

800GbE PCS/FEC/PMA Baseline Proposal for PHYs using 8 x 100G PMD lanes

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Outline

- **Introduction**
- PCS/FEC Baseline proposal
- Implementation considerations
- Architecture considerations
- Conclusion

Goals

- Fast time to an 800GbE PCS/FEC/PMA specification for PMDs using 100G/lane
 - Re-use 400GbE PCS/FEC (CL119) as much as possible
 - Support 800GbE with simple modification to the 400GbE PCS/FEC
 - Leverage 802.3ck PMA 100G/lane specifications
- Maximize the re-use of existing logic sub-blocks used in 400GbE PCS/FEC
 - Leverage industry investment in 400GbE technology
- Enable systems using current 800G connectors (OSFP / QSFP-DD) to also support 800GbE
 - E.g. 8-lane C2M AUIs used as : 8 x 100GAUI-1 / 4 x 200GAUI-2 / 2 x 400GAUI-4 and 1 x 800GAUI-8

Scope

802.3df Adopted PHY Objectives*

Ethernet Rate	Assumed Signaling Rate	AUI	BP	Cu Cable	MMF 50m	MMF 100m	SMF 500m	SMF 2km	SMF 10km	SMF 40km
200 Gb/s	200 Gb/s	Over 1 lane		Over 1 pair			Over 1 Pair	Over 1 Pair		
400 Gb/s	200 Gb/s	Over 2 lanes		Over 2 pairs			Over 2 Pair			
800 Gb/s	100 Gb/s	Over 8 lanes	Over 8 lanes	Over 8 pairs	Over 8 pairs	Over 8 pairs	Over 8 pairs	Over 8 pairs		
	200 Gb/s	Over 4 lanes		Over 4 pairs			Over 4 pairs	1) Over 4 pairs 2) Over 4 λ's		
	TBD								Over single SMF in each direction	Over single SMF in each direction
1.6 Tb/s	100 Gb/s	Over 16 lanes								
	200 Gb/s	Over 8 lanes		Over 8 pairs			Over 8 pairs	Over 8 pairs		

Technology Reuse

Leverage existing or work-in-progress 100 Gb/s per lane (e.g. 3cu, 3ck, 3db) to higher lane counts

Develop 200 Gb/s per lane electrical signaling for 1/2/4/8 lane variants of AUIs and electrical PMDs

Develop 200 Gb/s per optical fiber for 1/2/4/8 fiber based optical PMDs and 4 lambda WDM optical PMD

Potential for either direct detect and / or coherent signaling technology

Making it all work together

Scope of this Baseline : 800GbE PCS/FEC/PMA for all PHY objectives that use 8 x 100G PMDs and AUIs

* Table from https://www.ieee802.org/3/B400G/public/21_1028/B400G_overview_c_211028.pdf

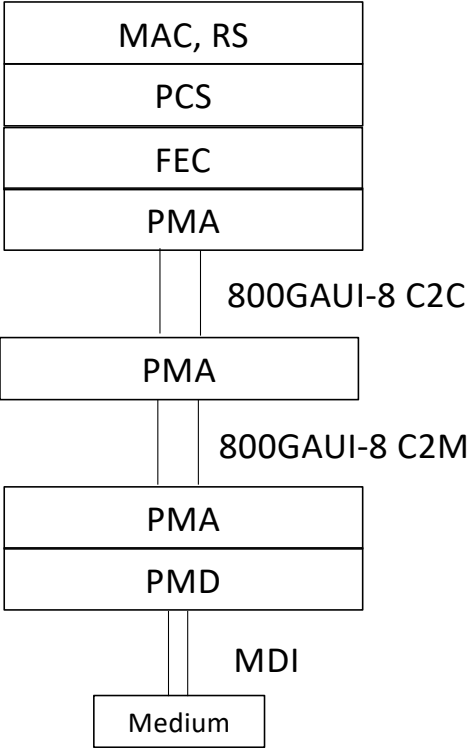
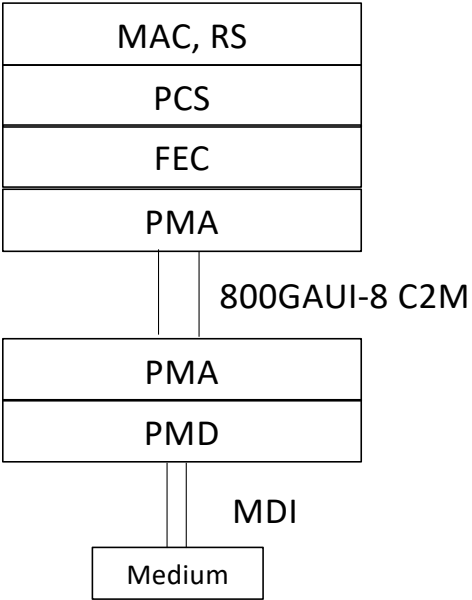
AUI and PMD assumptions

- 802.3df Task Force has adopted 800GbE 8-lane AUI baseline proposals leveraging existing 100G/lane AUI specs, drafts
 - https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_03/lusted_3df_01a_220315.pdf
- 802.3df Task Force has adopted 800GbE 8-lane PMD baseline proposals leveraging existing 100G/lane PMD specs, drafts
 - https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_03/lusted_3df_01a_220315.pdf
 - https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_02/welch_3df_01a_220222.pdf
 - https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_03/murty_3df_01a_220315.pdf
- 802.3bs CL119 PCS works for all 100G/lane AUIs and PMDs for 400GbE
- Similarly, this PCS/FEC Baseline (leveraging CL119) works for all adopted 800GbE 8-lane AUIs and PMDs

