

Towards an 800G-LR4 IMDD Specification Consensus - Nov. 2022 update

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Outline

- Introduction
- Update on MonteCarlo Analysis of FWM
- Tx Spec proposal for 800G-LR4
- Rx Spec proposal for 800G-LR4
- Link power budget
- Conclusion

Introduction

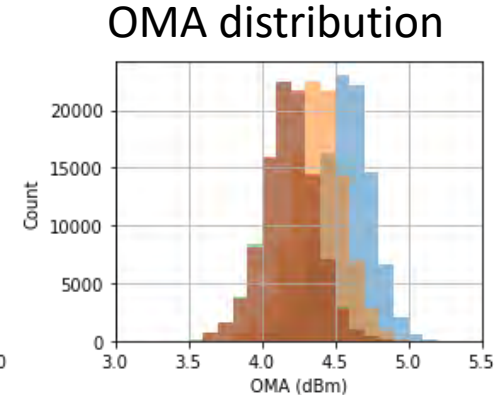
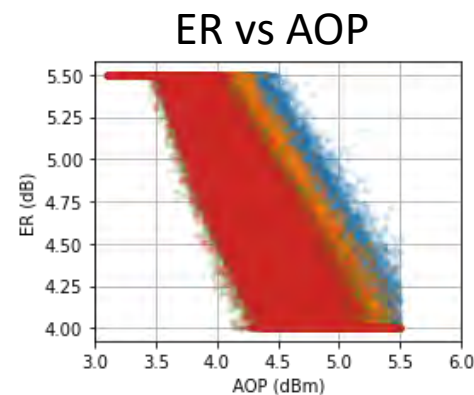
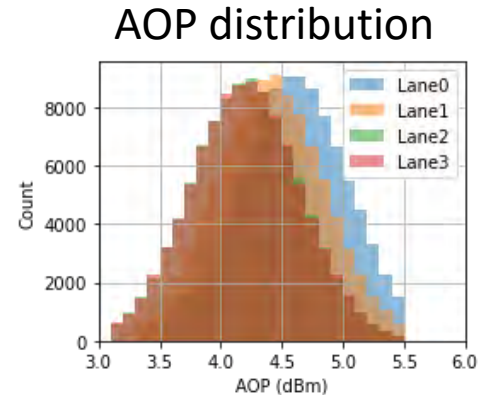
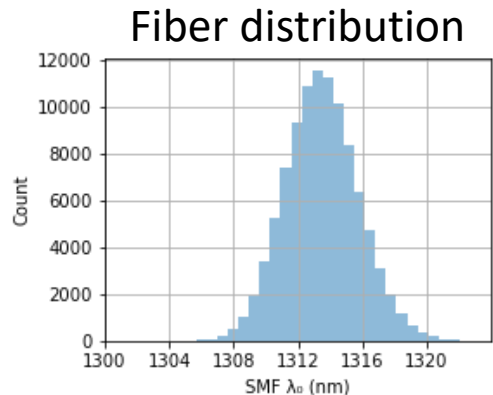
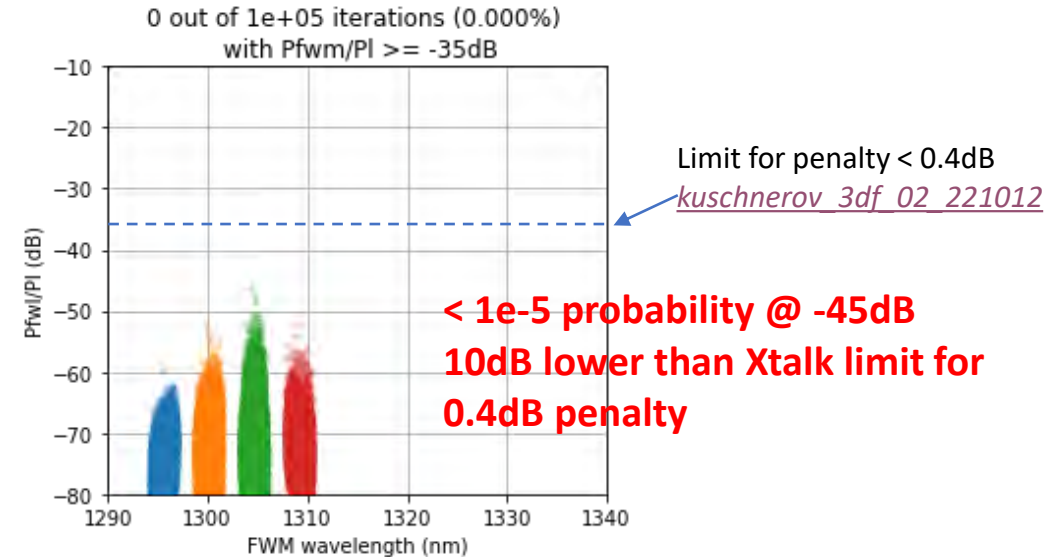
- This presentation expands the list of specs proposed in [rodes 3df 01b 221012](#)
 - Completes the same spec list used on previously published PMDs
- Consider these specs a good starting point, and expect further refinement based on contributions and discussions as the task force progresses

