100GBASE-LR Baseline Proposal

Brian Welch (Cisco) Hai-Feng Liu

Supporters

- David Lewis (Lumentum)
- Kohichi Tamura (CIG)
- Gary Nicholl (Cisco)
- Justin Abbot (Lumenum)
- Jeff Maki (Juniper Networks)
- Marco Mazzini (Cisco)
- Matt Traverso (Cisco)
- Frank Chang (Source Photonics)
- Sven Otte (Sicoya)
- Jim Theodoras (HG Genuine)
- Pavel Zivny (Tektronix)
- Ed Ulrichs (Source Photonics)
- Rang-Chen (Ryan) Yu (SiFotonics)

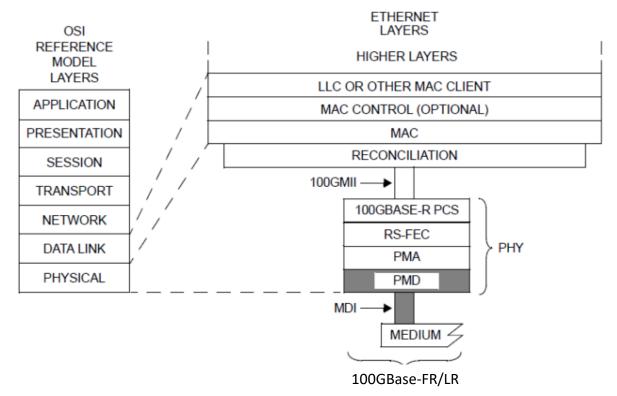
- Mark Kimber (Semtech)
- Scott Schube (Intel)
- Thananya Baldwin (Keysight)
- Jerry Pepper (Keysight)
- John Johnson (Broadcom)
- Kees Propstra (multiLane)
- Pirooz Tooyserkani (Cisco)
- Karen Liu (Lightwave Logic)
- Jonathan Ingham (FIT)
- Vasu Parthasarathy (Broadcom)
- Rob Stone (Broadcom)
- Ken Jackson (SEI)
- David Ofelt (Juniper)
- Paul Brooks (Viavi)
- Tom Palkert (Macom/Molex)

- Mark Kimber (Semtech)
- David Malicoat (Senko Advanced Components)
- Kent Lusted (Intel)
- Pavel Zivny (Tektronix)
- Shimon Muller (Axalume)
- Christophe Metivier (Arista)
- Nathan Tracy (TE Connectivity)
- Dirk Lutx (Eoptolink)
- Hua Zhang (Hisense)
- David Estes (Spirent)
- Curtis Knittle (Cable Labs)
- Phil Sun (Credo)
- Jeff Twombly (Credo)
- Vince Ferretti (Corning)
- Doug Coleman (Corning)
- Steve Swanson (Corning)

Overview

- Present a baseline proposal to address the following objective:
 - Define a singe-wavelength 100 Gb/s PHY for operation overs SMF lengths up to at least 10 km
- Approach is based on $100G/\lambda$ transmission using PAM4 signaling
- Link budget is based on clause 91 FEC