Outline

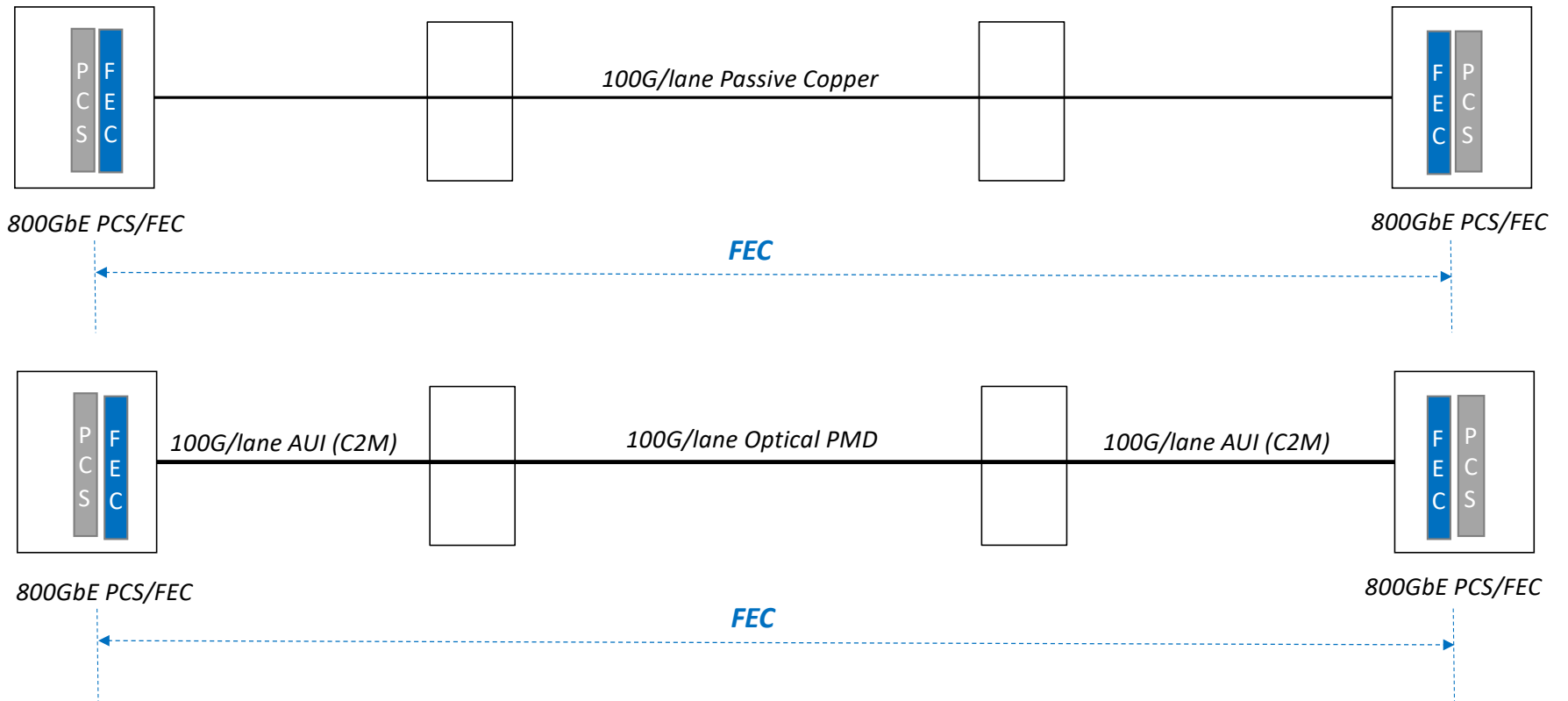
- Introduction
- **PCS/FEC Baseline proposal**
- Implementation considerations
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Architecture



Note : Not showing layering diagram for Cu PMD (will be same as other Cu PMD layering diagrams in 802.3)

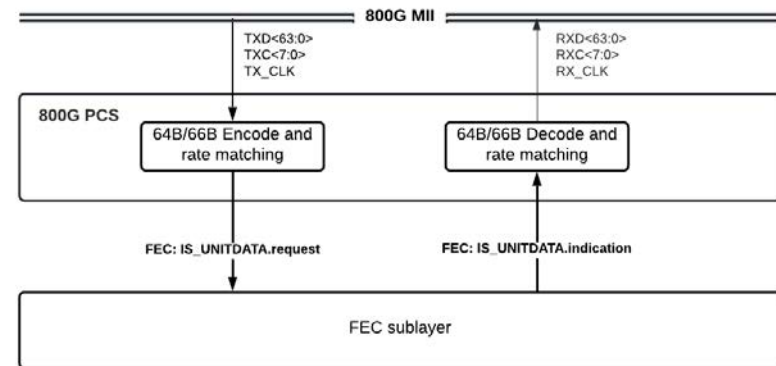
End-End PCS/FEC scheme for 800GbE (8 x 100G) PMDs



Note : This End-End PCS/FEC works with optional Chip to Chip AUIs and a combination of Chip to chip and Chip to module (same as 400GAUI-4 in 802.3ck)

