# IEEE P802.3ct D3.1 100 Gb/s over DWDM systems Initial Sponsor ballot comments

C/ 1	SC 1.4.35b	P <b>23</b>	L <b>9</b>	# 1-50		C/ 154	SC 1	54.5.4	P10	)6	L <b>45</b>	<b>#</b> I-59
Dawe, Pi	ers J G	NVIDIA				Dawe, Pie	ers J G		NVID	A		
Comment	tType TR	Comment Status R				Comment	Туре	TR	Comment Status	Α		
What	the Clause 153 S	SC-FEC sublayer does is mu	ch the same as	what the Clause 50		A table	e with or	nly one ro	w isn't a table.			
WAN	Interface Sublay	er does: it takes a 64B/66B e rThe SC-FEC is quite diffe	SuggestedRemedy Reinstate the row "All other conditions Unspecified" then it makes sense as a table and works the same way.									
this F 100G	PHY uses a teleco BASE-R encodin	ms style clock domain on th g". While it may carry a 64B										
FEC	framing, and is sig	gnificantly different to all in-fo	orce BASE-R (o	· BASE-P) PHYs.		Response			Response Status	U		
Suggeste	dRemedy					ACCE	PT IN P	RINCIPLE	Ξ.			
Chan enco (If the that y	ge "using 100GB. ding, GMP mappi group is ashame yould be more dis	ASE-R encoding, DP-DQPS ng, SC-FEC framing, and DF ed of using all those things, if ruptive)	K modulation" to P-DQPSK modul could change h	"using 100GBASE-f ation". ow the PHY works, t	R out	See re Respo	esolution	to comm	ient #i-28. i-28 was:			
Response		Posnonso Status II										
REJE	CT.	Response Status U				Replac "The F	ce the cu PMD glol	urrent cor bal signal	Itent of clause 154.5 detect function shal	4 with th set the	ne following nev state of SIGNA	v text: L_DETECT parameter
The commentor has not demonstrated how changing it would improve the quality of the draft. The same comment was submitted as technical, not required in D2.0, comment 139 (see https://www.ieee802.org/3/ct/comments/D2P0/8023ct_D2p0_comments_final_by_clause.pd						SIGNAL_DETECT from the PMD sublayer at OK allows upper layers to determine whether a valid signal is being received, e.g., according to the ability to acquire frame alignment. NOTE-Average input power is not a reliable indication of signal failure in an optically amplified system."						s to determine whether ire frame alignment. ire in an optically
						C/ 154	SC 1	54.7.1	P <b>1</b> ′	4	L <b>3</b>	# R1-84
C/ 153	SC 153.2.3.2	2.4 P84	L <b>22</b>	# <u>1-60</u>		Dawe, Pie	ers J G		NVID	A		
Dawe, Pi	ers J G	NVIDIA				Comment	Туре	TR	Comment Status	R		
Commen	tType <b>TR</b>	Comment Status A				With r	egard to	D3.0 con	nment 58, tolerance	to chrom	natic dispersion	was not enforced:
The ( high (	GMP mapper and confidence based	SC-FEC encoder are far too on only these sections, G.7	complicated to 09 and G.709.2	be implemented with Annex A.	ı	optical the tra	l clauses	s usually ł d after chi	nave something like romatic dispersion to	TDP or T enforce	DECQ involvin good transmitt	ig a measurement of er behaviour. I believe
Suggeste	dRemedy					EVMrr	ns does	not do th	is, so is there a gap	that nee	ds to be filled?	Does the maximum
As re	quested before, p	lease provide a sample SC-	FEC frame. The	ere is provision for a		speci		sion provi	de the necessary pro	JUECTION		
down	loadable file if it is	s larger than one would want	in the standard.	It may be acceptab	le	SuggestedRemedy						
omitte	ed really is obviou	g and end of the frame, offic IS.	ung most of the	payloau li what is		Ensure signal.	e that the	e compina	ation of transmitter a	na max /	min dispersior	n will deliver a usable
Response	÷	Response Status U				Response			Response Status	U		
ACCI	EPT IN PRINCIPL	.E.				REJE	ст		neoponeo otatao	•		
An e> http:// 2021	ample SC-FEC c /standards/ieee.ol _downloads.zip.	odeword is expected to be g rg/downloads/802.3/, with th	enerated and pr e expected filen	ovided in the ame 802.3ct-		The co passin DWDM	ommente ng the re M black l	er has not quiremen inks spec	t provided any evider ts while not operating ified.	nce that g not sat	the specification isfactorily in the	n is allowing devices e field for the range of
Add t "NOT http://	o the end of claus E-A file containin /standards.ieee.ol	se 153.2.3.2.5 SC-FEC Enco g an example SC-FEC code rg/downloads/802.3/."	der the following word is available	g: ⊧at		The te extrem specifi are a s	chnolog nely high ic param sufficien	y general tolerance eters. Th t condition	ly used for DP-DQPS e to chromatic disper e dispersion limits sp n in combination with	SK modu sion by becified i the opti	Ilated devices ii design, not req n Table 154-9 f cal path penalti	nherently have an uiring the addition of for the DWDM black link ies specified.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/gener	al required T/technical E/editorial G/general	C/ 154	Page 1 of 4
COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected	RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn	SC 154.7.1	3/9/2021 10:17:05 AM
SORT ORDER: Clause, Subclause, page, line			

