C/ 1 SC 1.4.160a P23 # I-1 C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P50 L54 L14 # 1-4 Rolfe, Benjamin **Blind Creek Associates** Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates Comment Type E Comment Status X Comment Type E Comment Status X The term should not be used in its own definition. [IEEE Standards Style Manual, clause Abbreviations/acronyms should be spelled out at first use, which appears to be here (not 153.3.2.2.2 where it is spelled out. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy An approach where the input, output, and transfer characteristics of the uni-directional spelled out at first use transmission path between TP2 to TP3 are specified, without specifying Proposed Response Response Status O how the transmission path is implemented. Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 154 SC 154.6 P107 L38 Blind Creek Associates Rolfe, Benjamin C/ 154 SC 154.6 P108 L34 Comment Type E Comment Status X Blind Creek Associates Rolfe, Benjamin DWDM should be spelled out at first use. Which appears to be here. Comment Type GR Comment Status X SugaestedRemedy G.694.1 should listed in the bibliography (informative reference). expand acronym at first use SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Add G.694.1 to the bibliography Proposed Response Response Status O Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.186ah.2 P42 L38 Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates # I-3 C/ 1 SC 1.4.181a P23 L20 Comment Type E Comment Status X Rolfe. Beniamin Blind Creek Associates Abbreviations/acronyms should be spelled out at first use, which appears to be here. Comment Type GR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Should not re-define "channel spacing". The usual (commonly used) definition is adequate for use in this standard, and redefining the term to be WDM specific is a bad idea. All terms spelled out at first use defined in IEEE standards are incorporated into the IEEE-SA Standards Definitions Proposed Response Response Status O Database. Which does not need further polluting with this sort of incorrect use of the definitions clause of a standard. If you really must have a DWM specific definition of channel spacing, create a new term such as "DWM channel spacing" or "DWDM channel spacing" which is also more consistent with the definition of DWDM channel, DMDM link, Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.186aa.1 P37 L32 etc. However, "channel spacing" is a commonly used term generally understood by Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates anyone skilled in the art of communications in multi-channel mediums, understood to be the spacing between channels, which is how you have defined it here. SO really, you don't Comment Type **E** Comment Status X need it, as you are restating (slightly obscurely) the obvious. "Inverse RS-FEC decoder" should be "Inverse RS-FEC (IFEC) decoder" SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete term from clause 1.4. as indicated in the comment

Proposed Response

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment ID 1-7

Response Status O

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C/ 1 SC 1.5 P24 L4 # [-8

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type E Comment Status X

IFEC as used in the draft text is an abbreviation for inverse RS-FEC (without "sublayer"). E. g. "Inverse RS-FEC decoder", "Inverse RS-FEC Reed-Solomon decoder", "Inverse RS-FEC align status" and so on. Also, the abbreviation is not used consistently. In many places the full term is used. In other places IFEC is used. An abbreviation is not really needed if the full term is used everywhere (which I prefer). But if you have it, use it.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove abbreviation IFEC and use the term "Inverse RS-FEC" consistently throughout.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.4 P84 L45 # [-9

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Abbreviations/acronyms should be spelled out at first use, which appears to be here (?)

SuggestedRemedy

spell out the abbreviation at the first use.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 152 SC 152.7.1 P77 L6 # [-10

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This statement is (still) wrong: "The supplier of a protocol implementation that is claimed to conform to Clause 152, Inverse RS-FEC sublayer, shall complete the following protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma."

This is stating a requirement on the user of the standard. It is not stating a requirement for the implementation, but for the implementer. The behavior of the implementer is (still) outside the scope of this standard. I know, it has always been that way....and it has always been wrong. And BTW totally unnecessary as 80.7 says he same thing, but correctly. You should stop repeating this invalid use of shall in the individual PICS clauses. Just sayin'. Alternately I suppose we could amend the scope of the standard to include human behavior, but I would strongly recommend against that solution .

Also (still) wrong in 153.4.1 and 154.11.1.

FYI: the correct resolution detail when you reject this comment is "this amendment conforms to the style of the base standard being amended" which is the IEEE-SA way of waving your hands in the air and shouting "it' tradition".

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the paragraph "The supplier of a protocol implementation that is claimed to conform to Clause 152, Inverse RS-FEC sublayer, shall complete the following protocol implementation conformance statement (PICS) proforma." here, in 153.4.1 and 154.11.1, and anywhere else it appears in this draft.

Proposed Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 153 SC 153.2.4.2 P92 L4 # [-11

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

"However, an implementation shall ensure that all possible frame alignment positions are evaluated." is an incorrect use of "shall". This is not stating a verifiable requirement: the "all possible" is an unbounded (infinite) set. There would need to be (likely is) a finite set of frame alignment positions that should be evaluated. To be a valid requirement, you would need to change "possible" to "defined" and then provide a reference to where the defined set of frame alignment positions is enumerated and defined. Then at least you have a valid statement of a requirement. Tho the prior sentence suggests such specification is out of scope of this standard (kind of what "not specified" means). Also, does the SLIP function evaluate every defined position every time, or as suggested by the first sentence, only the next one in the (undefined) list of valid positions? I can see why y'all decided to leave this "implementation dependent":-).

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "However, an implementation shall ensure that all possible frame alignment positions are evaluated."

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.4.3 P92 L20 # [-12

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

"The synchronization state diagram determines" really isn't correct The diagram specifies something, it can illustrate something, it can even indicate something, but it can not determine anything. A diagram an specify how the synchronization process determines something, which is what I suspect you mean.

