



Question(s): 14/15

London, UK, 4-8 December 2017

LS
(ref. [TD144-WP3](#))

Source: ITU-T Study Group 15

Title: Liaison statement regarding coordination on IM/DM for OAM (reply to IEEE 802.3WG-LS54 (TD141/WP3))

LIAISON STATEMENT

For action to: IEEE 802.1, IEEE 802.3

For comment to: ONF, The MEF Forum

For information to:

Approval: Question 14/15 interim meeting (London, UK, 4-8 December 2017)

Deadline: 22 January 2018

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ITU-T Question Q14 is responsible for the management/control aspects of the transport network. One of the important aspects of this work, from a management/control perspective, is the protocol-neutral information modelling for transport network equipment.

To ensure the work of the Q14/15 and the YANG work related to IEEE 802.1 and IEEE 802.3 is aligned and to aid in the discussions to occur during the experts meeting on 27 January 2018, a UML version of .1Qcx has been created.

To account for the continuous evolution of interface data modelling technologies, the ITU-T uses UML to capture the semantics of the transport network equipment constructs. UML also provides a powerful yet simple way to analyse, document and review the complex relationships between the constructs in the model. Generation of the data model in the appropriate interface technology (YANG, JSON, etc.) from the UML model are supported by tooling.

While reviewing the UML representation of the experimental IEEE YANG models, an issue with indexing of the Maintenance Domain (MD) Class was identified. The list key that has been identified for MD (list md) is not capable of supporting ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731 use cases. Because of the terminology differences between IEEE 802.1 Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) and ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731, CFM needs to use MD to provide information about the MEG Level. The current SNMP MIB supporting CFM uses an index for the table key but the current experimental IEEE 802.1Qcx YANG uses md-name and md-name-type for the key. The ITU-T doesn't use MD so the md-name is configured to be null for CFM use-cases. To support ITU-T G.8013/Y.1731 requirements the ability to specify multiple MDs that have a null name is needed. There can be

many MDs that have a null name so having the md-name in the key is an issue. A pointer to the model diagrams and an Eclipse Papyrus readable model is provided below.

- Re-engineered ieee802-dot1ag-cfm YANG module: [PapyrusOamOxygenWorkspace_171208.zip](#)
- Re-engineered ieee802-dot1ag-cfm YANG module diagrams: [PapyrusOamOxygenWorkspace_171208-diagrams.zip](#)

In the response sent from the Tokyo Interim meeting “*Liaison response to IEEE 802.1 and MEF incoming liaisons on MEF 38.1 and 39.1*”, ITU-T Q14/15 agrees that the responsibility for the development of YANG modules should be within the organization that has responsibility for the corresponding data plane protocol (per OpCodes listed in the table below).

| OpCode value | OAM PDU type |
|-----------------|--------------|
| IEEE 802.1 | |
| 1 | CCM |
| 3 | LBM |
| 2 | LBR |
| 5 | LTM |
| 4 | LTR |
| 6 | RFM |
| 7 | SFM |
| 0, 8-31, 96-255 | Reserved |
| ITU-T SG15 | |
| 32 | GNM |
| 32 -1 | BNM |
| 33 | AIS |
| 35 | LCK |
| 37 | TST |
| 39 | Linear APS |
| 40 | Ring APS |
| 41 | MCC |
| 41-1 | EDM |
| 43 | LMM |
| 42 | LMR |
| 45 | IDM |
| 47 | DMM |
| 46 | DMR |
| 49 | EXM |
| 48 | EXR |
| 51 | VSM |
| 50 | VSR |
| 52 | CSF |
| 53 | ISL |
| 55 | SLM |
| 54 | SLR |

| OpCode value | OAM PDU type |
|-----------------------|---|
| 34, 36, 38, 44, 60-63 | Reserved |
| MEF | |
| 56 | LLR – Latching Loopback |
| 57 | LLM – Latching Loopback |
| 58 | SAT – Control Protocol |
| 59 | SAT – Control Message |
| IETF | |
| 64 | TRILL - Path Trace Reply |
| 65 | TRILL - Path Trace Message |
| 66 | TRILL - Multi-destination Tree Verification Reply |
| 67 | TRILL - Multi-destination Tree Verification Message |
| 68-95 | Reserved |

