4x RS Codeword Interleaving Proposal for 200 GbE and 400 GbE

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Introduction

- P802.3dj covers various Ethernet rates for 200GE, 400GE, 800GE and 1.6TE.
 - Each rate needs to support 200Gb/s per lane AUIs and PMDs.
- All PCS designs for the above rates have been determined in the Task Force.
 - 200GE and 400GE both interleave 2x RS codewords in the PCS.
 - 800GE and 1.6TE both interleave 4x RS codewords in the PCS/PMA.
- Symbol-pair muxing PMA has been adopted for 200G/lane AUIs.
 - Please see ran 3dj 01a 2303.
- This presentation is a preliminary analysis on the performance difference due to different number of RS codewords for Type 2 PHY scheme.
 - This analysis is specific for Type 2 optical links with up to 2 AUIs at each end.
 - Type 1 PHY scheme needs to be addressed as well, but not covered in this presentation.
- Independent analysis in <u>ran 3dj elec 01 230420</u> also showed performance difference of 2/4 RS codeword interleaving.

Interleaving Depth vs AUI Burst Protection



*Symbol-pair muxing PMA as in <u>ran_3dj_01a_2303</u>.

• Assuming same AUI BER threshold for all Ethernet rates using 200G/lane AUIs, the current 200GE/400GE will have lower performance due to 2x RS CWs interleaving compared to 4x of 800GE/1.6TE.

Two-part Link Simulation for 2x and 4x RS Codewords Interleave

- Case #1 (dotted lines): 2x RS
- Case #2 (solid lines): 4x RS(host)
- Increasing the interleaving to 4x RS codewords on the AUIs (Case # 2) is clearly beneficial.
 - The AUI electrical specs and/or the PMD's optical specs will be driven by the worst case.
 - It would be preferable if we can avoid burdening the AUI and PMD for the older rates.
- Latency will be increased but is reasonable as shown in brown 3dj elec 01 230420.
- Simulation configuration:
- AUI: 200G/lane, symbol-pair muxing. Error propagation probability "a" = 0.75, pre-coding ON. All BER values includes additional errors due to bursts and precoding.
- PMD: Pure AWGN.
- FEC_I: Hamming(128,120), w/o convolutional interleaver.



AUI BER (per PHY)	Total AUI BER	PMD BER Threshold	
		Case #1	Case #2
2E-5	4E-5	2.62E-3	3.74E-3
1E-4	2E-4	1.76E-3	3.03E-3

Alternative Location to Convert 2x Codewords Interleave to 4x

- Case #2 (solid lines): 4x RS(host)
- Case #3 (dotted lines): 2x RS(host), 4x RS(module)
- Case #3 has very little margin below the FLR target when the total AUI BER is 2E-4.
 - This leaves little room for PMD BER.
 - Case #2 improves this margin by ~3 orders.
 - Case #2 has 0.2dB higher coding gain than Case #3.

• Simulation configuration:

AUI: 200G/lane, symbol-pair muxing. Error propagation probability "a" = 0.75, pre-coding ON. All BER values includes additional errors due to bursts and precoding.

PMD: Pure AWGN.

FEC_I: Hamming(128,120), w/o convolutional interleaver.



AUI BER (per PHY)	Total AUI BER	PMD BER Threshold	
		Case #2	Case #3
2E-5	4E-5	3.74E-3	3.71E-3
1E-4	2E-4	3.03E-3	2.50E-3

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Option 1 – Delay Half of PCS Lanes

- On Tx side, PCS lanes with odd index ("p" as shown below) are delayed by 2 codewords.
 - Each odd index PCS lane is delayed by 10880/8 = 1360 bits.
 - PMA performs symbol-pair muxing between even and odd lanes to form 4x RS CWs interleaving pattern (ABA'B' as shown below).
- On Rx side, deskew is performed on all lanes in the PCS and no special handling is required.
- Total delay penalty is 2 codewords for Tx + Rx.



Option 1 – Delay Half of PCS Lanes, continued

• When interoperating with 100G/lane AUIs, the 2x to 4x RS CWs conversion can be done after PMA symbol-pair muxing function.



Option 2 – Convolutional Interleaver on 200G PMA Lanes

- Performed on symbol-pair muxed PMA lanes.
- 2-branch convolutional interleaver, with 1 branch delayed by 5440 bits on Tx side.
 - Rx side deskew is performed on all lanes in the PCS and no special handling is required.
 - Total delay penalty is 2 codewords for Tx + Rx.
- For 100G AUIs, performing the symbol-pair mux first.
- Can be interoperable with option 1.



Summary

- Increasing interleaving depth from 2x codewords to 4x for 200GE and 400GE could improve overall coding gain by 0.57dB, if total AUI BER is 1E-4 on each side.
 - 2x codewords interleaving on AUI leads to error floor around 1E-11 FLR.
 - Increasing the interleaving depth in the host rather than in the module is preferred.
 - Latency impact is 51.2ns for 200GE, and 25.6ns for 400GE.
- If AUI BER is at 1E-5 per segment, increasing interleaving depth from 2x to 4x for 200GE and 400GE could improve overall coding gain by 0.4dB.
 - Increasing the interleaving depth in the host or module are both OK.
- The two options proposed could provide 4x codewords interleaving in the PMA, with a total (Tx+Rx) added latency of 2 codewords.

Thank you!