SuggestedRemedy

change to: The synchronization process determines when the SC-FEC has detected the location of the frame alignment sequence in the received bit stream for a given lane of the PMA service interface.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.1 P101 L11 # [-13

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The statement "shall be connected" is inappropriate in an overview subclause. This is a statement of fact relevant to the purpose of the overview, which is providing context.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "shall" to "is".

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.1.1 P102 L40 # [-14

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

At line 40 and 44, "sufficiently random" is cited in a requirement. I can't seem to find a precise definition of "sufficiently random" nor do I understand how an implementation assures sufficient randomness of bit errors on the medium. I am not sure but I *think* the clause is trying to specify a minimum performance requirement for the implementation, not the physical world in which it will operate. However how this is verified is not at all clear.

SuggestedRemedy

Provide a reference to where sufficiently random is defined and how sufficiency is verified. Alternatively, remove the subclause.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L29 # [-15

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

A table note (a note to a table) is informative. Thus "shall be able to tolerate" (stating a requirement) can not appear in a note to a table. The rquirement (3 dBm) is stated in the table (correctly). The note appears (I'm guessing) to be explanatory text (informative) explaining "damage threshold". For sure, "shall" in a table note is wrong.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to "Damage threshold is the average optical signal average power level that is tolerated without damage."

Proposed Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID I-15

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C/ 154 SC 154.9.1 P116 L7 # [-16

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Oops. "Editor's Note (to be removed prior to SA ballot): Text must be aligned with changes to P802.3cr.". Welcome to SA ballot. Stuff happens - blame it on 2020:-)

SuggestedRemedy

Remove note Editor's note that was meant to be removed before SA ballot

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.9.5 P116 L46 # [-17

Rolfe, Benjamin Blind Creek Associates

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

"A system integrating a 100GBASE-ZR PMD shall comply with applicable local and national codes for the limitation of electromagnetic interference." is stating a requirement out of scope of this standard. It is the implementers responsibility to assure that the system complies with applicable codes, regulations, and laws. All of which are subject to change after the publication of this standard and all of which are outside the control of IEEE-SA and 802.3.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to: It is the implementers responsibility to assure a system integrating a 100GBASE-ZR PMD complies with applicable local and national codes for the limitation of electromagnetic interference.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P51 L4 # |-18

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The editing instruction is missing the word 'Table'

SuggestedRemedv

Change the editing instruction to read as follows: Insert a new row at the end of Table 80–1 (as inserted by IEEE Std 802.3cu-xx) as follows (unchanged rows not shown):

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 153 SC 153.2.1 P82 L7

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type T Comment Status X

The description of the sources from which the SC FEC receives information (PCS, Inverse RS-FEC, or PMA) and the destinations to which it sends information (PCS or PMA) are not consistent.

I-19

SuggestedRemedy

Revise the last sentence of the paragraph to include the Inverse RS-FEC as a potential destination: The FEC:IS_UNITDATA_i primitives are defined for i = 0 to 19. The PCS, Inverse RS-FEC, or PMA continuously sends 20 parallel bit streams to the SC-FEC sublayer, each at a nominal signaling rate of 5.15625 GBd. The SC-FEC sublayer continuously sends 20 parallel bit streams to the PCS, Inverse RS-FEC, or PMA, one per lane, each at a nominal signaling rate of 5.15625 GBd.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.1 P82 L12 # [-20

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

In the description of when the SIGNAL_OK is set to FAIL, the sentence should begin with "The" rather than "That" for consistency.

SuggestedRemedy

Revise the 3rd sentence, replacing 'That' with 'The': The SIGNAL_OK parameter of the FEC:IS_SIGNAL.indication primitive can take one of two values: OK or FAIL. The value is set to OK when the FEC receive function has identified codeword boundaries as indicated by fec_align_status equal to TRUE. The value is set to FAIL when the FEC receive function is unable to reliably establish codeword boundaries as indicated by fec_align_status equal to FALSE.

Proposed Response Response Status O

CI 153 SC 153.2.3.2.6 P88 L7 # [-21]
Huber, Thomas Nokia
Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Figure 153-5 does not clearly indicate the flow into the 'XOR' functions at the top of the figure. There should be arrowheads on the tops of the vertical lines (as figure 11-3 of ITU-T G.709, on which this figure is based, includes).

SuggestedRemedy

Add arrowheads pointing into the three XOR functions on the vertical lines

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.7 P88 L40 # [-22

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

It would be better to write the sentence below figure 153-6 in the passive voice (the FEC frame doesn't do the distribution; its contents are distributed)..

SuggestedRemedy

Replace: The entire FEC frame consisting of 4080×4 octets distributes 51 groups of 16 octets to each of the 20 FEC lanes. With: 51 groups of 16 octets are distributed from the FEC frame (consisting of 4080×4 octets) to each of the 20 FEC lanes.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 153 SC 153.2.3.2.7 P88 L44 # ||-23

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

There is ambiguity in the parsing of the first sentence of the second paragraph after figure 153-6 as to whether it is discussing groups of 16 octets (as intended) or 16 "octet groups". A hyphen will make the intended meaning clear.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a hyphen as shown: At each FEC frame boundary, the assignment of 16-octet groups to FFC lanes is rotated

Proposed Response Status O

CI A SC A P123 L # 1-24

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Annex A does not contain an editing instruction to add G.798, but the NOTE in clause 153.2.3.3.1 is making a reference to it..