Detailed analysis is provided below to assist integrating IEEE CFM model for CCM and LBM/LBR for use by ITU-T. The table below uses information from ITU-T G.8051 and IEEE 802.1Q-2014.

| | | G.8051 Source | G.8051 Sink | Related IEEE MIBs |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| CCM | Enable | CC_Enable | CC_Enable | dot1agCfmMepCciEnabled |
| | DA | MI_MEL (01-80-C2-00-00-3x) | MI_MEL (01-80-C2-00-00-3x) | dot1agCfmMdMdLevel |
| | SA | MI_MEP_MAC | MI_MEP_MAC | dot1agCfmMepMacAddress |
| | MEL | MI_MEL | MI_MEL | dot1agCfmMdMdLevel |
| | DE | 0 | 0 | - |
| | P | MI_CC_Pri | MI_CC_Pri | dot1agCfmMepCcmLtmPriority |
| | Period | MI_CC_Period | MI_CC_Period | dot1agCfmMaNetCcmInterval |
| | SeqNumber | 0 | 0 | dot1agCfmMepCciSentCcms |
| | MEP ID | MI_MEP_ID | MI_PeerMEP_ID[i] | dot1agCfmMepIdentifier dot1agCfmMepDbrMepIdentifier |
| MEG ID | MI_MEG_ID | MI_MEG_ID | dot1agCfmMaNetName | |
| Proactive LM (Uses CCM OpCode) | Enable | MI_LMC_Enable | MI_LMC_Enable | - |
| | lsec | | MI_1Second | - |
| | DEGM | | MI_LM_DEGM | - |
| | M | | MI_LM_M | - |
| | DEGTHR | | MI_LM_DEGTHR | - |
| TFMIN | | MI_LM_TFMIN | - | |
| Defects (Uses CCM OpCode) | DEG | | ✓ cDEG | - |
| | LOC | | ✓ cLOC[i] | dot1agCfmMepDbrMepState |
| | UNL | | ✓ cUNL | xconCCMdefect |
| | MMG | | ✓ cMMG | - |
| | UNM | | ✓ cUNM | - |
| | UNP | | ✓ cUNP | errorCCMdefect |
| | UNPr | | ✓ cUNPr | - |
| | RDI | | ✓ cRDI | someRDIdefect |
| svdCCM | | MI_GetSvdCCM MI_SvdCCM | dot1agCfmMepErrorCcmLastFailure dot1agCfmMepXconCcmLastFailure | |

A point of discussion is how to integrate the ITU-T required extensions with the IEEE defined YANG model for CFM.

In the loopback related table below, there are two applications for the loopback OpCode: 1) Discovery and 2) two-way test that have differences between IEEE and ITU-T.

