The State of Link Budgeting

IEEE 802.3dj Task Force IEEE 802 July 2023 Plenary

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My Role as Chair

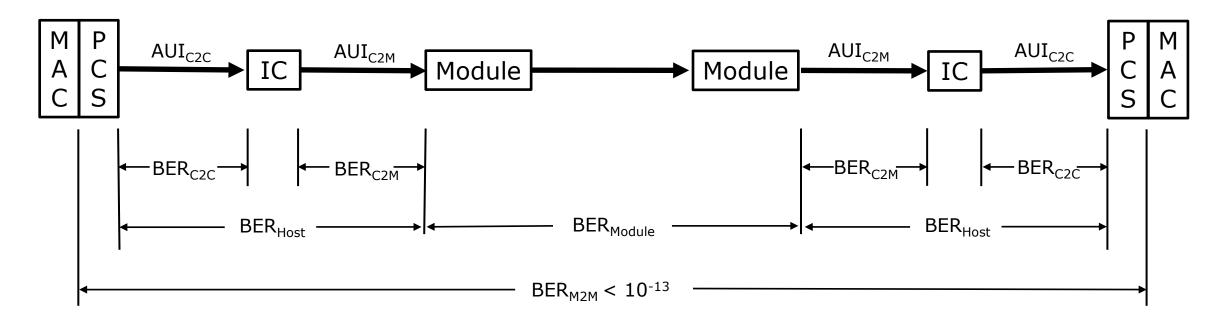
Per the IEEE 802.3 Ethernet WG Operations Manual (http://www.ieee802.org/3/rules/P802_3_rules.pdf)

- The operation of the TF has to be balanced between democratic procedures that reflect the desires of the TF members and the TF Chair's responsibility to produce a draft standard, recommended practice, or guideline in a reasonable amount of time for review and approval by the WG. Robert's Rules of Order shall be used in combination with these operating rules to achieve this balance.
- The full responsibilities of the chair are specified in 3.4.3 Task Force Chair's Responsibilities.

Introduction

- Work is underway within the Electrical Track to determine BER budgeting
 - Potential AUI implementations
 - Within PHY C2M
 - Within PHY C2C
 - Within xMII Extender
 - General discussion has focused on 200Gb/s / lane
 - 100 Gb/s/lane budgeting set by 802.3ck and leveraged by 802.3df
- Participants within the Optical Track need a target PMD number for baseline development and evaluation

Simple Budget Overview Review



- The model above was provided for illustrative purposes to enable discussion
 - "BER" is loosely used to represent "random BER" and recognize there is much discussion on that topic
 - Refinement probably necessary
- No formal budget model / approach has been adopted

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Status

- AUI channel measurements / reporting have been provided on application basis
 - C2C (Medium Loss / High Loss)
 - C2M (Medium Loss / High Loss)
 - NPO (type of C2M)
 - OBO (type of C2M)
- No decision or straw poll has been made regarding the types of AUIs
 - By Loss?
 - By BER?
 - Just one type of C2C AUI and one type of C2M AUI?
- Relevant decisions to date
 - 100G based AUIs BER budget determined by 802.3ck and leveraged by 802.3df
 - Motion #8 May 2023 Interim
 - Move to adopt a DER0 value of 2.67e-5 (equivalent to measured BER of 4e-5 with precoding ON) as the total allocation for higher-loss AUIs within a PHY (BER division between C2C and C2M as well as the measurement method to be determined later)

Development of AUIs for IEEE P802.3dj

Interface	Options
AUI C2C	• None
	 C2C – 100G per lane
	 C2C – 200 G per lane / med loss
	 C2C – 200 G per lane / high loss
AUI C2M	• None
	 C2M – 100G per lane
	 C2M – 200 G per lane / med loss
	 C2M – 200 G per lane / high loss

- Any combination of these two types of AUIs is currently permissible within a BASE-R PHY
- All combinations will need to be analyzed to determine worse cast BER MODULE
- AUIs are optional, therefore a BER_{AUI} for when no AUIs are present must be identified

Potential Scenarios for 802.3dj to Support

Config	C2C	C2M	100G / Lane PMDs	200G / Lane PMDs	800G / lane PMDs
1	None	None			
2		100G per lane			
3		200 G per lane / med loss			
4		200 G per lane / high loss			
5	100G per lane	None			
6		100G per lane			
7		200 G per lane / med loss			
8		200 G per lane / high loss			
9	200 G per lane /	None			
10	med loss	100G per lane			
11		200 G per lane / med loss			
12		200 G per lane / high loss			
13	200 G per lane / high loss	None			
14		100G per lane			
15		200 G per lane / med loss			
16		200 G per lane / high loss			

Effects of "FEC bypass" need to be considered if adopted

Summary of the Current State

- AUI development needs to consider various configurations of
 - Optional 100Gb/s-based and or 200 Gb/s based AUIs
 - 100 Gb/s, 200 Gb/s, and 800 Gb/s per lane based optical PHYs
- Decisions may impact
 - Backwards compatibility support
 - Interoperability
 - Broad Market Potential
- There are potentially 256 [16 x 16] different configurations that could require analysis
 - The final number to be analyzed will be determined by decisions yet to be made
- The target BER that optical PMDs must support needs to be identified to enable optical baseline development & evaluation
- Remember project timeline!