C/ 154	SC 154.7.2	P <b>111</b>	L <b>22</b>	# 1-58	C/ 154	SC 154.7.2	P <b>111</b>	L <b>25</b>	# I-55
Dawe, Piers	JG	NVIDIA			Dawe, Piers	s J G	NVIDIA		

#### Comment Type TR Comment Status R

In this draft, the black link must comply with chromatic dispersion (max) and (min), but there is no corresponding spec on the receiver. Compare G.698.2:

"7.3.2 Maximum and minimum (residual) chromatic dispersion

These parameters define the maximum and minimum value of the optical path end-to-end chromatic dispersion that the system shall be able to tolerate."

This draft has lost something very important in translation. Not specifying the receiver for tolerance to chromatic dispersion is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 2002.

### SuggestedRemedv

Add a requirement for the receiver to tolerate the range of chromatic dispersion, e.g. similar to the stressed sensitivity spec in any 802.3 SMF clause.

#### Response

Response Status U

### REJECT.

The final sentence of the comment reads "Not specifying the receiver for tolerance to chromatic dispersion is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 2002."

None of recent in-force and draft receiver specifications contain a requirement for tolerance to chromatic dispersion. Instead chromatic dispersion requirements are provided in the channel requirements. Therefore it is very appropriate to include the chromatic dispersion requirements in the black link specifications.

Cl 154	SC 154.7.2		P <b>111</b>	L <b>25</b>	# <u>1-55</u>	
Dawe, Pier	rs J G		NVIDIA			
-		-				

#### Comment Type **TR** Comment Status R

This draft lacks a sensitivity or stressed sensitivity spec, but has a spec for receiver OSNR tolerance(193.6), defined in 154.8.16 by reference to G.698.2, where 7.4.3 defines it as at: worst EVM RMS, IQ offset, optical return loss at point SS, receiver connector degradations and measurement tolerances, but excluding chromatic dispersion, non-linear effects, reflections from the optical path, PMD, PDL and optical crosstalk. This would need a great deal of interpretation to turn into an actual measurement, with too much opportunity for alternative choices and disagreement. 802.3 doesn't put measurement tolerances in parameter values like that, they are the measurer's problem not the standard's. Not specifying the receiver for tolerance to chromatic dispersion is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 2002. Not having a specific stressed sensitivity spec is contrary to all 802.3 SMF specs since 1998. It is not clear that receiver OSNR tolerance(193.6) enforces the right receiver sensitivity for the unamplified link.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add clear, specific receiver sensitivity criteria, addressing signal strength, sinusoidal jitter, EVM RMS. IQ offset, chromatic dispersion, and for the amplified case, OSNR. Make the unamplified case a "major option" if it's more onerous than the amplified case. If it makes sense to specify tolerance to OSNR and some other things in one specifem, and chromatic dispersion and some others in another spec item, as G.698.2 does, do so. Because this PMD has its own clock domain, the sinusoidal jitter won't be the usual amount. Add associated PICS.

#### Response Response Status U

REJECT

The comment does not provide a specific proposal or provide evidence that the suggested change will improve the guality of the draft.

Furthermore it is very similar to previously submitted comments #15 to D2.1 and #140 to D2.0 which were both rejected.

Straw poll: I support not making any changes to the draft based on this comment.

- Y 19 N - 5
- A 3

There was no consensus to make a change to the document at this time.

