



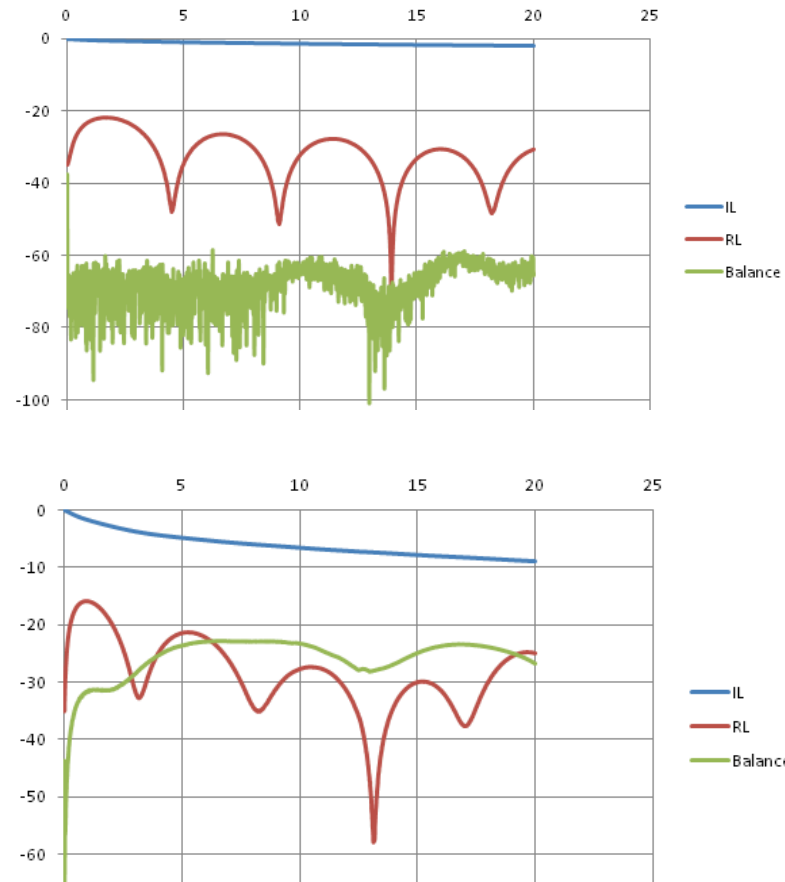
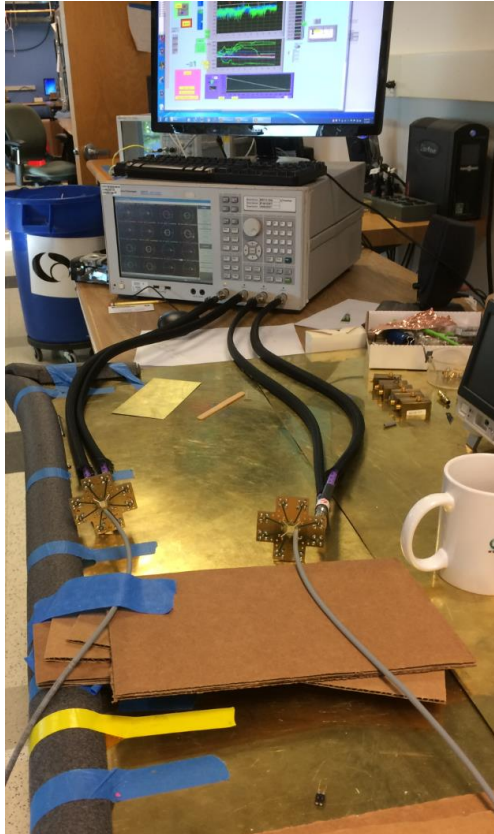
## IEEE 802.3cg Initial Noise Test Setup

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CommScope Systems Engineering

# Cable Types Tested:

Two 15 meter samples:



High balance UTP  
24 AWG

18 AWG FTP  
This required:  
 $Z_d = 40 \Omega$   
 $Z_c = 14 \Omega$

# Application Considerations

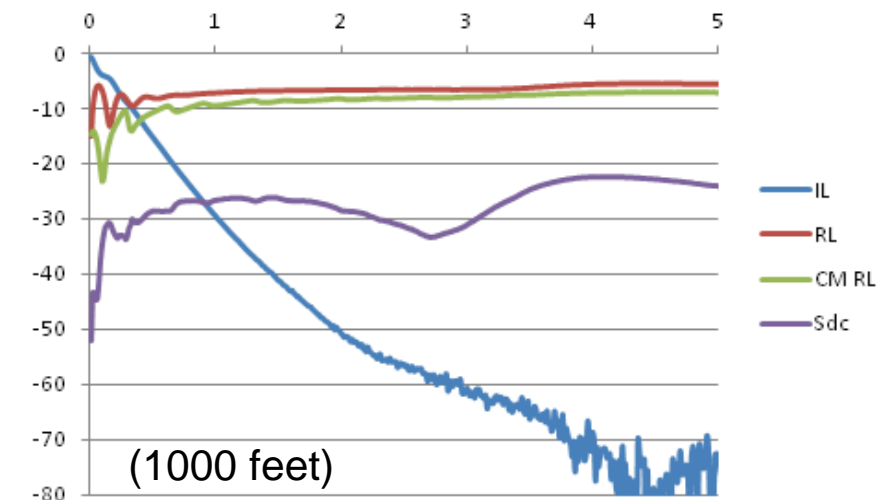
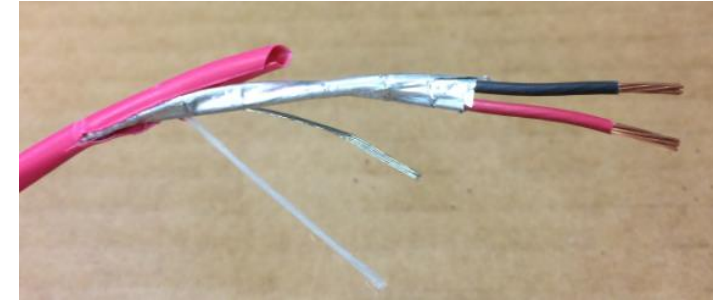
First 18 AWG purchased: COMTRAN (fire sale cable)  
High (PVC) loss would only reach about 300 ft (if even that -  $Z_d = 40 \Omega$   $Z_c = 14 \Omega$ )

Profibus standard cables reported to be specified to a wide impedance range: “35 up to 165  $\Omega$ ”

