification luding equation 136A-2 into an ference to this equation in sec	annel insertion lo owever should b ons from it. It a s for the mated nex 136B.1.1.1 tion 136A. Sug	oss". The equation for be normative as ilso more logically test fixture. at page 380 line 41. gested sentence. "The Fountion pow	All the one do Suggested For cor specific Proposed F PROPO	ype E other optional f esn't <i>Remedy</i> nsistency chang cation is identic <i>Response</i> DSED ACCEPT	ge to "The PMD lane-by-lane al to that of 136.8.7." Response Status W	nat they are optic	onal in the text. This
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEP	Response Status W		Lyualion new.	<i>Cl</i> <b>137</b> Dudek, Mik	SC <b>137.9.3</b> e	<i>P</i> <b>249</b> Cavium	L <b>37</b>	# 78
Cl 137 SC 137.8.3 Dudek, Mike Comment Type T The section heading i is talking about the tra consistency should by	P 247 Cavium <i>Comment Status</i> D is for PMD receive function as ansmit function. Also the MDI e in this section as well.	L 52 is the reference exception is in	# 75 <i>sbucket&gt;</i> to 136.8.3 but the text 137.8.2 and for	Comment T This is Suggested Chang Proposed F PROPO	Type E the KR clause Remedy = "50GBASE-C Response DSED ACCEPT	Comment Status D not the CR clause R and 100GBASE-CR2" to " Response Status W I IN PRINCIPLE.	'50GBASEKR ar	<i><bucket></bucket></i> nd 100GBASE-KR2"
SuggestedRemedy Change the sentence 136.8.3 with the exce the receive electrical	e to "The PMD receive function ption that electrical signals are specifications in 137.9.3"	specification is received from t	identical to that of he MDI, according to	Chang	e "50GBASE-C	R and 100GBASE-CR2" to "	50GBASE-KR ar	nd 100GBASE-KR2".
Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEP	Response Status W T.							

C/         137         SC         137.12.4.3         P 257           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	L <b>50</b>	# 79	C/ 135D SC 135D.5.4.1 P 354 L 46 # 82 Dudek, Mike Cavium	
Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> Wrong reference in PICS.		<bucket></bucket>	Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> The Output jitter should have the same exceptions as 802.3bs.	
SuggestedRemedy Change 93.8.1.4 to 120D.3.1.1			SuggestedRemedy Change to "Metts Table 83D-1 constraints with the exceptions in 120B.3.1	
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.			Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	
Comment seems to be a duplicate of #73. Apply the	e remedy in #73.		Change to "Meets Table 83D-1 constraints with the exceptions in 120B.3.1"	
C/         137         SC         137.12.4.3         P 258           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	L 15	# 80	C/         135E         SC         135E.1         P 357         L 50         # 83           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	
Comment TypeEComment StatusDThe subclause reference is wrong		<bucket></bucket>	Comment Type T Comment Status D The 50GAUI-2 and 100GAUI-4 don't use PAM4 signalling	oucket>
SuggestedRemedy Change 120D.3.1.1 to 120D.3.1.8			SuggestedRemedy Change "PAM4" to "NRZ".	
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.			Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	
C/         093A         SC         93A-1         P 330           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	L 12	# 81	On page 357 line 48 delete "using NRZ signaling". On page 357 line 50 change "PAM4" to "NRZ".	
Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> The other AUI C2C specs have C2C in their titles in these annexes.	table 93A-2, and	<bucket><bucket> d C2C is in the titles of</bucket></bucket>	C/         135E         SC         135E.5.4.3         P 362         L 16         # 84           Dudek, Mike         Cavium         Cavium         L 16         L 16	huokot
SuggestedRemedy Add C2C to the 100GAUI-4 and 100GAUI-2 Physic	al layers in table	93A-2	Wrong reference	JUCKEL>
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.			Change 120C.3.3 to 120C.3.4 Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.	

