IEEE 802.3 Interpretations Report 12th March 2012, Big Island, HA

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Interpretations Status

• Hopefully, last interpretation cycle!

– This time for real...

- 1 new interpretation requests received
 - 1-03/12 Clarification regarding Annex 86A
 nPPI XLPPI CPPI electrical parameter
 - http://www.ieee802.org/3/interp/interp-1-0312.pdf
 - Assigned prior to the deadline

Plans for week

- Meet Tuesday and Wednesday
 - Work handled as part of the Maintenance TF
 - Please note interp time will depend on flow of other maintenance business
 - Review interpretation request and draft response
- Present response to closing .3 Plenary
 - Three way vote
 - Approve proposed response
 - Reject proposed response
 - Send proposed response out for WG Ballot EE 802.3 Working Group Opening Session Interpretations Report March 2012 Plenary

Interpretations Web Information

- IEEE 802.3 Interpretations web site: <u>http://www.ieee802.org/3/interp/index.html</u>
- IEEE Standards Companion text and guidelines on interpretations: <u>http://standards.ieee.org/guides/compan</u> ion/part2.html#interpret

BACKUP

Standards Companion Text

- Interpretations are a unique form of commentary on the standard. They are not statements of what the standard should have done or meant to say. Interpretations cannot change the meaning of a standard as it currently stands. Even if the request points out an error in the standard, the interpretation cannot fix that error. The interpretation can suggest that this will be brought up for consideration in a revision or amendment (or, depending on the nature of the error, an errata sheet might be issued).
- However, an interpretation has no authority to do any of this. It can only discuss, address, and clarify what the standard currently says. The challenge for the interpreters is to distinguish between their expertise on what "should be," their interests in what they 'would like the standard to be," and what the standard says. Interpretations are often valuable, though, because the request will point out problems that might otherwise have gone unaddressed.

Standards Companion Guidelines

- 1) The standard is what it says. If the words are substantively wrong, then a corrective corrigenda via the balloting process is the correct response.
- 2) If the standard is ambiguous, then the interpretation must favor a looser requirement rather than a more restrictive one. Again, a corrective corrigenda can be initiated if needed.
- If two parts of the standard contradict one another, then a rationale should be created and the IEEE errata process should be applied to correct the contradiction.