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Type of Project: Amendment to the IEEE Standard 802.22-2011

PAR Request Date: 12-June-2011 PAR Approval Date: xx-xxx-2011 PAR Expiration Date: 31-Dec-2015

Status: PAR for an amendment to an existing IEEE Standard

Project Record: P802.22a Root PAR: 802.22-2011 Approved on: 16-Jun-2011

**1.1 Project Number:** P802.22a **1.2 Type of Document:** Standard

1.3 Life Cycle: Full Use

**2.1 Title:** Amendment to-IEEE Standard for Wireless Regional Area Networks - Part 22: Cognitive Wireless RAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) specifications: Policies and procedures for operation in the TV Bands. Amendment: - Enhancement of the Management and Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures and enhancement to the Management Information Base (MIB)

doc.: IEEE 802.22-11/0059r013

**3.1 Working Group:** Wireless Regional Area Networks Working Group (C/LM/WG802.22)

**Contact Information for Working Group Chair** 

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**3.2 Sponsoring Society and Committee:** IEEE Computer Society/Local and Metropolitan Area

Networks (C/LM)

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None

**4.1 Type of Ballot:** Individual

4.2 Expected Date of submission of draft to the IEEE-SA for Initial Sponsor Ballot: 0311/20132

4.3 Projected Completion Date for Submittal to RevCom: 0407/20143

5.1 Approximate number of people expected to be actively involved in the development of this project: 15

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- **5.2 Scope:** Under tThis amendment defines, a new clause for Management and Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures will be added to the existing IEEE Std 802.22-2011. The existing Management Information Base (MIB) structure enancements include changes to comply with ANS1 and support for the new Clause. will be modified and new material will be added to it. Modifications to the existing Clause -on Primitives for Cognitive Radio Capabilities will be earried out, if needed, to align it with the content in the MIB clause and the new clause are also defined.
- **5.3** Is the completion of this standard dependent upon the completion of another standard: No **5.4** Purpose: The purpose of this project is to enhance the definition of managed objects to enable efficient control and management of <a href="IEEE">IEEE</a> 802.22 devices. This amendment <a href="will also creates">will also creates</a> standardized management and control interfaces as well as procedures <a href="so-that allows">so-that allows</a> a standardized specification between various external entities (e.g., Network Control and Management System, authorized TV Band Database Service, Spectrum Sensing Function, Geolocation Function, etc.) <a href="can be provided for management and and control of IEEE">will IEEE</a> 802.22802.22 devices and networksentities.
- **5.5 Need for the Project:** This project is needed to extend upon the IEEE Std 802.22-2011 in enhancing the Management Information Base (MIB) definitions and <u>create thea new</u> Management and Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures. It is in the best interest of users and the industry to strive for a standardized interface and managed objects <u>that are</u> used for configuration and monitoring of the <u>IEEE</u> 802.22 wireless systems <u>in order to-so as to</u> develop <u>a</u>-broad applicability and ensure efficient control. Configuration and management of cognitive radios in TVWS requires extensive control and management interfaces. Also, given the large footprint of 802.22 networks as well as support for fixed and portable devices, remote control and management of these devices is a necessity.
- **5.6 Stakeholders for the Standard:** Manufacturers and users of <u>IEEE Std 802.22-2011 devices.</u> semiconductor, personal computer, enterprise networking devices, consumer electronic devices, home networking equipment, mobile devices.

#### **Intellectual Property**

6.1.a. Is the Sponsor aware of any copyright permissions needed for this project?: No 6.1.b. Is the Sponsor aware of possible registration activity related to this project?: No

- 7.1 Are there other standards or projects with a similar scope?: No\
- 7.2 Joint Development:

Is it the intent to develop this document jointly with another organization?: No

8.1 Additional Explanatory Notes (Item Number and Explanation):

# **FIVE CRITERIA**

#### 1. Broad Market Potential

A standards project authorized by IEEE 802 shall have a broad market potential. Specifically, it shall have the potential for:

a) Broad sets of applicability.