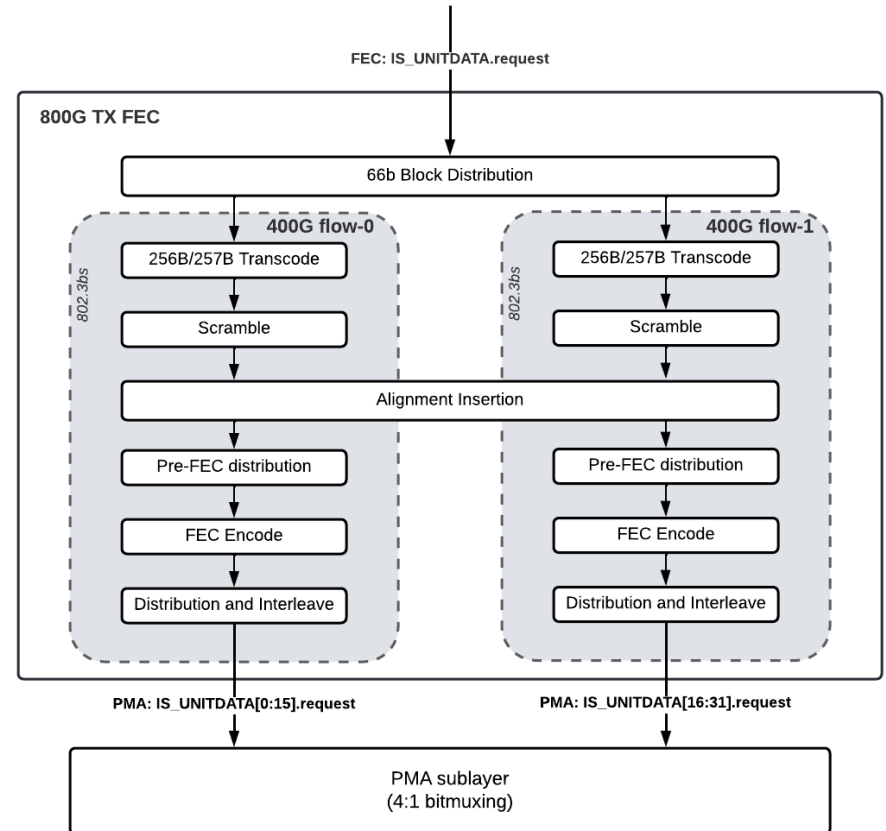
Tx/Rx PCS

- 800G PCS
 - 64B/66B Encode and Decode only
 - No “PCS lanes”
 - A FEC sub-layer must be adjacent to the PCS sub-layer



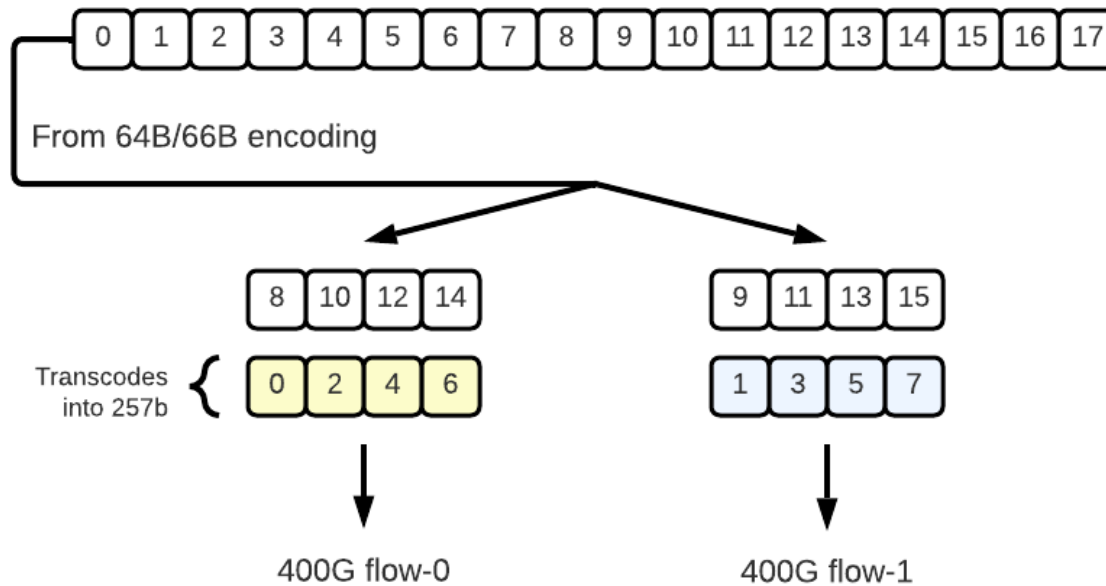
Tx FEC Data Flow

- Based on two 802.3bs, CL119 sub-layers in parallel
 - Two 400G FEC flows (flow-0 and flow-1)
- 66b round robin distribution into two 400G flows
- Sub-blocks shown within each flow are identical to CL119, except :
 - AM values are made unique across the two flows
 - AM insertion is aligned across the two flows
- 32 FEC lanes per 800GbE FEC
 - 16 FEC lanes per 400G flow
- Any 4 FEC lanes to any PMA output lane
 - 4:1 bitmuxing



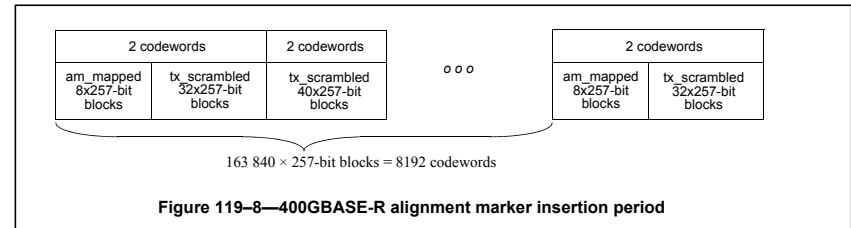
Tx 66b Block Distribution

- Round Robin among two '400G Flows'

