

# ILT support in coherent PHYs

(in support of comments 418, 419, 546, 547, 548, 549,  
550, 551, 552, 397, 400)

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# Overview

- Coherent PMDs currently do not have a training protocol, but should still participate in the path start-up.
- As detailed in [ran\\_3dj\\_02\\_2505](#), the ILT state diagrams support path start-up either with or without a training protocol.
  - If `mr_training_enable=false` then the training protocol is disabled and `local_rts` is indicated by transmission of a local pattern.
- There seems to be consensus that an ILT function should be included in coherent PMDs too, at least for the purpose of path start-up.
  - This presentation proposes a way to do that.
  - This proposal assumes no training protocol; one could be added later if a proposal is adopted (it is not addressed by this presentation).

# How should ILT be used in a coherent PMD (with no training protocol)

- `mr_training_enable=false` such that the left-hand part of the diagram is always used.
- While `local_rts=false`, state is QUIET
  - `tx_disable` can be implemented using the existing PMD global transmit disable function
  - Alternatively, the PMD Tx can stay on and the client (FEC) can generate another signal, e.g. unmodulated; but currently this is not defined
- When `local_rts` becomes true, it is signaled to the peer by enabling the transmitter (SEND\_LOCAL)
- When the PMD receiver is locked (`local_rx_ready`), after `propagation_timer`, the transmitter goes to DATA mode (`tx_mode=data`).

