# **ISO/IEC SC25/WG3 Meeting**

Berlin: 18-21 September 2006

- Customer Premises Cabling -



# **Highlights:**

- ISO TR-24750 Installed Cabling to Support 10GBASE-T being forwarded as DTR
- > ISO 11801 Ed.2 Am.1 forwarded as a 3<sup>rd</sup> FPDAM
- ISO 24702 Industrial Cabling standard approved
- ISO 14763-3 FO testing standard approved
- > 802.3at liaison requests answered in part
- > NWIP to be raised for TR on PoE cabling issues

## ISO/IEC TR-24750 Installed Class E/F to Support 10GBASE-T

- > 2<sup>nd</sup> PDTR passed; 17 nations in favour, 3 against
- > 90 national comments received/resolved at mtg.
- DTR to be issued and should be approved soon
- mirrors technical requirements of IEEE 802.3an

#### **ISO/IEC 11801 Ed.2 Amendment**

- $\succ$  introduction of Class E<sub>A</sub> & F<sub>A</sub> plus EM parameters
- split into channel (Am. 1.1) plus link/component specs (Am. 1.2) in order to expedite development
- some discomfort related to splitting specifications

#### ISO/IEC 11801 Ed.2 Amendment 1.1

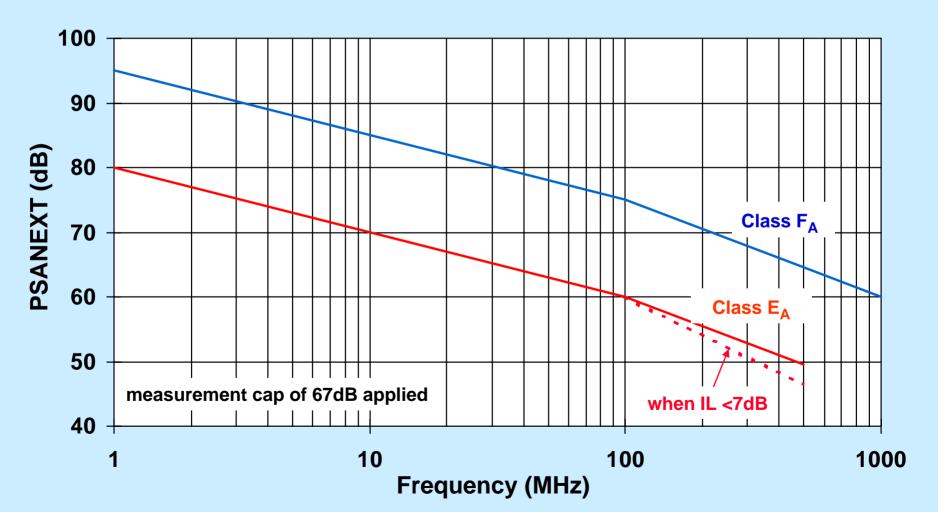
- > contains conformance/channel requirements only
- > 2<sup>nd</sup> FPDAM failed; 7 nations in favour, 12 against
- > 216 national comments received/resolved at mtg
- > 3<sup>rd</sup> FPDAM being prepared/comments at next mtg.
- captures technical requirements of IEEE 802.3an
- technically different to TIA Cat 6A regarding NEXT

## ISO/IEC 11801 Ed.2 Am 1.1 2<sup>nd</sup> FPDAM Decisions

- 1. agreed to reduce RL lower bound from 8dB to 6dB for Class  $E_A$ .
- 2. proposed to delete "normalisation" as a means of calculating AFEXT from lengths (IL) of disturbing and disturbed channels, as it was not generic. It was decided to retain "normalisation" for Class  $E_A$  as UTP would not otherwise comply.
- 3. agreed to add escape clause to accommodate non compliance of PSANEXT above 100 MHz for short lengths of Class  $E_A$  UTP:

3\*(f-100)/400 dB when channel IL <7dB @ 100MHz

## **Channel PSANEXT Requirements**



#### ISO/IEC 11801 Ed.2 Amendment 1.2

- contains link/cords/components/other material
- > 264 comments to be addressed at next meeting
- agreed to adopt a MathCad model proposed by Germany to evaluate link NEXT, IL, RL & FEXT
- > much work remains to be done in this area

## ISO/IEC 11801 Ed.2 Am 1.2 WD Decisions

- 1. agreed to adopt LC duplex as the default optical connector
- 2. agreed to introduce OS2 to support 10km channels

## ISO/IEC 24702 Industrial Premises Cabling

- FDIS was approved; 23 nations in favour, 0 against
- > MICE now identical to TIA 1005 Industrial Cabling
- > Japan plans to issue a NWIP to introduce POF
- MICE concept to be extracted & issued separately to allow its application in other market sectors

#### Remote Powering Issues: Input to IEEE 802.3at

- DCLR of old Class D = 400hm @ 20deg.C, although high proportion will meet new Class D = 250hm
- > cabling current capacity limits still under study
- reduction in connector DCR unbalance not possible
- > 60deg.C is max operating temperature for IEC 61156
- reasonable to assume that cables can operate at ambient + heating temperature (SC46C to confirm)
- DCR of stranded cords may be up to 50% higher than horizontal cabling – SC46C to advise on capacity
- unmating under electrical load should be <u>prevented</u> for PoEP systems to maintain connector life. A new generation of connectors required if this not possible.

## **Future Meetings**

ISO/IEC SC25 WG3	26 <mark>F</mark> eb–2 Mar 2007	USA
ISO/IEC SC25 WG3	03-07 Sep 2007	Korea