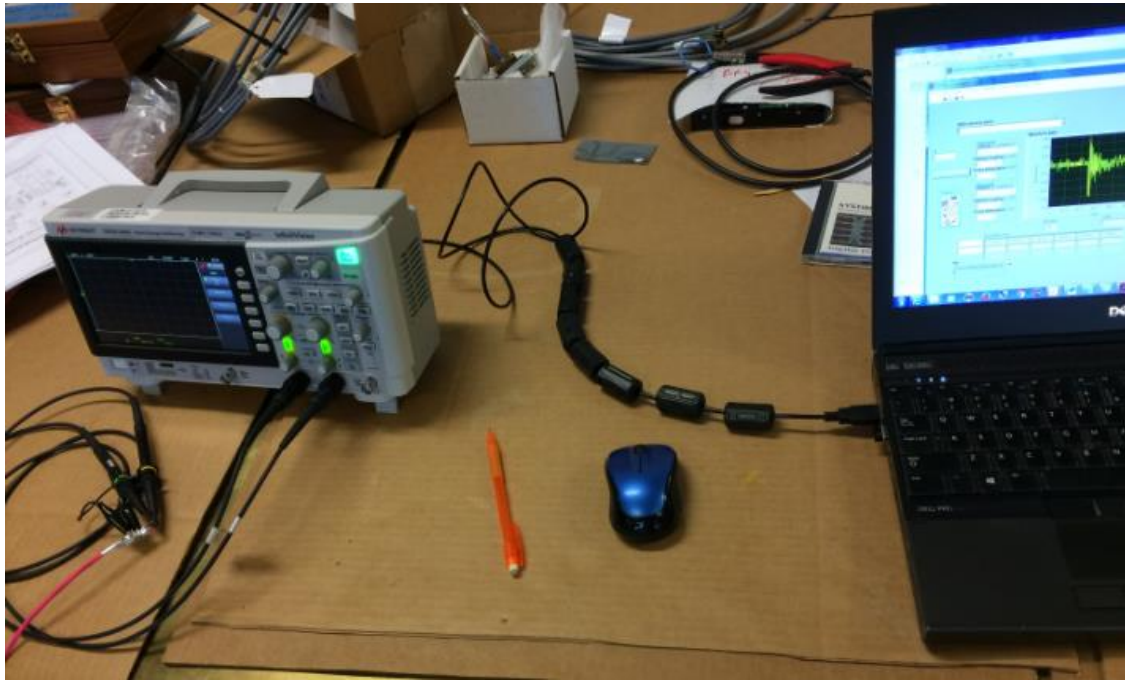
<http://control.com/thread/1026186457>

Even tightly specified Fieldbus cable will likely have significant deviations in impedance with spurs and tree configurations

- So how much of installed base really has the high quality linear runs, and/or should this PHY work over a much wider spec range?
- Industrial shielded only or unshielded automotive as well, and maybe office environment?

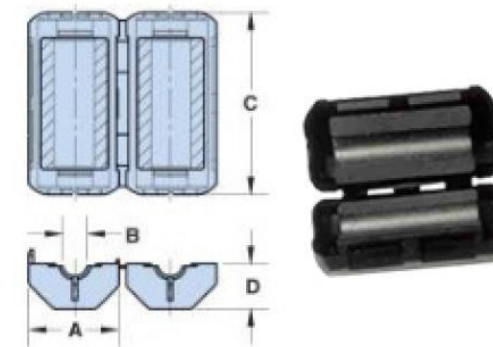


# Quick setup to debug software



Found out that some impulses reset the USB link so these ferrites were added:

4 Fair-Rite 0475178281 (75 Material)  
4 Fair-Rite 0431178281 (31 Material)

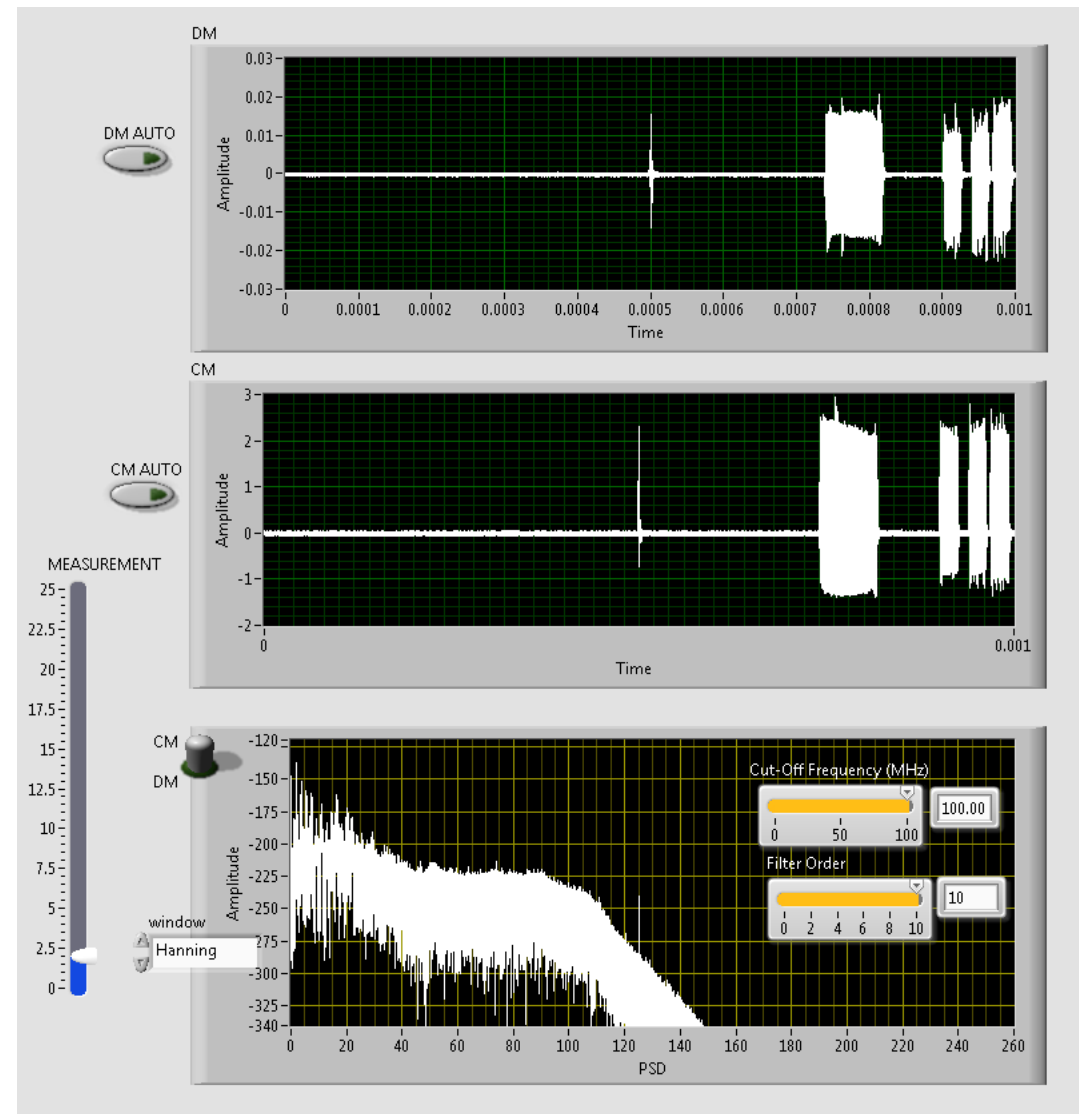


# Viewing software with filtering

Good to know the spectrum, noise floor and bandwidth in the result while measuring

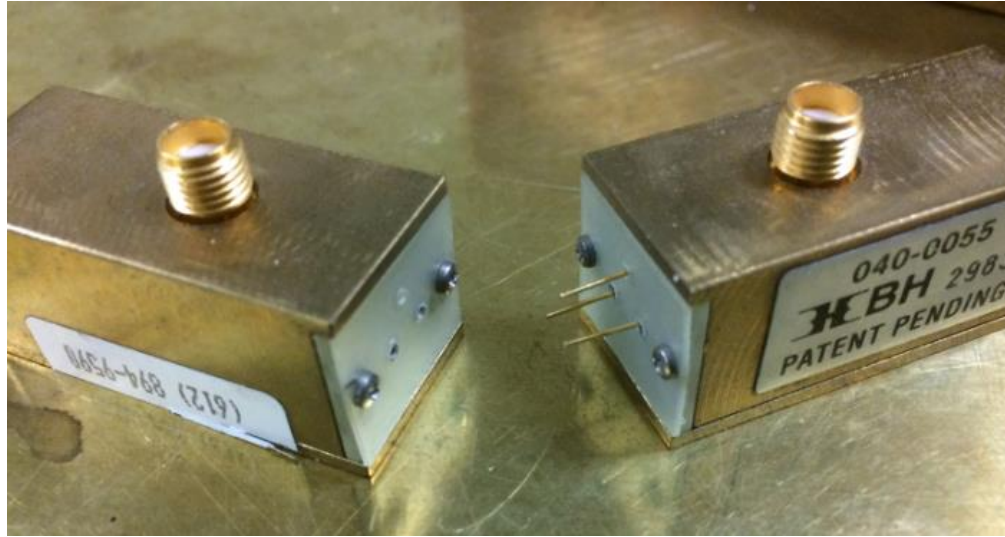
Staged fluorescent light impulses

Shown here filtered to 100 MHz, but most of the energy in this impulse chain is within a 20 MHz range





