

IEEE 802.3cz Task Force - 26th Jan 2021 Interim Meeting

Optical connector requirements consideration – dust tolerance

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Optical connector requirements

Optical connector requirements for automotive

Performance

- Optical insertion loss
- Optical return loss

Robustness

- Temperature & Humidity
- Dust tolerance @assembly process environment
- Water resistance
- Mechanical robustness

Safety

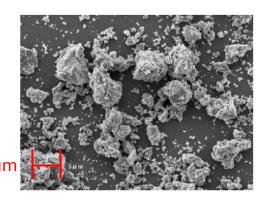
Laser safety (IEC 60825-2 class 1)



Environmental (Dust) condition

Amount of dusts	Number of dust-particles	note	
126x10 ⁵ ug / m ³	8 billion	Sumitomo original Dust test	250x10 ³
50ug / m ³	31,000	PM10@WHO_std	

Test powder (JIS Z 8901) Class 8 = KANTO(Japanese) loam =



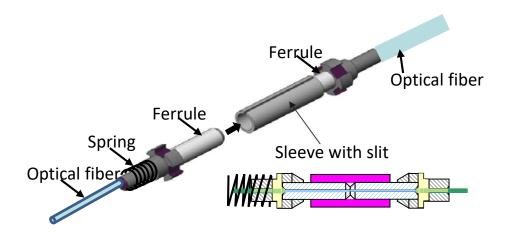
Particle size (um)	Oversize % (on mass basis)
5	56-66
10	40-46
20	24-30
30	12-18
40	6-12
75	< 3

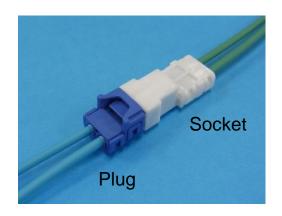
The condition depends on each factory environment. Therefore, we made a condition far beyond the worst dust level.



