

# Editorial simplification of the RTS-without-squelch state diagram

(addressing comment #R2-114)

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# Figure 178B-15 in D3.2

- All states except the initial TRAINING have transitions into TRAINING (“B”) with the same condition: “!c\_isl\_ready”
- This means !c\_isl\_ready is a “reset-like” condition
- All these transitions can be represented by adding the condition to the open arrow into TRAINING, as shown in the next slide.

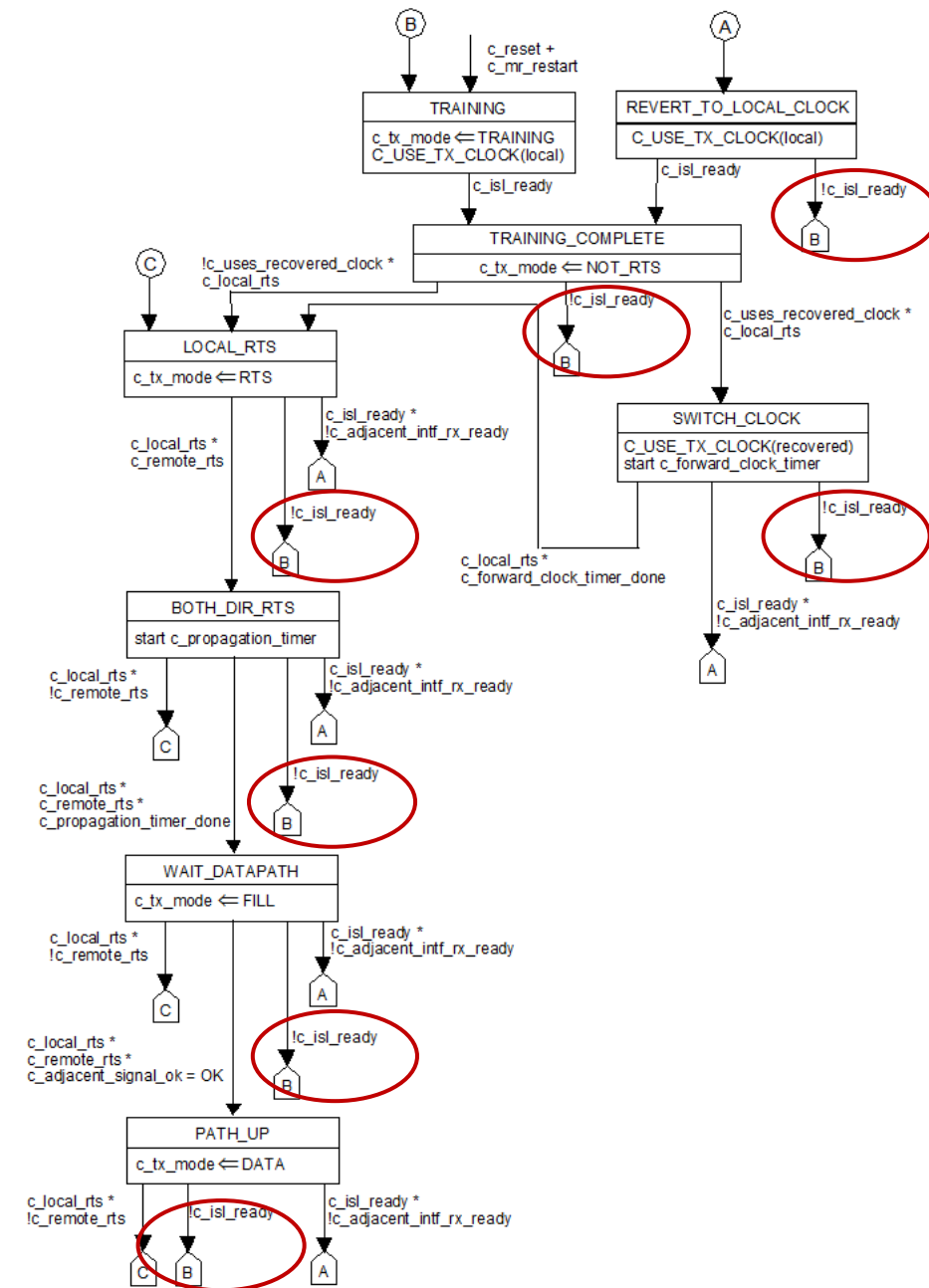


Figure 178B-15—RTS without squelch state diagram

# Furthermore...

- Multiple transitions to REVERT\_TO\_LOCAL\_CLOCK (A) with the same condition (but with lower precedence than those to TRAINING)
- $c\_local\_rts$  is a condition on all other transitions
  - $= c\_isl\_ready * c\_adjacent\_intf\_rx\_ready$
  - If it is false, one of the two terms must be false, which will cause a transition:
    - $\neg c\_isl\_ready \rightarrow \text{TRAINING}$
    - $\neg c\_adjacent\_intf\_rx\_ready \rightarrow \text{"A"} (\text{REVERT\_TO\_LOCAL\_CLOCK})$
  - Therefore  $c\_local\_rts$  is a redundant term
- 3 transitions to LOCAL\_RTS (C) use the same condition  $c\_local\_rts * \neg c\_remote\_rts$
- $\Rightarrow$  The figure can be simplified further