MonteCarlo Analysis on FWM Probability

Added Tx power distribution compared to previous results in [rodes 3df 01b 221012](#)

MC parameters:

- 100,000 iterations
- Max fiber length: 10km
- Fiber ZDW based on realistic distribution [rodes 3df 01b 221012](#)
- AOP Gaussian distribution. Lane dependent mean, std=0.5dB, truncated.
 - Mimics realistic module tuning
- ER tuned based on AOP and OMA targets with gaussian error, std=0.15dB
 - Mimics realistic module tuning
- OMA distribution results from AOP and ER
- Uniform wavelength distribution within passband for each channel



Tx Spec proposal

Following spec approach on [rodes 3df 01b 221012](#):

TDECQ_{max} = 3.9dB for full range

TDECQ_{max} for limited dispersion = 3.2dB

FWM allocation of 0.7dB is probably still overly conservative

- <0.4dB may be achievable when using realistic fiber distribution

Description	800G-LR4 proposal	Unit
Signaling rate, each lane (range)	112.5 – 113.3	GBd
Modulation format	PAM4	
Lane wavelengths (range)	1294.6 to 1296.6 1299.1 to 1301.1 1303.6 to 1305.6 1308.1 to 1310.1	nm
Side-mode suppression ratio (SMSR), (min)	30	dB
Total average launch power (max)	11.5	dBm
Average launch power, each lane (max)	5.5	dBm
Average launch power, each lane (min)	-0.9	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), each lane (max)	5	dBm
Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA _{outer}), each lane (min) for TDECQ <1.4 dB for 1.4 dB ≤ TDECQ ≤ 3.9 dB	1.9 0.5+TDECQ	dBm dBm
Difference in launch power between any two lanes	3	dB
Transmitter and dispersion eye closure for PAM4 (TDECQ), each lane (max) -7ps/nm ≤ Dispersion ≤ 7 ps/nm -28ps/nm ≤ Dispersion ≤ 9 ps/nm	3.2 3.9	dB dB
Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ), each lane (max)	3.2	dB
TDECQ-TECQ (max)	2.5	dB
Over/under-shoot (max)	22	%
Transmitter power excursion (max)	3.1	
Extinction ratio, each lane (min)	4	dB
Transmitter transition time (max)	13	ps
Average launch power of OFF transmitter, each lane (max)	-16	dBm
RIN _{15.6} OMA (max)	-139	dB/Hz
Optical return loss tolerance (max)	15.6	dB
Transmitter reflectance (max)	-26	6 dB

Rx Spec proposal

Rx sensitivity of -5.5dBm @ TDECQ = 1.4dB is achievable based simulation analysis:

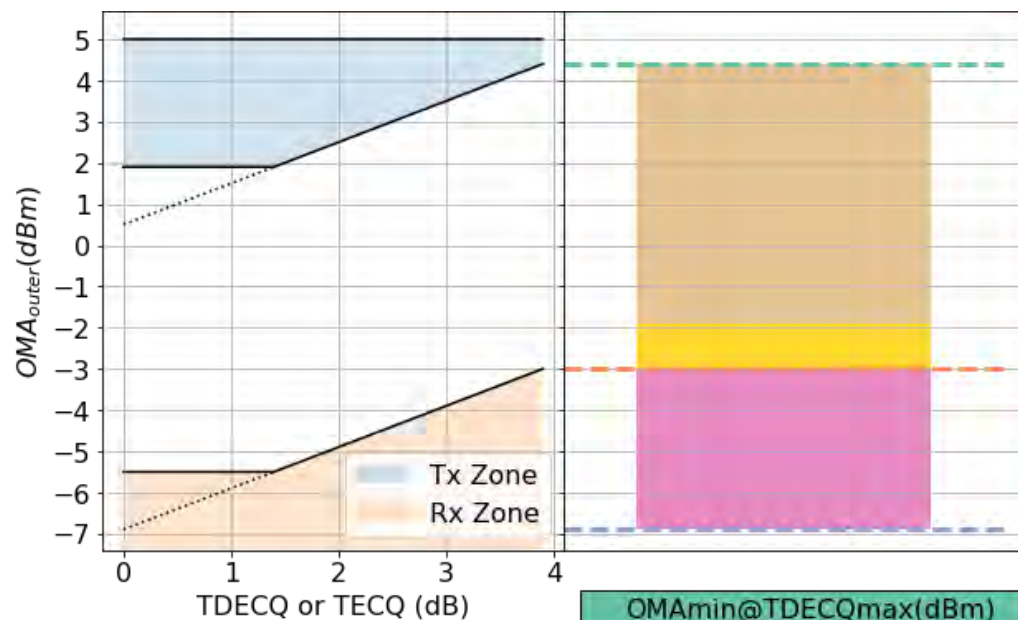
[rodes 3df 01b 221012](#)

,and experimental data:

[kuschnerov 3df 02a 221012](#)

Description	800G-LR4 proposal	Unit
Signaling rate, each lane (range)	112.5 – 113.3	GBd
Modulation format	PAM4	
Lane wavelengths (range)	1294.6 to 1296.6 1299.1 to 1301.1 1303.6 to 1305.6 1308.1 to 1310.1	nm
Damage threshold, each lane	6.5	dBm
Average receive power, each lane (max)	5.5	dBm
Average receive power, each lane (min)	-8	dBm
Receive power (OMAouter), each lane (max)	5	dBm
Difference in receive power between any two lanes (OMAouter) (max)	3.3	dB
Receiver reflectance (max)	-26	dB
Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) for TECQ <1.4 dB for 1.4 dB ≤ TECQ ≤ 3.9 dB	-5.5 -6.9 + TECQ	dBm dBm
Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max)	-3	dBm
Conditions of stressed receiver sensitivity test:		
Stressed eye closure for PAM4 (SECQ), lane under test	3.9	dB
OMAouter of each aggressor lane	1.3	dBm

Link Power Budget



	800G-LR4 proposal
OMAm _{in} @TDECQ _{max} (dBm)	4.4
OMA-TECQ(dBm)	0.5
RS _{nominal} (dBm)	-6.9
Rx Sens (TECQ ≤ 1.4dB)	-5.5
SRS(dBm)	-3.0
PowerBudget	11.3
FiberLoss+connectors	6.3
AdditionalPenalties	1.1
AdditionalLossMargin	0.0
TDECQbudget	3.9

Parameter	800G-LR4 proposal	Unit
Power budget (for maximum TDECQ)	11.3	dB
Operating Distance	10	km
Channel insertion loss	6.3	dB
Maximum discrete reflectance	-35	dB
Allocation for penalties (for maximum TDECQ) *	5	dB
Additional insertion loss allowed	0	dB

*DGD=0.7dB and MPI= 0.4dB , [kuschnerov 3df 01b 221012](#), [kuschnerov 3df 02a 221012](#)

Conclusion

- Presented a complete set of specs for 800G-LR4
 - This is the same set of specs reliably used on 400G-FR4/LR4
 - Updated FWM penalty allocation
 - Many of the specs will be developed in sync with 800G-DR4/FR4
- These specs do not assume a new fiber specification, but uses a statistical approach considering realist fiber parameter distribution
- This proposal is a good starting point, and we expect further refinement as the task force progresses

Thank you

Appendix

FWM penalty assessment

The PMD coefficient distribution for 264 G.652D fibers in 12 km loose tube cable. The inset shows the link PMD distribution. The resulting link design value (LDV) for PMD_Q is $0.028 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{\text{km}}$.