SuggestedRemedy

Add an editing instruction to insert a reference for [Bxx] ITU-T G.798, Characteristics of optical transport network hierarchy equipment functional blocks

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.3.2 P89 L21 # [-25

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The main point of the second contenes in the paragraph

The main point of the second sentence in the paragraph is that the 6th octet of the FAS is used, modulo 20. This would be more clear if the indication that the FAS was inserted based on 153.2.3.2.7 was in parentheses. The cross-reference is helpful but should not detract from the main idea.

SuggestedRemedy

Revise the second sentence to add a comma after 'lane number' and add parentheses as shown: The receive SC-FEC shall order the received FEC lanes according to the FEC lane number, which is the 6th octet of the FAS (inserted as per 153.2.3.2.7) modulo 20.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 153 SC 153.2.3.3.5 P89 L49 # [-26

Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type E Comment Status X

The first sentence of the paragraph would be more clear if it included the words 'that was' after 66B blocks.

SuggestedRemedy

Add 'that was' as shown: The GMP demapper extracts the deskewed and serialized stream of 66B blocks that was inserted according to the process described in 153.2.3.2.4 from the SC-FEC frame

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 153 SC 153.2.4 P91 L32 # I-27 Huber, Thomas Nokia

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The restart lock variable references a "5 BAD" state. The state diagram on p93 includes a 15 BAD state and transitions based on fas bad count being equal to or less than 15.

SuggestedRemedy

Correct the text in the definition of restart lock to reference 15 BAD.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.5.4 P106 L33 # I-28

Nokia

Huber, Thomas Comment Type E Comment Status X

The NOTE above the table and the footnote to the table are largely redundant, with the only difference being the first sentence in the note.

SuggestedRemedy

Include the first sentence from the NOTE in the footnote to the table and delete the NOTE.

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 154.8.22 P115 / 45 C/ 154 # 1-29

Laubach, Mark IEEE member / Self Employed

Comment Status X Comment Type T

In ITU-T G.698.2, maximum Interferometric crosstalk only takes the value of -25 dB in Table 8-7 and Table 8-8 for class DP-DQPSK applications. In tables 8-1 through 8-6, the value is -40 dB for NRZ signals. Hopefully people won't look at the wrong section in the ITU doc.

SuggestedRemedy

As was done in other places in this draft, change "Recommendation ITU-T G.698.2" to "Recommendation ITU-T G.698.2 for DP-DQPSK signals" on line 45.

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 30 SC 30 P25 L19 # 1-30

Trowbridge, Stephen Nokia Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Significant material is missing from clause 30 where corresponding material is present in other projects or amendments. Material relating to clause 152 may not be necessary as this does not directly affect behavior at the external interface, but clause 153-related registers likely need to be added. A key decision is what needs to be visible in clause 30 for the case of clause 91 RS FEC on the host board running across the C2M interface, with clause 152 Inverse RS-FEC and clause 153 SC-FEC on the module side.

SuggestedRemedy

Add the following (or equivalent) attrubites:

aFECCorrectedBlocks (may need both Clause 152 and 153 equivalent)

aFECUncorrectableBlocks (may need both Clause 152 and 153 equivalent)

aRSFECBIPErrorCount (may need clause 152 equivalent)

aRSFECBypassAbility (may need clause 152 equivalent)

aRSFECBypassIndicationAbility (may need clause 152 equivalent)

aRSFECBypassEnable (may need clause 152 equivalent)

aRSFECBypassIndicationEnable (may need clause 152 equivalent)

aRSFECLaneMapping (may need clause 152 and 153 equivalent)

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.186ao P48 L12 # I-31

Trowbridge, Stephen Nokia

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Table 45-150am is for FEC corrected bits

SuggestedRemedy

Change "FEC uncorrected codewords" to "FEC corrected bits" in the Name column of all four rows of the table

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 78 SC 78.1.4 P49 L17 # I-32 C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.6 P88 L5 # I-35 Trowbridge, Stephen Trowbridge, Stephen Nokia Nokia Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X Additional clauses may be used for 100GBASE-ZR PHYs Missing arrowheads on Figure 153-5 SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Add clauses 91, 135 and 152 to the list of relevant clauses for 100GBASE-ZR PHYs in Add right facing arrows before the squiggles on the two bottom lines. Add upward arrows to the three vertical lines to the XOR (circled plus) at the top Table 78-1 Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 80 SC 80.1.4 P**51 L1** # I-33 C/ A SC A P123 L11 # I-36 Trowbridge, Stephen Trowbridge, Stephen Nokia Nokia Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type ER Comment Status X All 100GBASE-Z Physical Layer devices use clause 153 SC-FEC. Only some use clause Missing addition of bibliographic reference to ITU-T G.798 91 RS-FEC and clause 152 Inverse RS-FEC SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Insert [Bxx] ITU-T G.798-Characteristics of optical transport network hierarchy equipment Change "... over multiple PCS lanes (see Clause82) and a PMD implementing DP-DQPSK functional blocks modulation." to "... over multiple PCS lanes (see Clause82), the FEC of Clause 153, and a Proposed Response Response Status 0 PMD implementing DP-DQPSK modulation." Change the following sentence to read: "Some 100GBASE-Z Physical Layer devices also use the FEC of Clause 91 and the Inverse RS-FEC of clause 152." C/ 153 P**91** SC 153.4.1 / 32 # I-37 Proposed Response Response Status O Lewis, David Lumentum Inc Comment Status X Comment Type T C/ 80 SC 80.3.2 P53 1 44 # I-34 The description of restart lock says it is set to true when 5 FASs fail to match (5 BAD state). However, the state diagram in Fig 153-7 shows a transition to the 15 BAD state Trowbridge, Stephen Nokia when fas bad count = 15. Comment Type TR Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy By earlier convention, this should be called 100GBASE-Z Change 2nd sentence of restart lock description from: "It is set to TRUE when 5 FASs in a SuggestedRemedy row fail to match (5 BAD state)" to "It is set to TRUE when 15 FASs in a row fail to match Change 100GBASE-R to 100GBASE-Z in the title of Figure 80-4a (15 BAD state)". Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 1-37