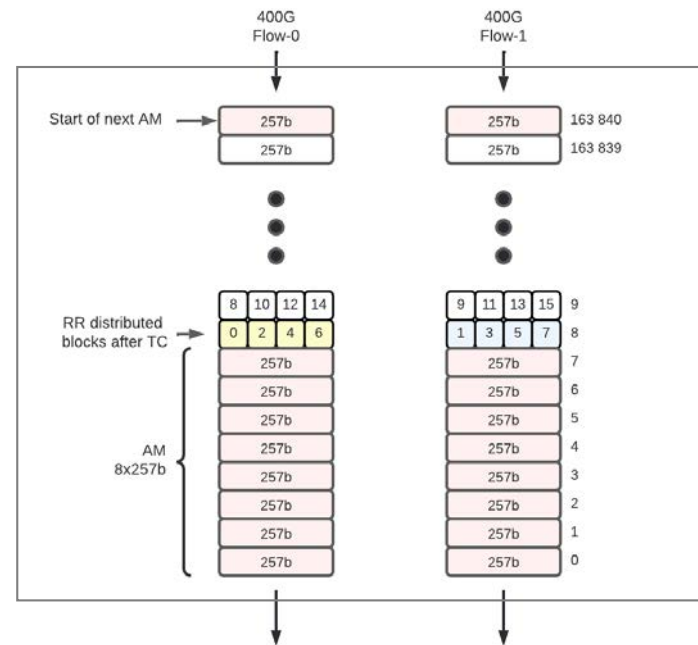


Alignment Marker Insertion

- 802.3bs 400G AM structure
 - AM size = 8 x 257b
 - Spacing = 160k x 257b = 8192 CWs
- AM total sizing for 800G = 2x400G
 - AM size = 16 x 257b
 - Spacing = 320k x 257b = 16384 CWs
- Markers inserted at consecutive 257b blocks across both 400G flows
 - Flow-0 is first in time carrying the even encoded 4x66b blocks
 - Flow-1 carries odd encoded 4x66b blocks



Source: IEEE Std 802.3-2018



AM Marker Encoding

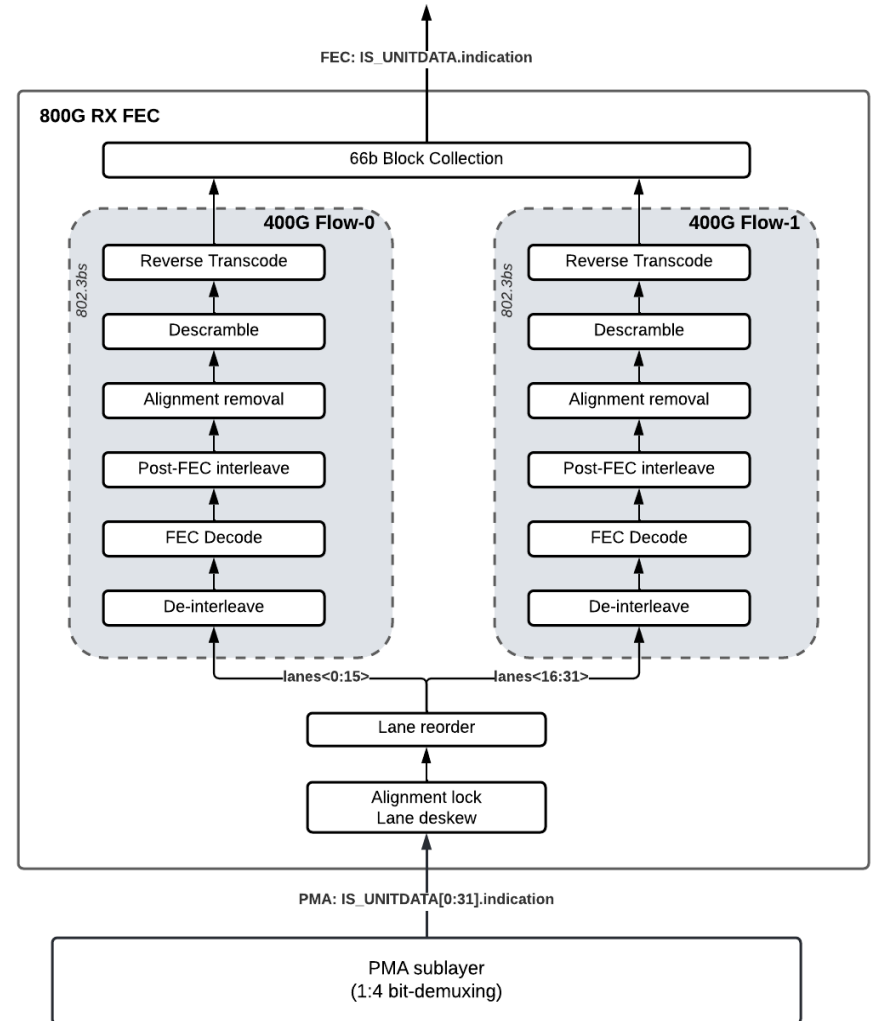
- CM0-CM5 and UP0-UP2 are unchanged from 400GbE CL119
- UM0/UM3 for FEC lanes 0-15 are inverted from 400GbE
- UM1/UM2/UM4/UM5 for FEC lanes 16-31 are inverted from 400GbE
- Prevents lock with 400GbE ports
- Maintains DC balance
- Clock content analysis to be done