# Good Quality 3 Port BALUNs

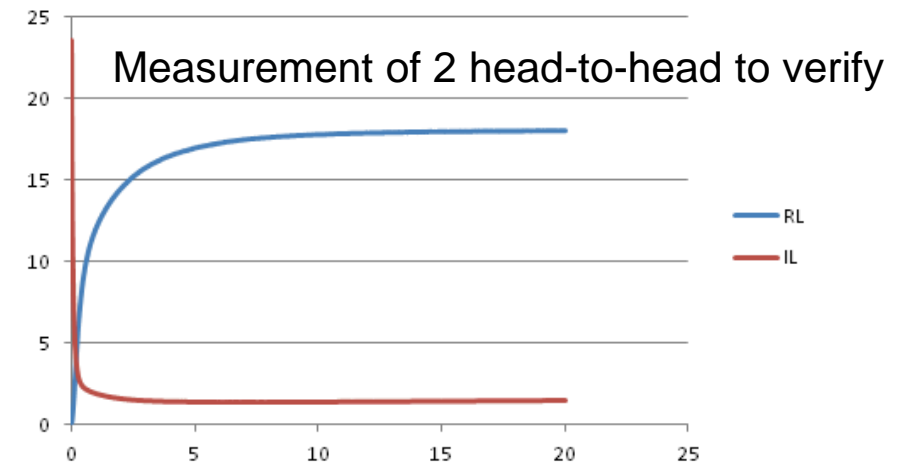
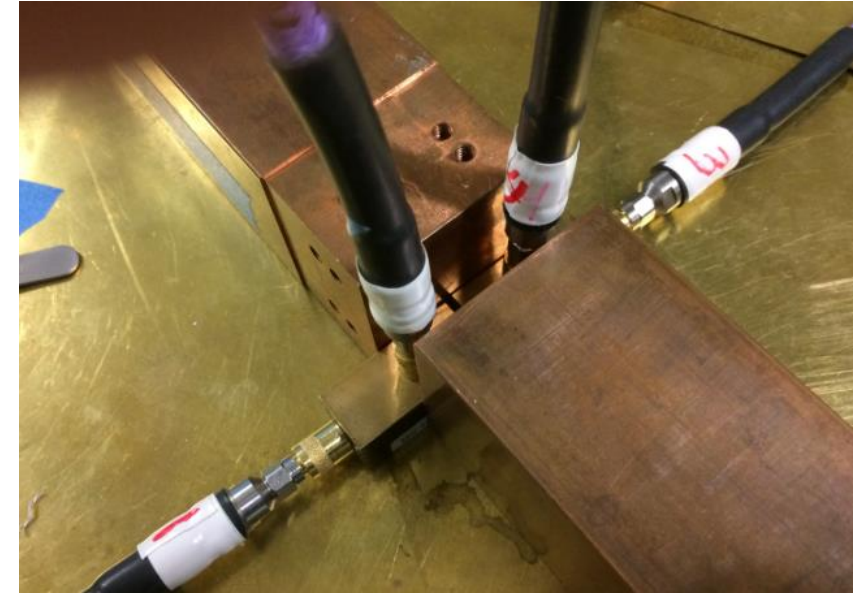


<https://www.bhelectronics.com/products/test-baluns.html>

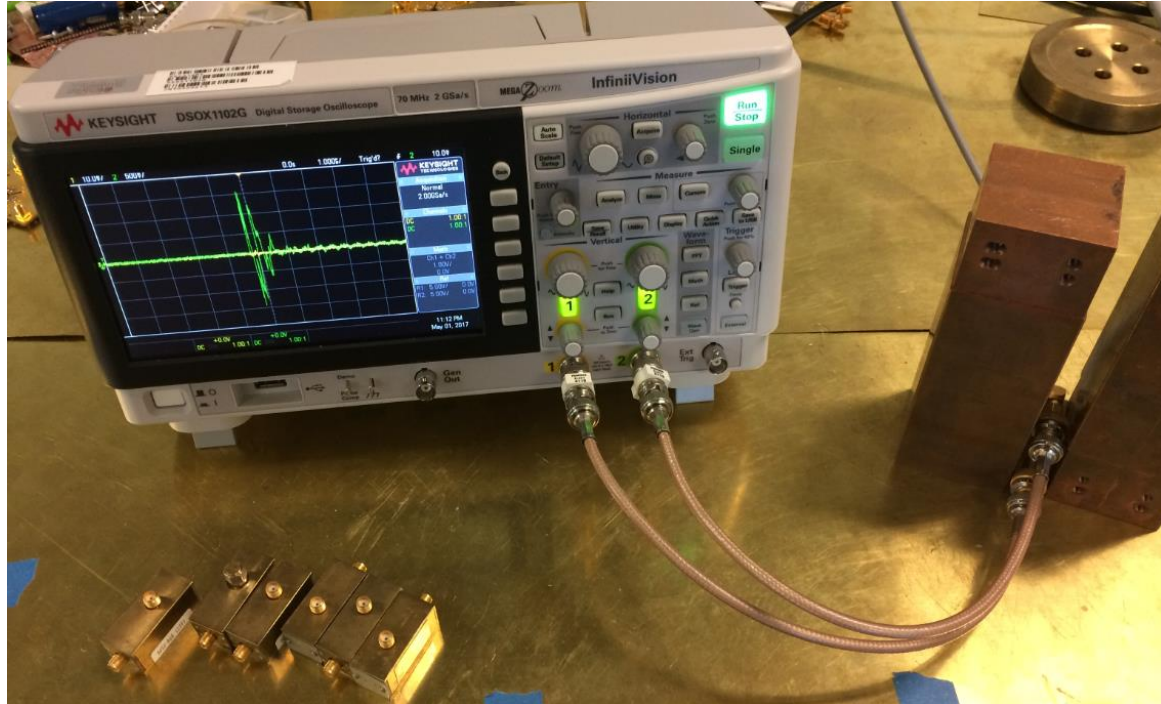
**Correction:**  
040-0097 has  
no CM port

~~040-0097 might be the best choice  
but it has a 16 week lead time~~

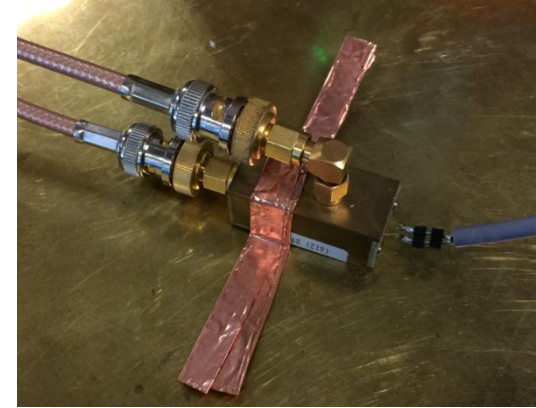
I have a bunch of 040-0055 which  
work good (60 dB balance but a little  
weak at the low frequency end