C/ 154 SC 154.7.2

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C/ <b>154</b> SC	154.9.15	P <b>119</b>	L <b>13</b>	# R1-95	C/ 154	SC	154.9.16	P119	L <b>22</b>	# R1-79
Dawe, Piers J G		NVIDIA			Dawe, P	iers J G		NVIDIA		
Comment Type	TR Comm	ent Status A		Buc	ket Commer	t Type	TR	Comment Status R		
I could not fir OSNR qualifi not. As the p the numbers ones should	nd a statement as to ication include chrom path penalty may be in Table 154-8 (rece be included. D3.0 co	whether signals for natic dispersion, int 3 dB, this seems lik iver) and 154-9 (bla omment 58 pointed	average receive erferometric cross ke a large ambigu ack link) match, l out this or a simi	power and receiver stalk, reflections or iity. Considering tha would think the majo lar issue.	With r in th at scop or wors rece	respect e EVMrn e, unlike t distortio vers will	to D3.0 con ns definition other 802.3 on/noise but react differe	nment 85 about jitter bandwic although it is done in a way optical clauses. "worst-case little jitter or worst jitter but li ently to these alternatives.	th: there is a that is very s a values of E ttle distortion	jitter bandwidth implied pecific to a real-time VMrms" could mean /noise. Different
SuggestedReme	dy				Suggest	edReme	dy			
Please clarify Preferably, e after max / m	y. xplain more fully how nin chromatic dispers	v this measurement sion.	would be done:	e.g. that it should be	e Clari conc requ	fy the signification the signification of the second second second second second second second second second se Second second s Second second s	gnal jitter in ill be needec s in other cla	the definition of receiver OSN I, analogous to the stressed s uses.	IR tolerance. sensitivity/RI	It may be that two IT and jitter tolerance
Response	Respon	se Status U			Respons	е		Response Status U		
ACCEPT IN	PRINCIPLE.				REJ	ECT.				
See respons The response ACCEPT IN Implement pr Suggested re Modify "The average rece black link imp	e to comment R1-98 e to comment R1-98 PRINCIPLE. roposed remedy with emedy was: Receiver OSNR shal pive power range spe pairments.	was: editorial license. Il be within the limit cified in Table 154-	s given in Table 1 8" to indicate tha	54-8 over the t this includes the	Refe sam Ther P80: prev Hend The vario This som beca Rela sign amp supp Y - 1 N - 5 A - 3	rence is oles N in efore thi 2.3ct/D3. ious balli- ce it is no propose us differ would in d need t ething th use it wo ted com al streng lified cas ort not n 9	made to con a EVM testin s comment 0 and IEEE ot. ot within the d remedy we rent cases of nply that var o be specific e Task Force ould be virtu ment I-55 to th, sinusoida se, OSNR, w naking any o	mment 85 IEEE P802.3ct/D3 g and not about jitter bandwid does not apply to the substar P802.3ct/D3.1 or the unsatis scope of the recirculation ba puld imply that the receiver per f worst case EVM and thus for ious transmitter impairments ad separately for impact on the e has not agreed to do for the ally impossible to specify the D3.0 to add clear, specific re al jitter, EVM_RMS, IQ offset, vas rejected by the Task Force changes to the draft based or	.0, which is a th. tive changes fied negative llot. erformance w or all kinds of , for instance the receiver per- e specificatio worst case of eceiver sensit , chromatic d this comme	bout the number of between IEEE comments from the vould be specified for different impairments. IQ offset, IQ skew, jitter erformance, which is n of OSNR tolerance, condition. tivity criteria, addressing ispersion, and for the w poll was taken: "I nt."
					As a docu Beca appl appl	result it ment on ause OS es to lov ying to h	was conclue comment I- NR tolerance v OSNR con igh OSNR c	ded that there was no conser -55. e is a parameter similar to re- iditions (lower than 35 dB) in onditions (equal to or larger t	sus to make ceiver sensiti contrast to re han 35 dB).	a change to the vity, except that it eceiver sensitivity

C/ 154 SC 154.9.16

## IEEE P802.3ct D3.1 100 Gb/s over DWDM systems Initial Sponsor ballot comments

C/ 154	SC 154.9.19	P <b>1</b> *	19	L <b>36</b>	# R1-87
Dawe, Pie	rs J G	NVID	A		
Comment Need t	<i>Type</i> <b>TR</b> o specify what rec	Comment Status eiver would be used	<b>A</b> d.		
Suggested Is it the	<i>Remedy</i> e reference receiv	er in Annex A of G.6	98.2?		
Response ACCE	PT IN PRINCIPLE	Response Status	U		
Modify "The o appare transm	first sentence of ptical path penalty ent reduction of reduction of reduction of reduction of reduction of reduction of reduction over the DN	154.9.19 to: / shall be within the ceiver sensitivity due NDM black link, usi	limit given in e to distortior ng the refere	Table 154-9 and of the signal dur nce receiver as d	is defined as the ring its lefined in Annex A

of Recommendation ITU-T G.698.2."

C/ 154 SC 154.9.19