Position in IEEE 802.3 Ethernet Model



100GMII = 100 Gb/s MEDIA INDEPENDENT INTERFACE RS-FEC = REED-SOLOMON FORWARD ERROR CORRECTION

LLC = LOGICAL LINK CONTROL MAC = MEDIA ACCESS CONTROL

MDI = MEDIUM DEPENDENT INTERFACE

PCS = PHYSICAL CODING SUBLAYER

PHY = PHYSICAL LAYER DEVICE

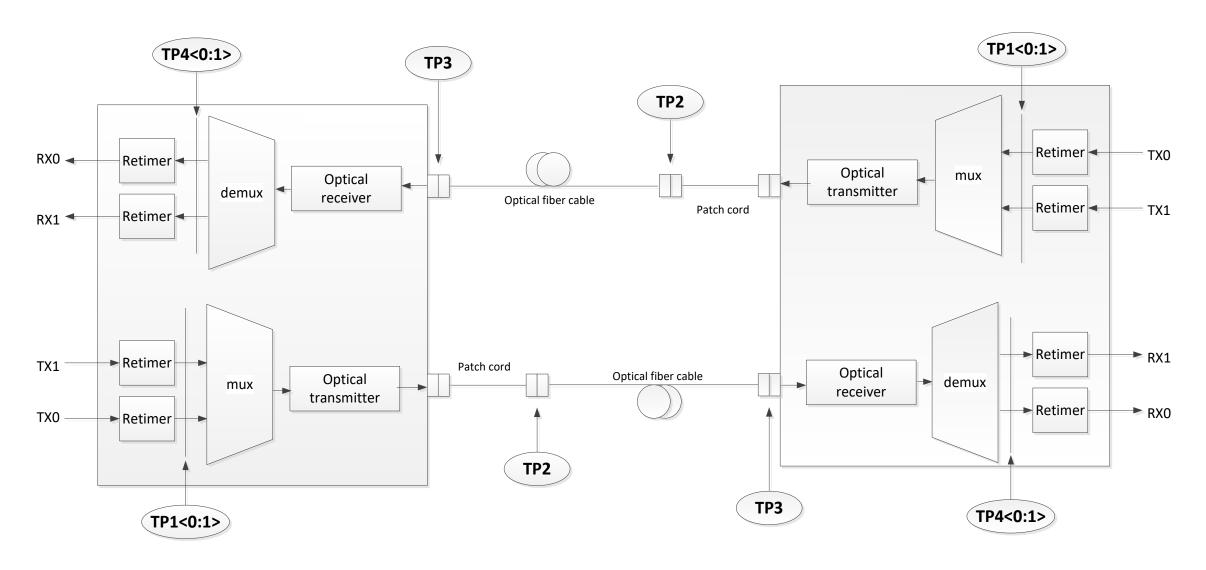
PMA = PHYSICAL MEDIUM ATTACHMENT

PMD = PHYSICAL MEDIUM DEPENDENT

FR = PMD FOR SINGLE-MODE FIBER – 2km

LR = PMD FOR SINGLE-MODE FIBER – 10km

PMD Block Diagram



Key Revisions vs 100GBase-DR

- Power budget increased to support higher channel losses
 - Approximately 3.7 dB higher power budget than 100GBase-DR
- Power budgets increased by moving TX specification up and RX specifications down
 - Approximately even split on each side

Proposed 100GBASE-LR Transmitter Specifications

Description	100GBase-LR	Unit
PAM4 Signaling rate, (range)	53.125 ± 100 ppm	GBd
Wavelength (range)	1304.5- 1317.5	nm
Side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR), (min)	30	dB
Average launch power, (max)	4.5	dBm
Average launch power, ^a (min)	-1.4	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), (max)	4.7	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), ^b (min)	0.7	dBm
Launch power in OMA _{outer} minus TDECQ, (min): for extinction ratio ≥ 4.5 dB for extinction ratio < 4.5 dB	-0.7 -0.6	dBm
Transmitter and dispersion penalty eye closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), (max)	3.4	dB
$TDECQ - 10*log_{10}(C_{eq}) (max)^d$	3.4	dB
Average launch power of OFF transmitter, (max)	-15	dBm
Extinction ratio (min)	3.5	dB
Optical return loss tolerance (max)	15.6	dB
Transmitter reflectance ^c (max)	-26	dB
Transmitter transition time (max)	17	ps
RIN _{17.1} OMA (max) for FR, RIN _{15.6} OMA (max) for LR	-136	dB/Hz

^aAverage launch power, (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

^b Even if the TDECQ < 1.4 dB for an extinction ratio of ≥ 4.5 dB or TDECQ < 1.3 dB for an extinction ratio of < 4.5 dB, the OMA_{outer} (min) must exceed this value.

^cTransmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.

^dC_{eg} is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.

Proposed 100GBASE-LR Receiver Specifications

Description	100GBASE-LR	Unit
PAM4 Signaling rate, (range)	53.125 ± 100 ppm	GBd
Wavelength (range)	1304.5 to 1317.5	nm
Damage threshold, (min) ^a	5.5	dBm
Average receive power, (max)	4.5	dBm
Average receive power, ^b (min)	-7.7	dBm
Receive power, (OMA _{outer}) (max)	4.7	dBm
Receiver reflectance (max)	-26	dB
Receiver sensitivity (OMA _{outer}), ^c (max)	= max(-6.1, SECQ-7.5)	dBm
Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMA _{outer}), d (max)	-4.1	dBm
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test ^e :		
Stressed eye closure for PAM4 (SECQ)	3.4	dB
SECQ – 10*log ₁₀ (C _{eq}) (max) ^e	3.4	dB
$SECQ - 10*log_{10}(C_{eq})$ (max) e a The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical signal having this a		o operate correc

^aThe receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to an optical signal having this average power level. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.