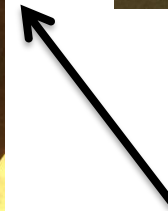
# Scope Test Head Arrangement



Direct attach with 50  $\Omega$  loads



Tight  
grounding  
held by  
weights

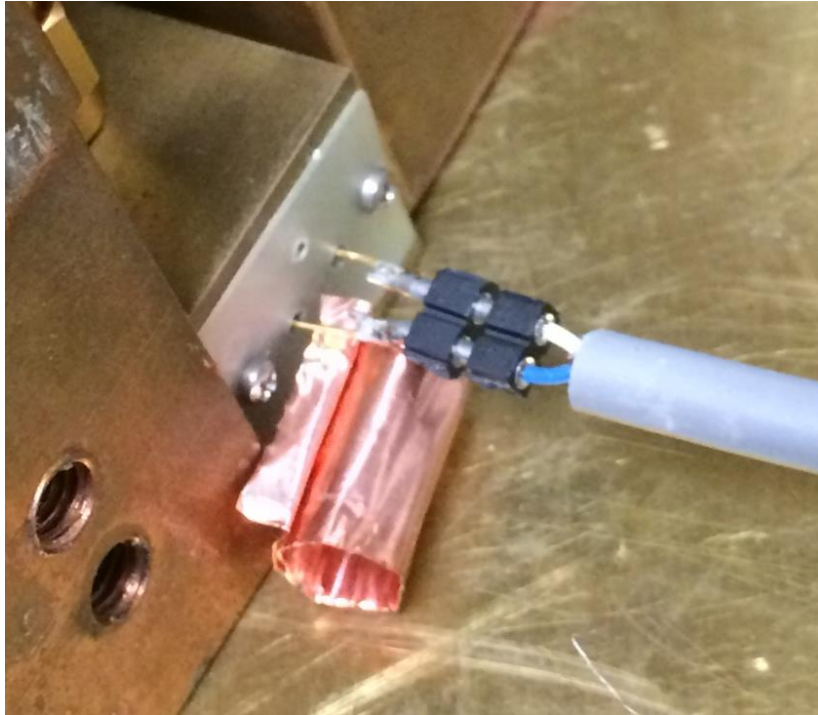


Grounding weights for  
easy manipulation



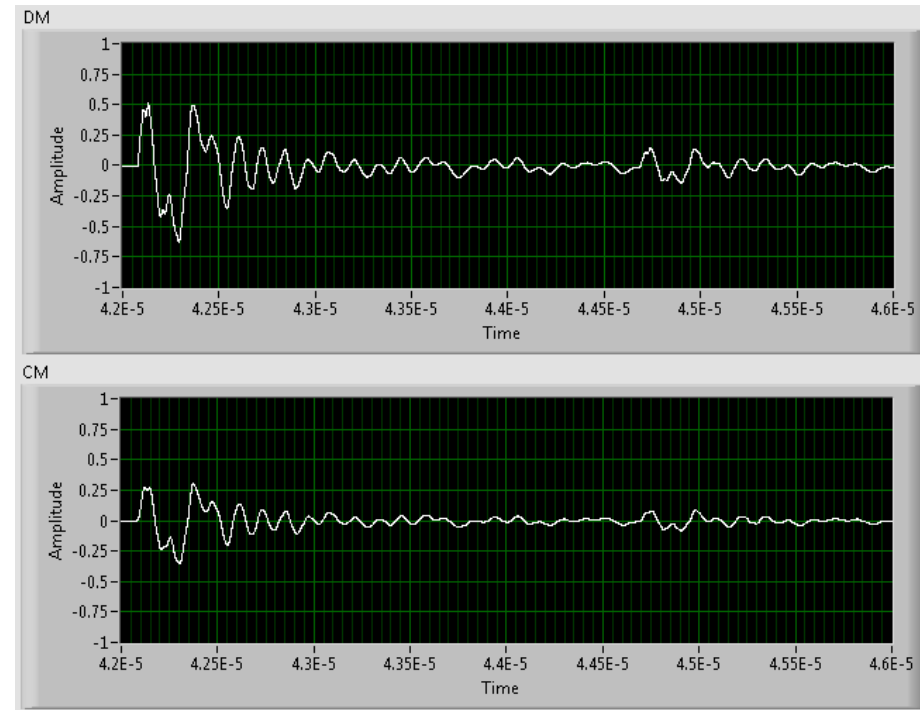
Pin socket attachment

# Balance Check Measurement



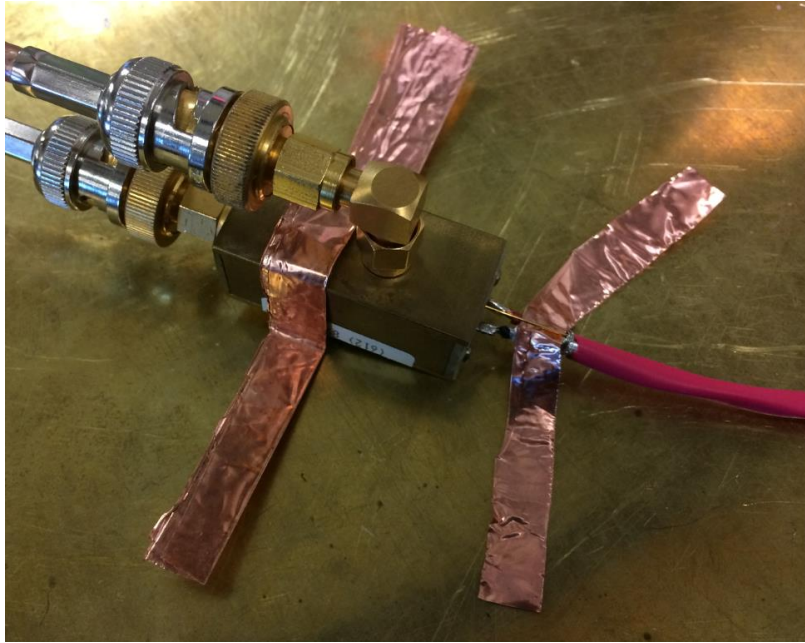
Ground one conductor

High Balance cable result shows  
as completely unbalanced

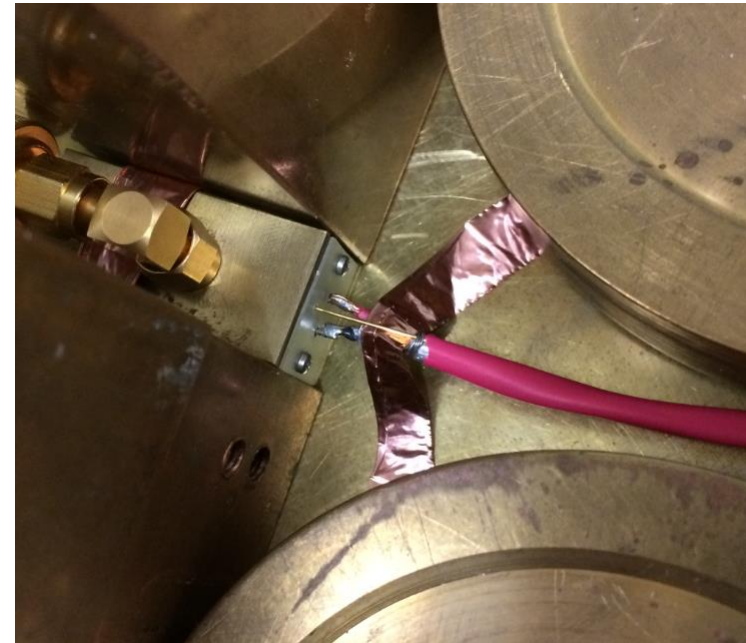




# FTP Attachment



Additional shield ground attachment and shield input