FEC Lane #	Encoding														
	CM0	CM1	CM2	UP0	CM3	CM4	CM5	UP1	UM0	UM1	UM2	UP2	UM3	UM4	UM5
0	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xB6	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xD9	0xFE	0x71	0xF3	0x26	0x01	0x8E	0x0C
1	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x04	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x67	0xA5	0xDE	0x7E	0x98	0x5A	0x21	0x81
2	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x46	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xFE	0xC1	0xF3	0x56	0x01	0x3E	0x0C	0xA9
3	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x5A	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x84	0x79	0x80	0xD0	0x7B	0x86	0x7F	0x2F
4	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xE1	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x19	0xD5	0x51	0xF2	0xE6	0x2A	0xAE	0x0D
5	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xF2	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x4E	0xED	0x4F	0xD1	0xB1	0x12	0xB0	0x2E
6	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x3D	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xEE	0xBD	0x9C	0xA1	0x11	0x42	0x63	0x5E
7	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x22	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x32	0x29	0x76	0x5B	0xCD	0xD6	0x89	0xA4
8	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x60	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x9F	0x1E	0x73	0x75	0x60	0xE1	0x8C	0x8A
9	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x6B	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xA2	0x8E	0xC4	0x3C	0x5D	0x71	0x3B	0xC3
10	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xFA	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x04	0x6A	0xEB	0xD8	0xFB	0x95	0x14	0x27
11	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x6C	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x71	0xDD	0x66	0x38	0x8E	0x22	0x99	0xC7
12	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x18	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x5B	0x5D	0xF6	0x95	0xA4	0xA2	0x09	0x6A
13	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x14	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xCC	0xCE	0x97	0xC3	0x33	0x31	0x68	0x3C
14	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xD0	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xB1	0x35	0xFB	0xA6	0x4E	0xCA	0x04	0x59
15	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xB4	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x56	0x59	0xBA	0x79	0xA9	0xA6	0x45	0x86
16	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xB6	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xD9	0x01	0x8E	0x0C	0x26	0xFE	0x71	0xF3
17	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x04	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x67	0x5A	0x21	0x81	0x98	0xA5	0xDE	0x7E
18	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x46	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xFE	0x3E	0x0C	0xA9	0x01	0xC1	0xF3	0x56
19	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x5A	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x84	0x86	0x7F	0x2F	0x7B	0x79	0x80	0xD0
20	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xE1	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x19	0x2A	0xAE	0x0D	0xE6	0xD5	0x51	0xF2
21	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xF2	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x4E	0x12	0xB0	0x2E	0xB1	0xED	0x4F	0xD1
22	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x3D	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xEE	0x42	0x63	0x3E	0x11	0xBD	0x9C	0xA1
23	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x22	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x32	0xD6	0x89	0xA4	0xCD	0x29	0x76	0x5B
24	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x60	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x9F	0xE1	0x8C	0x8A	0x60	0x1E	0x73	0x75
25	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x6B	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xA2	0x71	0x3B	0xC3	0x5D	0x8E	0xC4	0x3C
26	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xFA	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x04	0x95	0x14	0x27	0xFB	0x6A	0xEB	0xD8
27	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x6C	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x71	0x22	0x99	0xC7	0x8E	0xDD	0x66	0x38
28	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x18	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x5B	0xA2	0x09	0x6A	0xA4	0x5D	0xF6	0x95
29	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0x14	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xCC	0x31	0x68	0x3C	0x33	0xCE	0x97	0xC3
30	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xD0	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0xB1	0xCA	0x04	0x59	0x4E	0x35	0xFB	0xA6
31	0x9A	0x4A	0x26	0xB4	0x65	0xB5	0xD9	0x56	0xA6	0x45	0x86	0xA9	0x59	0xBA	0x79

Note: in table above, bolded text indicates changes from CL 119 AM values

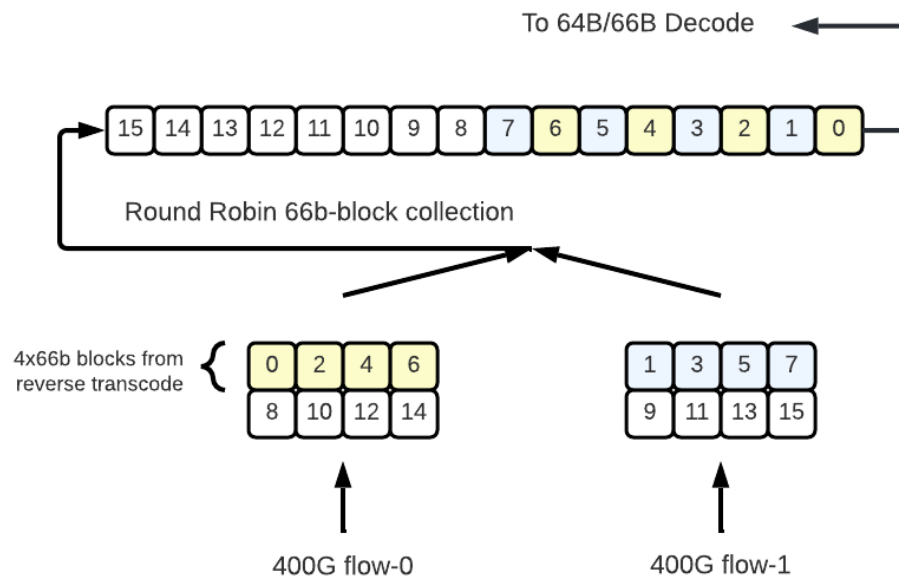
Rx FEC Data Flow

- Alignment Lock and Deskew
 - AM lock : per lane, same as CL119
 - De-skew : across 32 FEC lanes
- Lane reorder (and split)
 - Reorder and split 32 FEC lanes into 2 groups of 16
 - Lanes 0-15 : Flow-0
 - Lanes 16-31 : Flow-1
- FEC decode, de-scramble, transcode decode – same as CL119
- Round robin block collection must be aligned across Flow-0/1 based on Alignment Marker location