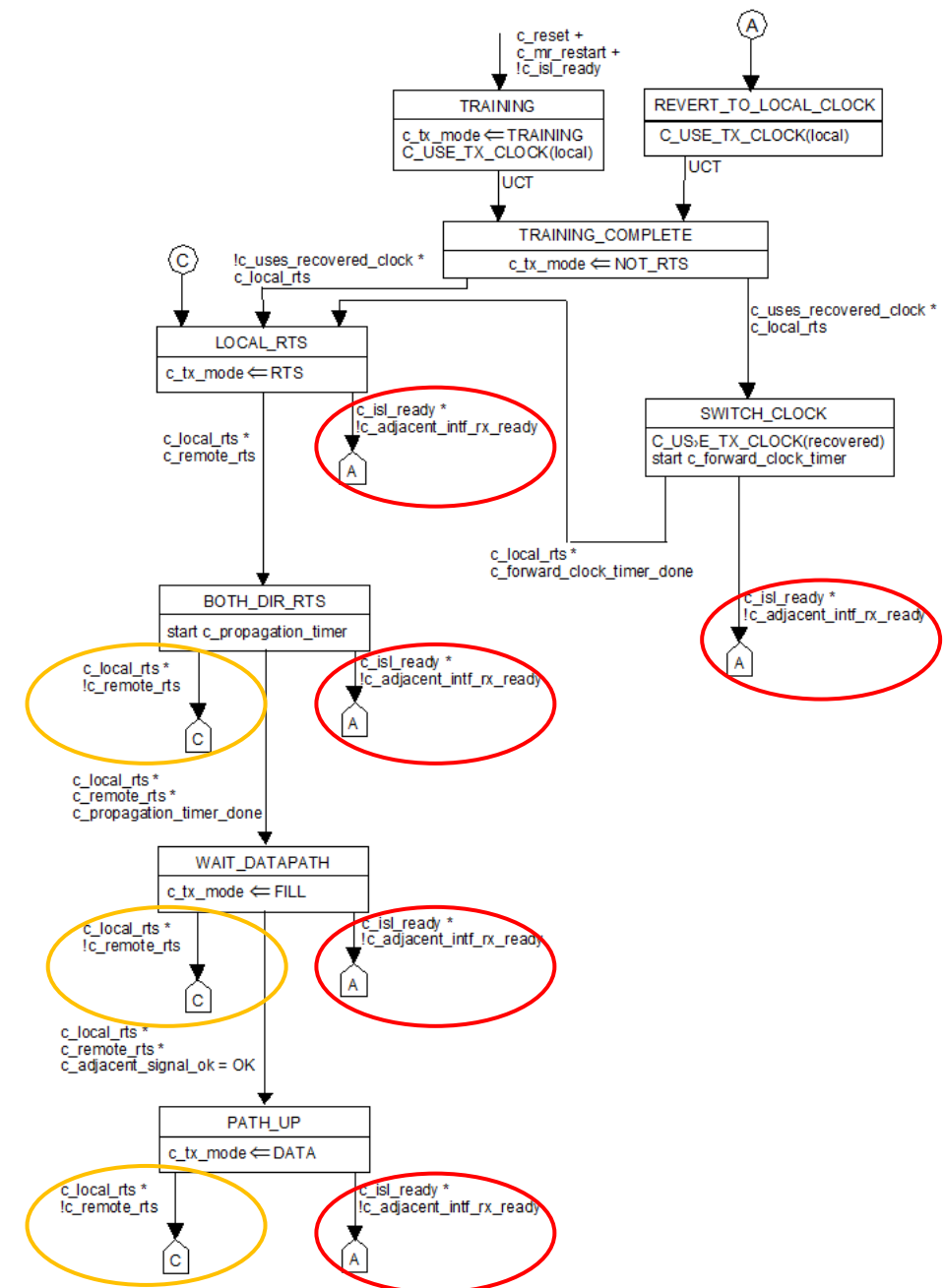


Figure 178B-15—RTS without squelch state diagram

# Figure 178B-15 –simplified

- This diagram is logically equivalent to the current one.
- The simplified structures enables better understanding of the requirements and the expected behavior.