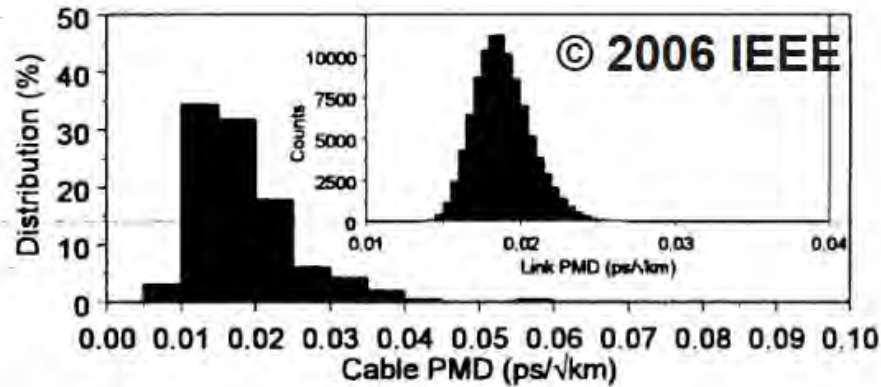


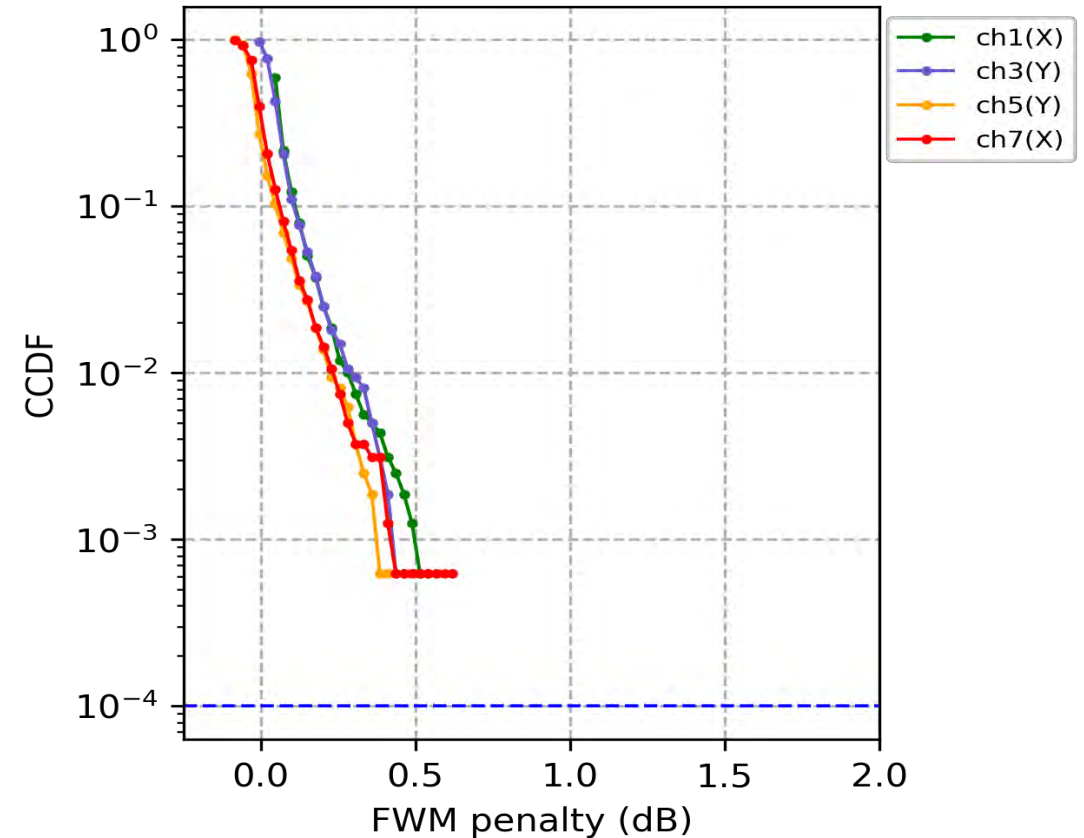
Figure 7. The PMD coefficient distribution for 264 AllWave® fibres in 12 km loose tube cable. The inset shows the PMD link distribution. The resulting LDV is $0.028 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{\text{km}}$.

[1] Tommy Geisler, "Low PMD Transmission Fibers", European Conference on Optical Communications (ECOC) Cannes, France, Sep 2006.
DOI: 10.1109/ECOC.2006.4800871 © IEEE

[kuschnerov_3df_01b_221012](#)

Simulation conditions

1600 runs with $PMD_{\text{mean}} = 0.05 \text{ ps}/\sqrt{\text{km}}$,
ER=4dB, OMA=5dBm, AOP=5.65dBm/channel



- ❑ Even under the worst-case alignment of ZDW and laser frequencies, the FWM-induced "outage" is $<10^{-3}$.
- ❑ Thus, the FWM-induced overall outage probability can be $\sim 3 \times 10^{-6}$, which is reasonably low (liu_3df_01a_221012).