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C/ FM SC FM P13 L47 # I-38 Issenhuth Consulting, LLC, Huawei Technologies Co., Issenhuth, Tom Comment Type Е Comment Status X

Amendment ordering has been changed with 802.3ct preceeding 802.3cp

SuggestedRemedy

Remove 802.3cp from the list

Proposed Response Response Status O

P14 C/ FM SC FM L8 # 1-39

Issenhuth Consulting, LLC, Huawei Technologies Co., Issenhuth, Tom

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Amendment ordering has been changed with 802.3ct preceeding 802.3cs

SuggestedRemedy

C/ 30

Remove 802.3cs from the list

SC 30.5.1.1.2

Proposed Response Response Status O

P25 Issenhuth. Tom Issenhuth Consulting, LLC, Huawei Technologies Co.,

L12

1-40

Comment Type Comment Status X Е

States insert after 100GBASE-ER4 but 802.3cd inserted 100GBASE-CR2. KR2. SR2 and DR after 100GBASE-ER4.

SuggestedRemedy

Change to "insert after 100GBASE-DR as inserted by IEEE Std 802.3cd-2018."

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Note b suggests that there are actually 2 PMDs, one for amplified and one for unamplified. Note b was included to express that the unamplified parameters are "informative" and not necessary for the 80 km DWDM project objective. It needs to be anambiguously clear that there is only one PMD specification for the Tx/Rx. If the unamplified receiver parameters become mandatory, we need to re-examine that the values are not too restrictive for the primary objective, potentially reducing yield.

L31

Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd

Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd

I-41

1-42

SuggestedRemedy

Stassar, Peter

Stassar, Peter

Delete Note b.

Proposed Response Response Status O

SC 154.7.3 C/ 154 P111

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The black link characteristics in Table 154-10 are specifically to satisfy the project objective of 80 km over a DWDM link. This can only be done on by defining a black link "appropriate for the inclusion of one or more optical amplifiers" (thus without actually requiring it). Then fiber loss is not specified. The specification methodology is based upon that principle. Because of the intent to serve unamplified applications it would be useful to add one or more table(s) with an illustrative (thus informative) power budget for unamplified applications operating over shorter distances than 80 km. This illustrative power budget could contain an example of a fiber loss specification and the addition of an optical path (e.g. dispersion) penalty, without "destroying" the fundamental principle of black link specification methodology.

SuggestedRemedy

A proposal for a new Table and associate informative content will be made in a presentation (pending)

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 # I-43 C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L20 L31 # I-46 Cable Television Laboratories Inc. (CableLabs) Schmitt, Matthew Cable Television Laboratories Inc. (CableLabs) Schmitt, Matthew Comment Type T Comment Status X Comment Type T Comment Status X The inclusion of note "b" in table 154-9 might be interpreted to imply that we're either In looking at Table 154-9, it's not clear that "Average receive power [amplified] (min)" is defining two PHYs or that both data points are not mandatory, which was not the intent. It's intrinsically linked to "Receiver OSNR(193.6) [amplified] (min)": you only learn about the also not necessary to convey the requirements accurately, and therefore could be removed. linkage by looking at clause 154.8.12. The same situation exists with "Average receive power [unamplified] (min)" and "Receiver OSNR(193.6) [unamplified] (min)", whose linkage SuggestedRemedy is only clarified by clause 154.8.13. This could lead to confusion with the actual Delete note "b" from Table 154-9. requirements. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Consider adding a note or notes to Table 154-9 to clarify these linkages. Alternately. consider replacing or supplementing the table with a graph that shows what is required and what isn't. C/ 154 SC 154.8.14 P114 L46 # 1-44 Proposed Response Response Status O Schmitt. Matthew Cable Television Laboratories Inc. (CableLabs) Comment Type E Comment Status X In clause 154.8.14 the parameter in question is called out as "OSNR(193.6) [amplified]". C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.6 P88 L4 # 1-47 without indication that it is a receiver requirement. However, in Table 154-9, the parameter is listed as "Receiver OSNR(193.6) [amplified]", which makes that clear but does not match Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA** the text in Table 154.9 Comment Type Comment Status X SuggestedRemedy Some lines that pass through squiggle-breaks have arrowheads there, others don't. Three Change the name of the parameter (including the section title) to "Receiver OSNR(193.6) lines going up to (+) don't have arrows. The arrow pointing to p15 is not guite horizontal. [amplified]" in order to match Table 154-9. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Tidy up Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 154 SC 154.8.15 P115 / 1 # I-45 Schmitt. Matthew Cable Television Laboratories Inc. (CableLabs) C/ 154 SC 154.11.4.6 P122 **L1** # 1-48 Comment Type E Comment Status X Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA** In clause 154.8.15, the parameter in question is called out as "OSNR(193.6) [unamplified]". Comment Type E Comment Status X without indication that it is a receiver requirement. However, in Table 154-9, the parameter is listed as "Receiver OSNR(193.6) [unamplified]", which makes that clear but does not Black Link match the text in Table 154.9. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy

black link

Proposed Response

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Change the name of the parameter -- including the section title -- to "Receiver

Response Status O

OSNR(193.6) [unamplified]" in order to match Table 154-9.