Rx 66b Block Collection

- Round Robin 66b Block Collection is opposite of Tx Block Distribution



Re-use CL119 State Diagrams

- Re-use all of the following
 - Figure 119–12—Alignment marker lock state diagram
 - Figure 119–13—PCS synchronization state diagram
 - Figure 119–14—Transmit state diagram
 - Figure 119–15—Receive state diagram
- Minor modification to the following
 - Add restart_lock<y> variable per 400G flow
 - restart_lock = restart_lock<0> OR restart_lock<1>
 - Add hi_ser<y> variable per 400G flow
 - hi_ser = hi_ser<0> OR hi_ser<1>

PMA

- PMA functions as defined in CL120, with latest 802.3ck updates for 100G/lane
 - Bit-multiplexing (4:1)
 - Modulation (PAM4)
 - AUI Physical lane instantiation (8 lane)
 - Signaling lane rate (106.25Gb/s)
 - Coding (Gray, precoding)
 - Clock and data recovery
 - Loopbacks
 - Test patterns

- Per lane AUI specifications from 802.3ck

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Latency considerations

- Two 400GbE FEC encode/decode engines in parallel
- FEC latency for this baseline proposal same as 400GbE FEC latency

FEC lanes for 8 x 100G

- Many 800G implementations will support 100/200/400/800GbE Ethernet ports
 - 32 PCS/FEC lanes already exist to support 2 x 400GbE / 4 x 200GbE / 8 x 100GbE !
 - Reuse of per lane FEC alignment logic

800Gb/s Block config	FEC lanes per Ethernet port	Total FEC lanes per 800Gb/s block
1 x 800GbE port	32 lanes @ 25G	32
2 x 400GbE ports	16 lanes @ 25G	32
4 x 200GbE ports	8 lanes @ 25G	32
8 x 100GbE ports	4 lanes @ 25G	32

- Choice of 32 FEC lanes can enable implementations over 16 x 50G AUI lanes
 - If needed (e.g. test equipment)

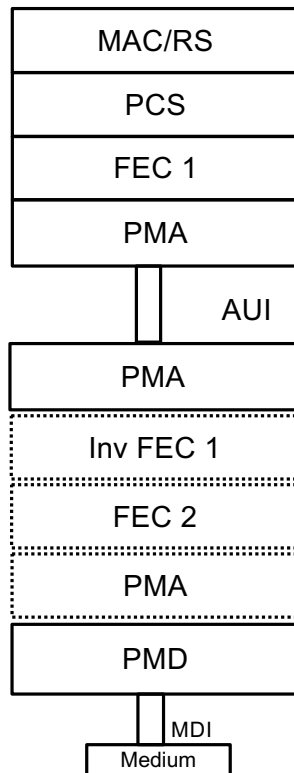
Other Implementation Considerations

- This baseline benefits from the use of two 400GbE PCSs in parallel
 - Reuse of logic blocks from 400GbE PCS possible
 - FEC engines, transcoder, scramblers running at same bandwidth as 400GbE
 - Per lane alignment lock running at same speed as 400GbE
 - Minimizes new development and verification
- This baseline follows the approach taken by the adopted 800GbE 8-lane AUIs and PMD baselines
 - 800GbE 8-lane AUIs and PMDs are doubling number of lanes from 400GbE
 - E.g. 1 : 800GAUI-8 is 2 x 400GAUI-4 in parallel
 - E.g. 2 : 800GBASE-DR8 is 2 x 400GBASE-DR4 in parallel
 - Allows re-use of specifications, maximize use of technology and investment from 400GbE

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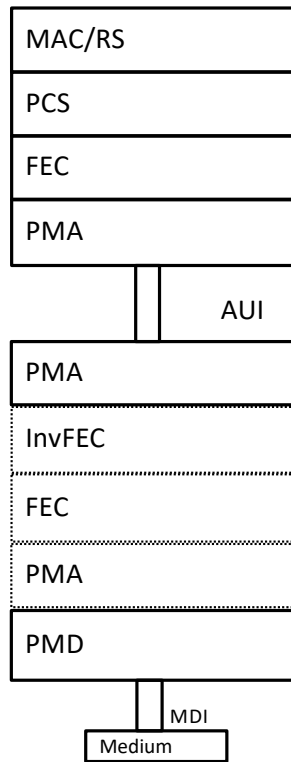
IEEE P802.3df Architecture Considerations



- Logic architecture needs to support multiple different FEC schemes, and support transition from one to the other
- This Baseline Proposal separates the PCS and FEC sublayers for 800GbE
 - Loosely based on 100GbE architecture (802.3ba)
- Scalable PCS with a logical interface to the first FEC sublayer
 - First FEC sublayer must be adjacent to the PCS (no optional physical interface between them)
- Option for additional FEC (and inverse FEC) sublayers available
 - Enables support for ALL the proposed FEC schemes
 - End-to-End, Concatenated, Segmented