- Using this diagram is proposed to address comment #114.
- Any changes resulting from other comments can be applied in addition.

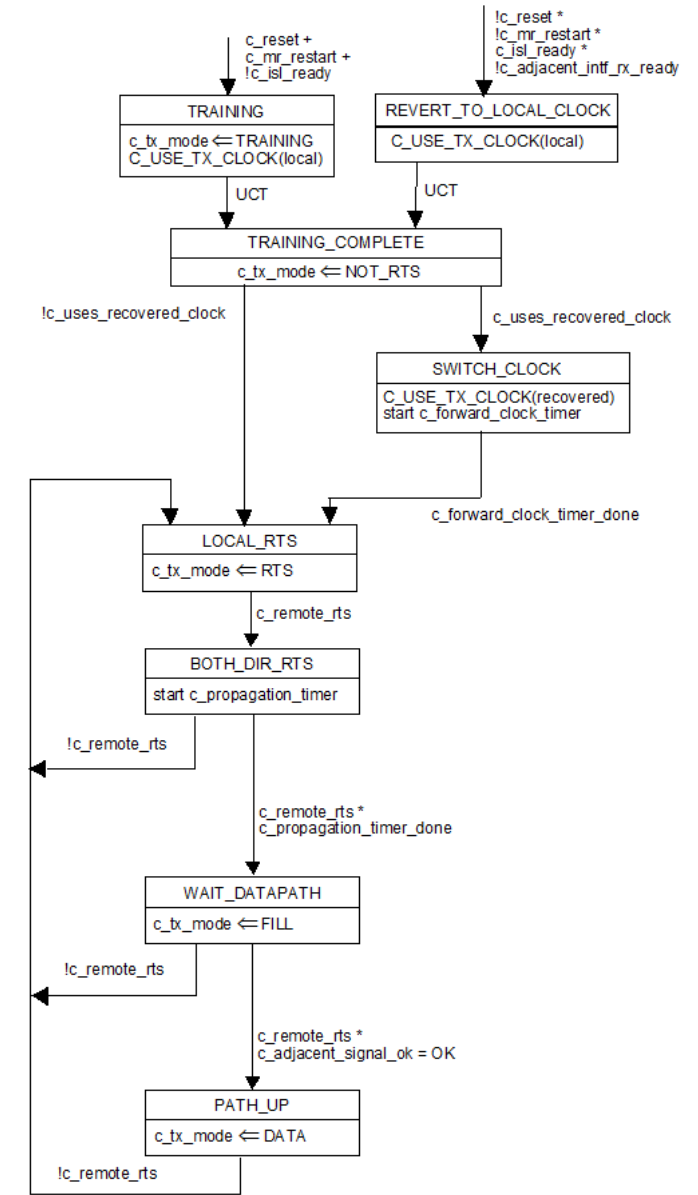


Figure 178B-15—RTS without squelch state diagram