Proposed Response

Comment ID 1-48

Response Status 0

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C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.7 P88 L27 # I-49 Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA** Comment Type E Comment Status X Not the usual font for figures SuggestedRemedy Change to Arial Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 P**23 L9** SC 1.4.35b # I-50 Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA**

What the Clause 153 SC-FEC sublaver does is much the same as what the Clause 50 WAN Interface Sublayer does: it takes a 64B/66B encoded stream and puts it in a telecoms style wrapper. The SC-FEC is quite different to the "KR4" or "KP4" FEC. Also, this PHY uses a telecoms style clock domain on the line. It doesn't work by "using 100GBASE-R encoding". While it may carry a 64B/66B stream, what it actually uses is SC-FEC framing, and is significantly different to all in-force BASE-R (or BASE-P) PHYs.

Comment Status X

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type TR

Change "using 100GBASE-R encoding, DP-DQPSK modulation" to "using 100GBASE-R encoding, GMP mapping, SC-FEC framing, and DP-DQPSK modulation". (If the group is ashamed of using all those things, it could change how the PHY works, but that would be more disruptive.)

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 1 SC 1.4.35b P23 L8 # I-51

Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA** Comment Type T Comment Status X

1.4.70 10GBASE-W: An IEEE 802.3 physical coding sublayer for serial 10 Gb/s operation that is data-rate and format compatible with SONET STS-192c. (See IEEE Std 802.3.

1.4.31 100GBASE-P: An IEEE 802.3 family of Physical Layer devices using 100GBASE-R encoding and a PMD that employs pulse amplitude modulation with more than 2 levels. (See IEEE Std 802.3, Clause 80.)

1.4.32 100GBASE-R: An IEEE 802.3 family of Physical Layer devices using 100GBASE-R encoding and a PMD that employs 2-level pulse amplitude modulation. (See IEEE Std 802.3. Clause 80.)

1.4.33 100GBASE-R encoding: The physical coding sublayer encoding defined in Clause 82 for 100 Gb/s operation. (See IEEE Std 802.3. Clause 82.)

DQPSK has a similarity with 100GBASE-P (2 bits/UI), but what the Clause 153 SC-FEC sublayer does is much the same as what the Clause 50 WAN Interface Sublayer does: it takes a 64B/66B encoded stream and puts it in a telecoms style wrapper. The SC-FEC is quite different to the "KR4" or "KP4" FEC. Also, this PHY uses a telecoms style clock domain. It doesn't work by "using 100GBASE-R encoding". While it may carry a 64B/66B stream, what it actually uses is SC-FEC framing. All in all, it's significantly different to "BASE-R" and should be named appropriately so that future projects and implementations with breakout options are not confused. Straw polls two years ago don't alter the technical issue.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the name to 100GBASE-ZW

Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 154 SC 154.7.3 P111 L45 # I-52

Dawe, Piers J G **NVIDIA** Comment Type TR Comment Status X

802.3 writes interoperability specifications. The definitions of transmitter, receiver and channel must each be independently complete enough so that any compliant transmitter. receiver and channel will interoperate. The transmitter and receiver have specified power ranges; the channel must have specifications that control the loss or gain for compliant transmitted signals so that the power window at TP3 is met. In G.698.2. 7.4.1 Maximum and minimum mean input power:

"This parameter (together with the maximum and minimum mean channel output power) also places a requirement on the maximum and minimum channel insertion loss (or gain) of the black link.

The requirement is that while the mean channel output power at point SS is within the specified limits, the channel insertion loss (or gain) of the black link for that channel must be such that the power level at point RS is within the maximum and minimum mean input power limits."

So in G.698.2, there is a channel insertion loss (or gain) requirement. Here, with the three pieces specified separately, the channel insertion loss (or gain) spec has got lost in translation, and a channel can be compliant with any amount of loss, even when obviously unusable.

SuggestedRemedy

Add black link specifications in 154.7.3, preferably in Table 154-10, so that a black link will deliver the right power at TP3, giving effect to what G.698.2 says, "while the mean channel output power at point SS [TP2] is within the specified limits, the channel insertion loss (or gain) of the black link for that channel must be such that the power level at point RS [TP3] is within the maximum and minimum mean input power limits". Different for amplified and non-amplified cases. Add associated PICS.

Proposed Response Response Status O

C/ 1 SC 1.5 P23 **L**5 # I-53

Dawe. Piers J G **NVIDIA** Comment Type E Comment Status X

Abbreviation that needs expanding

SuggestedRemedy

Add entry for OSNR, here or in 154.8

Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.8.11 P114

L24

I-54

Dawe, Piers J G

NVIDIA

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X

Inadequately defined term. This says "OSNR and OSNR(193.6) are defined in Recommendation ITU-T G.698.2. G.698.2. 7.4.2. says "optical signal-to-noise ratio (OSNR) is the ... value of the ratio of the signal power in the wanted channel to the ... noise power density (referred to 0.1 nm) ... Not "... to the noise power in 0.1 nm". So it's power / power density. The units then would be dB/nm maybe? But they aren't. And what does G.698.2 mean by "signal power"? Is it the average power, the OMA, or something else? I see that 7.2.12, Maximum error vector magnitude, has a "signal power" derived after some mathematical manipulation from a measurement, but I believe that OSNR existed before EVM, so that's probably a different thing.