| | | Series (Common) | Discovery (G.8051) | 2way Test (G.8051) | Related MIBs (IEEE) | 802.1Q Considerations | |
|--------|------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| Input | MI signals | MI_LB_Series | MI_LB_Discover | MI_LB_Test | | | |
| | Parameters | DA | ✓DA | 01-80-C2-00-00-3x | ✓DA | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmDestMacAddress | In the Discovery case add support for |
| | | SA | ✓(MI_MEP_MAC) | ✓(MI_MEP_MAC) | ✓(MI_MEP_MAC) | dot1agCfmMepMacAddress | - |
| | | MEL | ✓(MI_MEL) | ✓(MI_MEL) | ✓(MI_MEL) | dot1agCfmMdMdLevel | - |
| | | DE | ✓DE | 0 | ✓DE | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmVlanDropEnable | - |
| | | P | ✓P | ✓P | ✓P | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmVlanPriority | - |
| | | # of frames | ✓N | 1 | ∞ | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmMessages | - |
| | | Pattern | | | | | In the Discovery case, allow No TLV |
| | | Length | ✓Length (for Data TLV) | No TLV | ✓Pattern ✓Length (for Test TLV) | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmDataTlv | In the 2way Test case, need a Test TLV |
| | | Period | ✓Period | - | ✓Period | - | Support period configuration |
| | | Transaction ID | (No MI) | (No MI) | (No MI) | dot1agCfmMepNextLbmTransId | ITU-T will ignore |
| | | Terminate | - | - | ✓(MI_LB_Test_Terminate) | - | Need ability to terminate a test |
| Output | MI signals | MI_LB_Series_Result | MI_LB_Discover_Result | MI_LB_Test_Result | | | |
| | Parameters | MACs: MACs that have responded with a valid LBR | | ✓ | | - | In the Discovery case, Need a Responded MAC lists |
| | | Sent: total number of LBM frames sent | | | ✓ | dot1agCfmMepNextLbmTransId dot1agCfmMepTransmitLbmSeqNumber | No specific counter available, need the total number of LBM frames sent |
| | | REC: total number of received LBR frames | ✓ | | ✓ | dot1agCfmMepLbrIn dot1agCfmMepLbrInOutOfOrder | No specific counter available, need the total number of received LBR frames |
| | | CRC: number of LBR frames where the CRC in the pattern failed | | | ✓ | - | For 2way test case, need a Test TLV |
| | | BER: number of LBR frames where there was a bit error in the pattern | | | ✓ | - | For 2way test case, need a Test TLV |
| | | OO: number of LBR frames that were received out of order | ✓ | | ✓ | dot1agCfmMepLbrInOutOfOrder | - |

The table below provides information about the LinkTrace OpCode.

| | | Linktrace | Related MIBs | |
|-----------------------|------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Input | MI signals | MI_LT | | |
| | Parameters | DA | 01-80-C2-00-00-3y | dot1agCfmMdMdLevel |
| | | SA | ✓(MI_MEP_MAC) | dot1agCfmMepMacAddress |
| | | MEL | ✓(MI_MEL) | dot1agCfmMdMdLevel |
| | | DE | 0 | - |
| | | P | ✓P | dot1agCfmMepCcmLtmPriority |
| | | TTL | ✓TTL | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLtmTtl |
| | | Target MAC | ✓TA | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLtmTargetMacAddress |
| | | Flags | (No MI) | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLtmFlags |
| | | Transaction ID | (No MI) | dot1agCfmMepLtmNextSeqNumber |
| Egress Identifier TLV | (No MI) | dot1agCfmMepTransmitLtmEgressIdentifier | | |
| Output | MI signals | MI_LT_Result | | |
| | Parameters | Results (SA) | ✓ | dot1agCfmLtrNextEgressIdentifier |
| | | Results (TTL) | ✓ | dot1agCfmLtrTtl |
| | | Results (TLV) | ✓ | MIBs for Various TLVs |

Following is the upcoming meeting schedule:

- Joint IEEE 802 and ITU-T Study Group 15 workshop “Building Tomorrow’s Networks” held in Geneva, 27 January 2018

- This workshop intends to offer a platform for all involved stakeholders and aims to focus on topics such as optical interfaces, mobile fronthaul, 5G mobile transport, passive optical network (PON), management and YANG modelling.
 - <https://www.itu.int/md/T17-TSB-CIR-0054/en>
 - ITU-T Q14/15 Rapporteur Group Meeting held in Geneva, 28 January 2018
 - Q14/15 interim meeting inviting experts from IEEE 802.1 and IEEE 802.3 YANG projects to discuss mechanisms to ensure alignment of the IEEE YANG work
 - <https://www.itu.int/net/itu-t/lists/rgmdetails.aspx?id=9088&Group=15>
 - Study Group 15 (Networks, Technologies and Infrastructures for Transport, Access and Home) Plenary held in Geneva, 29 January - 9 February 2018
 - <https://www.itu.int/md/T17-SG15-COL-0002/en>
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