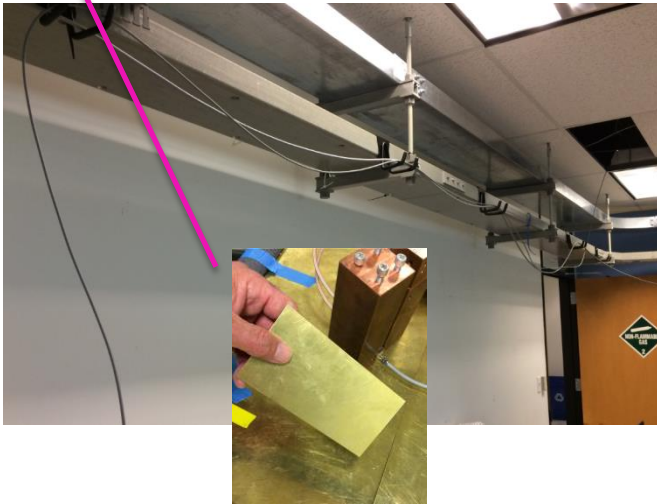
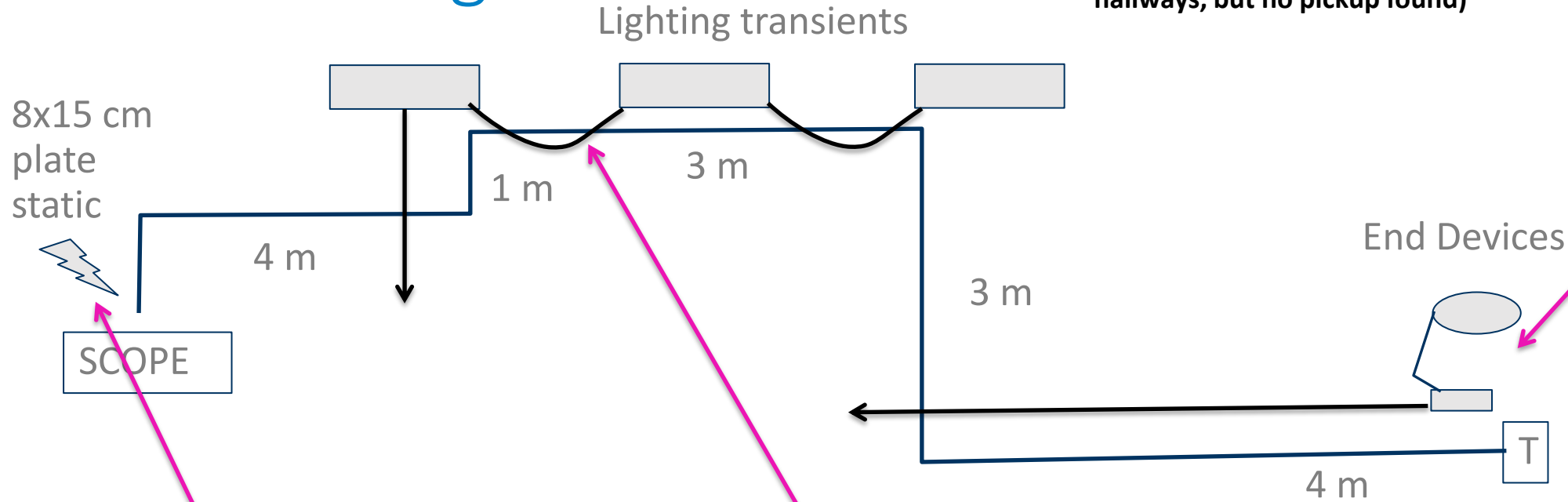


4 grounding weights

**Still a large amount of ingress detected so other attachments must be tried**

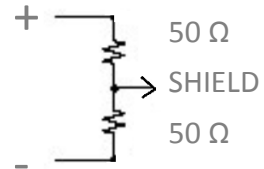
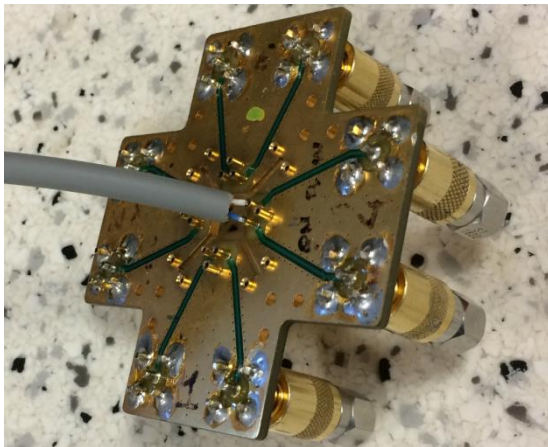
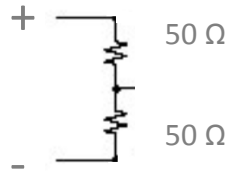
# Cable Routing

**(First tried 1000 ft through hallways, but no pickup found)**

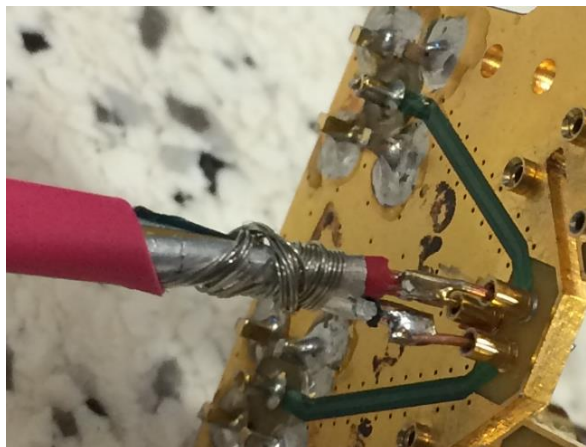


# Far End

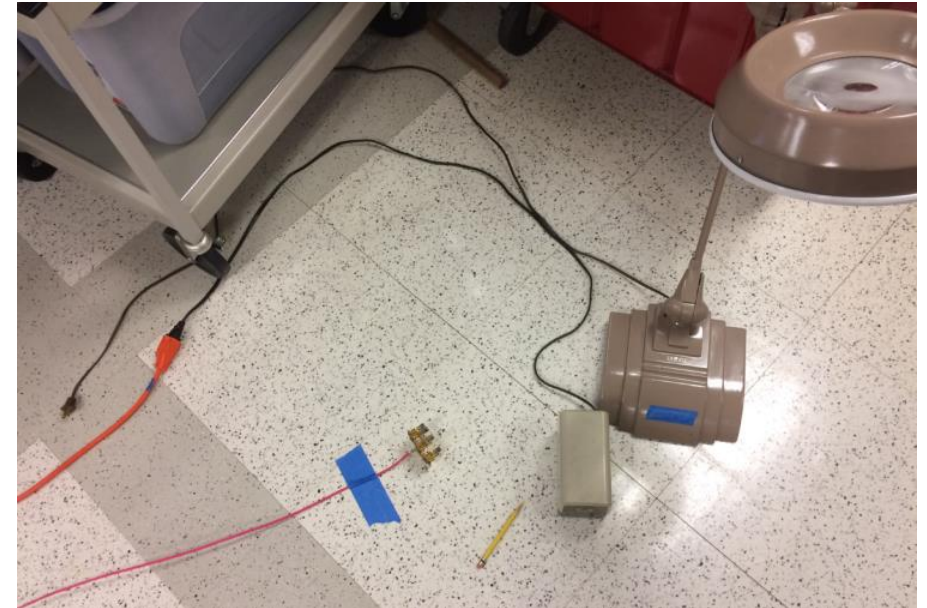
Twin 50  $\Omega$  Far End Loads



The FTP shield is center tapped



Classic TIA office disturbers  
(the originals)