SuggestedRemedy

Provide an unambiguous definition of OSNR

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L25 # 1-55

Dawe. Piers J G

NVIDIA

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

This draft lacks a sensitivity or stressed sensitivity spec, but has a spec for receiver OSNR tolerance(193.6), defined in 154.8.16 by reference to G.698.2, where 7.4.3 defines it as at: worst EVM RMS, IQ offset, optical return loss at point SS, receiver connector degradations and measurement tolerances, but excluding chromatic dispersion, non-linear effects, reflections from the optical path, PMD, PDL and optical crosstalk. This would need a great deal of interpretation to turn into an actual measurement, with too much opportunity for alternative choices and disagreement. 802.3 doesn't put measurement tolerances in parameter values like that; they are the measurer's problem not the standard's. Not specifying the receiver for tolerance to chromatic dispersion is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 2002. Not having a specific stressed sensitivity spec is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 1998. It is not clear that receiver OSNR tolerance(193.6) enforces the right receiver sensitivity for the unamplified link.

SuggestedRemedy

Add clear, specific receiver sensitivity criteria, addressing signal strength, sinusoidal jitter, EVM RMS, IQ offset, chromatic dispersion, and for the amplified case, OSNR, Make the unamplified case a "major option" if it's more onerous than the amplified case. If it makes sense to specify tolerance to OSNR and some other things in one spec item. and chromatic dispersion and some others in another spec item, as G.698.2 does, do so. Because this PMD has its own clock domain, the sinusoidal jitter won't be the usual amount. Add associated PICS.

Proposed Response

Response Status 0

C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.4 P85

I-56

Dawe, Piers J G

NVIDIA

Comment Type Ε Comment Status X

"as described in 153.2.3.2.4": we are in 153.2.3.2.4; where do you mean?

SuggestedRemedy

Give a more specific reference

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.5.4

Comment Type T

P106

L43

L2

I-57

Dawe, Piers J G

NVIDIA

Comment Status X

Requiring a receiver in an amplified link to declare signal detect OK when it's up to 14 dB below sensitivity is a bad requirement.

SugaestedRemedy

The limit in the "Receive conditions" column should be the minimum average input power [unamplified or amplified] according to whether the link is amplified or not. Formally, we can say that we tell that to the PMD through the management interface or otherwise, or we ask the receiver to report that the signal is above each of the limits (when it is) separately. without having to know. As the higher sublavers formally don't know either, the first way seems better. If unamplified ability becomes optional, SD for unamplified would be optional with it. With this change, implementers can do just as this draft allows, or do better if they wish.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111

L22

I-58

Dawe, Piers J G

NVIDIA Comment Status X

Comment Type TR

In this draft, the black link must comply with chromatic dispersion (max) and (min), but there is no corresponding spec on the receiver. Compare G.698.2:

"7.3.2 Maximum and minimum (residual) chromatic dispersion

These parameters define the maximum and minimum value of the optical path end-to-end chromatic dispersion that the system shall be able to tolerate."

This draft has lost something very important in translation. Not specifying the receiver for tolerance to chromatic dispersion is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 2002.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a requirement for the receiver to tolerate the range of chromatic dispersion, e.g. similar to the stressed sensitivity spec in any 802.3 SMF clause.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.5.4

P106 **NVIDIA**

L45

1-59

Dawe, Piers J G

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X

A table with only one row isn't a table.

SuggestedRemedy

Reinstate the row "All other conditions Unspecified"

then it makes sense as a table and works the same way.

Proposed Response

Response Status 0

C/ 153 SC 153.2.3.2.4

P84 **NVIDIA** L22

I-60

Dawe, Piers J G

Comment Type TR

Comment Status X

The GMP mapper and SC-FEC encoder are far too complicated to be implemented with high confidence based on only these sections. G.709 and G.709.2 Annex A.

SuggestedRemedy

As requested before, please provide a sample SC-FEC frame. There is provision for a downloadable file if it is larger than one would want in the standard. It may be acceptable to publish the beginning and end of the frame, omitting most of the payload if what is omitted really is obvious.

Proposed Response

Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 1-60

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C/ 154 SC 154.7.1 P110 # I-61 C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L23 L30 # I-64 Inphi Corporation Inphi Corporation Zhang, Bo Zhang, Bo Comment Type Ε Comment Status X Comment Type Ε Comment Status X The cell reads 'The frequency in Table 154-6 corresponding to the variable Parameter Receiver OSNR (193.6) is missing the unit after 193.6. This applies to also two Tx optical channel index'. However, there is no variable named Tx optical channel index more parameters in the same Rx table. in Table 154-6. There is a similar variable in the MDIO table Table 154-2 however the cell SuggestedRemedy has not properly cross referenced it. Suggest add the unit 'THz' after 193.6 in three parameters in the Rx table. SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status O Suggest change the cell sentence to 'The frequency in Table 154-6 corresponding to the variable Channel center frequency'. The other option is to simplify the cell to 'The frequencies shown in Table 154-6'. C/ 154 SC 154.7.1 P110 L43 # I-65 Proposed Response Response Status O Inphi Corporation Zhang, Bo Comment Type Comment Status X C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 / 16 # I-62 Transmitter in-band OSNR is a Tx parameter that needs to be guaranteed across the defined frequencies. I see in the 154.8 definition section 154.8.11 subsection a note Zhang, Bo Inphi Corporation mentioning the reference frequency of 193.6 THz. However, it cannot be only specified at a Comment Type E Comment Status X single wavelength for this parameter. Instead, this parameter should be specified for all The value cell reads 'The frequency in Table 154-6 corresponding to the variable relevant frequencies. Rx optical channel index'. However, there is no such variable in Table 154-6. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Suggest remove (193.6) in the parameter description. Also, make corresponding changes Suggest change the cell sentence to 'The frequency in Table 154-6 corresponding to the in section 154.8.11 by removing (193.6) in several places. Remove the 'NOTE' as it does variable Channel center frequency' or simplify to 'The frequencies shown in Table 154-6'. not add value. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.7.1 P110 L33 # I-63 C/ FM SC FM P3 **L8** # I-66 Zhang, Bo Inphi Corporation D'Ambrosia. John Futurewei :Technologies. :U.S. :Sub Comment Type E Comment Status X

Comment Type E

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

Add "black link" to list of keywords

SuggestedRemedy

Suggest remove the comma after (SMSR) and before (min), to make it consistence with all other parameters in the table.