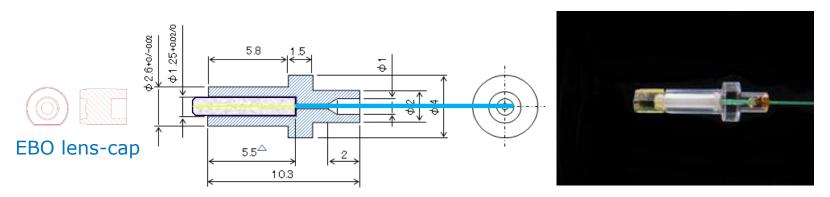
Dust tolerance: test samples

■ Butt-coupling connector sample





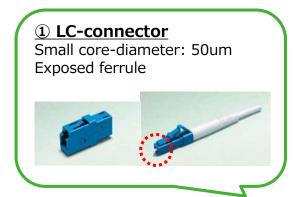
■ EBO connector sample

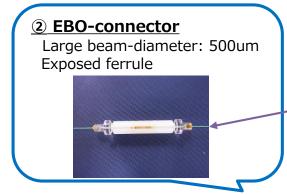


Note: EBO connector sample has no connector housing

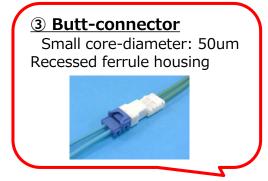


Dust tolerance: test samples

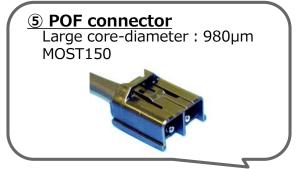




Note: No connector housing for EBO connector sample





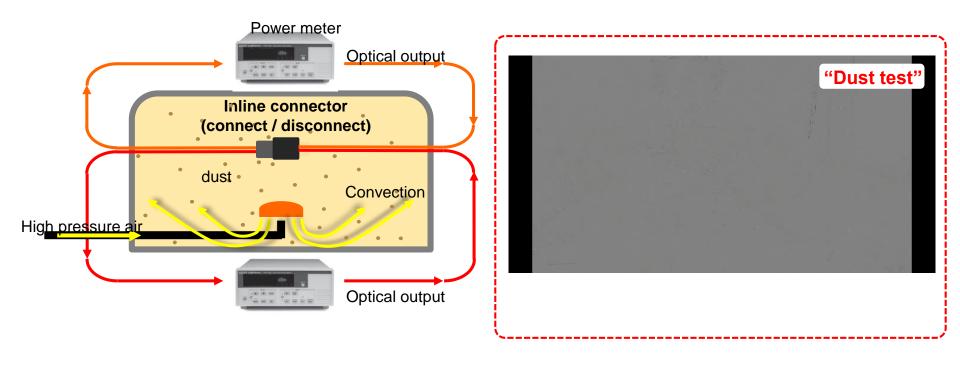


Evaluated several optical connectors for relative comparison



Dust tolerance: Evaluation

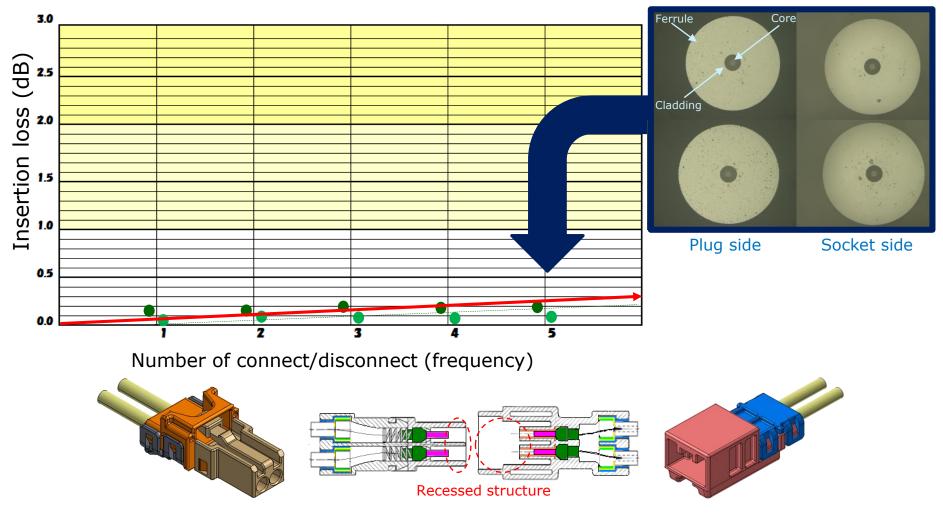
Evaluated optical coupling loss increase by connector mating in the dusty environment



Note: This is not a standard evaluation method



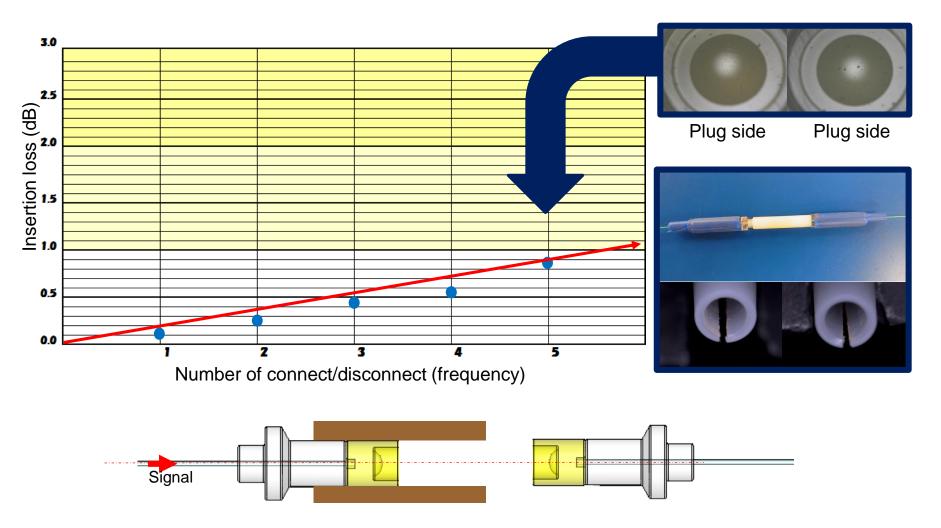
Dust tolerance: butt-connector



Butt-coupling connector with recessed structured housing



Dust tolerance: EBO connector

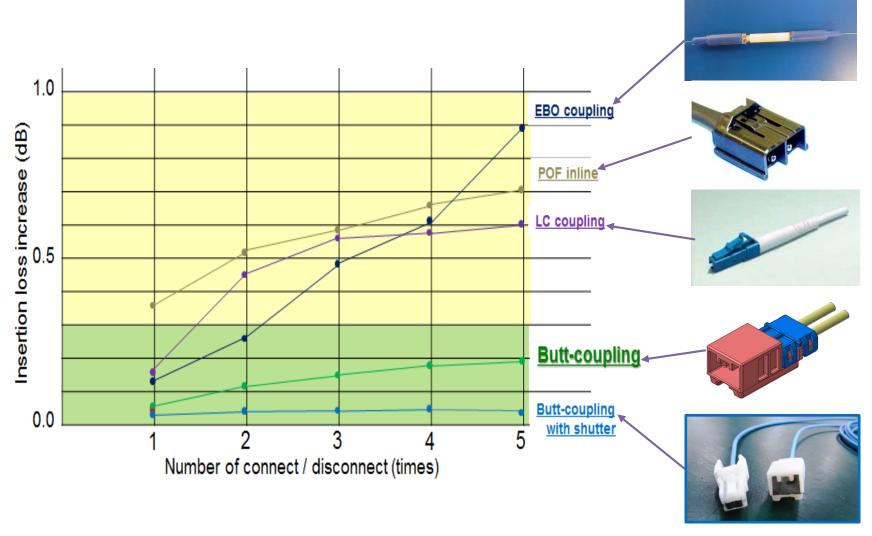


Note: No connector housing

(Dusts might have invaded easily between lenses, because the connector housing had not been prepared.)



Dust tolerance: test results



Dust tolerance @mating is varied by connector (housing) design



Summary

Optical connector requirements for automotive:

Dust tolerance at harness assembly is depend on ...

- Connector housing design (Recessed ferrule structure etc.)
- Environmental condition and handling at the plant (Dust size distribution vs. core diameter)

Probability of optical loss increase due to dust can not be "zero" for any kind of optical connectors.

Implementation of a received optical power monitoring function would be a countermeasure to check abnormal optical loss increase.





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