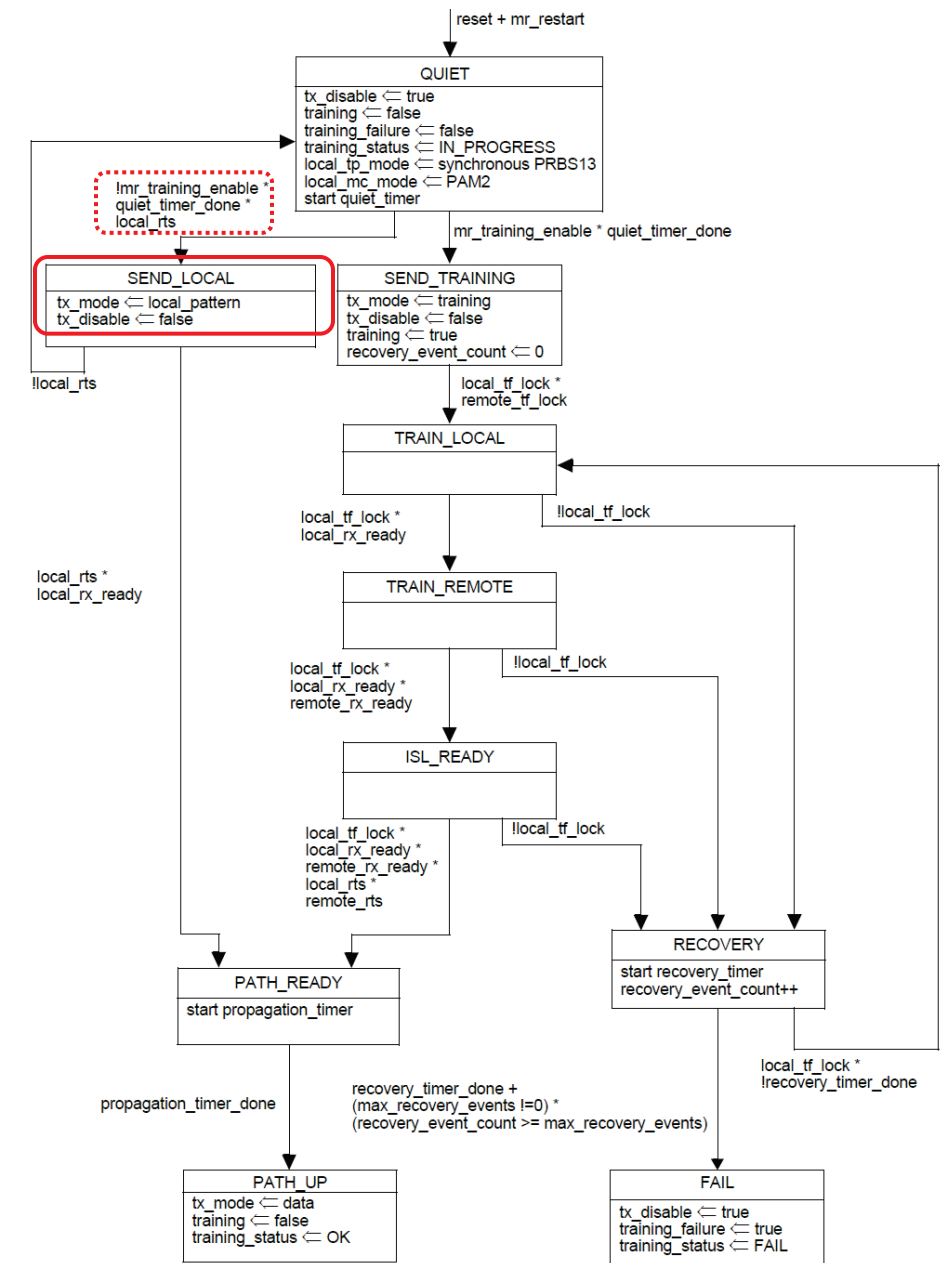


Figure 178B-8—Training control state diagram

# What's missing

- Coherent PMDs should include an ILT function, but without the training protocol defined in Annex 178B.
- tx\_disable used in ILT should be supported (currently “Global transmit disable” is optional).
- PMD transmit function should include DATA and TRAINING modes.
- An adequate test pattern should be defined for each PMD in TRAINING mode.
- Service interface IS\_SIGNAL.request primitives should be added in the PMDs and in their client sublayers (FEC).
  - However, unlike the IM-DD PMDs, **the IS\_SIGNAL.indication should keep its current definition** (based on optical power), because it feeds the DSP lock functions. The client (FEC) generates its own SIGNAL\_OK based on DSP lock.
- Diagrams should be updated where necessary.

# Proposed changes

- Add ILT to the Physical Layer clause tables, Table 185–1 and Table 187–1.
- Add ILT subclauses in the functional specification subclauses 185.5 and 187.5.
- In 185.5.2 and 187.5.2, add the two modes of the transmit functions (TRAINING and DATA). TRAINING mode causes transmission of the “encoded PRBS31” test pattern.
  - In 185.5.11, PRBS31 encoded by Inner FEC (as defined in 184.6.1).
  - In 187.5.11, 800GBASE-ER1 FEC encoded PRBS31 (as defined in 186.2.3.12).
- Change the PMD global transmit disable functions (185.5.7 and 187.5.7), currently optional, to be mandatory.
- Add IS\_SIGNAL.request in the service interface subclauses and diagrams.
  - In clauses 185 and 187, and also in clauses 184 and 186.

An implementation example for clause 185 is shown on the next slide.

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# Implementation example – clause 185

Table 185–1—Physical Layer clauses associated with the 800GBASE-LR1 PMD

Associated clause	800GBASE-LR1
90—Time Synchronization	Optional
120F—800GAUI-8 C2C	Optional <sup>a</sup>
120G—800GAUI-8 C2M	Optional <sup>a</sup>
170—800 Gb/s RS	Required
170—800GMII <sup>b</sup>	Optional
171—800GMII Extender	Optional
172—800GBASE-R PCS	Required
173—800GBASE-R BM-PMA	Conditional <sup>c</sup>
176—800GBASE-R SM-PMA	Conditional <sup>c</sup>
176C—800GAUI-4 C2C	Optional <sup>a</sup>
176D—800GAUI-4 C2M	Optional <sup>a</sup>
184—800GBASE-LR1 Inner FEC	Required
<u>178B—ILT</u>	<u>Required</u>

## 185.3.1.4 PMD:IS\_SIGNAL.request(SIGNAL\_OK)

The PMD:IS\_SIGNAL.request primitive is generated by the Inner FEC sublayer. Its definition is identical to the one provided in 116.3.3.4.

## 185.5.2 PMD transmit function

The PMD transmit function has two operating modes: DATA and TRAINING. The operating mode is controlled by the tx\_mode variable of the ILT function (see 185.5.11): it is DATA when tx\_mode = data, and TRAINING otherwise.

When in TRAINING mode, the PMD shall cause the Inner FEC to transmit the test pattern specified in 184.6.1.

The PMD transmit function shall convert the four analog streams (Tx\_X<sub>I</sub>, Tx\_X<sub>Q</sub>, Tx\_Y<sub>I</sub>, Tx\_Y<sub>Q</sub>) from the Inner FEC passed across the PMD service interface via the PMD:IS\_UNITDATA.request primitive (see 185.3.1.1) into a single optical signal with orthogonal polarizations modulated using 16QAM and deliver them to the MDI, all according to the transmit optical specifications in this clause.

## 185.5.11 Inter-sublayer link training (ILT) function

A PMD shall provide the ILT function specified in Annex 178B. The ILT variable mr\_training\_enable is always false. ILT is used to coordinate the transition to DATA mode.

The ILT variable local\_rx\_ready shall be set to the value of the alignment\_valid variable of the inner FEC (see 184.7.2.2).

The ILT variable tx\_disable shall have the same effect as PMD\_global\_transmit\_disable (see 185.5.7).

Note: other changes may be required a result.

# That's all

Questions?