Parameter side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR) has an extra comma in the Description

Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 1-66

Comment Status X

importance in this specificatinon, it should be added to the list of keywords

Response Status 0

The term "black link" describes the methodology to describe the DWDM channel. Given its

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C/ 153 SC 153.1.2 P81 # I-67 L34 Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub D'Ambrosia, John Comment Type E Comment Status X As this clause is specific to 100GBASE-ZR PHYs, this should be noted at the bottom of the diagram in 153-1. SuggestedRemedy Add "100GBASE-ZR" below the box labeled "medium" in Fig 153-1. Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.8.12 P114 L30 # I-68 D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Comment Type ER Comment Status X Title of subclause does not match the name of the parameter in Table 154-9 SuggestedRemedy Add "receive" to subtitle after "average" Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.8.13 P114 L37 # 1-69 D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Comment Type ER Comment Status X Title of subclause does not match the name of the parameter in Table 154-9 SuggestedRemedy Add "receive" to subtitle after "average" Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.8.14 P114 L46 # I-70 D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Comment Status X Comment Type ER Title of subclause does not match the name of the parameter in Table 154-9 SuggestedRemedy

Response Status O

Add "Receiver" before "OSNR"

Proposed Response

 Cl 154
 SC 154.8.15
 P115
 L115
 # [-71]

 D'Ambrosia, John
 Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

Title of subclause does not match the name of the parameter in Table 154-9

SuggestedRemedy

Add "Receiver" before "OSNR"

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.1 P101 L9 # [-72

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

It is stated that the DWDM channel is specified using black link methodology, which specifies the parameters in Table 154-10. This table, however targets a DWDM channel with amplification. While this meets the objective of the project, it does not adequaltely address the reach requirements of the Cable/MSO distribution networks noted in the project's CSD response for Broad Market potential. Data submitted in https://www.ieee802.org/3/B10K/public/18_05/schmitt_b10k_01a_0518.pdf highlights the reach needs (citing data for <30km, <40km, <60km, <80km, and <120km), as well as noting that in the survey that a significant amount of optical channels were not amplified.

SuggestedRemedy

Develop black link specifications that would address DWDM channels that do not include amplifiers.

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.6 P107 L46 # [-73

 $\label{lem:continuous} D'Ambrosia, John \\ Futurewei\ Technologies, \ U.S.\ Sub$

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The following is stated - The black link is intentionally "black", implying that no details are provided on how the link is constructed,

configured or operated so that the end-to-end parameter requirements are met.

This is contradicted in the draft by reference to "amplified" and "unamplified" channels / parameters.

SuggestedRemedy

1. Develop a generic black model, based on Black Link Output power versus OSNR, similar to Page 10 of https://www.ieee802.org/3/ct/public/19_07/stassar_3ct_02_0719.pdf. Presentation to be submitted with proposed values. Note - unamplified and amplified scenarios are implied by the noted OSNR specifications. Generic text to describe relationship of parameters to amplified and unamplified scenarios should be added. Will be included in noted presentation.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.1 P101 L46 # [1-74

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The following is stated - The black link is intentionally "black", implying that no details are provided on how the link is constructed,

configured or operated so that the end-to-end parameter requirements are met.

It is noted that the DWDM channel may contain one or more optical amplifiers.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete text indicating that the DWDM channel may contain one or more optical amplifiers.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.6 P107 L42

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

I-75

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The following is stated - The black link is intentionally "black", implying that no details are provided on how the link is constructed.

configured or operated so that the end-to-end parameter requirements are met.

It is noted that the DWDM channel may contain one or more optical amplifiers.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete text indicating that the DWDM channel may contain one or more optical amplifiers.

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.7 P48 L48 # [I-76

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type E Comment Status X

Following is noted -

A PMD that exceeds the operating range requirement while meeting all other optical specifications is considered compliant (e.g., a

100GBASE-ZR PMD that could operate over 90 km would meet the operating range requirement of 2 m to 80 km).