C/ 135F         SC 135F.5.4.1         P 367         L 41         # 85           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	C/ 135G SC 135G.5.4.2 P 374 L 24 # 88						
Comment Type     T     Comment Status     D <bucket>       The equation reference is now wrong (as 802.3bs now has a different local equation)</bucket>	Comment Type     T     Comment Status     D <bucket>       The host output does not have a Vertical eye closure specification</bucket>						
SuggestedRemedy Change equation 93-3 to equation 120D-2 Also in PICS RC1	SuggestedRemedy Delete TH14						
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.						
Change TC1 and RC1 Value/Comment to: "Meets Equation 120D-2 constraints"	C/         139         SC         139.6.1         P 291         L 40         # 89           Welch, Brian         Luxtera Inc						
C/         135G         SC 135G.5.4.         P 373         L 28         # 86           Dudek, Mike         Cavium         Cavium              Comment Type         E         Comment Status         D	Comment Type <b>T</b> Comment Status <b>D</b> <lates Table 139-6: For 50GBase-FR, the current effective min TDECQ (as indicated by the difference between OMAouter (min) and OMAouter minus TDECQ (min) is larger than can</lates 						
The order of the PICS is different from Clause 120E SuggestedRemedy Re-order the PICS to match Clause 120E Proposed Response Resp	SuggestedRemedy Propose reducing Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) (min) from -2 dBm to -3 dBm, and revising footnoot b to reach "Even if the TDECQ < 0.9 dBm, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value.						
PROPOSED ACCEPT.	Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.						
C/ 135G         SC 135G.5.4.1         P 374         L 17         # 87           Dudek, Mike         Cavium	[Editor's note: This comment was received after the ballot closed.]						
Comment Type       T       Comment Status       D <bucket>         The PICS don't match the requirements (problem commented on in 802.3bs on Annex 120E as well)       120E as well)       120E as well)       120E as well)</bucket>	Similar comments have been made to Clauses 121 and 122 in P802.3bs. It is proposed to remain consistency with the specification approach in P802.3bs.						
SuggestedRemedy Change TH11 to 0.22UI, TH12 to 32mV, TM10 to 70mV.	<ul> <li>Following the sense of the discussions on http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_08_22/anslow_01a_0817_smf.pdf during the P802.3bs SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017 and for further discussion during Task Force meeting.</li> <li>In Table 139-6:</li> <li>Change OMAouter (min) from -2 dBm to -2.5 dBm for 50GBASE-FR.</li> <li>Change note b to read "Even if the TDECQ &lt; 1.4 dB, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value".</li> <li>Change Average launch power (min) from -3.6 dBm to -4.1 dBm.</li> <li>In Table 139-7:</li> <li>Change Average receive power (min) from -7.6 dBm to -8.1 dBm for 50GBASE-FR.</li> </ul>						
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.							

Cl 139 Welch, Brian	SC 139.6.1	P <b>291</b> Luxtera Inc	L <b>40</b>	# 90		Cl 140 Welch, Bria	SC <b>140.6.1</b> n	L	P 314 Luxtera Inc	L 37	# 91
Comment Type         T         Comment Status         D <late>           Table 139-6: For 50GBase-LR, the current effective min TDECQ (as indicated by the difference between OMAouter (min) and OMAouter minus TDECQ (min) is larger than can be achieved with high bandwidth transmitters, unduly penalizing them</late>						Comment Type         T         Comment Status         D <late>           Table 140-6: For 100GBase-DR, the current effective min TDECQ (as indicated by the difference between OMAouter (min) and OMAouter minus TDECQ (min) is larger than can be achieved with high bandwidth transmitters, unduly penalizing them</late>					
SuggestedRemedy Propose reducing Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) (min) from -1 dBm to -2 dBm, and revising footnoot b to reach "Even if the TDECQ < 0.9 dBm, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value.						SuggestedRemedy Propose reducing Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter) (min) from -0.3 dBm to - 1.3 dBm, and revising footnoot b to reach "Even if the TDECQ < 0.9 dBm, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value.					
Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. [Editor's note: This comment was received after the ballot closed.]					Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. [Editor's note: This comment was received after the ballot closed.]						
Similar comments have been made to Clauses 121 and 122 in P802.3bs. It is proposed to remain consistent with the specification approach in P802.3bs.					A similar comment, #r03-7, has been made to D3.3 of P802.3bs. It is proposed to remain consistent with the values for 400GBASE-DR4 in clause 124 of P802.3bs.						
<ul> <li>http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_08_22/anslow_01a_0817_smf.pdf during the P802.3bs SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017 and for further discussion during Task Force meeting.</li> <li>In Table 139-6:</li> <li>Change OMAouter (min) from 1 dBm to -1.5 dBm for 50GBASE-LR.</li> <li>Change note b to read "Even if the TDECQ &lt; 1.4 dB for an extinction ratio, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value".</li> <li>Change Average launch power (min) from -4 dBm to -4.5 dBm.</li> <li>In Table 139-7:</li> <li>Change Average receive power (min) from -10.3 dBm to -10.8 dBm for 50GBASE-LR.</li> </ul>					during k kouter R.	Following the sense of the discussions on http://www.ieee802.org/3/bs/public/adhoc/smf/17_08_22/anslow_01a_0817_smf.pdf during the P802.3bs SMF Ad Hoc on 22 August 2017 and for further discussion during Task Force meeting. In Table 140-6: Change OMAouter (min) from -0.3 dBm to -0.8 dBm. Change note b to read "Even if the TDECQ < 1.4 dB, the OMAouter (min) must exceed this value". Change Average launch power (min) from -2.4 dBm to -2.9 dBm. In Table 140-7: Change Average receive power (min) from -5.4 dBm to -5.9 dBm.					