

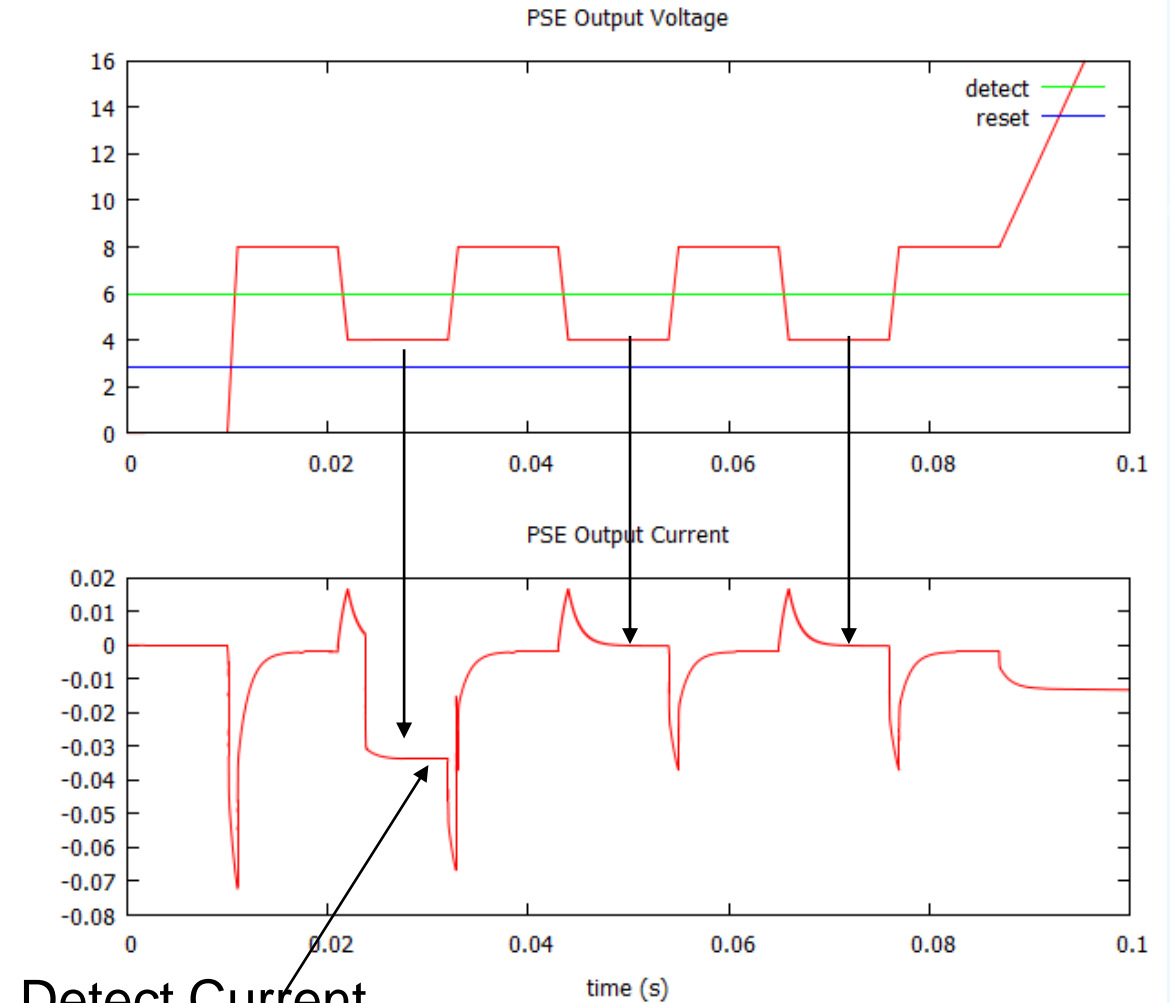
Startup sequence

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Detection Goals

- ▶ Simple scheme that cannot be fooled by shorts or capacitance
- ▶ Detect at least one PD is requesting power
- ▶ No classification
 - Leave classification to LLDP after power up
- ▶ Leave room for future expansion in detection using multiple detect pulses
 - Mutual id with multiple detect pulses