This is obvious and adds no value

SuggestedRemedy

Delete noted text

Proposed Response Response Status O

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 154 SC 154.7 P109 L52 # 1-77 C/ 154 SC 154.8.12 P114 L31 # I-80 Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub D'Ambrosia, John D'Ambrosia, John Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X It is noted -154.8.12 and 154.8.13 both identify ampflied and non-amplfied scenarios for the average receive input power, but the references to these states should be deleted and instead point Table 154-7 and Table 154-8 contain several parameters that have been added to allow operation on unamplified links, which are not necessary to support amplified DWDM links to the minimum OSNR that is being targeted up to at least 80 km of single-mode fiber. SuggestedRemedy Reword 154.8.12 Two issues The average receive input power shall be within the limits given in Table 154-9. f. The 1. To meet broad market potential of project - unamplified DWDM channels need to be average input power [amplified] defines the input power range over which the BER requirement must be met at the minimum OSNR defined by the OSNR(193.6) of the target 2. This specification is for a single PHY, yet this statement appears to indicate that the rx black link. doesnt need to support certain parameters in different instances. Proposed Response Response Status O SuggestedRemedy Delte noted text Proposed Response Response Status O C/ 154 SC 154.8.14 P114 L47 # I-81 D'Ambrosia. John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Comment Type TR Comment Status X # I-78 C/ 154 SC 154.7.1 P110 L43 154.8.14 and 154.8.15 both identify amplfied and non-amplfied scenarios for the average D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub receive input power, but the references to these states should be deleted and instead point Comment Type TR Comment Status X to the average receive input power that is being targeted No explanation of the unit dB (0.1nm) SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Reword 154.8.12 The average receiver OSNR (193.6 THz) shall be within the limits given in Table 154-9 for Editor should add reference to ITU-T G.698.2 Clause 7.4.2. the respective OSNR being targeted by the black link. Proposed Response Response Status O Proposed Response Response Status 0 C/ 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L32 # I-79 C/ 154 SC 154.7.1 P110 L42 # 1-82 D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub Comment Type TR Comment Status X Comment Type TR Comment Status X Note B appears to imply that a Rx may not need to support certain parameters for OSNR not defined in 802.3ct D3.0 or 802.3-2018 unamplified scenarios and appears to create a potential interoperability problem SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy add definition for OSNR Delete Note B

Proposed Response

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Proposed Response

Response Status O

Comment ID 1-82

Response Status 0

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Cl 154 SC 154.8.11 P114 L22 # [<u>-83</u>

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type ER Comment Status X

The use of "(193.6)" as part of the name of a parameter is potentially problematic in the future when a future Clause 193.6 is expected to come into existence

SuggestedRemedy

Modify (193.6) to be (193.6 THz) in parameter names

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 154 SC 154.6 P109 L41 # [-84

D'Ambrosia, John Futurewei Technologies, U.S. Sub

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The note states -

NOTE—Coexistence of DWDM optical signals with characteristics other than the 100GBASE-ZR PMD over the same black link is not covered by this standard.

This note is unclear, as the "black link" is just a methodology, and what is contained within the same DWDM system is similar or not.

Also, it is not clear whether this standard covers the coexistence of 100GBASE-ZR PMD signaling targeting the two OSNRs.

SuggestedRemedy

Change Note to

Coexistence between DWDM links supporting 100GBASE-ZR PMDs and DWDM links supporting other optical signaling charateristics is not covered by this standard.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.8.9

P**114**

L13

I<u>-</u>85

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC,Inphi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

Error vector magnitude references ITU 698.2, where N pairs of in-phase and quadratures sampes are aquired with real time scope. A shorter capture will proivde more optimistic results than longer.

SuggestedRemedy

It has been suggested that receiver receiver will have 2 MHz tracking BW, if one assumes 2 MHz tracking BW and Baudrate of 27.9525 GBd then number of samples N should be defiend as 13976.

Proposed Response Response Status O

Cl 154 SC 154.7.2 P111 L4 # [-86

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum LLC, Inphi Corporation

Comment Type TR Comment Status X

The conditions for receiver stress test such the target BER must be met is not defined.

SuggestedRemedy

Recomend adding a new section defining stress trest conitions such as:

- EVM 23%
- at min/max power
- at Min OSNR receiver must operate
- a sinosidal jitter mask with 2 MHz corner frequency (5UI@20 KHz-0.05UI@ 2 MHz with-20 dB/dec) assuming SJ can be added to the test instrumentaiton.

Proposed Response Response Status **O**

Cl 1 SC 1.4.160a P23 L15 # [-87

Ran, Adee Intel Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

TP2 and TP3 are undefined terms that make this definition meaningless out of its context. A methodology should not be bound by such specific names.

In addition, the endpoints are defined for measurement purposes at the end of patch cords, and may not exist in any link. The transmission is between PHYs.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "between TP2 and TP3" to "between two PHYs".

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.133a.1 P29 L30 # [1-88

Ran, Adee Intel Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"supported" is not the right word for the meaning of an index number. Descriptions of other registers use "correspond" which is more appropriate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "indicates the optical frequencies that are supported" to "indicates the corresponding optical frequencies".

Change "supported for each channel index number" to "corresponding to each channel index number".

Proposed Response Status O

C/ 45 SC 45.2.1.133e P33 L19 # [-89

Ran, Adee Intel Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"Tx Rx different optical channel ability"

It is odd that a bit name in the "Rx optical channel control register" starts with "Tx". The meaning of this bit can be maintained with swapping Tx and Rx.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Tx Rx" to "Rx Tx", in Table 45.102o and in 45.2.1.133e.1

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.133e.2 P33 L39 # [-90

Ran, Adee Intel Corporation

Comment Type E Comment Status X

"supported" is not the right word for the meaning of an index number. Descriptions of other registers use "correspond" which is more appropriate.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "indicates the optical frequencies that are supported" to "indicates the corresponding optical frequencies".

Change "supported for each channel index number" to "corresponding to each channel index number".

Proposed Response Status O

Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.186ao P48 L12 # [-91

Ran, Adee Intel Corporation

Comment Type T Comment Status X

Register name says "corrected bits" as does the variable name in 153.2.5.4, but the "names" column has "uncorrected codewords" instead.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "uncorrected codewords" to "corrected bits" (4 times).

Proposed Response Response Status O