## 53GBaud links: updated receiver status (in reply to Piers's comment ID #46).

10th May 2017 P802.3cd ad hoc

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### Background

100GBASE-DR specifications have been aligned with 802.3bs 400GBASE-DR4, to allow break-out solution.

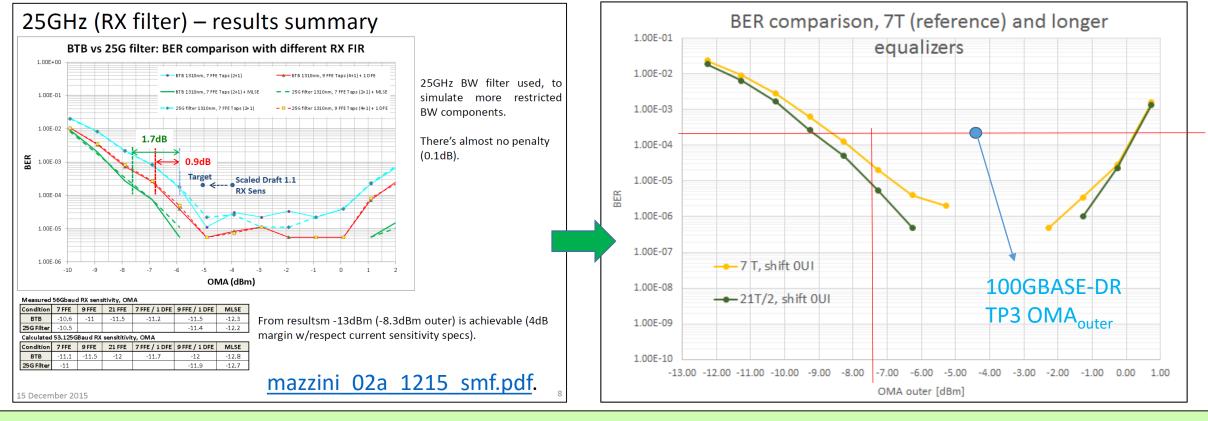
These slides provide summary of 53GBaud RX technology status:

- In reply (in favour) to Piers's comment ID #46 against draft 1.3.
- Showing that the predicted RX improvement of <u>mazzini 02a 1215 smf.pdf</u> (slides 8-9) happened, so the proposed TX relaxation (slide 11) is valid.

#### This would allow to:

- Further reduce module's power consumption, thanks to laser power reduction (traverso 3bs 01a 1115.pdf).
- Move RX input power range away from TIA overload region.

## Evolution of 53GBaud RX sensitivity results.



Experimental results on different parts confirm that < -8.3dBm OMA<sub>outer</sub> was the correct forecast.

We can consider above right curve as reference sensitivity value for different RX assemblies, with respect a reference receiver of 'normalized' parameters such:

- Bandwidth (25GHz)
- Responsivities (0.6 A/W)
- Equalizer (7T FFE taps)

(note: as per today, we have no permission to share detailed results from most companies).

### 802.3cd Draft 1.3 - 100GBASE-DR TX/RX OMA characteristics.

Table 140-6—100GBASE-DR transmit characteristics

Description	Value	Unit
Signaling rate (range)	53.125 ± 100 ppm	GBd
Modulation format	PAM4	_
Wavelength (range)	1304.5 to 1317.5	nm
Side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR), (min)	30	dB
Average launch power (max)	4	dBm
Average launch power <sup>a</sup> (min)	-2.4	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) (max)	4.2	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) (min) <sup>b</sup>	-0.3	dBm

Table 140–7—100GBASE-DR receive characteristics

Description	Value	Unit
Signaling rate (range)	53.125 ± 100 ppm	GBd
Modulation format	PAM4	_
Wavelengths (range)	1304.5 to 1317.5	nm
Damage threshold <sup>a</sup>	6.5	dBm
Average receive power (max)	4	dBm
Average receive power <sup>b</sup> (min)	-5.4	dBm
Receive power (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) (max)	4.2	dBm
Receiver reflectance (max)	-26	dB
Receiver sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) <sup>c</sup> (max)	-4.4	dBm

Considering previous slide, there are ~4dB margins at TP3 for 100GBASE-DR, which appears even too safe, still considering:

- 1dB ageing
- 1dB voltage/temperature corners
- ~1dB statistics

There's room to relax by 1dB TX OMA reduction (<= -1.3 dBm) by tightening RX sensitivity, still keeping a safe optical margin for development (close to 3dB).

#### Comments

- 53GBaud RX technology is keep growing.
  - Forecasted sensitivity results given in <u>mazzini 02a 1215 smf.pdf</u> are confirmed over several parts, that can be summarized into a 'reference receiver' with slide's 3 characteristics.
  - Further sensitivity improvements (at least 3-4dB) are expected from Ge/Si APD (<a href="https://nuang.01.0615.smf">https://nuang.01.0615.smf</a>), this should also help over to target longer (up to 10kms) reaches with similar 100GBASE-DR TX OMA.
  - Further bandwidth/roll-off enhancements are expected.
  - DSP RX equalizers are >> 7T so expected to consolidate margins.
  - Need to quantify penaltes on 4-channels solutions (400GBASEs).
- Since higher power modules imply either direct and non-direct costs to our customers (design complexity on line cards for heat management, power increase, etc...), as industry, we <u>still</u> have the opportunity to consider TX relaxation at least for 53GBaud links for data center applications.

# THANK YOU

#### Comment ID #46

Cl 140 SC 140 P 300 L 1 # 46

Dawe, Piers Mellanox

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This is a "cutting edge" proposal.

SuggestedRemedy

Show technical and economic feasibility for these draft numbers, or change them (e.g. if better receiver sensitivity is possible).

Proposed Response Response Status O