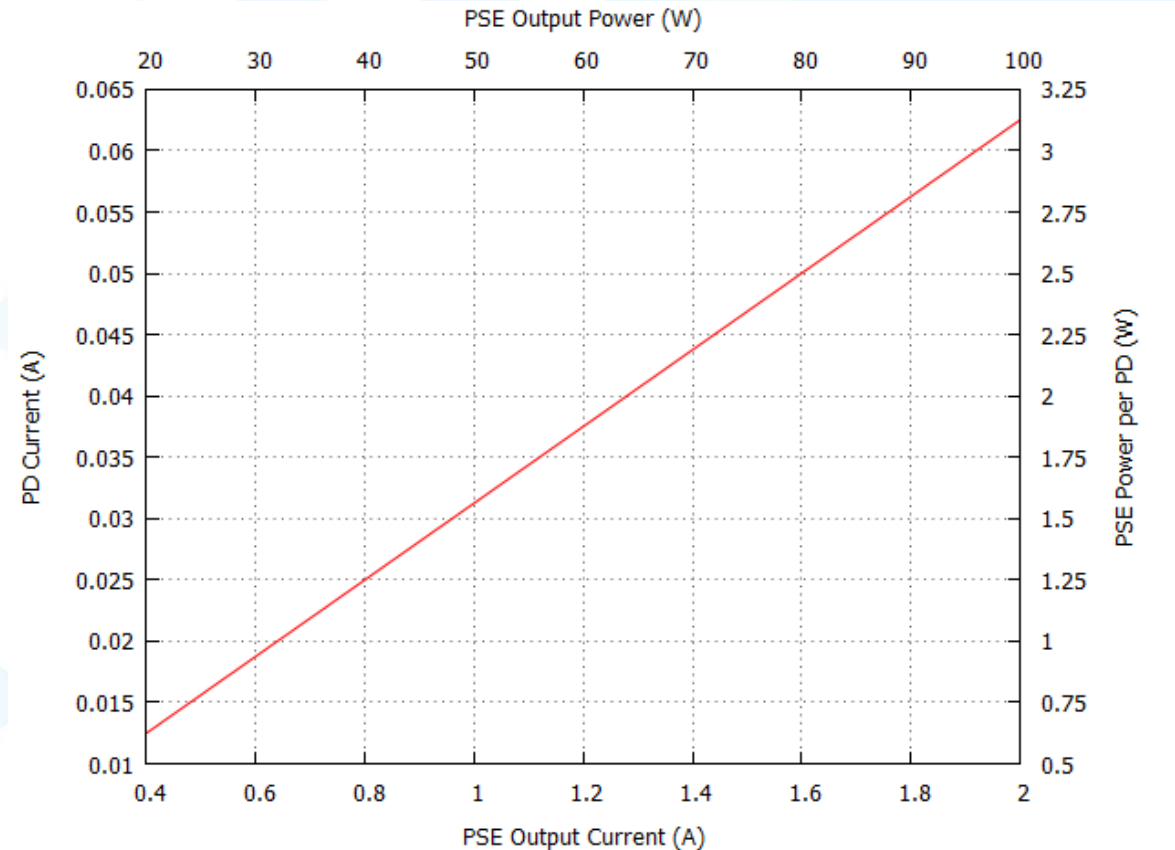


Detect Current
(1mA / PD)

- ▶ Specify system so that PSEs use the same high volume MOSFETs as PoE
- ▶ PSE Inrush current limit same as PoE (400mA – 450mA)
- ▶ PDs must share inrush current
 - $400\text{mA} / 32 = 12.5\text{mA} / \text{PD}$
- ▶ PSE increases current limit after successful power up
 - Balance minimum power to start with power required for LLDP power negotiations
- ▶ Timers in PD count TBD. ms after “ON” threshold before enabling Bulk Cap
 - PDs control current limit for bulk cap inrush
- ▶ PDs Enable 3.3V supplies
- ▶ Negotiate final power levels using LLDP

Startup Power Tradeoff

- ▶ Current limit / PSE Power / PD Startup Power
- ▶ Example: PSE turn on with 20W
 - PDs come up in low power mode (600mW)
 - Negotiate power with LLDP
 - PDs turn up power after granted by LLDP
 - If not, stay in low power mode
 - Adjust PSE output power after LLDP
 - Always need reserve power for hotplugs
- ▶ Will some PDs be denied increased power while other PDs receive requested power?



32 nodes, $V_{PSE} = 50V$