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- b) Multiple vendors and numerous users.
- c) Balanced costs (LAN versus attached stations).
- a) IEEE 802 systems require consistent management and control features. The MIB and management and control interfaces and procedures are applicable to all IEEE 802 systems including IEEE 802.22. A standardized management and control interfaces and procedures will allow efficient operation of the 802.22 devices in many regulatory domains around the world for a variety of applications.
- b) It is expected that such MIB and Management and Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures will be applicable in all markets where the 802.22 technology will be used and provided by the equipment vendors.
- c) Development of a MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures is a common feature of current IEEE 802-based systems. Standardizing the MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures will in fact ensure efficient operation of the IEEE 802.22 systems and lower the cost of the equipment.

# 2. Compatibility

The proposed project will be developed in conformance with the 802 Overview and Architecture. The proposed project will be developed in conformance with 802.1D, 802.1Q, 802.1f. Managed objects will be defined consistent with existing policies and practices for 802.1 standards.

Consideration will be made to ensure compatibility with the 802 architectural model including at least 802, 802.1, 802.1D, 802.1f and 802.1Q.

The proposed amendment will address the requirement(s) for managed object(s) that are consistent with existing policies, practices, and procedures for the 802.1 and 802.22 family of standards.

# 3. Distinct Identity

Each IEEE 802 standard shall have a distinct identity. To achieve this, each authorized project shall be: a) Substantially different from other IEEE 802 standards.

- b) One unique solution per problem (not two solutions to a problem).
- c) Easy for the document reader to select the relevant specification.
- a) IEEE 802.22-2011 is a cognitive radio-based standard for license-exempt operation in TV whitespaces. The 802.22a amendment standard will specifically develop the management and control plane interface and procedures, as well as enhanced MIBs to support the operation of 802.22 devices. Adequately defined MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures will ensure regulatory compliant operation and avoid interference with primary users.
- b) The intended MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Proceduress enhancements are uniquely applicable to 802.22 devices.

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c) Not applicable for an amendment PARYes.

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## 4. Technical Feasibility

For a project to be authorized, it shall be able to show its technical feasibility. At a minimum, the proposed

project shall show:

- a) Demonstrated system feasibility.
- b) Proven technology, reasonable testing.
- c) Confidence in reliability.
- a) MIBs and Management Plance Procedures have been demonstrated to be feasible. Many IEEE 802 systems have MIB and Management and Control Plane Procedures components. Since the proposed amendments do not include any PHY or MAC modifications, there is no need for a CA document.
- b) The many types and numbers of IEEE 802 systems deployed today, demonstrate that MIB and Management / Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures have been proven in the field and testing requirements for such components have not hindered their deployment. In fact, the lack of adequately defined MIB and Management / Control Plane Procedures may hinder the development, testing, and operation of 802.22 band devices and management tools as well as potentially create interference to incumbent licensed services in the TV Bands due to in-adequate controllability of such devices.
- c) Adequately defined MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures definition improve confidence and reliability, by enhancing inter-vendor interoperability with management tools.

# 5. Economic Feasibility

For a project to be authorized, it shall be able to show economic feasibility (so far as can reasonably be estimated), for its intended applications. At a minimum, the proposed project shall show:

- a) Known cost factors, reliable data.
- b) Reasonable cost for performance.
- c) Consideration of installation costs.
- a) Implementations of MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures components have been deployed widely amongst IEEE 802 devices in a cost effective manner.
- b) MIB and Management Plane Interfaces and Proceduress are required by the 802.22 base standard. The cost of these enhancements should be minimal, and significantly enhance performance and intervendor interoperability, thus reducing the cost of development. Standardized interfaces for control and monitoring will also ensure efficient operation of these devices.
- c) MIB and Mangement Plane Procedure components will be integrated into the products during development by the manufacturer. Standardization, including standardization of MIBs and Management and Control Plane Interfaces and Procedures, have been known to reduce the cost of installing networks. The use of standardized MIBs and Management Plane Interfaces and Procedures allow for the remote control of devices in the field. Given the large footprint of 802.22 networks (e.g. 10-100 km) as well as support for fixed and portable devices, remote control and management of these devices is a necessity, resulting in costs that are significantly lower than the alternatives, such as traveling to the device location.

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