^bAverage receive power, (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.

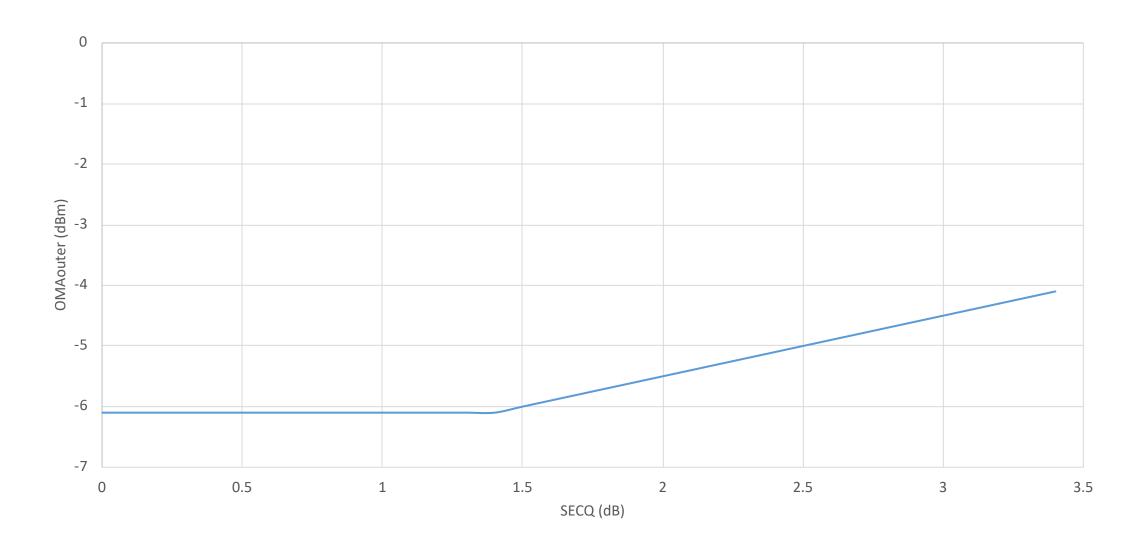
^cReceiver sensitivity (OMA_{outer}), (max) is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB for 100G-FR and 3.4 dB for 100G-LR.

^dMeasured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see 3.11) for the BER specified in IEEE Std 802.3cd clause 140.1.1.

eThese test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

^e C_{eg} is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.

Proposed 100GBASE-LR Receiver Specification



Illustrative Optical Link Budget

Description	100G-LR Value	Unit
Power budget (for max TDECQ)		
for extinction ratio ≥ 4.5 dB	10.2	dB
for extinction ratio < 4.5 dB	10.3	
Operating distance	10.0	km
Channel insertion loss ^a	6.3	dB
Maximum discrete reflectance	See table below	dB
Allocation for penalties ^b (for max TDECQ)		
for extinction ratio <u>></u> 4.5 dB	3.9	dB
for extinction ratio < 4.5 dB	4.0	
Additional insertion loss allowed	0	dB
a The channel insertion less is calculated using the maximum distance specified in Table 2.1	and cabled entiral fiber attenuation of 0.42 dB/km at 1204 F pm plus an a	llesetion for

^aThe channel insertion loss is calculated using the maximum distance specified in Table 2-1 and cabled optical fiber attenuation of 0.43 dB/km at 1304.5 nm plus an allocation for connection and splice loss given in 5.2.1.

^bLink penalties are used for link budget calculations. They are not requirements and are not meant to be tested.

Number of discrete	Maximum value for	Unit
reflectances above -55dB	each discrete	
	reflectance for LR	
1	-22	dB
2	-29	dB
4	-33	dB
6	-35	dB
8	-37	dB
10	-39	dB

Thank You