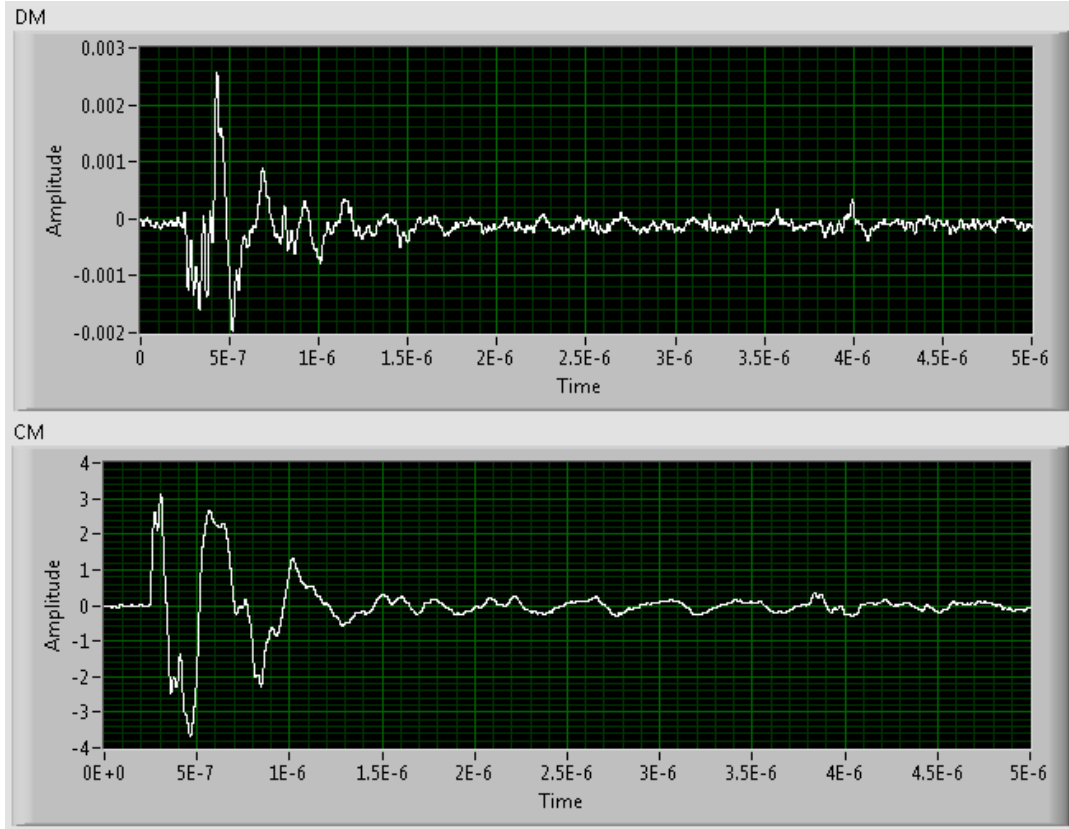




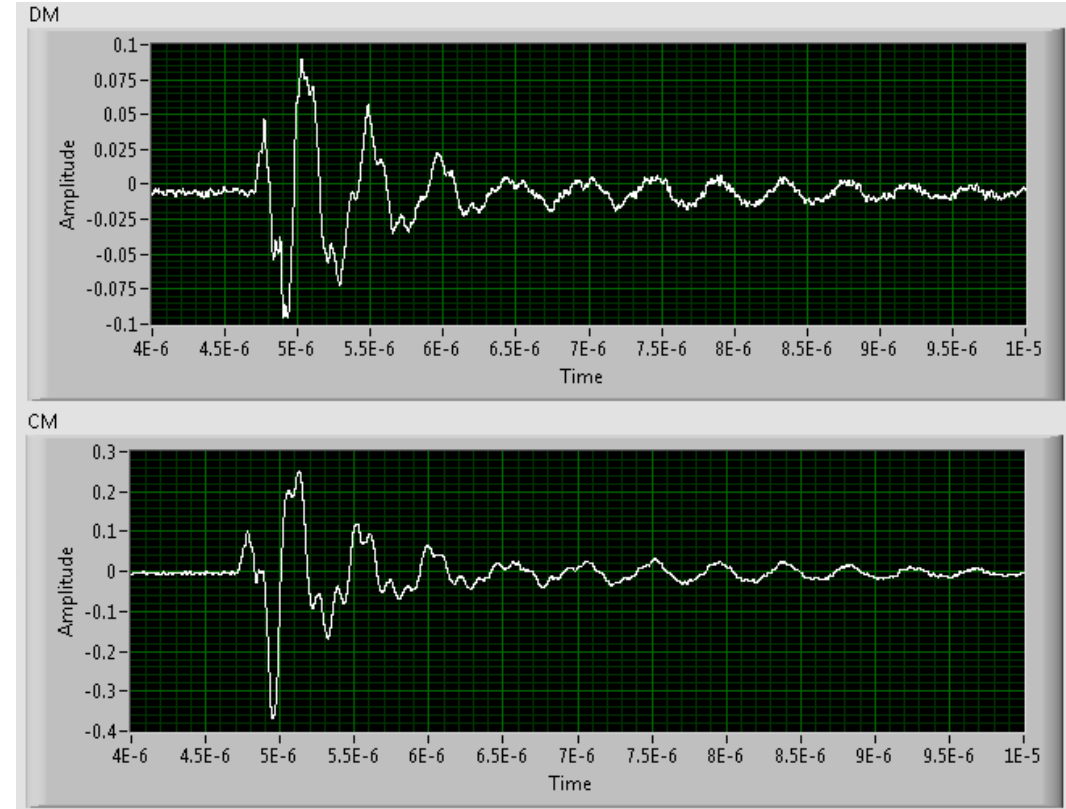
# Near End Static Keying Sample

(Squirm in a chair holding the plate,  
then touch it to the bench ground)

High balance UTP



18 AWG FTP



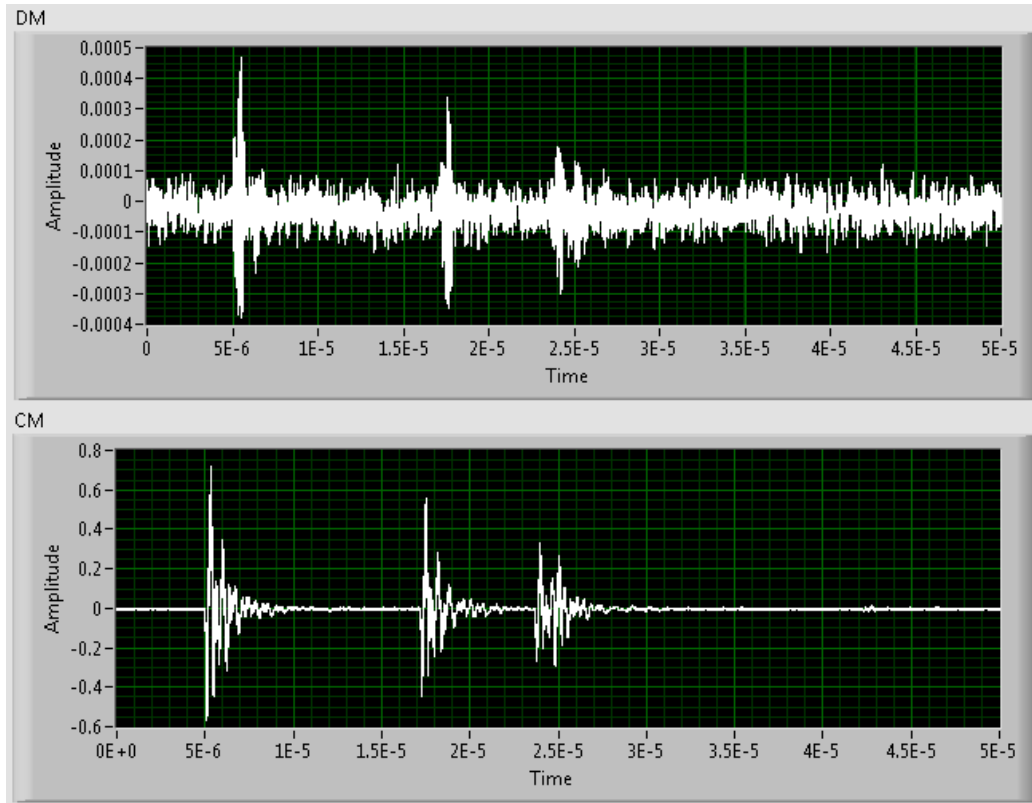
**Balance is too low – need to  
experiment more with other  
hookups or use better cable**