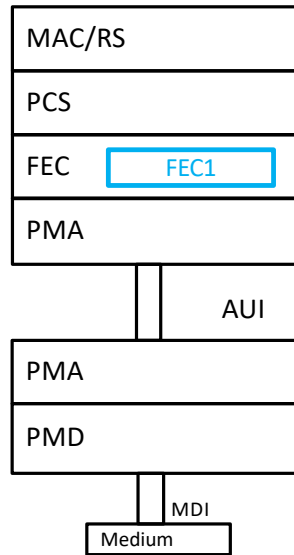
IEEE P802.3df Architecture : FEC schemes

Generic Architecture



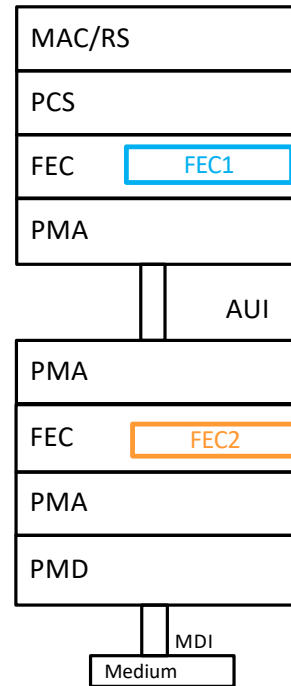
End-to-End FEC scheme

(FEC1 used for AUIs and PMD)



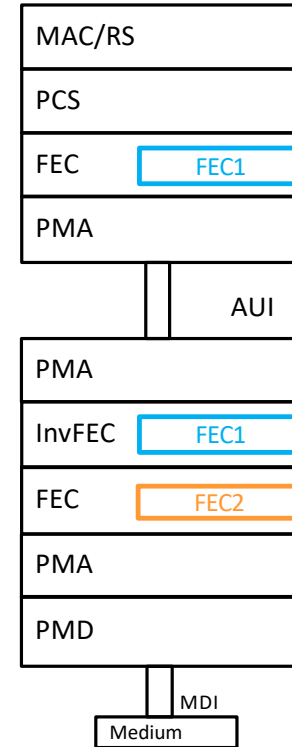
Concatenated FEC scheme

(FEC2 is added on top of FEC1.
FEC 1 for AUIs, FEC1+FEC2 for PMD)



Segmented FEC scheme

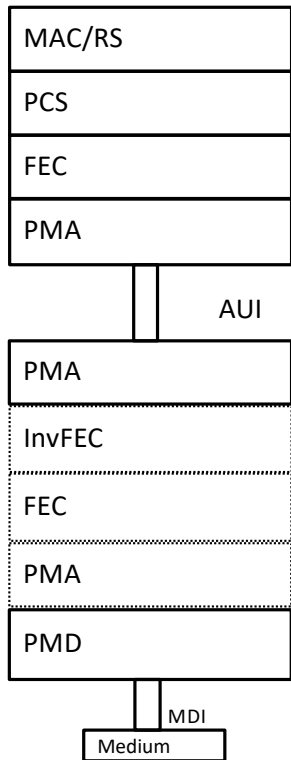
(FEC2 replaces FEC1. FEC1 used for local AUI only. FEC2 for PMD only)