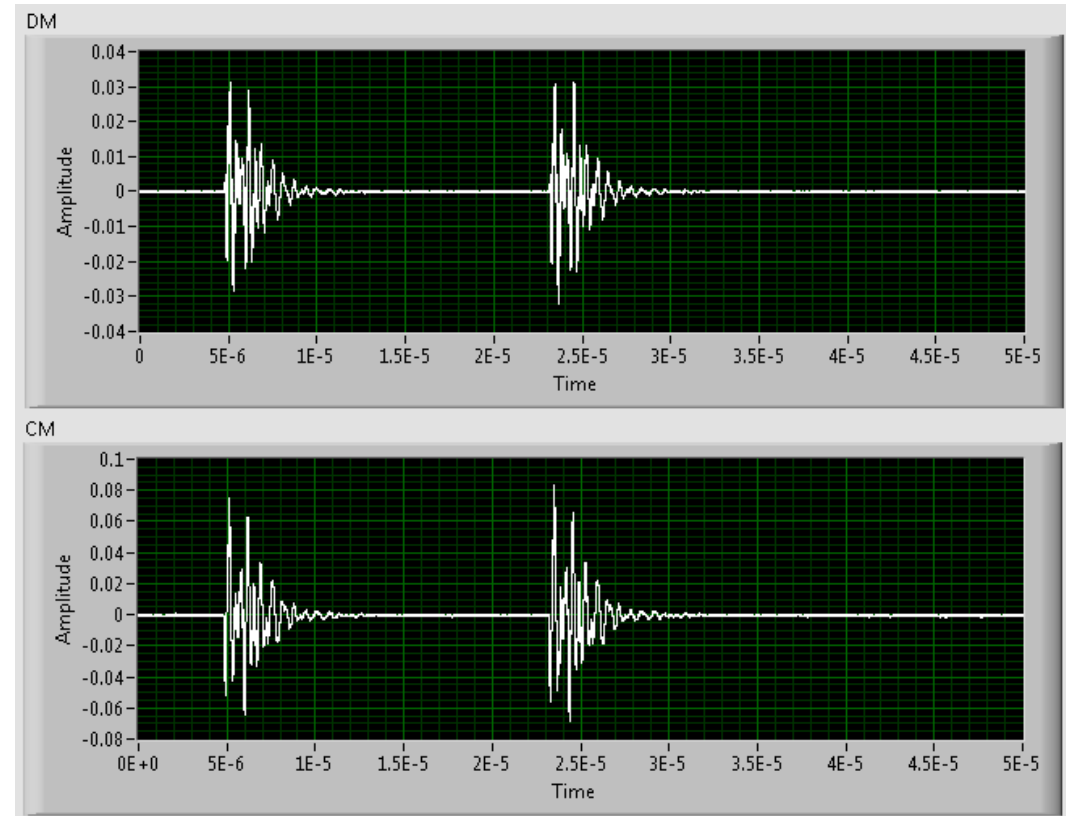
# Overhead Lighting Transient Sample

(Flick the overhead light switch)

High balance UTP



18 AWG FTP

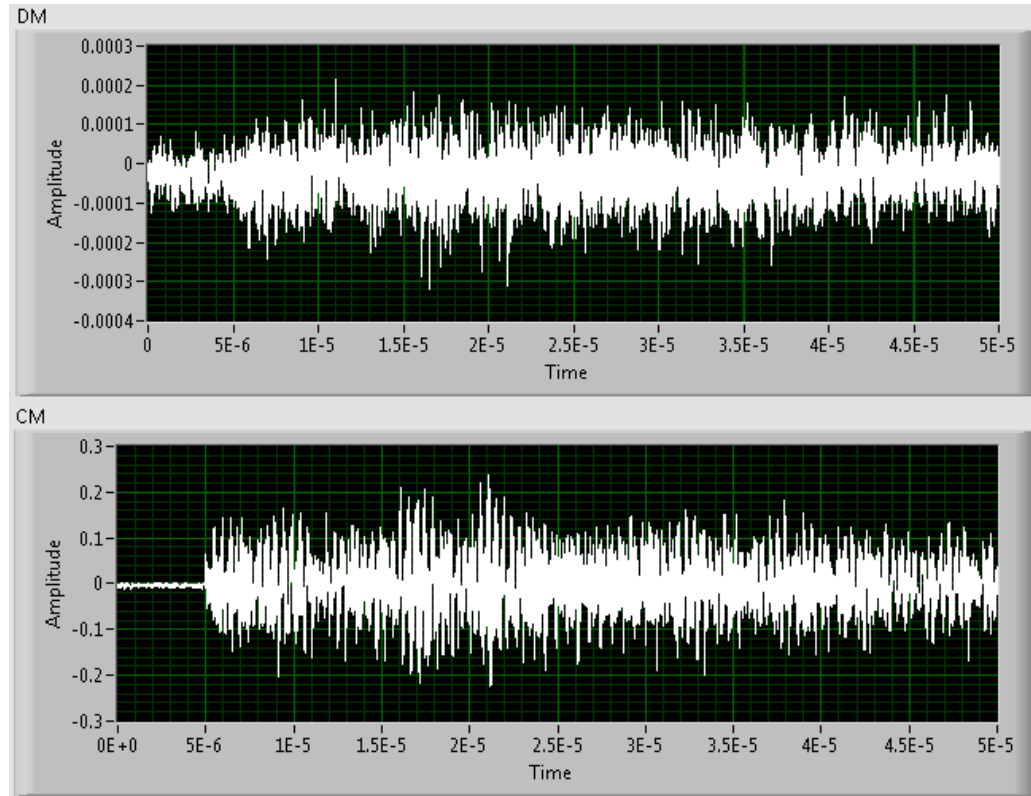


DM scale is too high – can experiment more but the result is still apparent:  
High balance makes low DM