800GbE Architecture : FEC schemes over AUI-8

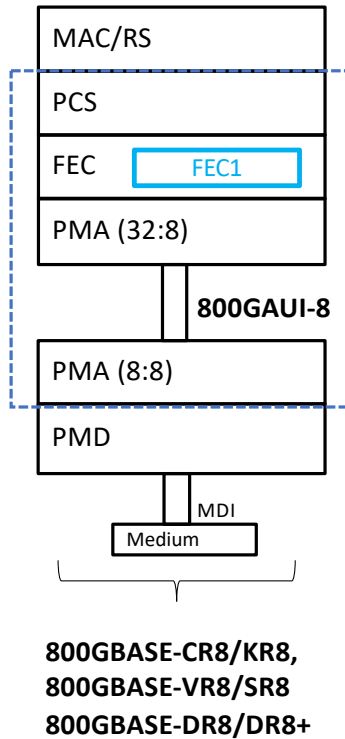
 Included in this baseline

Generic 800GbE Architecture



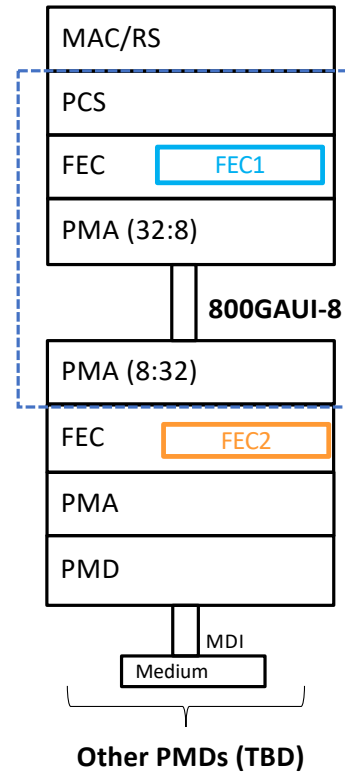
End-to-End FEC scheme

Targeted by this Baseline

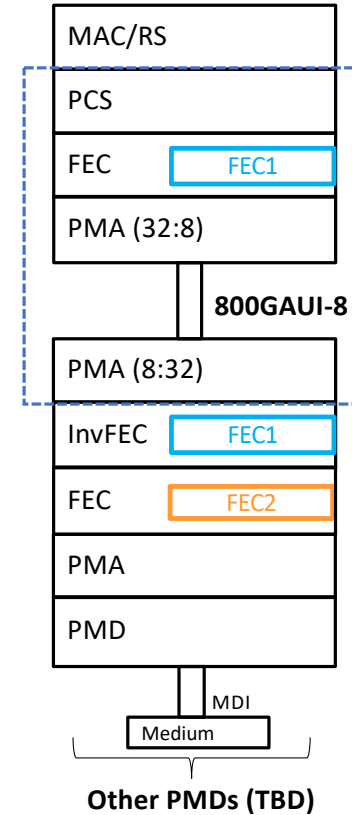


Concatenated FEC scheme

Other FEC schemes / evolution remains open



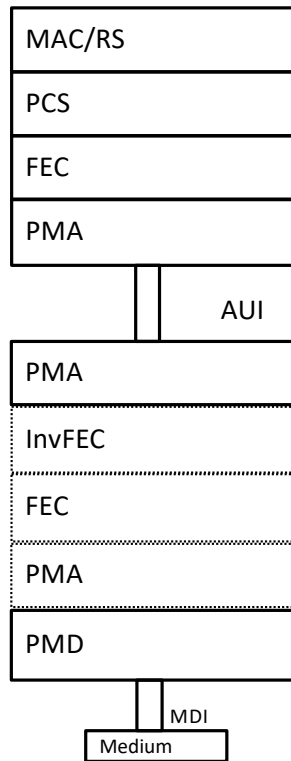
Segmented FEC scheme



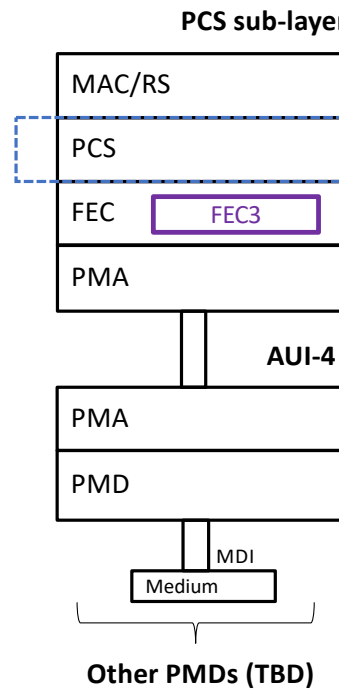
800GbE Architecture : FEC schemes over AUI-4

 Included in this baseline

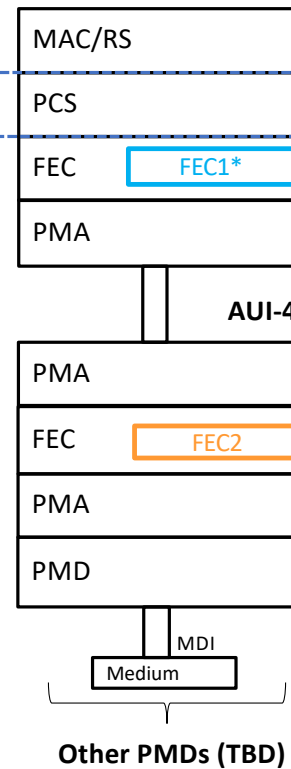
Generic 800GbE Architecture



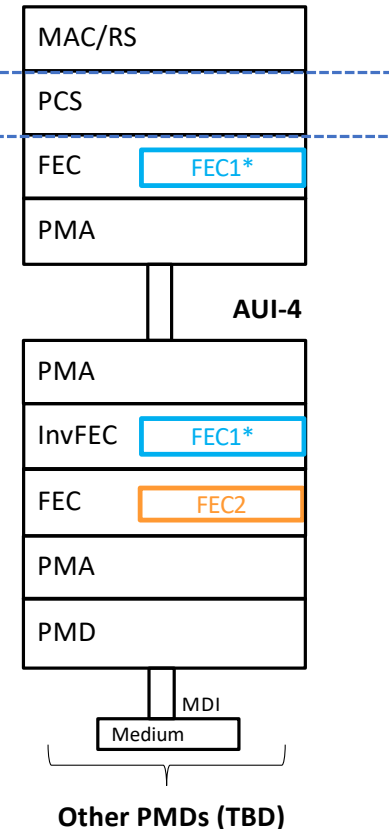
End-to-End FEC scheme



Concatenated FEC scheme



Segmented FEC scheme



* FEC1 could be the FEC proposed in this Baseline or could be a different FEC – pending analysis

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Conclusions

- This Baseline: 800GbE PCS, FEC and PMA for 8 x 100G PMDs and 8 x 100G AUIs
- Supports all adopted 802.3df copper and optical PMDs baselines using 100G/lane
- Proposal separates the PCS and FEC into sub-layers
- Highly leverages existing 400GbE specifications
 - 2 x 400GbE (Clause 119) with minor modifications to the specifications
- Highly leverages existing 400GbE implementations
 - Enable re-use of per-lane AM lock, FEC interleaving, FEC encode/decode, scrambler, transcoder
- Enables faster time-market for 800GbE (8 x 100G/lane) implementations
 - Maximizing technology reuse and existing industry investments
- Fits into an overall 800GbE Logic Architecture, and does not constrain future FEC schemes using 200G/lane AUIs and PMDs and/or Coherent PMDs
- 1.6TbE PCS/FEC can be chosen independently of 800GbE
 - Decisions made in this baseline will not restrict options / choices for 1.6TbE

Thanks !