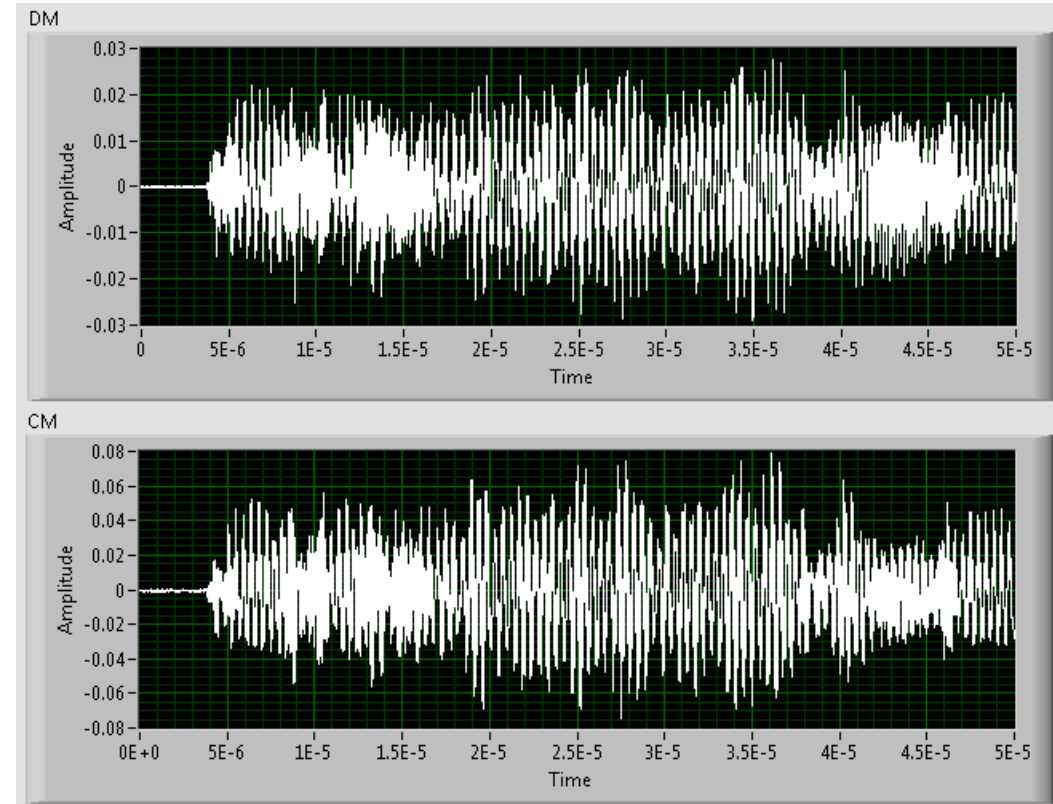
# Far End Pencil Sharpener Transient Sample

(Classic Desk Powerline Noise)

High balance UTP



18 AWG FTP



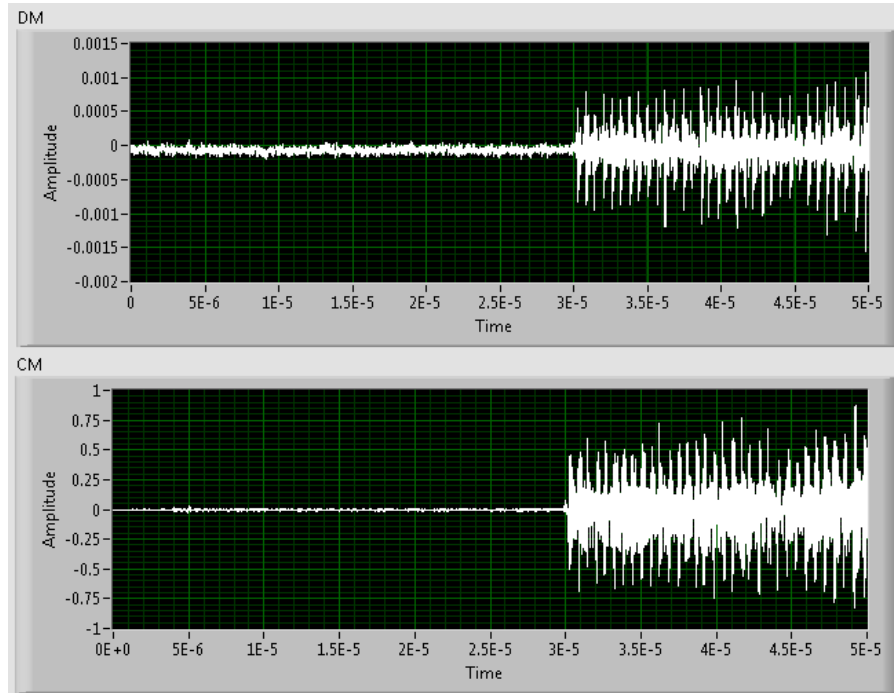
This type of noise can have long time events

# Far End Desk Lamp Transient Sample

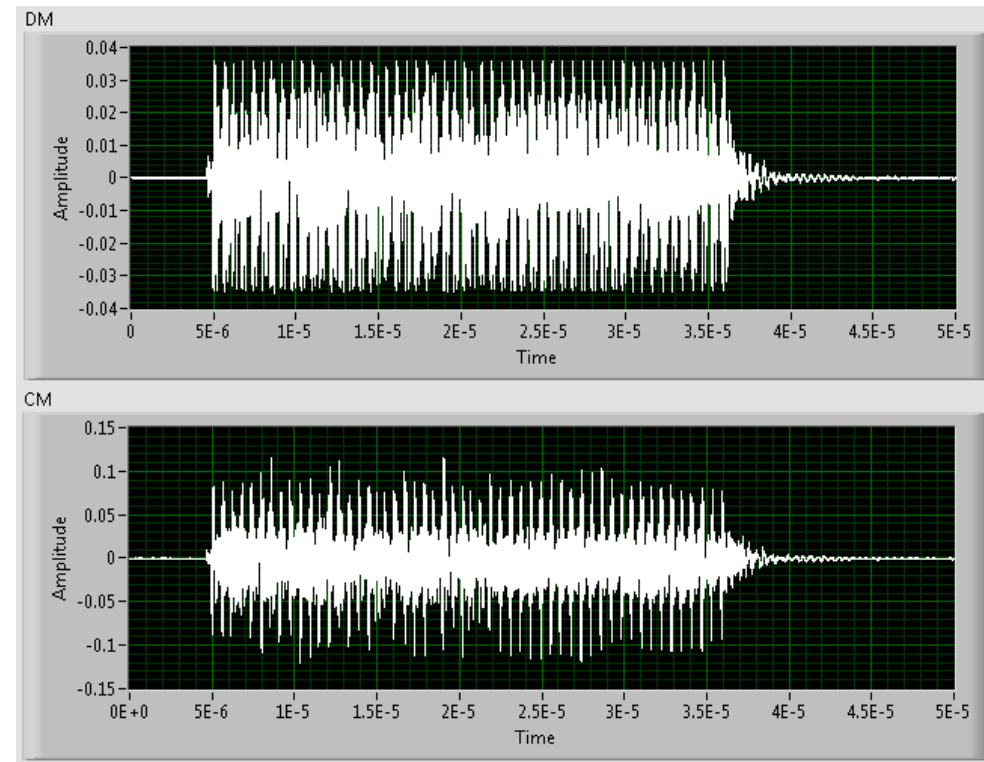
(Classic Desk Powerline Noise)

High balance UTP

18 AWG FTP



(Oops – missed it!)



This type of noise can also be very long

# Results

1. Simple setup with simultaneous Differential and Common Mode results
2. Reasonably consistent results across disturbers
3. Need Better FTP Cable
  - How good would it have to be?
  - Do we need to assess minimally performing cables and Spurs/Trees?
4. Need to experiment with FTP terminations and hookup
5. Need to find other cabling types and pathways for study



# Issues

- What type of result filtering should be used for these noise measurements?
- What time range and measurement floor should be used and/or is acceptable?
- How should multi-drop be tested?



COMMScope®

*Thank You*

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